**6** City life

 Glossary

Reading **Pages 66–67**

* 1. **building** (n) /ˈbɪldɪŋ/

a structure, e.g. a house, school, hospital, etc.

* + - *Our town is full of new buildings and it looks very different from the past.* ➣ build (v), builder (n) ❖ bâtiment
	1. **theatre** (n) /ˈθɪətə(r)/

a place where people go to watch live performances ● *I’m going to a concert*

*at the theatre next week.* ➣ theatrical (adj)

* théâtre, salle de spectacle
	1. **art** (n) /ɑːt/

paintings, drawings and other things made by artists; the activity of painting or drawing pictures or making objects to look at ● *The paintings in her home are good examples of modern art.* ➣ artistic (adj), artist (n)

* art
	1. **park** (n) /pɑːk/

an open area with grass and trees where people can walk, play, etc. ● *It’s a lovely day. I’m going for a walk in the park.* ❖ parc

* 1. **Georgia** (n) /ˈdʒɔːdʒə/

a country in Eurasia ➣ Georgian (adj, n)

* Géorgie
	1. **lively** (adj) /ˈlaɪvli/

full of life and energy ● *The park is a lively place at weekends with lots of people walking or running.* ➣ liveliness (n) ❖ vivant(e)

* 1. **museum** (n) /mjuˈziːəm/

a building where objects are on display for people to see ● *We had fun visiting the science museum in Paris.* ❖ musée

* 1. **fill** (v) /fɪl/

to put sth inside sth; to put sth into an empty space ● *They filled the biscuits with chocolate cream.* ➣ filling (n) ❖ fourrer

* 1. **palace** (n) /ˈpæləs/

a large building that is the home of a rich or important person, e.g. a king or queen ● *There are beautiful gardens around the queen’s palace.* ❖ palace

* 1. **cinema** (n) /ˈsɪnəmə/

a building where people go to watch films

* + - *Olga goes to the cinema with her friends every week.* ❖ cinéma
	1. **factory** (n) /ˈfæktri/

a building where people make things ● *Many people lost their jobs when the car factory*

*closed in my town.* ❖ usine

* 1. **cultural centre** (n) /ˈkʌltʃərəl sentə(r)/

a building where people take part in activities connected with art, music, local history, etc.

* + - *I’m learning to do traditional dances at the cultural centre in town.* ❖ centre culturel
	1. **studio** (n) /ˈstjuːdiəʊ/

a place where an artist works ● *Arthur is drawing pictures for his new cartoon in his studio.* ❖ studio

* 1. **puppet** (n) /ˈpʌpɪt/

a model of a person or an animal that can move ● *The children are doing a puppet show for their friends.* ❖ marionnette

* 1. **botanical garden** (n) /bəˈtænɪkl ˈɡɑːdn/

an area of a park where different plants and trees are grown, often to study them ● *The Indian Botanical Garden is a popular place full of colourful plants in Kolkata.* ❖ jardin botanique

* 1. **cobbled** (adj) /ˈkɒbld/

made of small stones ● *Visitors can walk through the cobbled streets of Plaka, the old part of Athens.* ➣ cobblestone (adj, n)

* pavé(e) ✎ Syn: cobblestone
	1. **glass** (adj) /ɡlɑːs/

made of the hard see-through material

* + - *They walked through the glass doors into the supermarket.* ➣ glass (n) ❖ (en) verre
	1. **metal** (adj) /ˈmetl/

made of metal, a strong hard material, e.g. iron

* + - *Mr Ferguson keeps his money in a big metal box.* ➣ metallic (adj), metal (n) ❖ métallique
	1. **bridge** (n) /brɪdʒ/

sth that is built over a road or river, etc. for people to go across ● *There are lots of bridges where people can cross the River Clyde in Glasgow.* ❖ pont

* 1. **peace** (n) /piːs/

the state of having no war or arguments; the state of being quiet with no worries ● *Finally, the two countries have stopped fighting and there is peace between them.* ➣ peaceful (adj), peacefully (adv) ❖ paix

* 1. **model** (n) /mɒdl/

a small copy of an object ● *Gina has made a model of the Parthenon from wood and paper.*

