And what do you do?

Glossary

Page 101

- 9.1 emergency (n) /ɪˈmɜːdʒənsi/
 a sudden dangerous situation in which you
 need to act fast to avoid harm It is important
 to try and stay calm in an emergency.
 ❖ der Notfall
- 9.2 rescue (v) /'reskjuː/
 save sb from a dangerous or harmful situation

 The firefighters rescued two families from
 their burning homes. ➤ rescue (n) ❖ retten

Reading Pages 102-103

- 9.3 for free (phr) /fə fri:/
 without paying or getting any money I'm not
 expecting you to do it for free; I'll pay you, of
 course. ❖ kostenlos (adv)
- 9.4 critic (n) /'krɪtɪk/
 sb who says they dislike sb/sth She is a
 major critic of wind power, as she believes it is
 expensive and harmful to the environment.

 > criticise (v), criticism (n), critical (adj)
 der/die Kritiker/-in
- 9.5 benefit (v) /'benɪfɪt/
 help sb improve their life in some way or be
 helped to improve your life *The new law*mainly benefits younger families. ➤ benefit (n),
 beneficial (adj) ❖ nutzen
- 9.6 local (n) /ˈləʊkl/
 a person who lives in a particular area Most
 of the people present were locals, but some
 had come from other areas. ➤ local (adj)

 der/die Einheimische
- 9.7 skilled (adj) /skɪld/
 having the knowledge and experience
 necessary to do a job well We need a skilled
 worker for this job, not someone with no
 experience. ➤ skill (n) ❖ ausgebildeter/e/es
 ⑤ Opp: unskilled
- 9.8 misunderstanding (n) /ˌmɪsʌndəˈstændɪŋ/
 an occasion when sth is not understood
 correctly Let me explain it again, because
 I think there's been a misunderstanding.

 ➤ misunderstand (v) ❖ das Missverständnis
- 9.9 developing (adj) /dr'veləpɪŋ/
 (of a country or area) poorer with less
 advanced industries I work for a charity
 that sends vaccines to the developing world.

 > develop (v), developed (adj)

 ◆ Entwicklungs-

- 9.10 dependent (adj) /dr'pendent/ needing sb/sth in order to survive ● Living on the outskirts of the city, I'm dependent on my car. I couldn't do without it. ➤ depend (v), dependence (n) ❖ abhängiger/e/es
- 9.11 developed (adj) /dr'veləpt/
 (of a country or area) having an economy based mostly on modern industries and services Developed countries are responsible for the majority of environmental problems. ➤ develop (v), developed (adj)
 ❖ Entwicklungs-
- 9.12 advanced (adj) /ədˈvɑːnst/
 having the most modern methods, ideas,
 etc. The technology for replacing fossil
 fuels is highly advanced. ➤ advance (v)
 ❖ fortgeschrittener/e/es
- 9.13 community (n) /kə¹mjuːnəti/
 the people living in a particular area The new sports centre will benefit the whole community.
 ❖ die Gemeinde, der Ort
- 9.14 address (v) /ə'dres/
 give attention to an issue or problem Next,
 we need to address the problem of security.

 ❖ etw. ansprechen, auf etw. eingehen
- 9.15 meaningless (adj) /'mi:nɪŋlɪs/
 useless; without a purpose Talking to him
 was meaningless; he wasn't going to change
 his mind. ❖ sinnloser/e/es ⑤ Opp: meaningful
- 9.16 make a living (expr) /meɪk ə 'lɪvɪŋ/
 earn enough money to buy the things you
 need It's a small island, where most
 people make a living by fishing. ❖ seinen
 Lebensunterhalt verdienen, sich verdingen
- 9.17 employ (v) /Im'ploI/
 have sb do a job and pay them for it The
 company has employed a new sales manager.
 > employment (n), employer (n), employee (n)
 ❖ beschäftigen Syn: hire
- 9.18 professional (adj) /prəˈfeʃənəl/
 doing sth as a job and not as a hobby

 When he realised he couldn't knock down
 the wall on his own, he hired a professional
 builder. ➤ profession (n) ❖ professioneller/e/
 es, Berufs- ◎ Opp: unprofessional
- 9.19 hire (v) /haɪə(r)/
 give a job to sb or pay sb to do a particular
 job They hired a top lawyer to represent
 them in court. ❖ einstellen, beauftragen
 Syn: employ

- 9.21 privileged (adj) /ˈprɪvəlɪdʒd/
 having a special advantage because of your position, which most other people don't have
 She comes from a privileged background and cannot even understand the needs of normal people. ➤ privilege (n)
 privilegierter/e/es
- 9.22 make up (phr v) /meɪk ∧p/
 form sth Locals make up 60% of our staff.

