

Glossary

Reading Pages 66–67

- 6.1 exploit** (v) /ɪk'splɔɪt/
treat sb badly or use sth unfairly for your own benefit • *He became rich by exploiting all the people who worked for him.*
> exploitation (n) ❖ ausbeuten
- 6.2 impress** (v) /ɪm'pres/
do things that make others admire you
• *He impressed me with his detailed knowledge of Greek history.* > impression (n), impressive (adj) ❖ beeindrucken
- 6.3 welfare** (n) /'welfeə(r)/
health and happiness • *Parents are responsible for the welfare of their children.*
❖ das Wohl
- 6.4 juggle** (v) /'dʒʌɡl/
throw and catch objects in the air to entertain people • *You can start learning to juggle by throwing a small ball from one hand to the other.* > juggler (n) ❖ jonglieren
- 6.5 unicycle** (n) /'juːnɪsaɪkl/
a bicycle with only one wheel • *It isn't very easy to keep your balance on a unicycle.*
❖ das Einrad
- 6.6 belong** (v) /bɪ'lɒŋ/
be in the right place, where you feel comfortable • *It had been months since I moved to the new school, but I still didn't feel I belonged there.* ❖ (an einen Ort/zu etw.) gehören
- 6.7 cage** (n) /keɪdʒ/
a structure made of metal or wooden bars in which an animal or bird is kept • *Some birds refuse to sing if you keep them in a cage.*
❖ der Käfig
- 6.8 target audience** (n) /'tɑːɡɪt 'ɔːdiəns/
the group of people that sth is intended for
• *The target audience for the new TV show is young people who enjoy sports.*
❖ das Zielpublikum
- 6.9 act** (n) /ækt/
a short performance that is part of a show
• *They performed a very funny comedy act.*
> act (v) ❖ die Aufführung
- 6.10 big top** (n) /,bɪɡ 'tɒp/
the main tent in a circus • *The acrobats performed at a great height under the big top.*
❖ das Zirkuszelt, die Zeltkuppel
- 6.11 weightless** (adj) /'weɪtləs/
having no weight • *Astronauts work in a weightless environment when they are in space.* > weightlessness (n)
❖ schwerelos/e/es
- 6.12 hologram** (n) /'hɒləgræm/
a special type of image that appears to be solid, as if it was a real person or object • *The singer looked so real nobody could believe it was just a hologram.* ❖ das Hologramm
- 6.13 processor** (n) /'prɒsesə(r)/
the part of the computer that controls all the other parts of the system • *You need a much more powerful processor if you want to use video-editing software.* > process (v)
❖ der Prozessor
- 6.14 combination** (n) /,kɒmbɪ'neɪʃn/
two or more things mixed together to make up a single unit • *The teacher used a combination of methods to help us understand the vocabulary.* > combine (v) ❖ die Verbindung
- 6.15 nostalgia** (n) /nɒs'tældʒə/
the mixed feelings of pleasure and sadness you get when you think about happy times in the past
• *He remembers his time as a student with great nostalgia.* > nostalgic (adj) ❖ die Sehnsucht nach Vergangenem, die Nostalgie
- 6.16 actual** (adj) /'æktʃuəl/
real, not imaginary • *The film is based on actual people and events.* ❖ wahrer/e/es
- 6.17 instruction** (n) /ɪn'strʌkʃn/
teaching • *The course provides instruction in basic computer skills.* > instruct (v), instructive (adj), instructor (n) ❖ die Anweisung, die Einweisung
- 6.18 intensive** (adj) /ɪn'tensɪv/
involving a lot of work in a short period of time
• *It's an intensive course, with six hours of lessons every day.* ❖ intensiver/e/es
- 6.19 put (sth) on** (phr v) /pʊt ('sʌmθɪŋ) 'ɒn/
present sth that others can watch, such as a performance or a show • *Our school drama club is putting on Romeo and Juliet.*
❖ aufführen
- 6.20 show (sth) off** (phr v) /ʃəʊ ('sʌmθɪŋ) ɒf/
show people sth that you are proud of so that they can admire it • *She danced salsa to show off the skills she had acquired in her dancing class.* ❖ (mit etw.) prahlen