➣ model (v), modelling (n) ❖ maquette

* 1. **Georgian** (adj) /ˈdʒɔːdʒən/

from Georgia ➣ Georgia, Georgian (n)

* géorgien(ne)
	1. **airport** (n) /ˈeəpɔːt/

a place where people get on and off planes to travel ● *We live near the airport, so we hear planes above our house every day.*

* aéroport
	1. **delay** (n) /dɪˈleɪ/

sth that makes sth happen later than planned

* + - *The heavy snow caused delays for people driving to work this morning.* ➣ delay (v)
* retard
	1. **due to** (prep) /djuː tu/

because of ● *The bus couldn’t get to the village due to the snow on the road.* ❖ à cause de

* 1. **announcement** (n) /əˈnaʊnsmənt/

an important statement that sb makes to give information about sth ● *At the airport, we heard an announcement that our plane was late.*

➣ announce (v), announcer (n) ❖ annonce

* 1. **passenger** (n) /ˈpæsɪndʒə(r)/

sb who is travelling on a type of transport,

e.g. bus, car, boat, plane, train ● *We waited for some passengers to get off the bus before we got on it.* ❖ passager, passagère

* 1. **pharmacy** (n) /ˈfɑːməsi/

a shop where you can buy medicine, etc.

* + - *Judy bought some aspirin from the pharmacy.* ➣ pharmacist (n) ❖ pharmacie

✎ Syn: chemist’s

* 1. **aspirin** (n) /ˈæsprɪn/

a medicine used to help stop headaches and other pains ● *Angus took an aspirin and he soon felt better.* ❖ aspirine

* 1. **forget** (v) / fəˈɡet/

to not remember to do sth; to not remember sth that happened or a fact that you knew in the past ● *Don’t forget to bring your swimming costume for the pool.* ➣ forgetful (adj), forgetfulness (n) ❖ oublier

* 1. **close** (v) /kləʊz/

to stop being open so that people can’t go in ● *The restaurant closes at* 10 *p.m. in the evening.* ➣ closure (n) ❖ fermer

* 1. **department store** (n) /dɪˈpɑːtmənt stɔː(r)/

a large shop that has several different parts, each selling different things ● *Harrods is a famous department store in London. You can buy almost anything there.* ❖ grand magasin

* 1. **serve** (v) /sɜːv/

to bring food or drinks to sb ● *We’re having dinner with our relatives and Dad is serving the food.* ➣ service, server (n) ❖ servir

* 1. **dance** (n) /dɑːns/

the art of dancing for people to watch; an act of dancing ● *The street festival was full of music and dance.* ➣ dance (v), dancer (n)

* danse
	1. **ticket** (n) /ˈtɪkɪt/

a small piece of paper you need to buy to watch a show, to travel, etc. ● *Did you print our plane tickets?* ❖ billet

* 1. **take place** (phr v) /teɪk pleɪs/

to happen ● *When will the concert take place?*

* avoir lieu, se dérouler

Vocabulary **Page 68**

* 1. **bank** (n) /bæŋk/

a place where people go to save or take out money ● *I’m going to the bank to get some money.* ❖ banque

* 1. **bookshop** (n) /ˈbʊkʃɒp/

a shop where you can buy books ● *Alberto is in the bookshop looking for a present for his mum.* ❖ librairie

* 1. **hospital** (n) /ˈhɒspɪtl/

a place where sick people go to get help from doctors, etc. ● *Stephanie is a doctor and she works in the children’s hospital.* ❖ hôpital

* 1. **post office** (n) /ˈpəʊst ɒfɪs/

a place where people go to send letters, etc.

