

Unit 11

Crime time

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11.1 be pickpocketed (v) /'pɪkpɒkɪtɪd/ - být okraden kapsářem
to steal sth from sb's pocket • *When he couldn't find his money, he realised he had been pickpocketed.* ➤ pickpocketing, pickpocket (n) ❖

Reading

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11.2 graffiti (n) /grə'fi:ti/ - graffiti
painting or writing on a wall, usually done illegally • *Jason was not amused to see graffiti painted on the wall of his new home.* ❖

11.3 pavement (n) /'peɪvmənt/ - chodník
a path at the side of a road for people to walk on • *We walked along the pavement and then stopped at the kerb before we crossed the road.* ❖

11.4 cell (n) /sel/ - cela
a small room in a prison where prisoners are kept • *The cells in the prison are locked so the prisoners cannot escape.* ❖

11.5 guard (n) /gɑ:d/ - dozorce; strážný
sb whose job it is to protect a place • *The guard watched the prisoners carefully in the yard.* ➤ guard (v) ❖

11.6 illegal (adj) /ɪ'li:gl/ - nezákonný
not allowed by the law • *Illegal activities like hunting of wild animals should be stopped.* ➤ illegally (adv) ❖ ✎ Opp: legal

11.7 prisoner (n) /'prɪznə(r)/ - vězeň
sb who has been sent to prison or is being held by the police for a crime • *The prisoner escaped by digging a tunnel through the prison floor.* ➤ prison, imprisonment (n), imprison (v) ❖

11.8 paradise (n) /'pærədəɪs/ - ráj
a beautiful place that seems perfect • *The*

tropical beach looked like paradise, but it was impossible to swim among the sharks and poisonous jellyfish there. ❖

11.9 diverse (adj) /daɪ'vɜ:s/ - rozmanitý
of many very different kinds • *London has a diverse population from many different cultures.* ➤ diversity (n) ❖

11.10 acre (n) /'eɪkə(r)/ - akr (0,4 ha)
measurement of land • *He owns four acres of land and plans to build a home there.* ❖

11.11 biodiverse (adj) /baɪədaɪ'vɜ:s/ -
s mnoha druhy živočichů i rostlin
containing a lot of different species of animals, plants and insects • *The biodiverse waters of the lake are being threatened by pollution.* ➤ biodiversity (n) ❖

11.12 accidental (adj) /'æksɪdəntl/ -
náhodný; neúmyslný; nezaviněný
that happens without you expecting it
• *The judge decided that her death was accidental.* ➤ accident (n), accidentally (adv) ❖

11.13 inmate (n) /'ɪnmeɪt/ - chovanec;
vězeň
a prisoner in a prison • *Several inmates were planning to trick the guards and escape.* ❖

11.14 makeshift (adj) /'meɪkʃɪft/ -
provizorní; nouzový
made using whatever is available • *In a makeshift boat made from tree branches, he was able to sail out to sea.* ❖

11.15 shelter (n) /'ʃeltə(r)/ - úkryt;
útočiště
a safe place • *We found shelter in a cave when it started to pour with rain.* ➤ shelter (v) ❖

11.16 untouched (adj) /ʌn'tʌtʃt/ -
nedotčený; neporušený
not damaged; not changed from its natural form • *The area is so far from any towns, so it has remained wild and untouched by human activity.* ❖

11.17 fellow (adj) /'feləʊ/ - spolu-

used to talk about sb who is similar to you in some way or in the same situation as you • *Be nice to your fellow students, Fred.* ❖

11.18 developer (n) /dɪ'veləpə(r)/ - developer; stavební investor/firma someone who buys land or buildings in order to put new buildings there and make money from them • *The Robertsons moved house when they realised that developers were about to build houses in the beautiful countryside next to their home.* ➤ development (n), develop (v) ❖

11.19 flora and fauna (n) /'flɔ:rə ənd 'fə:nə/ - flora a fauna plants and animals • *The area was declared as a national park to protect the local flora and fauna.* ❖

11.20 flourish (v) /'flaʊrɪʃ/ - vzkvétat; prosperovat to grow well and be healthy • *Plants such as cacti will flourish in a dry climate.* ❖

11.21 undocumented (adj) /,ʌn'dɒkjumentɪd/ - nezdokumentovaný; nezaznamenaný not written about or recorded • *Her greatgrandfather's actual date of birth was undocumented as all the public records had been destroyed in the war.* ❖