- 6.21 tightrope** (n) /'taɪtrəʊp/
a rope stretched high above the ground that performers can walk on to entertain people
• *I held my breath when the acrobat lost his balance on the tightrope.* ❖ das Drahtseil
- 6.22 take (sb/sth) seriously** (expr) /teɪk ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) 'sɪəriəsli/
consider sb/sth important and pay attention to them / it • *You need to take training seriously if you want to play professionally.*
❖ (jdn./etw.) ernst nehmen
- 6.23 priority** (n) /praɪ'brɪti/
sth that you consider more important than everything else and that you think you should deal with first • *Our first priority is the safety of the people who work here.* ❖ die Priorität
- 6.24 curtain** (n) /'kɜ:tən/
the heavy cloth that hangs in front of the stage in a theatre • *The audience went silent as the curtain rose.* ❖ der Vorhang
- 6.25 backstage** (adv) /bæk'steɪdʒ/
the area behind the stage in a theatre, circus, etc. • *Going backstage to meet the actors was the best part of the evening for me.*
❖ hinter den Kulissen
- 6.26 document** (v) /'dɒkjʊmənt/
record the details of sth on paper, film, etc. • *The film documented all the events that led to the disaster.* > document (n), documentation (n) ❖ dokumentieren, belegen
- 6.27 gain access** (expr) /geɪn 'ækses/
succeed in going somewhere or using sth
• *The police managed to gain access through the bathroom window.* ❖ sich Zugang verschaffen
- 6.28 abandon** (v) /ə'bændən/
leave sb/sth forever • *The thieves abandoned the stolen car and escaped.* > abandonment (n)
❖ verlassen, liegen lassen, stehen lassen
- 6.29 ban** (v) /bæn/
decide that sth is not allowed • *The new law has banned smoking in all public places.*
> ban (n) ❖ verbieten ☞ Syn: forbid
- 6.30 practice** (n) /'præktɪs/
something that is usually done • *The practice of keeping animals in cages should be banned.*
❖ die Praxis
- 6.31 apart from** (prep) /ə'pɑ:t frəm/
except for • *I love everything about my job, apart from the early start in the morning.*
❖ bis auf, außer
- 6.32 cruelty** (n) /'kru:əlti/
behaviour that causes pain and makes others suffer • *Nothing can excuse cruelty to animals.*
> cruel (adj) ❖ die Quälerei
- 6.33 typical** (adj) /'tɪpɪkl/
having the usual characteristics of a particular type of person or thing • *The church is a typical example of 12th century architecture.*
❖ typischer/e/es ☞ Syn: characteristic
- 6.34 strict** (adj) /strɪkt/
insisting that you should follow the rules and threatening to punish you if you don't • *Our teacher is very strict about homework: it must always be done on time.* > strictness (n)
❖ strenger/e/es
- 6.35 debate** (n) /dɪ'beɪt/
a serious discussion or disagreement that a lot of people take part in • *There has been a lot of debate on the government's new plan.*
> debate (v) ❖ die Debatte
- 6.36 reassure** (v) /,ri:ə'ʃɔ:r/
say or do sth that makes sb less worried and/or less afraid • *I tried to reassure him that the problem could easily be solved.*
> reassurance (n) ❖ beruhigen
- 6.37 make-up artist** (n) /'meɪkʌp 'ɑ:tɪst/
a person whose job is to apply cosmetics (such as lipstick or powder) to make sb like an actor or model look better or different • *The make-up artist completely changed the actor's look for the show.* ❖ der/die Visagist/-in

Circus

acrobat	juggler
audience	make-up artist
backstage	stage
big top	tightrope
curtain	unicycle

LOOK!

Some words can be used with a positive or a negative meaning. The verb *exploit* usually has a negative meaning that somebody does something wrong for their own benefit.

→ *He achieved his own aim by **exploiting** the hard work of others.*

However, it can also be used to mean that somebody takes advantage or makes the most of something in the right way.

→ *The film director **exploited** her actors' talents fully.*

→ *I love the way the architect has **exploited** the original brick walls in the building.*

The phrasal verb *show off* can also be used with a positive and a negative meaning.

