

## Glossary

### Reading Pages 66–67

- 6.1 exploit** (v) /ɪk'splɔɪt/  
treat sb badly or use sth unfairly for your own benefit • *He became rich by exploiting all the people who worked for him.*  
> exploitation (n) ❖ exploiter
- 6.2 impress** (v) /ɪm'pres/  
do things that make others admire you  
• *He impressed me with his detailed knowledge of Greek history.* > impression (n), impressive (adj) ❖ impressionner
- 6.3 welfare** (n) /'welfeə(r)/  
health and happiness • *Parents are responsible for the welfare of their children.*  
❖ bien-être
- 6.4 juggle** (v) /'dʒʌɡl/  
throw and catch objects in the air to entertain people • *You can start learning to juggle by throwing a small ball from one hand to the other.* > juggler (n) ❖ jongler
- 6.5 unicycle** (n) /'ju:nɪsaɪkl/  
a bicycle with only one wheel • *It isn't very easy to keep your balance on a unicycle.*  
❖ monocycle
- 6.6 belong** (v) /bɪ'lɒŋ/  
be in the right place, where you feel comfortable • *It had been months since I moved to the new school, but I still didn't feel I belonged there.* ❖ appartenir à
- 6.7 cage** (n) /keɪdʒ/  
a structure made of metal or wooden bars in which an animal or bird is kept • *Some birds refuse to sing if you keep them in a cage.*  
❖ cage
- 6.8 target audience** (n) /'tɑ:ɡɪt 'ɔ:diəns/  
the group of people that sth is intended for  
• *The target audience for the new TV show is young people who enjoy sports.*  
❖ public cible
- 6.9 act** (n) /ækt/  
a short performance that is part of a show  
• *They performed a very funny comedy act.*  
> act (v) ❖ numéro
- 6.10 big top** (n) /,bɪɡ 'tɒp/  
the main tent in a circus • *The acrobats performed at a great height under the big top.*  
❖ grand chapiteau
- 6.11 weightless** (adj) /'weɪtləs/  
having no weight • *Astronauts work in a weightless environment when they are in space.* > weightlessness (n) ❖ en apesanteur
- 6.12 hologram** (n) /'hɒləɡræm/  
a special type of image that appears to be solid, as if it was a real person or object • *The singer looked so real nobody could believe it was just a hologram.* ❖ hologramme
- 6.13 processor** (n) /'prɒsesə(r)/  
the part of the computer that controls all the other parts of the system • *You need a much more powerful processor if you want to use video-editing software.* > process (v)  
❖ processeur
- 6.14 combination** (n) /,kɒmbɪ'neɪʃn/  
two or more things mixed together to make up a single unit • *The teacher used a combination of methods to help us understand the vocabulary.* > combine (v) ❖ combinaison
- 6.15 nostalgia** (n) /nɒs'tældʒə/  
the mixed feelings of pleasure and sadness you get when you think about happy times in the past  
• *He remembers his time as a student with great nostalgia.* > nostalgic (adj) ❖ nostalgie
- 6.16 actual** (adj) /'æktʃuəl/  
real, not imaginary • *The film is based on actual people and events.* ❖ réel(le)
- 6.17 instruction** (n) /ɪn'strʌkʃn/  
teaching • *The course provides instruction in basic computer skills.* > instruct (v), instructive (adj), instructor (n) ❖ instruction
- 6.18 intensive** (adj) /ɪn'tensɪv/  
involving a lot of work in a short period of time  
• *It's an intensive course, with six hours of lessons every day.* ❖ intensif, intensive
- 6.19 put (sth) on** (phr v) /pʊt ('sʌmθɪŋ) 'ɒn/  
present sth that others can watch, such as a performance or a show • *Our school drama club is putting on Romeo and Juliet.*  
❖ présenter
- 6.20 show (sth) off** (phr v) /ʃəʊ ('sʌmθɪŋ) ɒf/  
show people sth that you are proud of so that they can admire it • *She danced salsa to show off the skills she had acquired in her dancing class.* ❖ mettre en valeur, démontrer
- 6.21 tightrope** (n) /'taɪtrəʊp/  
a rope stretched high above the ground that performers can walk on to entertain people  
• *I held my breath when the acrobat lost his balance on the tightrope.* ❖ corde raide