 ❖ ausmachen
- 9.23 bring to mind (expr) /brɪŋ tə maɪnd/ make sb remember • Her name brought to mind my French teacher at school. ❖ erinnern an
- 9.24 herd (n) /h₃:d/
 a large group of animals that live together; used negatively in reference to people We saw a herd of elephants. ❖ die Herde
- 9.25 holiday-maker (n) /'hɒlədi,meɪkə(r)/
 a person who is on holiday away from home
 The beach was crowded with holiday-makers from all over the country. ❖ der/die Urlauber/-in
- 9.26 eventually (adv) /ɪˈventʃuəli/ at the end of a period of time ● Our train eventually arrived two hours later. ❖ irgendwann

LOOK!

The adverbs eventually and finally have the same meaning. However, their use is different. We use eventually or finally to talk about sth that happens at the end of a time period, as well as for an action that comes last in a line of actions, especially if there's been a delay or some difficulty.

- → I waited for him all day and he eventually / finally arrived at midnight.
- → I called her home, her mobile and her office and finally / eventually I got through to her.

We use *finally*, not *eventually*, to talk about the last thing in a list of things.

- → First I made a note of a few ideas, then I made a paragraph plan, and finally (not: eventually) I started writing my essay.
- 9.27 theory (n) /'θɪəri/
 a set of ideas that can explain sth I can't
 prove my theory, but it gives a logical
 explanation of her actions. ➤ theoretical (adj)
 ❖ die These, die Theorie
- 9.28 inefficient (adj) /ˌɪnɪˈfɪʃənt/
 not organised or able to do a job well The
 system is very inefficient and wastes valuable
 time. ❖ leistungsschwacher/e/es

 ⑤ Opp: efficient

Vocabulary Page 104

- 9.29 electrician (n) /ˌɪlek'trɪʃən/
 a person whose job is to connect, check
 and repair electrical equipment We got an
 electrician to repair the cooker. ❖ der/die
 Elektriker/-in
- 9.30 researcher (n) /rr's3:tʃə(r)/
 a person whose job is to study a subject so
 as to discover new information about it

 The researcher included questions about the
 residents' daily habits in the questionnaire.

 > research (v, n) ❖ der/die Forscher/-in
- 9.31 inspector (n) /ɪnˈspektə(r)/
 a person whose job is to inspect sth officially
 The tax inspector checked all of our accounts. ❖ der/die Kontrolleur/-in, der/die Prüfer/-in
- 9.32 plumber (n) /'pl∧mə(r)/
 a person whose job is to fit water pipes,
 baths, toilets, etc. I think you should call the
 plumber to fix that tap. ❖ der/die Klempner/-in
- 9.33 financial (adj) /farˈnænʃl/
 related to money or the way you manage
 money My financial situation has improved
 now that I got a new job. ➤ finance (n, v),
 finances (n pl) ❖ finanzieller/e/es
- 9.34 financial analyst (n) /far'nænʃl 'ænəlɪst/
 a person whose job is to study a company's
 financial situation and help it make financial
 decisions Our financial analyst has
 advised us to invest in solar power. ❖ der/die
 Finanzanalyst/-in
- 9.35 mechanic (n) /məˈkænɪk/
 a person whose job is to repair machines,
 cars, etc The mechanic said my car
 would be ready next week. ❖ der/die
 Fahrzeugmechaniker/-in
- 9.36 wire (n) /waɪə(r)/
 thin metal thread covered with plastic, used to carry electricity She disconnected the wire from the cooker. ❖ der Draht
- 9.37 pattern (n) /'pætən/
 the way sth is organised or is done The
 police inspector thought all three murders
 followed a similar pattern. ❖ das Muster
- 9.38 manual (adj) /'mænjuəl/
 done with your hands Skilled manual
 workers are not always paid well enough.
 ❖ Hand-, manueller/e/es
- 9.39 responsibility (n) /rɪˌsponsɪˈbɪləti/
 a duty to deal with sb/sth so that you can be
 blamed if things go wrong It is the manager's
 responsibility to ensure that the team work well
 together. ➤ responsible (adj)