→ *He's always **showing off** his expensive clothes.*

The positive meaning is about showing off something that is necessary or beneficial.

→ *He used the opportunity to **show off** his skills to his employers.*

→ *He **showed off** the house to the prospective buyers.*

Vocabulary Page 68

- 6.38 defender** (n) /dɪfendə(r)/
sb in a sports team that tries to prevent the other team from scoring points • *Our best defender was injured and we had to play without him today.* > defend (v), defence (n)
❖ der/die Abwehrspieler/-in
- 6.39 on target** (phr) /ɒn 'tɑ:ɡɪt/
in the right way or direction that will help you achieve what you want to do • *In spite of the delay, we are still on target to finish the job by next week.* ❖ auf Kurs
- 6.40 penalty** (n) /'penəlti/
an advantage that you or your team gets in sport when the other team has broken a rule
• *A penalty in the last minute of the game gave Arsenal a win over Chelsea.* ❖ der Elfmeter, der Strafstoß
- 6.41 pitch** (n) /pɪtʃ/
an area painted with lines where you can play football, cricket, hockey or other sports
• *He ran across the pitch and scored.*
❖ das Spielfeld
- 6.42 referee** (n) /ˌrefə'riː/
the person responsible for making sure that the rules are followed in a game • *A referee must have excellent knowledge of all the rules of the game.* ❖ der/die Schiedsrichter/-in
- 6.43 save** (v) /seɪv/
stop the ball from going into the goal when a player on the other team has kicked it
• *The goalkeeper managed to save at the last minute.* > save (n) ❖ halten
- 6.44 shot** (n) /ʃɒt/
the act of hitting or kicking the ball in sports in order to score • *Ronaldo only took two shots in the whole game.* ❖ der Schuss
- 6.45 opponent** (n) /ə'pəʊnənt/
a person you are competing against in a sports event • *The boxer knocked his opponent down in the first five minutes.* ❖ der/die Gegner/-in
- 6.46 in the lead** (phr) /ɪn ðə li:d/
ahead of others in a competition or race • *The young runner was half a mile in the lead for almost the whole race.* ❖ in Führung
- 6.47 lap** (n) /læp/
a complete trip around the race track that you repeat more than once during a competition
• *She has completed six laps and has two more to go.* ❖ die Runde
- 6.48 race track** (n) /'reɪs træk/
the area where runners run in a stadium
• *It's much more dangerous to run in the streets than on a race track.* ❖ die Rennbahn
- 6.49 victory** (n) /'vɪktəri/
an occasion when you win a game or competition • *She had a comfortable victory against her opponent.* ❖ der Sieg
- 6.50 marathon** (n) /'mærəθən/
a race in which you run approximately 42 kilometres • *I ran my first marathon in just under four hours.* ❖ der Marathon
- 6.51 find the strength to** (expr) /faɪnd ðə streŋθ tə/
manage to be strong enough so that you can do sth • *I knew I had to keep running, but I couldn't find the strength to go any further.*
❖ die Kraft finden (etw. zu tun)
- 6.52 round** (n) /raʊnd/
a part of a competition • *She won the first round, but there are two more to go.*
❖ die Runde
- 6.53 semifinal** (n) /ˌsemi'faɪnəl/
a game whose winner will play in the final game of a competition • *He reached the semifinal but lost and so was eliminated from the competition.* ❖ das Halbfinale

- 6.54 trophy** (n) /'trɒfi/
a prize given to the winner of an important competition • *The captain of the winning team held the trophy in the air while the crowds cheered.* ❖ der Pokal
- 6.55 be through to** (phr v) /bi: θru: tə/
succeed in one stage and progress to the next stage of a competition • *We won the semifinal and we're now through to the final.*
❖ aufsteigen, weitergehen
- 6.56 on behalf of** (phr) /ɒn bɪ'hɑ:f əv/
instead of sb, representing sb • *I'd like to thank you on behalf of the whole team.*
❖ im Namen von

