

1 Jump for joy

Glossary

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- 1.1 **jump for joy** (expr) /dʒʌmp fə dʒɔɪ/
be extremely happy • *Helen jumped for joy when she heard she got the scholarship.*
❖ vor Freude an die Decke springen

Reading Pages 6–7

- 1.2 **harmful** (adj) /'hɑ:mfl/
causing damage or injury • *Smoking has many harmful effects.* > harm (v, n)
❖ gesundheitsschädlicher/e/es
📖 Opp: harmless
- 1.3 **irritating** (adj) /'ɪrɪteɪɪŋ/
making you feel angry • *I find it very irritating when people speak loudly on their mobile phones.* > irritate (v), irritation (n), irritated (adj) ❖ lästiger/e/es
- 1.4 **upset** (v) /ʌp'set/
make sb feel worried and/or angry • *It upsets her when she thinks of her grandmother's illness.* > upset (adj) ❖ erschüttern
- 1.5 **take (sth) for granted** (expr) /'teɪk ('sʌmθɪŋ) fə 'grɑ:ntɪd/
believe that sth is true without having any evidence • *You can't take it for granted that he will agree; you have to ask him first.*
❖ (etw.) als selbstverständlich betrachten
- 1.6 **furious** (adj) /'fjʊəriəs/
very angry • *He was furious with me because I was so late.* ❖ wütender/e/es
- 1.7 **drive (sb) crazy** (expr) /draɪv ('sʌmbədi) 'kreɪzi/
make sb very angry • *My roommate never cleans up his mess and it's driving me crazy.*
❖ (jdn.) in den Wahnsinn treiben
- 1.8 **extremely** (adv) /ɪk'strɪmli/
very • *She is extremely intelligent, probably the most intelligent woman I know.*
> extreme (adj, n) ❖ äußerst
- 1.9 **annoy** (v) /ə'noɪ/
make sb angry • *It really annoys me when people interrupt me.* > annoyance (n), annoyed (adj), annoying (adj) ❖ aufregen
- 1.10 **behaviour** (n) /bɪ'heɪvjə(r)/
the way that sb acts • *He was punished for his terrible behaviour.* > behave (v)
❖ das Benehmen
- 1.11 **sight** (n) /saɪt/
sth that you see • *The flowers in the garden were a beautiful sight.* ❖ der Anblick
- 1.12 **get stuck** (expr) /get stʌk/
be unable to move or continue • *The electricity was cut off and we got stuck in the lift for an hour.* ❖ feststecken, stecken bleiben
- 1.13 **wonder** (v) /'wʌndə(r)/
ask yourself; want to know • *My sister hasn't called or texted me all day; I wonder where she is.* ❖ sich fragen, sich wundern
- 1.14 **noisily** (adv) /'nɔɪzəli/
loudly • *I couldn't concentrate because some children were playing noisily outside.*
> noise (n), noisy (adj) ❖ laut
- 1.15 **awful** (adj) /'ɔ:fl/
very bad and unpleasant • *He's such an awful boss nobody in the office likes him.*
❖ furchtbarer/e/es
- 1.16 **packed** (adj) /pækt/
completely full • *The bus was so packed that there wasn't even any standing room.*
❖ vollgestopfter/e/es 📖 Syn: crowded
- 1.17 **push your way** (expr) /pʊʃ jɔ: weɪ/
push the people around you in order to get somewhere • *I pushed my way onto the crowded train.* ❖ sich durchdrängeln
- 1.18 **distracted** (adj) /dɪ'stræktɪd/
confused because you are thinking of sth else • *You seemed distracted in the meeting. Is everything OK?* > distract (v), distraction (n)
❖ abgelenkter/e/es
- 1.19 **seriously** (adv) /'sɪəriəsli/
very or severely • *He wasn't seriously ill; he just had a cold.* ❖ ernsthaft
- 1.20 **closely** (adv) /'kləʊsli/
carefully, paying attention to details • *He looked again more closely at what he had written.* ❖ genau
- 1.21 **unpleasant** (adj) /ʌn'pleznt/
not enjoyable • *The exam results came as an unpleasant surprise; I was very disappointed.*
❖ unangenehmer/e/es 📖 Opp: pleasant
- 1.22 **unpredictable** (adj) /ʌnprɪ'dɪktəbl/
likely to change unexpectedly • *The weather was very unpredictable so we didn't know what clothes to pack.* > predict (v), prediction (n)
❖ unvorhersehbarer/e/es 📖 Opp: predictable