 ❖ die Zuständigkeit

9.40 qualification (n) / kwolifi keijen/
a skill or type of experience that you need for
a particular job • They didn't hire him because
he didn't have the right qualifications for the
job. ➤ qualify (v), qualified (adj)
die Kompetenz, die Qualifikation

LOOK!

The word *qualification* has two meanings. It can refer to what's necessary for a job (skills, studies, experience) or to the certification somebody has acquired like diplomas, degrees and certificates that prove a person has successfully completed their studies.

- → Previous experience is an essential qualification for this job.
- → List all of your **qualifications**, not just your university degree.
- 9.41 crew (n) /kruː/
 a group of people working together on a
 ship, plane, etc. The crew asked everyone
 to remain in their seats. ❖ die Crew, die
 Besatzung
- 9.42 senior management (n) /ˈsiːniə ˈmænɪdʒmənt/
 the group of managers at the highest positions
 in a company or organisation You have
 to have at least ten years of experience to
 apply for a senior management position.

 ❖ der Führungsstab
- 9.43 deal (n) /diːl/
 an agreement on conditions for doing sth or
 buying sth We reached a deal to sell our
 company to the corporation. ❖ der Abschluss,
 das Geschäft
- 9.44 overtime (n) /ˈəʊvətaɪm/
 time that you spend working at your job after
 the normal hours If everyone agrees to work
 overtime, we'll have finished by the end of the
 week. ❖ die Überstunden (plural)
- 9.45 strike (n) /straɪk/
 a period when a group of employees refuse to
 work because they are demanding better pay
 or better conditions Teachers are threatening
 to go on strike if they are not paid for overtime
 work. ➤ strike (v) ❖ der Streik
- 9.46 promotion (n) /prəˈməʊʃn/
 a move to a more important job or position in
 a company If I can't get a promotion by the
 end of the year, I'm going to look for another
 job. ➤ promote (v) ❖ die Beförderung
- 9.47 give sb the sack (expr) /gɪv sʌmbədi ðə sæk/
 remove sb from their job They gave him the
 sack because he was always late.
 ❖ jdn. entlassen

- 9.48 paperwork (n) /'peɪpəwɜːk/
 the written work that some people have to do
 as part of their job, e.g. filling in forms and
 writing reports ◆ As the boss's assistant, he
 has to deal with a lot of paperwork every day.
 ❖ die Schreibarbeiten (plural), die Büroarbeiten
 (plural)
- 9.49 redundant (adj) /rɪˈdʌndənt/
 having lost your job because you were no
 longer needed The company decided to make
 50 people redundant to cut costs.

 > redundancy (n) ❖ arbeitsloser/e/es
- 9.50 head (v) /hed/
 be in charge of (a group or an organisation)
 Mina heads the financial department in our company. ➤ head (n) ❖ anführen, leiten
- 9.51 shift (n) /ʃɪft/
 a period of time that one group of workers
 work after another group has finished l'm
 working the night shift this week, so I sleep in
 the morning. ❖ die Schicht
- 9.52 retire (v) /rɪ'taɪə(r)/
 leave your job because of old age He
 should retire he's 78! ➤ retirement (n),
 retired (adj) ❖ in Rente gehen

Expressions related to work

deal with paperwork do a deal do/work overtime get a promotion give sb the sack go on strike

head a team make a living make sb redundant miss a deadline work a shift

Grammar Page 105

- 9.53 graduate (v) /'grædʒueɪt/
 complete school or university studies
 successfully She graduated from an
 American university with a degree in law.
 > graduate (n), graduation (n) ❖ einen
 Hochschulabschluss in etw. machen
- 9.54 personnel (n) /₁pɜːsən'el/
 the people who are employed in a company
 or organisation All company personnel will
 be trained in using the new software.