Football

defender	pitch	score
goal	referee	shot
penalty	save	trophy

Grammar Page 69

- 6.57 as long as** (conj) /əz 'lɒŋ əz/
only if • *You can go to the party as long as you promise to be back by midnight.*
❖ wenn, solange
- 6.58 apparently** (adv) /ə'pærəntli/
according to what you have heard or read
• *I thought he was single, but apparently he's married with two children.* ❖ offenbar
- 6.59 regret (doing sth)** (v) /rɪ'ɡret (du:iŋ 'sʌmθɪŋ)/
feel sorry about sth that you did • *I regret speaking to her that way. I shouldn't have been rude.* ❖ bereuen (etw. getan zu haben)
- 6.60 mean (doing sth)** (v) /mi:n (du:iŋ 'sʌmθɪŋ)/
have a particular result • *I want to be there at six and that means leaving the house at five.*
❖ bedeuten (etw. zu tun)
- 6.61 go on (doing sth)** (phr v) /gəʊ ɒn (du:iŋ 'sʌmθɪŋ)/
continue • *I can't go on working 12 hours a day. I need to find a better job.*
❖ so weitermachen, (mit etw.) wie bisher weitermachen
- 6.62 go on (to do sth)** (phr v) /gəʊ ɒn (tə du: 'sʌmθɪŋ)/
continue and do sth else • *After her first book was published, she went on to write another two novels.* ❖ sich (an etw.) machen

LOOK!

The verbs *go on*, *mean* and *regret* have a different meaning depending on whether they are followed by the infinitive with *to* or the *-ing* form.

- *go on to do sth* means to finish or stop doing something and then do something different:
→ *They won the semifinal and **went on to win** the final as well.*
- *go on doing sth* means to carry on doing the same thing:
→ *I thought he had finished but he **went on talking** for another hour.*
- *mean to do sth* means to intend to do something, to have the intention of doing something:
→ *I **meant to explain** it later, but thank you for asking.*
- *mean doing sth* means that there are conditions to something or something results in something else:
→ *You want to be a teacher? That **means working** really hard.*
- *regret to do sth* means to feel sorry about doing something bad or unpleasant that you are about to do:
→ *I **regret to say** you didn't pass the test.*
- *regret doing sth* means that you are sorry about something you have already done:
→ *I **regret leaving** school when I was 15.*

- 6.63 ankle** (n) /'æŋkl/
the part of your leg just above your foot
• *He broke his ankle at football practice.*
❖ der Fußknöchel
- 6.64 grab hold of** (expr) /græb həʊld əv/
quickly take sth in your hand • *The thief grabbed hold of my bag and ran off.*
❖ sich greifen, ergreifen
- 6.65 cliff** (n) /klɪf/
a high area of rock, usually above the sea
• *The house was built on a cliff overlooking the ocean.* ❖ die Klippe
- 6.66 gorge** (n) /gɔ:dʒ/
a deep narrow valley with rock on both sides
• *The Samaria Gorge on the island of Crete is the longest in Europe.* ❖ die Schlucht, die Klamm
- 6.67 accidentally** (adv) /,æksɪ'dentəli/
by chance or by mistake • *I accidentally locked myself out of the house.* > accident (n), accidental (adj) ❖ versehentlich, aus Versehen
- 6.68 slip** (v) /slɪp/
slide out of place accidentally • *I slipped and fell to the ground.* ❖ ausrutschen
- 6.69 put (sb/sth) at risk** (expr) /pʊt ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) ət rɪsk/
put sb/sth in a situation that can be dangerous
• *They put their children at risk by letting them wait inside the car.* ❖ (jdn./etw.) gefährden

- 6.70 bolt** (n) /bəʊlt/
a small metal object that you use to fasten things together • *We've lost one of the bolts and now the door won't close.* ❖ der Bolzen, die Schraube