* + - *Mum went to the post office to send some Christmas cards to our aunts in Australia.*
* bureau de poste
	1. **sports centre** (n) /ˈspɔːts sentə(r)/

a building where you can do different sports

* + - *We play table tennis at the sports centre every Thursday after school.* ❖ centre sportif
	1. **stamp** (n) /stæmp/

a small piece of paper you stick on sth before you post it ● *The postman returned the letter to me because I forgot to put a stamp on it.*

* timbre
	1. **post** (v) /pəʊst/

to send a letter, card or parcel to sb ● *Harry has gone to the post office to post some letters.* ➣ postal (adj), post (n) ❖ poster

* 1. **parcel** (n) /ˈpɑːsl/

sth in a packet you send by post or give as a present ● *It is Tina’s birthday and her grandma has sent her some books in a big parcel.*

➣ parcel (v) ❖ colis

* 1. **badminton** (n) /ˈbædmɪntən/

a game like tennis played with rackets, a very light kind of ball and a high net ● *Pamela won her first badminton match at the sports centre.*

* badminton
	1. **gift** (n) /gɪft/

a present ● *Frances gave her parents some flowers as a gift.* ➣ give (v) ❖ cadeau

✎ Syn: present

* 1. **borrow** (v) /ˈbɒrəʊ/

to take sth that belongs to sb else to use for a short time and then give it back ● *You can borrow books from the town library and take them back a week later.* ➣ borrower (n)

* emprunter
	1. **store** (n) /stɔː(r)/

a shop ● *Kirsty ordered a new camera from an online store.* ➣ store (v) ❖ boutique

* 1. **medicine** (n) /ˈmedsn/

sth you drink or eat to make you well when you’re ill ● *Tim was ill, so the doctor gave him some medicine.* ❖ médicament

* 1. **blanket** (n) /ˈblæŋkɪt/

a large thick cover put onto a bed to keep you warm ● *I put an extra blanket on my bed because it was a cold night.* ❖ couverture

* 1. **toothbrush** (n) /ˈtuːθbrʌʃ/

a small brush for cleaning teeth ● *I bought a new toothbrush for you.* ❖ brosse à dents

* 1. **envelope** (n) /ˈenvələʊp/

a paper object used to put letters and cards in ● *Write your name and address on the envelope and put a stamp on it.* ❖ enveloppe

* 1. **dictionary** (n) /ˈdɪkʃənri/

a book that gives the meanings of words

* + - *Tom uses his French dictionary to find the meaning of words he doesn’t know.*
* dictionnaire
	1. **coach** (n) /kəʊtʃ/

sb who teaches a person or team to do a sport

* + - *Leo’s tennis coach taught him how to hit the ball over the net.* ➣ coach (v), coaching (n)
* coach
	1. **shopping centre** (n) /ˈʃɒpɪŋ ˈsentə(r)/

a group of shops, usually with a common area for cars to park ● *The shopping centre is always really busy at weekends so we won’t find a parking space.* ❖ centre commercial

✎ Syn: mall

* 1. **environment** (n) /ɪnˈvaɪrənmənt/

the air, water, land around us ● *We must keep our beaches clean to protect the environment.*

➣ environmental (adj), environmentally (adv)

* environnement
	1. **local** (adj) /ˈləʊkl/

connected to one area ● *The local bus stops at every village on the island.* ➣ localise (v), local (n) ❖ local(e)

Grammar **Page 69**

* 1. **apartment** (n) /əˈpɑːtmənt/

a home on one floor of a building that has other homes in it ● *We live in an apartment on the third floor.* ❖ appartement ✎ Syn: flat

* 1. **office block** (n) /ˈɒfɪs blɒk/

a big building with lots of offices where people work on different floors ● *Those tall buildings in the city centre are office blocks.*

* immeuble de bureaux
	1. **lift** (n) /lɪft/

a machine that moves people and things to

a higher or lower level in a building ● *You can take the lift to the sixth floor.* ➣ lift (v)

* ascenseur
	1. **floor** (n) /flɔː(r)/

a level of a building ● *Bob’s flat is on the top floor.* ❖ étage

* 1. **staff** (n) /stɑːf/

all the people working in a place as a group

* + - *The hotel staff were very friendly and helpful, especially the waiters.* ❖ personnel
	1. **town centre** (n) /ˌtaʊn ˈsentə(r)/

the middle of a town where the shops and other facilities are ● *There are always lots of people shopping in the town centre on Saturdays.* ❖ centre-ville

* 1. **bus stop** (n) /ˈbʌs stɒp/

a place on the street where a bus stops for people to get on or off ● *Get off at the bus stop after the hospital.* ❖ arrêt de bus