- 6.22 take (sb/sth) seriously** (expr) /teɪk ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) 'sɪəriəsli/  
consider sb/sth important and pay attention to them / it • *You need to take training seriously if you want to play professionally.*  
❖ prendre (quelqu'un/quelque chose) au sérieux
- 6.23 priority** (n) /praɪ'ɒrəti/  
sth that you consider more important than everything else and that you think you should deal with first • *Our first priority is the safety of the people who work here.* ❖ priorité
- 6.24 curtain** (n) /'kɜ:tən/  
the heavy cloth that hangs in front of the stage in a theatre • *The audience went silent as the curtain rose.* ❖ rideau
- 6.25 backstage** (adv) /bæk'steɪdʒ/  
the area behind the stage in a theatre, circus, etc. • *Going backstage to meet the actors was the best part of the evening for me.*  
❖ coulisses
- 6.26 document** (v) /'dɒkjʊmənt/  
record the details of sth on paper, film, etc. • *The film documented all the events that led to the disaster.* > document (n), documentation (n) ❖ documenter
- 6.27 gain access** (expr) /geɪn 'ækses/  
succeed in going somewhere or using sth  
• *The police managed to gain access through the bathroom window.* ❖ gagner accès
- 6.28 abandon** (v) /ə'bændən/  
leave sb/sth forever • *The thieves abandoned the stolen car and escaped.* > abandonment (n)  
❖ abandonner
- 6.29 ban** (v) /bæn/  
decide that sth is not allowed • *The new law has banned smoking in all public places.*  
> ban (n) ❖ interdire 📖 Syn: forbid
- 6.30 practice** (n) /'præktɪs/  
something that is usually done • *The practice of keeping animals in cages should be banned.*  
❖ pratique
- 6.31 apart from** (prep) /ə'pɑ:t frəm/  
except for • *I love everything about my job, apart from the early start in the morning.*  
❖ en dehors de
- 6.32 cruelty** (n) /'kru:əlti/  
behaviour that causes pain and makes others suffer • *Nothing can excuse cruelty to animals.*  
> cruel (adj) ❖ cruauté
- 6.33 typical** (adj) /'tɪpɪkl/  
having the usual characteristics of a particular type of person or thing • *The church is a typical example of 12<sup>th</sup> century architecture.*  
❖ type, typique 📖 Syn: characteristic
- 6.34 strict** (adj) /strɪkt/  
insisting that you should follow the rules and threatening to punish you if you don't • *Our teacher is very strict about homework: it must always be done on time.* > strictness (n)  
❖ strict(e)
- 6.35 debate** (n) /dɪ'beɪt/  
a serious discussion or disagreement that a lot of people take part in • *There has been a lot of debate on the government's new plan.*  
> debate (v) ❖ débat
- 6.36 reassure** (v) /,ri:ə'sʊ:ɜ:r/  
say or do sth that makes sb less worried and/or less afraid • *I tried to reassure him that the problem could easily be solved.*  
> reassurance (n) ❖ rassurer
- 6.37 make-up artist** (n) /'meɪkʌp 'ɑ:tɪst/  
a person whose job is to apply cosmetics (such as lipstick or powder) to make sb like an actor or model look better or different • *The make-up artist completely changed the actor's look for the show.* ❖ artiste maquilleur/maquilleuse

### Circus

acrobat	juggler
audience	make-up artist
backstage	stage
big top	tightrope
curtain	unicycle

### LOOK!

Some words can be used with a positive or a negative meaning. The verb *exploit* usually has a negative meaning that somebody does something wrong for their own benefit.

→ *He achieved his own aim by **exploiting** the hard work of others.*

However, it can also be used to mean that somebody takes advantage or makes the most of something in the right way.