🔪 Opp: documented

11.22 isolated (adj) /'aɪsələɪtɪd/ - osamělý; odříznutý far from other places • *The hotel was a bit too isolated for us as the nearest town was five miles away.* ➤ isolate (v), isolation (n) ❖

11.23 mainland (n) /'meɪnlənd/ - pevnina the main area of a country, not one of its islands • *There are frequent ferries from the mainland to several Aegean islands.* ❖

11.24 uninhabited (adj) /,ʌnɪn'hæbɪtɪd/ - neobydlený where nobody lives • *The area has been uninhabited for years since the fire.* ❖

🔪 Opp: inhabited

11.25 absence (n) /'æbsəns/ - nepřítomnost the fact of not being present • *Given the absence of trees after the forest fires, it's not surprising that the area gets flooded.* ➤ absent (v, adj) ❖

11.26 carnivorous (adj) /kɑ:'nɪvərəs/ - masožravý meat-eating • *Big cats, such as tigers, are carnivorous animals, not vegetarian!* ➤ carnivore (n) ❖

11.27 humanity (n) /hju:'mænɪti/ - lidstvo people • *Looking after the environment is something all of humanity should be concerned with.* ❖

11.28 time capsule (n) /taɪm 'kæpsju:l/ - schránka s dokumenty pro budoucí generace a container with objects from a particular time so that people in the future will know what life was like then • *We wrote letters about our lives and put them in a time capsule to be opened in fifty years from now.* ❖

11.29 penal colony (n) /'pi:nɪ 'kɒləni/ - trestanecká kolonie an area which is a type of prison, far away from other people • *Australia was once used as a penal colony where the British sent their worst criminals.* ❖

11.30 delicate (adj) /'delɪkət/ - křehký rather weak and easily damaged or hurt • *We should try not to upset the delicate balance of nature.* ❖

Vocabulary

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11.31 robbery (n) /'rɒbəri/ - loupež stealing sth from a bank or shop • *The robbery was carried out by two masked men.* ➤ rob (v), robber (n) ❖

11.32 burglar (n) /'bɜ:glə(r)/ - zloděj (který se vloupává do objektů) sb who goes into houses, shops, etc. and

steals things • *Burglars stole our TV and all the money we had in the house.* ➤

burgle (v), burglary (n) ❖

11.33 break in (phr v) /breɪk 'ɪn/ - vloupat se

to go into a place by force and steal things

• *Somebody broke in and stole my laptop.*

❖

11.34 thief (n) /θi:f/ - zloděj

sb who steals • *The thief grabbed the gold necklaces and ran out of the jewellery shop.* ➤ theft (n) ❖

🔪 Plural: thieves

11.35 shoplifting (n) /'ʃɒplɪftɪŋ/ - krádež v obchodě

stealing from shops • *There are security cameras in many shops to stop people from shoplifting.* ➤ shoplift (v), shoplifter (n) ❖

11.36 property (n) /'prɒpəti/ - majetek a building or other objects owned by sb

• *These books are property of the public library.* ❖

11.37 guilty (adj) /'ɡɪlti/ - vinný

having done sth illegal • *He was found guilty and sent to prison for four years.* ➤

guilt (n) ❖ 🔪 Opp: innocent

11.38 innocent (adj) /'ɪnəsnt/ - nevinný not having done anything wrong or illegal

• *I didn't steal the money! I'm innocent!*

➤ innocence (n) ❖ 🔪 Opp: guilty

11.39 violent (adj) /'vaɪələnt/ - násilný; násilnický

acting in a way that can hurt sb/sth • *A group of the football fans became quite violent and began causing trouble when their team lost.* ➤ violence (n) ❖

11.40 arrest (v) /ə'rest/ - zatknout

to take sb to a police station because they seem to have done sth illegal • *How many vandals were arrested after the football game?* ➤ arrest (n) ❖

11.41 commit (v) /kə'mɪt/ - spáchat

to do (a crime) • *He went to prison for committing murder.* ❖

11.42 punish (v) /'pʌnɪʃ/ - potrestat

to make sb suffer for sth wrong they have

done • *The criminal was punished and sent to prison for two years.* ➤

punishment (n) ❖

11.43 court (n) /kɔ:t/ - soud

a place where legal matters are decided by a judge and jury • *In court, the judge*

asked the witness to give evidence. ❖

11.44 sentence (n) /'sentəns/ - rozsudek; trest

a period of time in prison as punishment •

The sentence she received for theft was

four years in prison. ➤ sentence (v) ❖

11.45 I am in trouble (phr) /ɪn 'trʌbl/ -

mám potíže; hrozí mi trest

to be facing punishment (because of your actions) • *I'll be in trouble if I don't hand in my homework on time.* ❖