 ❖ das Personal Syn: staff
- 9.55 candidate (n) /ˈkændɪdət/
 a person who is competing to get a job or a position She was the best candidate so, naturally, she got the job. ❖ der/die Bewerber/in

- apply (n) /ə'plaɪ/
 ask for sth like a job or a place on a course,
 usually by sending a letter or filling in a
 form I decided to apply for the job, even
 though I didn't have much experience.

 ➤ application (n), applicant (n) ❖ sich
 bewerben (v)
- 9.57 version (n) /'v₃:ʃn/
 a form of sth that is different from other forms
 of the same thing There are two versions of
 the film, the original and the remake.

 ❖ die Version
- 9.58 ideal (adj) /arˈdɪəl/
 the best possible It isn't an ideal solution, but
 it will have to do. ❖ idealer/e/es
- 9.59 resort (n) /rr'zɔːt/
 a place where a lot of people go to have a
 holiday I know it's a very popular tourist
 resort, but I still don't like it. ❖ der Urlaubsort
- 9.60 employable (adj) /Im'plɔɪəbl/
 having enough skills and/or experience that
 make others want to employ you Sophisticated
 computer skills will definitely make you more
 employable. ❖ erwerbsfähiger/e/es,
 einstellbarer/e/es ை Opp: unemployable
- 9.61 suit (v) /suːt/
 be right for a particular person or situation
 Black doesn't really suit you try wearing
 bright colours. ➤ suitable (adj) ❖ stehen

Listening Page 106

- 9.62 fair (n) /feər/
 a public event where people can meet,
 promote and/or sell products or services
 I'm going to the book fair to check out the
 latest publications. ❖ die Messe
- 9.63 stand (n) /stænd/
 a table or other structure at an exhibition,
 where goods can be shown and advertised
 We are going to have a stand at this year's
 exhibition to show our latest designs.

 ❖ der Stand
- 9.64 potential (adj) /pəˈtenʃl/
 possible, able to be done We're going to
 conduct lengthy interviews to identify the best
 potential candidates. ❖ potenzieller/e/es

Speaking Page 107

- 9.65 client (n) /'klarənt/
 a person who uses the services of a
 professional person or a company We're
 starting a marketing campaign to attract new
 clients. ❖ der/die Klient/-in, der Kunde/die
 Kundin Syn: customer
- 9.66 review (v) /rɪˈvjuː/
 examine sth again in order to make changes or
 to make a final decision You should review
 your application carefully before you send it
 off. ➤ review (n), reviewer (n) ❖ durchsehen,
 überprüfen
- 9.67 reject (v) /rɪˈdʒekt/
 refuse to accept sb/sth I'm afraid your
 application was rejected, as there was
 another candidate with a lot more experience.

 > rejection (n) ❖ ablehnen
- 9.68 keen (adj) /ki:n/
 very interested in sth or eager to do sth
 She's not very keen on jazz. She prefers folk music. ➤ keenness (n)
 ♦ leidenschaftlicher/e/es (adj), scharf sein auf (phr) Syn: eager

LOOK!

The adjective *keen* can be used before a noun or with a verb. When it is followed by a verb, we can use the structures *keen to do sth* or *keen on doing sth*.

- → She is a keen gardener. (= enthusiastic)
- → He was always **keen to help**. (= willing to help)
- → I wasn't very keen on going with them. (= I wasn't interested in the idea)

We can also use *keen on* with a noun. In this case, it means that sb likes sth..

- → I'm not particularly keen on football. (= I don't like football)
- → He was really keen on my sister. (= he really liked her)

Grammar Page 108

- 9.69 reduced (adj) /rr'dju:st/
 shorter or smaller in size The museum
 shop offers reduced prices for students.