→ *The film director **exploited** her actors' talents fully.*

→ *I love the way the architect has **exploited** the original brick walls in the building.*

The phrasal verb *show off* can also be used with a positive and a negative meaning.

→ *He's always **showing off** his expensive clothes.*

The positive meaning is about showing off something that is necessary or beneficial.

→ *He used the opportunity to **show off** his skills to his employers.*

→ *He **showed off** the house to the prospective buyers.*

# Vocabulary Page 68

- 6.38 defender** (n) /dɪ'fendə(r)/  
sb in a sports team that tries to prevent the other team from scoring points • *Our best defender was injured and we had to play without him today.* > defend (v), defence (n)  
❖ défenseur(e)
- 6.39 on target** (phr) /ɒn 'tɑ:ɡɪt/  
in the right way or direction that will help you achieve what you want to do • *In spite of the delay, we are still on target to finish the job by next week.* ❖ sur la bonne voie
- 6.40 penalty** (n) /'penəlti/  
an advantage that you or your team gets in sport when the other team has broken a rule • *A penalty in the last minute of the game gave Arsenal a win over Chelsea.* ❖ pénalité, penalty
- 6.41 pitch** (n) /pɪtʃ/  
an area painted with lines where you can play football, cricket, hockey or other sports • *He ran across the pitch and scored.*  
❖ terrain
- 6.42 referee** (n) /,refə'ri:/  
the person responsible for making sure that the rules are followed in a game • *A referee must have excellent knowledge of all the rules of the game.* ❖ arbitre
- 6.43 save** (v) /seɪv/  
stop the ball from going into the goal when a player on the other team has kicked it • *The goalkeeper managed to save at the last minute.* > save (n) ❖ arrêter (le ballon)
- 6.44 shot** (n) /ʃɒt/  
the act of hitting or kicking the ball in sports in order to score • *Ronaldo only took two shots in the whole game.* ❖ tir
- 6.45 opponent** (n) /ə'pəʊnənt/  
a person you are competing against in a sports event • *The boxer knocked his opponent down in the first five minutes.* ❖ adversaire
- 6.46 in the lead** (phr) /ɪn ðə li:d/  
ahead of others in a competition or race • *The young runner was half a mile in the lead for almost the whole race.* ❖ en tête
- 6.47 lap** (n) /læp/  
a complete trip around the race track that you repeat more than once during a competition • *She has completed six laps and has two more to go.* ❖ tour
- 6.48 race track** (n) /'reɪs træk/  
the area where runners run in a stadium • *It's much more dangerous to run in the streets than on a race track.* ❖ piste

- 6.49 victory** (n) /'vɪktəri/  
an occasion when you win a game or competition • *She had a comfortable victory against her opponent.* ❖ victoire
- 6.50 marathon** (n) /'mærəθən/  
a race in which you run approximately 42 kilometres • *I ran my first marathon in just under four hours.* ❖ marathon
- 6.51 find the strength to** (expr) /faɪnd ðə streŋθ tə/  
manage to be strong enough so that you can do sth • *I knew I had to keep running, but I couldn't find the strength to go any further.*  
❖ trouver la force de
- 6.52 round** (n) /raʊnd/  
a part of a competition • *She won the first round, but there are two more to go.*  
❖ manche
- 6.53 semifinal** (n) /,semi'faɪnəl/  
a game whose winner will play in the final game of a competition • *He reached the semifinal but lost and so was eliminated from the competition.* ❖ demie-finale
- 6.54 trophy** (n) /'trɒʃfi/  
a prize given to the winner of an important competition • *The captain of the winning team held the trophy in the air while the crowds cheered.* ❖ trophée
- 6.55 be through to** (phr v) /bi: θru: tə/  
succeed in one stage and progress to the next stage of a competition • *We won the semifinal and we're now through to the final.*  
❖ être en lice pour
- 6.56 on behalf of** (phr) /ɒn bɪ'hɑ:f əv/  
instead of sb, representing sb • *I'd like to thank you on behalf of the whole team.*  
❖ au nom de