* 1. **driver** (n) /ˈdraɪvə(r)/

sb who drives sth, e.g. a car, bus, train

* + - *We showed our tickets to the driver when we got on the bus.* ➣ drive (v) ❖ conducteur, conductrice
	1. **key** (n) /kiː/

a small metal object for opening or locking a door ● *Have you got a key for the front door?*

➣ key (adj) ❖ clé (clef)

* 1. **downstairs** (adv) /ˌdaʊnˈsteəz/

the lower floor of a building below the one where you are ● *Our bedrooms are*

*upstairs and the kitchen and living room are downstairs.* ➣ downstairs (adj) ❖ en bas, au rez-de-chaussée ✎ Opp: upstairs

* 1. **sight** (n) /saɪt/

an interesting building or other place that you can see or visit ● *The walking tour includes all the famous sights of Edinburgh from the castle to the hill called Arthur’s Seat.* ❖ attraction

* 1. **move on** (phr v) /muːv ɒn/

to leave where you are and go to another place; to stop or finish sth you are doing and do sth else ● *They spent an hour in the museum, and then moved on to see the famous palace.* ❖ se déplacer vers, aller à

Listening **Page 70**

* 1. **(a) quarter to** (phr) /(ə) ˈkwɔːtə(r) tuː/

15 minutes before a particular hour ● *I left at quarter to eight this morning and took the eight o’clock bus.* ❖ moins le quart

* 1. **century** (n) /ˈsentʃəri/

a period of 100 years ● *The museum opened in 1920, over a century ago.* ❖ siècle

* 1. **weekly** (adv) /ˈwiːkli/

every week ● *I visit my grandparents weekly. I go to see them after school on Fridays.*

➣ weekly (adj), week (n) ❖ hebdomadaire

* 1. **monthly** (adv) /ˈmʌnθli/

every month ● *Our English teacher gives us tests monthly.* ➣ monthly (adj), month (n)

* mensuel(le)
	1. **separately** (adv) /ˈseprətli/

not together ● *The teacher spoke to each student separately about their homework.*

➣ separate (v), separate (adj)

* séparément, individuellement
	1. **book** (v) /bʊk/

to ask sb to keep sth for you to use later

* + - *We’ve booked rooms for our holiday in Scotland.* ➣ booking (n) ❖ réserver
	1. **website** (n) /ˈwebsaɪt/

a group of web pages on the internet with information about a business, organisation or person ● *The business sells holidays in Greece through its website.* ❖ site Web

Speaking **Page 71**

* 1. **opposite** (prep) /ˈɒpəzɪt/

on the other side of sth ● *Our house is opposite the park, so we have a nice view of the trees.* ➣ opposite (adj, adv, n)

* à l’opposé
	1. **crossroads** (n) /ˈkrɒsrəʊdz/

a place where two or more streets meet

* + - *Turn right at the crossroads into Castle Street.* ❖ carrefour
	1. **traffic lights** (n pl) /ˈtræfɪk laɪts/

a set of three lights, coloured red, orange and green, to control the movement of vehicles on the streets ● *Drivers should always stop their cars when the traffic lights are red.*

* feux de circulation
	1. **skateboarding** (n) /ˈskeɪtbɔːdɪŋ/ the activity of riding a skateboard
		+ *Skateboarding is exciting, but it’s dangerous to do on a busy street.* ➣ skateboard (v, n), skateboarder (n) ❖ faire du skateboard
	2. **indoor** (adj) /ˈɪndɔː(r)/

that is or happens inside a building ● *The hotel has an indoor swimming pool where you can swim in any season.* ➣ indoors (adv)

* à l’intérieur
	1. **outdoor** (adj) /ˈaʊtdɔː(r)/

that is or happens outside a building ● *We watch films at the outdoor cinema in the park in summer.* ➣ outdoors (adv) ❖ à l’extérieur

* 1. **brilliant** (adj) /ˈbrɪliənt/

very good; excellent ● *The park is a brilliant place for a picnic.* ❖ parfait(e), excellent(e)

**Shops and buildings**

**Nouns**

airport apartment bank bookshop castle cinema

cultural centre department

store factory guest house hospital hotel museum office block palace

pharmacy shopping centre sports centre store

studio theatre

Vocabulary **Page 72**

* 1. **tourism** (n) /ˈtʊərɪzəm/

all the work connected with giving places to stay and activities to entertain visitors to a place ● *The residents of the island make their money from tourism when people come for summer holidays.* ➣ tour (n, v), tourist (n, adj)