11.46 burglary (n) /'bɜ:gləri/ - vloupání

breaking into a building and stealing from it

• *All the electronic equipment in the*

house was stolen during the burglary. ➤

burgle (v), burglar (n) ❖

11.47 vandalism (n) /'vændəlɪzəm/ -

vandalství

the crime of deliberately damaging public

property • *There was a lot of vandalism*

after the football game. ➤ vandalise (v),

vandal (n) ❖

11.48 sentence (to) (v) /'sentəns (tu:)/ -

odsoudit (k)

to punish sb and send them to prison •

The murderer was sentenced to life

imprisonment. ➤ sentence (n) ❖

11.49 solve a case (phr) /sɒlv ə keɪs/ -

vyřešit případ

find the correct explanation for sth that is

being investigated • *Solving a case*

takes patience and hard work. ❖

11.50 detective (n) /dɪ'tektɪv/ - detektiv

sb, especially a police officer, who

investigates crimes • *To trap the robbers,*

two detectives pretended to be members

of the bank staff. ➤ detect (v), detection

(n) ❖

11.51 vandal (n) /'vændl/ - vandal

sb who damages public property intentionally • *Vandals smashed shop windows in the high street last night.* ➤ vandalise (v), vandalism (n) ❖

11.52 community service (n) /kə'mju:nəti 'sɜ:vɪs/ - veřejně prospěšné práce work that sb does to help other people as punishment for a crime • *The actor was told to do three months' community service when he was found guilty of drinking and driving.* ❖

11.53 witness (n) /'wɪtnɪs/ - svědek sb who sees a crime • *The witness recognised him as the man who had robbed the bank.* ➤ witness (v) ❖

11.54 weapon (n) /'wepən/ - zbraň an object like a knife or gun used to hurt or kill • *After a long search, the young detective found the weapon in the closet.*

❖

11.55 victim (n) /'vɪktɪm/ - oběť sb who is hurt or killed • *The victims of the train accident were taken to hospital.* ❖

11.56 jury (n) /'dʒʊəri/ - porota a group of people in a court who decide if sb is guilty • *The jury found her guilty.* ❖

Grammar

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11.57 demand (v) /dɪ'ma:nd/ - požadovat to request sth in a forceful way • *The police officer demanded to see his driving licence.* ➤ demand (n) ❖

11.58 shoplifter (n) /'ʃɒplɪftə(r)/ - zloděj v obchodě sb who steals from a shop • *The security guard caught the shoplifter putting a dress into her bag.* ➤ shoplift (v), shoplifting (n)

❖

11.59 fine (v) /faɪn/ - pokutovat to make sb pay money as a punishment • *She was fined for not stopping at the traffic lights.* ➤ fine (n) ❖

11.60 speeding (n) /'spi:diŋ/ - překročení maximální povolené rychlosti

driving faster than the law allows • *He was stopped by police for speeding along the country road.* ➤ speed (v, n) ❖

Listening

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11.61 neighbourhood (n) /'neɪbəhʊd/ - čtvrť; sousedství

a part of an area where people live • *Burglary and car theft are the most common crimes in our neighbourhood.* ❖

11.62 attitude (n) /'ætɪtju:d/ - postoj; přístup the way sb thinks about or reacts towards sb/sth • *The owner of that shop has a terrible attitude towards his customers. He thinks they're all thieves!* ❖

11.63 young offender (n) /jʌŋ ə'fendə/ - mladistvý pachatel a criminal who is not an adult according to law • *It is difficult to know how to deal with young offenders.* ➤ offend (v), offence (n) ❖

11.64 rehabilitation (n) /,ri:hə,bɪlɪ'teɪʃn/ - navrácení do běžného života the process of returning to a good way of life after being in prison • *Support workers help prisoners during their rehabilitation into the community.* ➤ rehabilitate (v) ❖

11.65 qualification (n) /kwɒlɪfɪ'keɪʃn/ - kvalifikace; odbornost If you have a qualification, you have passed an exam to show you have skill or knowledge in a subject. • *What qualifications do you need for this job?* ➤ qualify (v), qualified (adj) ❖

11.66 participate (v) /pɑ:'tɪsɪpeɪt/ - zúčastnit se to take part • *John is rather shy and prefers not to participate in class discussions.* ➤ participant, participation (n) ❖