## Football

defender	pitch	score
goal	referee	shot
penalty	save	trophy

- 6.57 as long as** (conj) /əz 'lɒŋ əz/  
only if • *You can go to the party as long as you promise to be back by midnight.*  
❖ dès lors que
- 6.58 apparently** (adv) /ə'pærəntli/  
according to what you have heard or read  
• *I thought he was single, but apparently he's married with two children.* ❖ apparemment
- 6.59 regret (doing sth)** (v) /rɪ'gret (du:iŋ 'sʌmθɪŋ)/  
feel sorry about sth that you did • *I regret speaking to her that way. I shouldn't have been rude.* ❖ regretter (d'avoir fait/de faire quelque chose)
- 6.60 mean (doing sth)** (v) /mi:n (du:iŋ 'sʌmθɪŋ)/  
have a particular result • *I want to be there at six and that means leaving the house at five.*  
❖ signifier (faire quelque chose)
- 6.61 go on (doing sth)** (phr v) /gəʊ ɒn (du:iŋ 'sʌmθɪŋ)/  
continue • *I can't go on working 12 hours a day. I need to find a better job.* ❖ continuer (à faire quelque chose)
- 6.62 go on (to do sth)** (phr v) /gəʊ ɒn (tə du: 'sʌmθɪŋ)/  
continue and do sth else • *After her first book was published, she went on to write another two novels.* ❖ poursuivre

## LOOK!

The verbs *go on*, *mean* and *regret* have a different meaning depending on whether they are followed by the infinitive with *to* or the *-ing* form.

- *go on to do sth* means to finish or stop doing something and then do something different:  
→ *They won the semifinal and went on to win the final as well.*
- *go on doing sth* means to carry on doing the same thing:  
→ *I thought he had finished but he went on talking for another hour.*
- *mean to do sth* means to intend to do something, to have the intention of doing something:  
→ *I meant to explain it later, but thank you for asking.*
- *mean doing sth* means that there are conditions to something or something results in something else:  
→ *You want to be a teacher? That means working really hard.*
- *regret to do sth* means to feel sorry about doing something bad or unpleasant that you are about to do:  
→ *I regret to say you didn't pass the test.*
- *regret doing sth* means that you are sorry about something you have already done:  
→ *I regret leaving school when I was 15.*

- 6.63 ankle** (n) /'æŋkl/  
the part of your leg just above your foot  
• *He broke his ankle at football practice.*  
❖ cheville
- 6.64 grab hold of** (expr) /græb həʊld əv/  
quickly take sth in your hand • *The thief grabbed hold of my bag and ran off.*  
❖ se saisir
- 6.65 cliff** (n) /klɪf/  
a high area of rock, usually above the sea  
• *The house was built on a cliff overlooking the ocean.* ❖ falaise
- 6.66 gorge** (n) /gɔ:dʒ/  
a deep narrow valley with rock on both sides  
• *The Samaria Gorge on the island of Crete is the longest in Europe.* ❖ gorges
- 6.67 accidentally** (adv) /,æksɪ'dentəli/  
by chance or by mistake • *I accidentally locked myself out of the house.* > accident (n), accidental (adj) ❖ accidentellement
- 6.68 slip** (v) /slɪp/  
slide out of place accidentally • *I slipped and fell to the ground.* ❖ glisser
- 6.69 put (sb/sth) at risk** (expr) /pʊt ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) ət rɪsk/  
put sb/sth in a situation that can be dangerous  
• *They put their children at risk by letting them wait inside the car.* ❖ mettre (quelqu'un/ quelque chose) en danger
- 6.70 bolt** (n) /bɔ:lt/  
a small metal object that you use to fasten things together • *We've lost one of the bolts and now the door won't close.* ❖ verrou