* tourisme
	1. **sightseeing** (n) /ˈsaɪtsiːɪŋ/

the tourist activity of visiting interesting places and looking at monuments ● *Andy’s planning to go sightseeing in Rome. First, he’s going to visit the Coliseum.* ➣ sightseer (n)

* tourisme
	1. **entertainment** (n) /ˌentəˈteɪnmənt/

activities for people to enjoy themselves ● *TV is not such a popular form of entertainment as it was in the past.* ➣ entertain (v), entertaining (adj), entertainer (n) ❖ divertissement

* 1. **castle** (n) /ˈkɑːsl/

a very big building with high walls where important people like kings or queens live

* + - *Some parts of Edinburgh Castle are about 900 years old.* ❖ château
	1. **guest house** (n) /ˈɡest haʊs/

a kind of small hotel, where you can pay for a room to stay in ● *They booked a*

*room at a small guest house in Switzerland.*

* maison d’hôte
	1. **hotel** (n) /həʊˈtel/

a building where you pay for a room to stay in for a short time ● *The hotel was very close to the sea, so we didn’t use its swimming pool.*

* hôtel
	1. **play** (n) /pleɪ/

a performance of a story that people do in a theatre ● *We’re going to see a famous play by Shakespeare next week.* ❖ pièce

* 1. **be about to** (phr) /biː əˈbaʊt tuː/

to be going to do sth or happen very soon

* + - *I was about to leave the house when the phone rang.* ❖ être sur le point de
	1. **flight** (n) /flaɪt/

a journey by plane ● *The flight to Aberdeen from London takes one hour and forty minutes.*

➣ fly (v) ❖ vol

* 1. **board** (v) /bɔːd/

to get into a plane, boat, etc. to start travelling

* + - *The passengers waited for three hours to board the plane.* ➣ boarding (adj, n)
* embarquer
	1. **immediately** (adv) /ɪˈmiːdiətli/

now, without delay ● *Leave immediately or you’ll miss your bus.* ➣ immediate (adj)

* immédiatement
	1. **stay** (n) /steɪ/

a period of time that you stay in a place

* + - *She enjoyed her two-day stay in the mountain village.* ➣ stay (v) ❖ séjour
	1. **past** (prep) /pɑːst/

to a position that is further than a particular point ● *The bus went past the park on the way to the museum.* ➣ pass (v), past (adv, n)

* après
	1. **gate** (n) /ɡeɪt/

the kind of door in a fence or a wall around a place ● *Please close the garden gate when you leave.* ❖ portail

* 1. **run away** (phr v) /rʌn əˈweɪ/

to get out of a place suddenly; to escape from somewhere ● *Oliver ran away from the bad man who made children work for him.*

* + - fuir
	1. **along** (prep) /əˈlɒŋ/

from one part of sth to another ● *The children rode their bikes along the road.* ❖ le long de

* 1. **towards** (prep) /təˈwɔːdz/

nearer to sb/sth ● *Paul was scared when the bear moved towards him.* ❖ vers

* 1. **sunshine** (n) /ˈsʌnʃaɪn/

the light and warmth from the sun ● *Let’s go out for a walk and enjoy the sunshine.*

➣ sun (n), sunny (adj), shine (v)

* + - (rayons du) soleil
	1. **present** (n) /ˈpreznt/

sth you give to sb, often for a special reason,

e.g. birthday, wedding ● *What present do you want for your birthday? Do you like books or games?* ❖ cadeau, présent ✎ Syn: gift

* 1. **glad** (adj) /glæd/

happy ● *That’s great news! I’m glad you’ve passed your exams.* ➣ gladness (n)

* + - heureux, heureuse

**On the road**

**Nouns** bridge bus stop

crossroads delay driver

flight passenger stay

town centre traffic lights

**Prepositions and adverbs** along opposite

over past through towards

**Verbs** board move on run away

**LOOK!**

* 1. **by mistake** (phr) /baɪ mɪˈsteɪk/

We use the word *past* as a preposition in various contexts, e.g.