Speaking

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11.67 gun (n) /ɡʌn/ - střelná zbraň

a weapon that fires bullets • *The customers and staff were terrified when the man came into the shop holding a gun.*



11.68 break the law (phr) /breɪk ðə lɔː/ - porušit zákon

to commit a crime • *When he broke the law, he was tried and sent to prison.*



11.69 rehabilitate (v) /ˌriːhəˈbɪlɪteɪt/ - vrátit do běžného života

to help sb return to a good way of life after being in prison • *Many believe it's possible to rehabilitate young offenders rather than send them to prison.* ➤

rehabilitation (n) ❖

Grammar

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11.70 hang around (phr v) /hæŋ əˈraʊnd/ - poflakovat se

to stand somewhere waiting or not doing anything in particular • *The security guard warned the youths not to hang around outside the bank.* ❖ ✎ Syn: hang about

11.71 trial (n) /ˈtraɪəl/ - soudní proces
a formal meeting in court to decide if sb is guilty of a crime • *Trials can last for days or even weeks.* ➤ try (v) ❖

11.72 tough (adj) /tʌf/ - tvrdý; drsný
strict; difficult • *Police officers have to be tough to deal with criminals.* ➤ toughness (n) ❖

11.73 police station (n) /pəˈliːs ˈsteɪʃn/ - policejní stanice

a building where police officers work • *Farid went to the police station to report that his laptop had been stolen.* ❖

11.74 run away (phr v) /rʌn əˈweɪ/ - utéci
to escape from somewhere • *The fox ran away from the hunters.* ❖

Use your English

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11.75 against the law (phr) /əˈɡenst ðə lɔː/ - proti zákonu

illegal • *It is against the law for people under 18 to drive.* ❖

11.76 you are under arrest (phr) /ˈʌndər əˈrest/ - jste zatčen

being kept at or taken to a police station because the police believe you have done sth illegal. • *'Stop! You're under arrest!' the police officer told the man.* ❖

11.77 criminal record (n) /ˈkrɪmɪnl ˈrekɔːd/ - záznam v trestním rejstříku
a list of crimes that sb has committed in the past • *The man had a criminal record, so he didn't get the teaching job.* ❖

11.78 be under investigation (phr) /ˈʌndər ɪnvestɪˈgeɪʃn/ - být vyšetřován
being investigated by the police • *The company is under investigation for selling goods illegally.* ➤ investigate (v), investigator (n) ❖

11.79 let off (phr v) /let ɒf/ - zprostit; vyváznout
not to punish sb • *The vandals were let off with a warning, but were told to obey the law in the future.* ❖

11.80 fine (n) /faɪn/ - pokuta
money that you pay as punishment for breaking a law or rule • *He was caught texting on his mobile phone while driving and he had to pay a fine.* ➤ fine (v) ❖

11.81 dog handler (n) /hændlə(r)/ - psodov
sb who trains and works with dogs • *The police dog handlers brought their dogs onto the train to search for the criminals.* ❖

Writing

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11.82 classify (v) /ˈklæsɪfaɪ/ - třídít;
klasifikovat
to divide people or things into groups according to type • *Earthquakes are classified according to strength and type.* ➤ classification (n) ❖

11.83 justify (v) /ˈdʒʌstɪfaɪ/ - ospravedlnít;
odůvodnit

to give reasons to support a decision or an action • *The fact that he is unemployed doesn't justify his criminal behaviour.*

➤ justification (n) ❖

11.84 community centre (n) /kə'mju:nəti sentə(r)/ - kulturní středisko
a building where local people can meet and take part in different activities or sports • *The support group for young offenders is held at the community centre once a week.* ❖

11.85 cost-effective (adj) /kɒst ɪ'fektɪv/ - hospodárný
giving the best benefit/profit compared to the money that is spent on sth • *Some employees were made redundant to make the business more cost-effective.* ❖

11.86 free up (phr v) /fri: ʌp/ - uvolnit
to make sth available • *I must give away some clothes to free up space in the cupboards.* ❖

11.87 at risk (phr) /ət rɪsk/ - v nebezpečí; v ohrožení
in danger • *The lack of police officers in the city puts the residents at risk.* ❖

11.88 unfair (adj) /,ʌn'feə(r)/ - nespravedlivý
not treating people in the same way or in the right way ➤ *You're being unfair. It's not his fault.* ❖