# Listening Page 70

- 6.71 unlike** (prep) /ʌn'laɪk/  
in a way that is different from • *Unlike my sister, I actually hate football.* ❖ contrairement à  
👉 Opp: like
- 6.72 youth** (n) /ju:θ/  
young people, considered as a group • *The programme aims to educate our youth on the safe use of social media.* ❖ jeune
- 6.73 slightly** (adv) /'slaitli/  
a little • *He was slightly upset that they lost the game.* ❖ légèrement
- 6.74 altogether** (adv) /,ɔ:l'tə'geðə(r)/  
in total • *Altogether, they paid 97 pounds for that meal.* ❖ au total
- 6.75 sale** (n) /seɪl/  
the act of selling sth • *This house is no longer on sale. We've decided to keep it.*  
❖ vente
- 6.76 region** (n) /'ri:dʒən/  
a particular area or part of a country • *Pollution is still a major problem in the Greater London region.* > regional (adj) ❖ région

- 6.77 bounce** (v) /baʊns/  
hit a ball so that it hits the ground or sth else and then moves back • *She quickly bounced the ball against the wall.* ❖ faire rebondir

## Speaking Page 71

- 6.78 amusement park** (n) /ə'mju:zmənt ,pɑ:k/  
a large park where people can go to enjoy games, rides and other activities • *Eurodisney is a big amusement park just outside Paris.*  
❖ parc d'attractions 📖 Syn: theme park
- 6.79 justify** (v) /'dʒʌstɪfaɪ/  
give good reasons for sth • *He tried to justify his decision but couldn't think of any good reasons.* > justification (n), justified (adj)  
❖ justifier
- 6.80 attraction** (n) /ə'trækʃn/  
an interesting place that people want to go to  
• *There is a range of tourist attractions in the area, which is why it's so popular.* > attract (v), attractive (adj) ❖ attraction
- 6.81 challenge** (n) /'tʃælɪndʒ/  
sth that you need to try hard to do successfully  
• *It'll be quite a challenge to finish the report by tomorrow, but I think I can do it.*  
> challenge (v), challenging (adj)  
❖ défi, challenge

## Grammar Page 72

- 6.82 kick-off** (n) /'kɪkɒf/  
the time when a football game starts • *The match will take place on Sunday, with a 7 pm kick-off.* ❖ coup d'envoi
- 6.83 go hiking** (v) /gəʊ 'haɪkɪŋ/  
go for a long walk in the countryside • *Wear strong boots if you want to go hiking in the forest.* > hike (n) ❖ partir en randonnée
- 6.84 confusion** (n) /kən'fju:ʒn/  
a situation in which you don't know what is happening or what to do • *There was some confusion about what we should do next.*  
> confuse (v), confusing (adj) ❖ confusion
- 6.85 escape room** (n) /ɪ'skeɪp ,ru:m/  
a game where people are locked into a room and have to find clues to help them escape  
• *On my birthday, I did an escape room with my friends. It took us two hours to get out!*  
❖ escape game
- 6.86 weird** (adj) /wɪəd/  
strange and unexpected • *That's weird – I was sure I left my phone on my desk, but it isn't there.* ❖ étrange, bizarre

## Use your English Page 73

- 6.87 burst out laughing** (phr v) /bɜ:st aʊt lɑ:fɪŋ/  
suddenly start laughing • *Before I'd even finished the joke, everyone burst out laughing.*  
❖ éclater de rire 📖 Opp: burst out crying, burst into tears
- 6.88 keep up with** (phr v) /ki:p ʌp wɪð/  
move as quickly as sb else • *Please slow down – there's no way I can keep up with you if you walk so fast!* ❖ suivre
- 6.89 knock (sb/sth) over** (phr v) /nɒk ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) 'əʊvə/  
hit and make sb/sth fall to the ground • *Be careful! You've just knocked over the lamp!*  
❖ renverser
- 6.90 show off** (phr v) /ʃəʊ ɒf/  
try to impress other people by constantly talking about or showing them your achievements, abilities, possessions, etc. • *He doesn't really need a car at all. He just bought this expensive sports car to show off to the neighbours.* ❖ frimer
- 6.91 take off** (phr v) /teɪk ɒf/  
start to be successful or popular • *After her appearance on TV, the young singer's career really took off.* ❖ décoller
- 6.92 fall over** (phr v) /fɔ:l 'əʊvə(r)/  
fall to the ground • *The girl fell over and cut her knee badly.* ❖ tomber
- 6.93 be onto sth** (expr) /bi: 'ɒntə 'sʌmθɪŋ/  
have discovered something • *Let's have another look at your data. I think you're onto something.* ❖ découvrir qqch
- 6.94 appeal** (v) /ə'pi:l/  
be interesting or attractive to sb • *The show will appeal mostly to younger audiences.*  
> appeal (n) ❖ séduire
- 6.95 come close to** (expr) /kʌm kləʊs tə/  
almost reach or almost manage to do sth  
• *I'm definitely not as good as you. In fact, I don't even come close to your level.*  
❖ se rapprocher de
- 6.96 make a (big) difference** (expr) /meɪk ə (bɪɡ) 'dɪfərəns/  
improve a situation a lot • *Taking regular exercise will make a big difference to your health.* ❖ faire une (réelle) différence
- 6.97 not know the first thing about** (expr) /nɒt nəʊ ðə fɜ:st θɪŋ əbaʊt/  
know nothing at all about sth • *My dad doesn't know the first thing about computers.*  
❖ ne pas avoir la moindre connaissance à propos de, ignorer tout de