- 1.23 bother** (v) /'bɒðə(r)/
to make sb angry or upset • *Don't turn the TV off. It doesn't bother me.* > bother (n)
❖ behelligen, ärgern
- 1.24 delayed** (adj) /dɪ'leɪd/
happening later than expected • *Our flight was delayed because of the weather conditions.*
> delay (v) ❖ verspäteter/e/es
📖 Opp: punctual, on time
- 1.25 tolerable** (adj) /'tɒlərəbl/
just satisfactory; not too good, not bad • *The conditions in the public hospital are tolerable, but can definitely be improved.* > tolerate (v), tolerance (n) ❖ erträglicher/e/es
📖 Opp: intolerable
- 1.26 context** (n) /'kɒntekst/
the situation in which sth happens and which can explain it • *To understand his behaviour, you have to examine it in the context of his family.* > contextualise (v)
❖ der Zusammenhang, der Kontext
- 1.27 grow up** (phr v) /grəʊ ʌp/
develop from a child into an adult • *What do you want to be when you grow up?*
❖ erwachsen werden
- 1.28 reliable** (adj) /rɪ'laɪəbl/
that can be trusted • *She's very reliable, so if she said she would do it you can be sure she will do it.* > rely (v), reliability (n)
❖ zuverlässiger/e/es 📖 Opp: unreliable
- 1.29 supply** (n) /sə'plaɪ/
an amount of sth that is available and people can use • *They have turned off the electricity supply in our building.* > supply (v)
❖ die Versorgung
- 1.30 public transport** (n) /pʌblɪk 'trænspɔ:t/
the system of buses, trains, etc. that can be used by the public in a specific place
• *Unfortunately, there is no public transport in this village. You have to walk or use a private car.* ❖ öffentliche Verkehrsmittel (plural)
- 1.31 interruption** (n) /,ɪntə'rʌpʃn/
the act of stopping sth for a short period of time • *I managed to work continuously, without interruption, for ten hours.* > interrupt (v)
❖ die Unterbrechung
- 1.32 bug** (v) /bʌg/
annoy • *I don't know what he wants, but he's been bugging me all day.* > bug (n) ❖ nerven
- 1.33 decade** (n) /'dekeɪd/
a period of ten years • *Our lives have changed a lot in the past decade.* ❖ das Jahrzehnt
- 1.34 research** (n) /rɪ'sɜ:tʃ/
the study of sth in order to discover new information • *There has been a lot of research recently into people's shopping habits.*
> research (v), researcher (n)
❖ die Erforschung, die Forschung
- 1.35 brain** (n) /breɪn/
the organ inside your head that controls thoughts and feelings • *The human brain is divided into two halves, the left and the right.*
❖ das Gehirn
- 1.36 receive** (v) /rɪ'si:v/
get or be given sth • *I received a phone call from your office.* > receipt (n), receiver (n)
❖ erhalten
- 1.37 condition** (n) /kən'dɪʃn/
a disease or medical problem • *She suffers from a heart condition.* ❖ die Erkrankung
- 1.38 misophonia** (n) /,mɪsə'fəʊniə/
a medical condition in which certain sounds cause a strong negative reaction • *People with misophonia often react negatively to everyday noises.* ❖ die Misophonie
- 1.39 extreme** (adj) /ɪk'stri:m/
to a much greater degree than expected/usual
• *In extreme cases, the disease can cause very serious problems.* ❖ extremer/e/es
- 1.40 emotional** (adj) /ɪ'məʊʃənl/
related to feelings • *A child's emotional development is as important as their physical development.* > emotion (n) ❖ seelischer/e/es
- 1.41 respond** (v) /rɪ'spɒnd/
react to sth by saying or doing sth • *I asked John where he'd been, but he didn't respond.*
> response (n), responsive (adj) ❖ antworten
- 1.42 yawn** (v) /jɔ:n/
open your mouth wide and take in a lot of air, when you are tired or sleepy • *I was so tired that I couldn't stop yawning.* > yawn (n)
❖ gähnen
- 1.43 chew** (v) /tʃu:/
bite food into small pieces with your teeth so that you can eat it • *You should always chew your food thoroughly before you swallow it.*
❖ kauen
- 1.44 suffer** (v) /'sʌfə(r)/
experience pain • *Don't just suffer in silence. Let me know if there is a problem.*
> suffering (n) ❖ leiden
- 1.45 benefit** (n) /'benɪfɪt/
a good effect of sth • *One of the benefits of owning a pet is that it makes you feel happier.*
> benefit (v), beneficial (adj) ❖ der Vorteil
- 1.46 prevent** (v) /prɪ'vent/
stop sb from doing sth or stop sth from happening • *I tried to prevent him from leaving, but he insisted.* > prevention (n)
❖ jdn. an etw. hindern
- 1.47 stem** (n) /stem/
the central part of sth, which other parts come from or to which other things can be added
• *He cut the branches from the stem.*
❖ der Stiel