Listening Page 70

- 6.71 unlike** (prep) /ʌn'laɪk/
in a way that is different from • *Unlike my sister, I actually hate football.* ❖ im Gegensatz zu ☞ Opp: like
- 6.72 youth** (n) /ju:θ/
young people, considered as a group • *The programme aims to educate our youth on the safe use of social media.* ❖ die Jugend
- 6.73 slightly** (adv) /'slaɪtli/
a little • *He was slightly upset that they lost the game.* ❖ etwas
- 6.74 altogether** (adv) /,ɔ:l'tə'geðə(r)/
in total • *Altogether, they paid 97 pounds for that meal.* ❖ zusammen
- 6.75 sale** (n) /seɪl/
the act of selling sth • *This house is no longer on sale. We've decided to keep it.* ❖ der Verkauf
- 6.76 region** (n) /'ri:dʒən/
a particular area or part of a country • *Pollution is still a major problem in the Greater London region.* > regional (adj) ❖ die Region
- 6.77 bounce** (v) /baʊns/
hit a ball so that it hits the ground or sth else and then moves back • *She quickly bounced the ball against the wall.* ❖ aufprallen

Speaking Page 71

- 6.78 amusement park** (n) /ə'mju:zmənt ,pɑ:k/
a large park where people can go to enjoy games, rides and other activities • *Eurodisney is a big amusement park just outside Paris.* ❖ der Freizeitpark ☞ Syn: theme park
- 6.79 justify** (v) /'dʒʌstɪfaɪ/
give good reasons for sth • *He tried to justify his decision but couldn't think of any good reasons.* > justification (n), justified (adj) ❖ rechtfertigen
- 6.80 attraction** (n) /ə'trækʃn/
an interesting place that people want to go to • *There is a range of tourist attractions in the area, which is why it's so popular.* > attract (v), attractive (adj) ❖ die Attraktion
- 6.81 challenge** (n) /'tʃælɪndʒ/
sth that you need to try hard to do successfully • *It'll be quite a challenge to finish the report by tomorrow, but I think I can do it.* > challenge (v), challenging (adj)

❖ die Herausforderung

Grammar Page 72

- 6.82 kick-off** (n) /'kɪkɒf/
the time when a football game starts
• *The match will take place on Sunday, with a 7 pm kick-off.* ❖ der Anstoß
- 6.83 go hiking** (v) /gəʊ 'haɪkɪŋ/
go for a long walk in the countryside
• *Wear strong boots if you want to go hiking in the forest.* > hike (n) ❖ wandern gehen
- 6.84 confusion** (n) /kən'fju:ʒn/
a situation in which you don't know what is happening or what to do • *There was some confusion about what we should do next.* > confuse (v), confusing (adj)
❖ die Verwirrung
- 6.85 escape room** (n) /ɪ'skeɪp ,ru:m/
a game where people are locked into a room and have to find clues to help them escape
• *On my birthday, I did an escape room with my friends. It took us two hours to get out!* ❖ der Escape Room
- 6.86 weird** (adj) /wɪəd/
strange and unexpected • *That's weird – I was sure I left my phone on my desk, but it isn't there.* ❖ seltsamer/e/es

Use your English Page 73

- 6.87 burst out laughing** (phr v) /bɜ:st aʊt lɑ:fɪŋ/
suddenly start laughing • *Before I'd even finished the joke, everyone burst out laughing.* ❖ in Gelächter ausbrechen ☞ Opp: burst out crying, burst into tears
- 6.88 keep up with** (phr v) /ki:p ʌp wɪð/
move as quickly as sb else • *Please slow down – there's no way I can keep up with you if you walk so fast!* ❖ mit jdm./etw. Schritt halten
- 6.89 knock (sb/sth) over** (phr v) /nɒk ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) 'əʊvə/
hit and make sb/sth fall to the ground
• *Be careful! You've just knocked over the lamp!* ❖ (jdn./etw.) umschmeißen
- 6.90 show off** (phr v) /ʃəʊ ɒf/
try to impress other people by constantly talking about or showing them your achievements, abilities, possessions, etc.
• *He doesn't really need a car at all. He just bought this expensive sports car to show off to the neighbours.* ❖ angeben, prahlen
- 6.91 take off** (phr v) /teɪk ɒf/
start to be successful or popular • *After her appearance on TV, the young singer's career really took off.* ❖ durchstarten