- 6.98 hold an important place** (expr) /həʊld ən ɪm'pɔ:tənt pleɪs/  
play an important role • *Liszt holds an important place in the history of the piano.*  
❖ occuper une place importante
- 6.99 force** (v) /fɔ:s/  
make sb do sth that they don't want to do  
• *The economic situation forced us to sell our house.* ❖ forcer
- 6.100 treasure hunt** (n) /'treɪzə ,hʌnt/  
a game in which the players solve clues to find sth and win a prize • *They sent the children on a treasure hunt and the winner got a big chocolate egg.* ❖ chasse au trésor
- 6.101 tempt** (v) /tempt/  
make sb want to do sth, especially if it's unnecessary or they didn't want to do it  
• *They tried to tempt her to accept the job by offering her a huge salary.* > temptation (n)  
❖ tenter

### Phrasal verbs

be through to	knock over
fall over	put on
go on	show off
keep up with	take off

## Writing Pages 74–75

- 6.102 alternatively** (adv) /ɒl'tɜ:nətɪvli/  
as a second choice/possibility • *You could use your tablet or, alternatively, your phone.*  
❖ alternativement
- 6.103 input data** (n) /'ɪnpʊt 'deɪtə/  
facts that you are given to help you make a decision • *Consider the input data carefully before you start working on the task.*  
❖ données saisies
- 6.104 discount** (n) /'dɪskaʊnt/  
a reduction in the price of sth • *If you buy three shirts, you'll get a 15% discount.*  
❖ rabais, remise
- 6.105 screening** (n) /'skri:nɪŋ/  
a showing of a film • *Shall we go to the early screening at seven or the late one at nine?*  
❖ séance
- 6.106 season ticket** (n) /'si:zən ,tɪkɪt/  
a ticket that can be used many times within a period and is cheaper than buying many tickets • *I have a season ticket for all my team's games this year.* ❖ abonnement
- 6.107 vast** (adj) /vɑ:st/  
very large • *A vast audience watched the awards ceremony on TV.* ❖ vaste, large
- 6.108 interviewee** (n) /,ɪntəvju:'i:/  
the person that answers the questions in an interview • *The questions were very open, so the interviewee was able to express herself quite freely.* > interview (v, n), interviewer (n)  
❖ personne interrogée
- 6.109 significant** (adj) /sɪg'nɪfɪkənt/  
important or great • *A significant number of employees are unhappy.* > significance (n)  
❖ important(e) ☞ Opp: insignificant
- 6.110 respondent** (n) /rɪ'spɒndənt/  
sb who responds to questions in a survey  
• *Many respondents refused to answer the last question.* > respond (v), response (n), responsive (adj) ❖ personne sondée
- 6.111 invest** (v) /ɪn'vest/  
put money and/or time into sth so as to make a profit • *I don't really want to invest any money in this company – I don't trust them.*  
> investment (n), investor (n) ❖ investir
- 6.112 campaign** (n) /kæm'peɪn/  
a group of planned activities that have a specific purpose • *Their new advertising campaign is very successful – everyone is talking about their products.* ❖ campagne
- 6.113 statistics** (n) /stə'tɪstɪks/  
a collection of information presented as numbers • *The statistics show that the majority of people are not interested in TV.*  
❖ statistiques
- 6.114 heading** (n) /'hedɪŋ/  
title of a section of a text • *Use a heading at the top of each section to tell the reader what it is about.* ❖ titre
- 6.115 authority** (n) /ɔ:'θɒrəti/  
the power to make decisions that affect other people • *The police have the authority to arrest people that break the law.*  
❖ autorité
- 6.116 neutral** (adj) /'nju:trəl/  
without expressing any strong feeling • *Her expression remained neutral so we had no idea what she was thinking.* ❖ neutre
- 6.117 leader** (n) /'li:də(r)/  
the person in control of a group • *They asked her to stay on as leader of the hockey team for another year.* > leadership (n) ❖ leader
- 6.118 by far** (phr) /baɪ fɑ:r/  
by a great amount • *You are by far the most intelligent person I have met.* ❖ de loin
- 6.119 therefore** (adv) /'ðeəfɔ:(r)/  
for that reason • *She was busy with other commitments and therefore could not attend the event.* ❖ par conséquent