*He walked* ***past*** *my house. It’s half* ***past*** *five.*

We also use it as a noun.

*She lived in the castle in the* ***past****.*

Notice the difference in meaning with the word

*passed*, which is pronounced the same.

*I* ***passed*** *the park on my way home.*

without planning to ● *I tried to buy one ticket online and bought two by mistake.* ❖ par erreur

* 1. **over** (prep) /ˈəʊvə(r)/

across the top of sth from one side to the other ● *He climbed over the rocks and found the cave.* ➣ over (adv) ❖ au-dessus de, par dessus

* 1. **through** (prep) /θruː/

from one side of sth to the other ● *We walked through the forest on our way home.* ❖ à travers

Grammar **Page 73**

* 1. **president** (n) /ˈprezɪdənt/

the leader of a country, e.g. the USA or France

* *George Washington was the first president of the USA.* ❖ président(e)
	1. **the UK** (abbrev) /ðə ˌjuː ˈkeɪ/

the United Kingdom (England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland) ❖ le Royaume-Uni

* 1. **the Czech Republic** (n) /ðə ˌtʃek rɪˈpʌblɪk/

a country in Europe ❖ la République tchèque

* 1. **the USA** (abbrev) /ðə ˌjuː es ˈeɪ)/

the United States of America ❖ les États-Unis

* 1. **the Netherlands** (n) /ðə ˈneðələndz/ a country in Europe ❖ les Pays-Bas
	2. **the UAE** (abbrev) /ðə ˌjuː eɪ ˈiː/

the United Arab Emirates ❖ les Émirats arabes unis (EAU)

**Countries and rivers**

Georgia the USA

the Czech Republic the Amazon the Netherlands the Metoba

the UAE the Thames the UK

Writing **Pages 74–75**

* 1. **the Thames** (n) /ðə ˈtemz/

a long river in England ● *There are many bridges across the Thames in London.*

* + - la Tamise
	1. **the Metoba** (n) /ðə ˈmeˈtɒˌbæ/

a river in Japan ● *We crossed a bridge over the Metoba on our trip to Matsumoto in Japan.*

* + - la Metoba
	1. **the Amazon** (n) /ðə ˈæməzən/

a long river in South America ● *The explorers walked through the forests around the Amazon.* ❖ l’Amazone

* 1. **organisation** (n) /ˌɔːɡənaɪˈzeɪʃn/

a company or group of people who work together for a special purpose ● *Ed works for an organisation that protects the environment.*

➣ organise (v), organiser (n) ❖ organisation

* 1. **(the) BBC** (abbrev) /(ðə) ˌbiː biː ˈsiː/

the British Broadcasting Corporation, an organisation that distributes TV and radio programmes, which people in the UK pay for

* *Did you see the news on the BBC?*
	+ - (la) BBC
	1. **army** (n) /ˈɑːmi/

an organisation of people who train to fight for a particular country ● *William Wallace and the army of Scots fought against the English in the thirteenth century.* ❖ armée

* 1. **government** (n) /ˈɡʌvənmənt/

the group of people chosen to be in control of a country ● *The government doesn’t spend enough money on hospitals.* ➣ govern (v), governor (n) ❖ gouvernement

* 1. **instrument** (n) /ˈɪnstrəmənt/

an object used to make musical sounds ● *The band picked up their instruments and started to play.* ❖ instrument

* 1. **piano** (n) /piˈænəʊ/

a large musical instrument that has black and white keys which you press to make sounds

* *Beethoven learnt to play the piano when he was a young child.* ➣ pianist (n) ❖ piano
	1. **guitar** (n) /ɡɪˈtɑː(r)/

a musical instrument that has strings that you play using your fingers or a small piece of plastic or metal ● *My friend plays the guitar in our band and I play the drums.* ➣ guitarist (n)

* + - guitare
	1. **saxophone** (n) /ˈsæksəfəʊn/

a metal musical instrument that you blow into

* *Simon plays the saxophone in the school orchestra.* ➣ saxophonist (n) ❖ saxophone
	1. **waiter** (n) /ˈweɪtə(r)/

sb who serves food or drinks to customers in a restaurant, café, etc. ● *The waiter brought our desserts to the table.* ❖ serveur, serveuse