11.89 traditionally (adv) /trə'dɪʃənəli/ - tradičně; původně
done in the same way for many years
• *Traditionally, football was a male sport, but nowadays women's football is played professionally in many countries.* ➤

tradition (n), traditional (adj) ❖
11.90 pros and cons (phr) /prəʊz ən kɒns/
- pro a proti
advantages and disadvantages • *What are the pros and cons of giving criminals longer prison sentences?* ❖

11.91 firstly (adv) /'fɜ:stli/ - zaprvé;
především
first of all • *Community service is a much better option. Firstly, it gives offenders a*

second chance. ➤ first (adj, n) ❖
11.92 secondly (adv) /'sekəndli/ - zadruhé
the second point (is) • *Secondly, the community also benefits from the*

offenders' service. ➤ second (adj, n) ❖
11.93 however (adv) /haʊ'evə(r)/ - avšak
on the other hand • *He was such a good student at school. However, as an adult, he decided to turn to a life of crime.* ❖

11.94 furthermore (adv) /,fɜ:ðə'mɔ:(r)/ - navíc; kromě toho
in addition (to a point already mentioned)
• *The judge gave her a fine. Furthermore, he sentenced her to six months of community service.* ❖

11.95 situation (n) /,sɪtʃu'eɪʃn/ - situace
the circumstances and things happening at a particular time and in a particular place
• *What would you do in this strange situation?* ❖

Live well, study well

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11.96 culturally sensitive (phr) /'kʌltʃərəli 'sensətɪv/ - citlivý ke kultuře
considering the feelings and needs of people from different cultures • *People who go to work in other countries have to be culturally sensitive to understand and fit in with the local community.* ❖

11.97 non-verbal (adj) /,nɒn 'vɜ:bl/ - neverbální
using gestures, without speaking • *Observing non-verbal communication, for example expressions, can tell you a lot about people's attitudes.* ❖

11.98 multi-cultural (adj) /mʌlti'kʌltʃərəl/ - multikulturní
with many people of different cultures
• *New York is a multi-cultural city which attracts people from all over the world.* ❖

11.99 nod (v) /nɒd/ - kývnout
to move your head up and down as a way of saying 'yes' or 'hello' • *When I asked her if she was happy, she nodded.* ❖

11.100 disrespectful (adj) /,dɪsrɪ'spektfəl/
- neuctivý; nezdvořilý
showing no respect for sb/sth; rude • *It would seem disrespectful to put your feet up on the boss's desk during a meeting.* ➤ disrespect (n, v) ❖

11.101 vary (v) /'veəri/ - lišit se
to be different from sb/sth else in some way • *The range of clothes on sale varies according to the season.* ➤ various (adj), variety (n) ❖

11.102 hugely (adv) /'hju:dʒli/ - obrovsky
very much • *Although we are friends, our musical tastes differ hugely.* ❖

11.103 cross your arms (phr) /krɒs jɔː
ɑːmz/ - zkřížit ruce
to put your arms, one on top of the other, across the front of your body • *I always know that Mum is annoyed when she crosses her arms.* ❖ ✎ Syn: fold your arms

11.104 circumstances (n pl)
/'sɜ:kəmstənsɪz/ - okolnosti; podmínky
the conditions and facts affecting sb/sth • *The family has had to face difficult circumstances during the financial crisis.*

❖

11.105 interact (with) (v) /ɪntə'rækt wɪð/
- vzájemně na sebe působit
to communicate and act with sb • *Dogs and cats make good pets because they interact well with people.* ➤ interaction (n), interactive (adj) ❖

11.106 have an open mind (expr) /hæv ən
'əʊpən maɪnd/ - být tolerantní; být
otevřený novým věcem
to listen to other ideas and opinions before making a judgement • *Despite being over 85, Grandma has an open mind about trying out new foods.* ❖

11.107 take the lead from sb (expr) /teɪk
ðə 'li:d frəm 'slɪmbədi/ - napodobovat
někoho
to observe sb and follow their example • *I had no idea how to serve the food so I took the lead from Huang.* ❖

11.108 custom (n) /'kʌstəm/ - zvyk; obyčej

a tradition • *Cooking lamb outside at Easter is a Greek custom that goes back many centuries.* ➤ customary (adj) ❖

11.109 uncertain (adj) /ʌn'sɜ:tɪn/ - nejistý
not sure • *The jury were uncertain about whether or not the man was guilty.*

➤ uncertainty (n) ❖