- 6.92 fall over** (phr v) /fɔ:l 'əʊvə(r)/
fall to the ground • *The girl fell over and cut her knee badly.* ❖ stürzen
- 6.93 be onto sth** (expr) /bi: 'bɒntə 'sʌmθɪŋ/
have discovered something • *Let's have another look at your data. I think you're onto something.* ❖ etw. auf der Spur sein, etw. entdeckt haben
- 6.94 appeal** (v) /ə'pi:l/
be interesting or attractive to sb • *The show will appeal mostly to younger audiences.*
➢ appeal (n) ❖ ansprechen
- 6.95 come close to** (expr) /kʌm kləʊs tə/
almost reach or almost manage to do sth • *I'm definitely not as good as you. In fact, I don't even come close to your level.* ❖ annähernd (so gut sein) wie
- 6.96 make a (big) difference** (expr) /meɪk ə (bɪɡ) 'dɪfərəns/
improve a situation a lot • *Taking regular exercise will make a big difference to your health.* ❖ (viel) bewirken, (viel) ausmachen
- 6.97 not know the first thing about** (expr) /nɒt nəʊ ðə fɜ:st θɪŋ əbaʊt/
know nothing at all about sth • *My dad doesn't know the first thing about computers.*
❖ von etw. überhaupt keine Ahnung haben
- 6.98 hold an important place** (expr) /həʊld ən ɪm'pɔ:tənt pleɪs/
play an important role • *Liszt holds an important place in the history of the piano.*
❖ eine wichtige Stellung einnehmen
- 6.99 force** (v) /fɔ:s/
make sb do sth that they don't want to do
• *The economic situation forced us to sell our house.* ❖ zwingen
- 6.100 treasure hunt** (n) /'trezə 'hʌnt/
a game in which the players solve clues to find sth and win a prize • *They sent the children on a treasure hunt and the winner got a big chocolate egg.* ❖ die Schatzsuche
- 6.101 tempt** (v) /tempt/
make sb want to do sth, especially if it's unnecessary or they didn't want to do it
• *They tried to tempt her to accept the job by offering her a huge salary.* ➢ temptation (n)
❖ verlocken, jdm. etw. schmackhaft machen

Phrasal verbs

be through to	knock over
fall over	put on
go on	show off
keep up with	take off

- 6.102 alternatively** (adv) /ɒl'tɜ:nətɪvli/
as a second choice/possibility • *You could use your tablet or, alternatively, your phone.*
❖ ersatzweise
- 6.103 input data** (n) /'ɪnpʊt 'deɪtə/
facts that you are given to help you make a decision • *Consider the input data carefully before you start working on the task.*
❖ die Eingabedaten
- 6.104 discount** (n) /'dɪskaʊnt/
a reduction in the price of sth • *If you buy three shirts, you'll get a 15% discount.*
❖ der Rabatt
- 6.105 screening** (n) /'skri:nɪŋ/
a showing of a film • *Shall we go to the early screening at seven or the late one at nine?*
❖ die Vorstellung
- 6.106 season ticket** (n) /'si:zən 'tɪktɪ/
a ticket that can be used many times within a period and is cheaper than buying many tickets • *I have a season ticket for all my team's games this year.* ❖ die Dauerkarte
- 6.107 vast** (adj) /vɑ:st/
very large • *A vast audience watched the awards ceremony on TV.* ❖ riesiger/e/es
- 6.108 interviewee** (n) /,ɪntə'vju:ɪ/
the person that answers the questions in an interview • *The questions were very open, so the interviewee was able to express herself quite freely.* ➢ interview (v, n), interviewer (n)
❖ der/die Befragte
- 6.109 significant** (adj) /sɪɡ'nɪfɪkənt/
important or great • *A significant number of employees are unhappy.* ➢ significance (n)
❖ erheblicher/e/es ☞ Opp: insignificant
- 6.110 respondent** (n) /rɪ'spɒndənt/
sb who responds to questions in a survey
• *Many respondents refused to answer the last question.* ➢ respond (v), response (n), responsive (adj) ❖ der/die Teilnehmer/-in
- 6.111 invest** (v) /ɪn'vest/
put money and/or time into sth so as to make a profit • *I don't really want to invest any money in this company – I don't trust them.*
➢ investment (n), investor (n) ❖ anlegen, investieren
- 6.112 campaign** (n) /kæm'peɪn/
a group of planned activities that have a specific purpose • *Their new advertising campaign is very successful – everyone is talking about their products.* ❖ die Kampagne
- 6.113 statistics** (n) /stə'tɪstɪks/
a collection of information presented as numbers • *The statistics show that the majority of people are not interested in TV.*
❖ die Statistik (singular)