 > reduce (v), reduction (n) ❖ ermäßigter/e/es
- 9.70 list (v) /lɪst/
 include in a list All the local hotels are listed
 on this page. ❖ aufführen

- 9.71 elect (v) /i'lekt/
 choose a person for a particular position by
 voting The students elected Sylvia as their
 representative. ➤ election (n) ❖ wählen
- 9.72 treasurer (n) /'treʒərə(r)/
 a person responsible for the money of an organisation One of the treasurer's duties is to keep a record of our expenses.
 ❖ der/die Kassenführer/-in
- 9.73 reference (n) /'refərəns/
 a letter in which sb who knows you says if
 you are suitable for a job or position / asked
 my Latin professor for a reference. ❖ das
 Arbeitszeugnis

Use your English Page 109

- 9.74 take time off (expr) /teɪk taɪm ɒf/
 stop work for some time in order to do sth else
 He decided to take some time off to look
 after his children. ❖ sich eine Auszeit nehmen
- 9.75 pick (sth) up (phr v) /pɪk ('sʌmθɪŋ) ʌp/
 learn sth new by practising it *I never had*German lessons. *I picked it up when I lived in*Berlin. ❖ (etw.) aufgabeln
- 9.76 take (sb) on (phr v) /teɪk ('sʌmbədi) ɒn/
 employ sb They took her on as a security
 guard. ❖ (jdn.) einstellen
- 9.77 stand out (phr v) /stænd aʊt/
 be obviously better than other similar things or
 people I have read a lot of books about the
 war, but this one stands out. ❖ herausragen
- 9.78 work on (phr v) /w3:k pn/ spend time to improve or repair sth • The teacher said I had to work on my pronunciation. ❖ an etw. arbeiten
- 9.79 act as (v) /ækt æz/
 do for a short time a job that you don't normally
 do He was asked to act as our adviser on
 the project. ❖ als etw. fungieren
- 9.80 paint (sb) with the same brush (expr) /peɪnt ('sʌmbədi) wið ðə seɪm brʌʃ/
 unfairly put sb in the same category as sb else
 who has done sth wrong You can't paint the
 whole team with the same brush just because
 the manager is useless. ❖ alle über einen
 Kamm scheren
- 9.81 pick sb's brains (expr) /pɪk 'sʌmbədiz breɪnz/ ask sb who knows a lot about sth for their views or their advice I'm going to pick Maria's brains about which phone to buy. ❖ jdn. um Rat fragen
- 9.82 think on my feet (expr) /θɪŋk ən maɪ fi:t/
 think and act very quickly without any
 preparation In this job you have to be able
 to think on your feet. ❖ schnell reagieren,
 improvisieren

- 9.83 jump at the chance (expr) /dʒʌmp ət ðə tʃɑ:ns/ accept immediately an opportunity to do sth
 When she asked if I was interested in the job, I jumped at the chance and said yes immediately. ❖ die Chance ergreifen
- 9.84 get off to a good start (expr) /get pf tə ə god sta:t/
 start an activity successfully We need to get off to a good start this season if we want to win the championship. ❖ einen guten Start hinlegen
- 9.85 knowing my luck (expr) /nəʊɪŋ maɪ lʌk/
 considering that I am not very lucky Knowing
 my luck, I'll be the only one that doesn't pass
 the test. ❖ bei meinem Glück
- 9.86 overall (adj) /ˌəʊvəˈrɔːl/
 in general My overall impression is positive,
 but I haven't looked at the details yet.

 ❖ allgemeiner/e/es
- 9.87 indicate (v) /'IndikeIt/
 show or make clear His answer indicated
 that he understood the situation perfectly.
 > indication (n), indicative (adj)
 * zeigen, andeuten
- 9.88 dissatisfied (adj) /ˌdɪs'sætɪsfaɪd/
 not pleased with sb/sth I am very dissatisfied
 with my new toaster. I think I'm going to
 return it. ➤ dissatisfy (v), dissatisfaction (n)
 ♣ unzufriedener/e/es
 □ Opp: satisfied
- 9.89 rely on (phr v) /riˈlaɪ ɒn/
 depend on or trust You can't rely on him, he
 changes his mind every day. ➤ reliance (n),
 reliable (adj) ❖ sich verlassen auf
- 9.90 depress (v) /dr'pres/
 make sb feel very unhappy Please turn
 on the light! This darkness depresses me.
 >> depression (n), depressed (adj)
 ❖ niederdrücken, deprimieren
- 9.91 sick leave (n) /'sɪk ˌliːv/
 time that you take off work when you are
 ill After the operation I was on sick leave
 for three weeks. ❖ der krankheitsbedingte
 Arbeitsausfall