- 1.48 option** (n) /'ɒpʃn/
one of the choices that you have
• *She had no other option but to leave her job.*
❖ die Wahl
- 1.49 correspond** (v) /ˌkɒrɪ'spɒnd/
match; be similar or equal to • *The story he told does not correspond with my memory of the events.* > correspondence (n)
❖ übereinstimmen
- 1.50 locate** (v) /ləʊ'keɪt/
find the position of sth • *I couldn't locate the source of the problem.* > location (n)
❖ eingrenzen
- 1.51 purpose** (n) /'pɜːpəs/
the reason why you do sth • *The purpose of the project is to collect information about students' preferences.* ❖ der Zweck
- 1.52 stressful** (adj) /'stresfl/
making you feel anxious or worried
• *Taking an exam is quite a stressful situation.* > stress (v, n) ❖ aufreibender/e/es, stressiger/e/es
- 1.53 essential** (adj) /ɪ'senʃl/
necessary or needed • *Water is essential for human beings; we can't live without it.*
❖ lebensnotwendiger/e/es
- 1.54 quality** (n) /'kwɒləti/
characteristic • *She has a lot of good qualities: she's intelligent, organised and punctual.*
❖ die Eigenschaft
- 1.55 cure** (v) /kjʊə(r)/
make sb who was ill healthy again • *Doctors can cure most diseases nowadays.* > cure (n)
❖ kurieren

Adjectives that describe people

annoying	furious	unpleasant
distracted	irritating	unpredictable
emotional	reliable	upset

Vocabulary Page 8

- 1.56 emotion** (n) /ɪ'məʊʃn/
a strong feeling • *I sometimes find it hard to express my emotions.* ❖ die Gefühle (plural)
- 1.57 amazement** (n) /ə'meɪzmənt/
extreme surprise • *To my amazement, my parents didn't give me any presents for my birthday.* > amaze (v), amazed (adj), amazing (adj) ❖ das Erstaunen
- 1.58 anxiety** (n) /æŋ'zaɪəti/
worry or nervousness about sth that is happening or will happen • *Most people feel a lot of anxiety about exams.* > anxious (adj)
❖ das Angstgefühl, die Ängstlichkeit
- 1.59 despair** (n) /dɪ'speə(r)/
the feeling that there is no hope and nothing will get better • *He's in despair because he's lost all of his money.* > despair (v), desperate (adj), desperately (adv) ❖ die Verzweiflung
- 1.60 embarrassment** (n) /ɪm'bærəsmənt/
a feeling of shame and/or shyness • *He blushed with embarrassment when his son called his teacher a cow.* > embarrass (v), embarrassing (adj), embarrassed (adj)
❖ die Verlegenheit
- 1.61 frustration** (n) /frʌs'treɪʃn/
the state of feeling bad because you cannot achieve what you want • *Our team's frustration was obvious when the other team scored again.* > frustrated (adj), frustrating (adj)
❖ die Enttäuschung
- 1.62 guilt** (n) /ɡɪlt/
a feeling of unhappiness you get because you have done sth wrong • *He suffered terrible feelings of guilt over leaving his family.*
> guilty (adj) ❖ die Schuld
- 1.63 joy** (n) /dʒɔɪ/
a feeling of happiness • *Sharing happy moments with your family is one of life's greatest joys.* > joyful (adj) ❖ die Freude
- 1.64 relief** (n) /rɪliːf/
a feeling of happiness because sth bad has not happened or has ended • *It was such a relief to see that grandma was well again.*
> relieve (v), relieved (adj) ❖ die Erleichterung
- 1.65 sympathy** (n) /'sɪmpəθi/
the understanding that you show when sb else is suffering • *I have a lot of sympathy for him as his life is definitely not easy.* > sympathise (v), sympathetic (adj) ❖ das Mitgefühl
- 1.66 agony** (n) /'æɡəni/
extreme pain or suffering • *He screamed in agony when the doctor touched his leg.*
❖ die Höllenqual, der große Schmerz
- 1.67 be on the edge of my seat** (expr) /biː ɒn ðiː edʒ əv maɪ siːt/
thrilled, very excited • *I was on the edge of my seat at the end of the match when the score was still 1–1.* ❖ vor Vorfreude nicht mehr still sitzen können
- 1.68 get under my skin** (expr) /ɡet 'ʌndə maɪ skɪn/
annoy • *That kid at school really gets under my skin.* ❖ jdm. auf die Nerven gehen
- 1.69 be lost for words** (expr) /biː lɒst fə wɜːdz/
not know what to say • *I was lost for words when I heard the bad news and couldn't speak.* ❖ nach Worten suchen