- 6.114 heading** (n) /'hedɪŋ/
title of a section of a text • *Use a heading at the top of each section to tell the reader what it is about.* ❖ die Überschrift
- 6.115 authority** (n) /ɔ:'θɒrəti/
the power to make decisions that affect other people • *The police have the authority to arrest people that break the law.* ❖ die Befugnis
- 6.116 neutral** (adj) /'nju:trəl/
without expressing any strong feeling • *Her expression remained neutral so we had no idea what she was thinking.* ❖ neutraler/e/es, gleichgültiger/e/es
- 6.117 leader** (n) /'li:də(r)/
the person in control of a group • *They asked her to stay on as leader of the hockey team for another year.* > leadership (n) ❖ der/die Anführer/-in
- 6.118 by far** (phr) /baɪ fɑ:r/
by a great amount • *You are by far the most intelligent person I have met.* ❖ mit Abstand
- 6.119 therefore** (adv) /'ðeəfɔ:(r)/
for that reason • *She was busy with other commitments and therefore could not attend the event.* ❖ daher

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- 6.120 AI** (n) /eɪ aɪ/
(artificial intelligence) the study and development of technology that can copy how the human mind works • *Scientists have developed AI systems that will enable machines to understand and use human language.* ❖ KI (künstliche Intelligenz)
- 6.121 take over** (phr v) /teɪk 'əʊvə(r)/
replace sb/sth and take control • *She took over as manager of the company last year.* ❖ übernehmen
- 6.122 conference** (n) /'kɒnfərəns/
a large meeting in which people make presentations and discuss topics related to their work or a common interest • *I attended an international conference on language teaching.* ❖ die Konferenz, die Tagung
- 6.123 robotics** (n) /rəʊ'bɒtɪks/
the science of making robots • *Robotics is becoming a popular science in the 21st century.* ❖ die Robotertechnik
- 6.124 currently** (adv) /'kʌrəntli/
at the present time • *She is currently writing a new book.* ❖ derzeit
- 6.125 menial** (adj) /'mi:niəl/
that does not require special skills and is not important • *Menial work is not very well paid.* ❖ niederer/e/es
- 6.126 parkour** (n) /pɑ:'kʊə(r)/
the sport of moving through a city by running, climbing and jumping • *A lot of warming up is necessary before you practise parkour.* ❖ der Parkour
- 6.127 rebel (against sb)** (v) /rɪ'bel (ə'ɡɛnst 'sʌmbədi)/
fight and refuse to obey • *The people rebelled against the government when more economic scandals were uncovered.* ❖ sich (gegen jdn.) auflehnen
- 6.128 deadly** (adj) /'dedli/
likely to cause death • *The cobra is a deadly snake.* ❖ giftiger/e/es
- 6.129 android** (n) /'ændrɔɪd/
a robot that looks like a human being • *The android looked like a 20-year-old man.* ❖ der Androide
- 6.130 maid** (n) /meɪd/
a woman who works in a house or hotel and does cleaning and other household jobs • *In the past, it wasn't unusual to see maids working in people's houses.* ❖ das Dienstmädchen
- 6.131 butler** (n) /'bʌtlə(r)/
a man who works in a house and organises the rest of the staff working there • *The butler announced that dinner was served.* ❖ der/die Butler/-in
- 6.132 creativity** (n) /,kri:'eɪtɪvəti/
the ability to produce original ideas or art • *The art teacher tried to encourage the children's creativity.* > create (v), creation (n), creative (adj) ❖ die Kreativität
- 6.133 evil** (adj) /'i:vəl/
bad and cruel • *The police described the killer as an evil man.* > evil (n) ❖ böser/e/es
- 6.134 industry** (n) /'ɪndəstri/
the people and activities involved in a particular business • *Illegal downloading is killing the music industry.* ❖ die Branche, die Industrie