- 6.120 AI** (n) /eɪ aɪ/  
(artificial intelligence) the study and development of technology that can copy how the human mind works • *Scientists have developed AI systems that will enable machines to understand and use human language.* ❖ IA
- 6.121 take over** (phr v) /teɪk 'əʊvə(r)/  
replace sb/sth and take control • *She took over as manager of the company last year.* ❖ prendre le relais, remplacer
- 6.122 conference** (n) /'kɒnfərəns/  
a large meeting in which people make presentations and discuss topics related to their work or a common interest • *I attended an international conference on language teaching.* ❖ conférence
- 6.123 robotics** (n) /rəʊ'bɒtɪks/  
the science of making robots • *Robotics is becoming a popular science in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.* ❖ robotique
- 6.124 currently** (adv) /'kʌrəntli/  
at the present time • *She is currently writing a new book.* ❖ à l'heure actuelle
- 6.125 menial** (adj) /'mi:niəl/  
that does not require special skills and is not important • *Menial work is not very well paid.* ❖ subalterne
- 6.126 parkour** (n) /pɑ:'kʊə(r)/  
the sport of moving through a city by running, climbing and jumping • *A lot of warming up is necessary before you practise parkour.* ❖ parkour
- 6.127 rebel (against sb)** (v) /rɪ'bel (ə'genst 'sʌmbədi)/  
fight and refuse to obey • *The people rebelled against the government when more economic scandals were uncovered.* ❖ se révolter, s'insurger (contre)
- 6.128 deadly** (adj) /'dedli/  
likely to cause death • *The cobra is a deadly snake.* ❖ mortel(le), létal(e)
- 6.129 android** (n) /'ændrɔɪd/  
a robot that looks like a human being • *The android looked like a 20-year-old man.* ❖ androïde
- 6.130 maid** (n) /meɪd/  
a woman who works in a house or hotel and does cleaning and other household jobs • *In the past, it wasn't unusual to see maids working in people's houses.* ❖ domestique
- 6.131 butler** (n) /'bʌtlə(r)/  
a man who works in a house and organises the rest of the staff working there • *The butler announced that dinner was served.* ❖ majordome
- 6.132 creativity** (n) /,kri:'eɪtɪvəti/  
the ability to produce original ideas or art • *The art teacher tried to encourage the children's creativity.* > create (v), creation (n), creative (adj) ❖ créativité
- 6.133 evil** (adj) /'i:vəl/  
bad and cruel • *The police described the killer as an evil man.* > evil (n) ❖ diabolique
- 6.134 industry** (n) /'ɪndəstri/  
the people and activities involved in a particular business • *Illegal downloading is killing the music industry.* ❖ industrie