Idioms

bring to mind get off to a good start give sb the sack jump at the chance keep track of sth knowing my luck paint with the same brush pick sb's brains put myself in sb's shoes think on my feet

Writing Pages 110-111

- 9.92 cover letter (n) /ˈkʌvə ˌletə(r)/
 a letter that contains information about sth you send with it I sent them my CV along with a one-page cover letter. ❖ das Begleitschreiben
- 9.93 spreadsheet (n) /'spred∫i:t/
 a document produced by a computer program
 that shows data and does financial calculations
 I prepared a spreadsheet showing all the
 money we have spent.
 ❖ die Kalkulationstabelle
- 9.94 support (v) /sə'pɔ:t/
 encourage and help sb when they need
 it She supported me in every way she
 could when I was in trouble. ➤ support (n),
 supportive (adj) ❖ unterstützen
- 9.95 interpersonal (adj) /ˌɪntəˈpɜːsənəl/
 connected with relationships between people

 I need to improve the way I behave in interpersonal relationships.

 ❖ zwischenmenschlicher/e/es
- 9.96 punctual (adj) /'pʌŋktʃuəl/ at the expected, correct time ● I'm sure he will be there already. He's always punctual. ❖ pünktlicher/e/es Opp: late
- 9.97 upbeat (adj) /∧p'bixt/
 positive and full of hope She is usually very
 upbeat, but this time she didn't sound very
 optimistic. ❖ euphorischer/e/es, positiver/e/es
- 9.98 get along with (phr v) /get ələŋ wið/
 have a good relationship with / get along
 with everyone in the office. We're all friends.
 ◆ gut auskommen mit, sich gut verstehen mit

 Syn: get on with
- 9.99 co-ordinator (n) /kəʊˈɔːdɪneɪtə(r)/
 a person who organises the people and activities needed for sth We need a coordinator to organise the campaign. ❖ der/die Koordinator/-in
- 9.100 outgoing (adj) /ˌaʊt'gəʊɪŋ/
 friendly, enjoying other people's company

 She's a very outgoing person and has lots of friends everywhere. ❖ kontaktfreudiger/e/es
- 9.101 tournament (n) /'tɔːnəmənt/
 a sports competition consisting of a number of contests The young boxer felt confident he would win the tournament. ❖ der Wettkampf
- 9.102 counsellor (n) /ˈkaʊnsələ(r)/
 sb who takes care of children at a summer
 camp Counsellors are usually just a few
 years older than the children they're looking
 after. ❖ der/die Betreuer/-in
- 9.103 at your earliest convenience (expr) /æt jər 'ɜːliəst kən'viːniəns/
 as soon as possible Please reply at your earliest convenience. ❖ so früh wie möglich

- 9.104 get carried away (expr) /get 'kærid ə'weɪ/
 become so excited that you lose control

 I got so carried away with the preparations
 for the party that I forgot the time.

 ❖ in etw. vertieft sein
- 9.105 ridiculous (adj) /rɪˈdɪkjələs/ stupid and unreasonable ● Don't be ridiculous! You can't pay 500 euros for a pair of shorts. ❖ lächerlicher/e/es
- 9.106 vague (adj) /veɪg/ not clear • His answer was so vague nobody understood what he meant. ❖ vager/e/es

Phrasal verbs

act as pick sth up work on get along with stand out make up take sb on

Live well, study well

Page 112

- 9.107 pressure (n) /'preʃə(r)/
 difficulty and worry caused by the need to
 achieve results They had to work under
 considerable pressure to complete the project
 in only a week. ❖ der Druck
- 9.108 zigzag (n) /ˈzɪgzæg/ a line that looks like a Z or W ● He walked in a zigzag, rather than a straight line. ❖ der Zickzack
- 9.110 uncertainty (n) /∧n's₃:tənti/
 a situation in which something isn't certain or known There was some uncertainty as to why he got fired. ➤ uncertain (adj)
 ❖ die Ungewissheit ⑤ Opp: certainty