✎ Syn: server

* 1. **singer** (n) /ˈsɪŋə(r)/

sb who sings songs, usually as a job ● *Is Ariana Grande your favourite female singer?*

➣ sing (v) ❖ chanteur, chanteuse

* 1. **contrast** (v) /ˈkɒntrɑːst/

to show or say the differences between two or more things or people ● *The newspaper article contrasts the theatre play with the film*

*of the same name.* ➣ contrast (n) ❖ contraster, mettre en perspective

* 1. **also** (adv) /ˈɔːlsəʊ/

too; as well ● *I love football, but I also play badminton.* ❖ également, aussi

* 1. **although** (conj) /ɔːlˈðəʊ/

used to introduce sth that makes the next statement seem unexpected or surprising

* *Although the concert tickets were expensive, we really wanted to see the band.* ❖ bien que
	1. **gym** (n) /dʒɪm/

a room or building for doing physical exercise, usually with special equipment ● *Meghan spends half an hour on the running machine at the gym every day.* ➣ gymnast, gymnastics, gymnasium (n) ❖ salle de sport

* 1. **court** (n) /kɔːt/

the area where a game is played in tennis, badminton, basketball or volleyball, etc. ● *The basketball fans ran onto the court to meet the players at the end of the game.* ❖ court

* 1. **spicy** (adj) /ˈspaɪsi/

with a strong taste and flavour because of having spices, like chilli and pepper ● *I love spicy food like Indian curry.* ➣ spice (n)

* + - épicé(e)
	1. **variety** (n) /vəˈraɪəti/

a lot of different kinds of one thing ● *The shop sells a variety of fruit and vegetables.* ➣ vary (v), various (adj) ❖ variété

**LOOK!**

Video **Page 76**

* 1. **orangutan** (n) /əˈræŋʊtæn/

a red ape ● *We saw an orangutan at the zoo, as well as some gorillas.* ❖ orang-outan

* 1. **nest** (n) /nest/

a place that an animal builds to live in and have its babies ● *The bird’s nest was on the rocks high up on the side of the mountain.*

➣ nest (v) ❖ nid

* 1. **branch** (n) /brɑːnʧ/

a part of a tree that leaves grow from ● *How many olives are growing on that branch?*

* + - branche
	1. **pillow** (n) /ˈpɪləʊ/

a bag made of cloth filled with soft material that you put your head on in bed ● *He lay back on the pillows and read his book in bed.*

* + - oreiller
	1. **rest** (v) /rest/

to relax and not do anything tiring ● *I’m tired. I’m going to rest on the sofa and listen to music.* ➣ rest (n) ❖ se reposer

The verb *play* is used in many expressions about sports, games and music.

Remember that for musical instruments and games we use the article *the* or *a/an* after the verb *play,* whereas we don’t use an article for sports.

play the guitar play basketball

play the piano play football play the saxophone play tennis play a game play volleyball play a match

* 1. **stick** (n) /stɪk/

a thin piece of wood ● *We collected some sticks to make a fire.* ❖ bâton, brindille

* 1. **mattress** (n) /ˈmætrəs/

the part of a bed that you lie on ● *My bed isn’t very comfortable. It needs a new mattress.*

* + - matelas
	1. **pound** (n) /paʊnd/

a unit of weight that is 454 grams ● *We need two pounds of flour for this recipe.*

**Entertainment and sport**

**Nouns**

art play

badminton saxophone botanical garden sight

**Verbs** close serve take place

coach sightseeing

court singer

dance skateboarding

guitar staff

gym ticket

instrument tourism

park waiter

piano

* + - livre
	1. **protect** (v) /prəˈtekt/

to look after sb/sth to make sure that he/ she/it doesn’t get hurt or damaged ● *The organisation protects sea turtles by looking after their nests on Greek beaches.*

➣ protection (n), protective (adj), protectively (adv) ❖ protéger

* 1. **endangered** (adj) /ɪnˈdeɪnʤəd/

in danger of disappearing ● *Gorillas and orangutans are endangered animals, so we need to protect them.* ➣ endanger (v)

* + - menacé(e)