- 1.70 regret** (n) /rɪ'grɛt/
a feeling of sadness about sth unpleasant you have to do or say • *It is with great regret that we have to announce the death of a great artist.* > regret (v), regretful (adj)
❖ das Bedauern
- 1.71 aggressive** (adj) /ə'grɛsɪv/
angry and violent • *Every time someone criticizes him, he gets aggressive and shouts.*
> aggression (n) ❖ aggressiver/e/es
- 1.72 calm** (adj) /kɑ:m/
peaceful and without worry • *I tried to keep calm and say nothing while he was shouting.*
> calmness (n) ❖ ruhiger/e/es
- 1.73 arrogant** (adj) /'ærəgənt/
behaving as if you were better and/or knew more than everyone else • *I hope it won't sound arrogant if I say I'm one of the best actors of my generation.* > arrogance (n)
❖ arroganter/e/es
- 1.74 bad-tempered** (adj) /'bæd'tempəd/
that can easily become angry or annoyed • *He's very bad-tempered in the mornings, especially if he hasn't had any coffee.*
❖ schlecht gelaunter/e/es
- 1.75 loyal** (adj) /'lɔɪəl/
willing to support sb even at difficult times • *Even when nobody wanted to speak to him, she remained his loyal friend.* > loyalty (n)
❖ treuer/e/es
- 1.76 mature** (adj) /mə'tʃʊə(r)/
behaving like an adult • *I know she's only 12, but you can definitely trust her; she's very mature for her age.* > maturity (n)
❖ reifer/e/es 📖 Opp: immature
- 1.77 mean** (adj) /mi:n/
unkind and unpleasant • *It was a bit mean not to invite her best friend's brother.*
❖ gemeiner/e/es
- 1.78 stubborn** (adj) /'stʌbən/
unwilling to listen to others or change what you think • *She's very stubborn and won't listen to anything you say.* > stubbornness (n)
❖ sturer/e/es, dickköpfiger/e/es
📖 Syn: obstinate
- 1.79 sensitive** (adj) /'sensɪtɪv/
easily upset • *Be careful how you speak to him; he's very sensitive to criticism.*
> sensitivity (n) ❖ empfindlicher/e/es
- 1.80 childish** (adj) /'tʃaɪldɪʃ/
behaving like a child • *Stop being so childish – you're a grown woman now!* ❖ kindischer/e/es

Personality adjectives

aggressive	childish	mean
anxious	curious	sensitive
arrogant	loyal	stubborn
bad-tempered	mature	sympathetic
calm		

Grammar Page 9

- 1.81 optimistic** (adj) /,ɒptɪ'mɪstɪk/
believing that good things will happen in the future • *I'm very optimistic about my chances of winning.* > optimism (n) ❖ optimistischer/e/es
- 1.82 weigh** (v) /weɪ/
have a particular weight • *I was shocked when I saw I weighed 100 kilos.* > weight (n)
❖ wiegen
- 1.83 apologise** (v) /ə'pɒlədʒaɪz/
say you are sorry for sth wrong you have said or done • *The student apologised for his lateness.* > apology (n), apologetic (adj)
❖ sich entschuldigen
- 1.84 commentary** (n) /'kɒməntri/
a live description of an event that is broadcast • *The commentary on the football match was terrible.* > comment (v, n) ❖ der Kommentar
- 1.85 plot** (n) /plɒt/
the story of a book, film, etc. • *The plot is very simple: he falls in love and then out of love.*
❖ die Handlung
- 1.86 temporary** (adj) /'temp(ə)rəri/
that doesn't last for long • *This is just a temporary solution until we can repair the staircase properly.* ❖ vorübergehender/e/es
- 1.87 drop off** (phr v) /drɒp ɒf/
start to sleep • *I think I dropped off at some point. I don't remember the end of the film.*
❖ einschlafen, wegösen
- 1.88 take part (in)** (expr) /teɪk pɑ:t (ɪn)/
be involved in an activity • *I didn't take part in the game, because I wasn't feeling so well.*
❖ teilnehmen (an/bei) 📖 Syn: participate
- 1.89 experiment** (n) /ɪk'sperɪmənt/
a test you do to find out if sth is true or if sth works • *They didn't obtain very clear results in their experiment.* > experiment (v)
❖ das Experiment
- 1.90 MRI scanner** (n) /em aɪr 'aɪ ,skænə(r)/
a machine that makes images of organs in your body • *I listened to music while going through the MRI scanner.* ❖ das MRT-Gerät

- 1.91 measure** (v) /'meɪʒə(r)/
discover the size or amount of sth • *Let's measure the shelves to see if they will fit.*
> measure (n), measurement (n) ❖ messen
- 1.92 signal** (n) /'sɪgnəl/
sth that gives information about sth else
• *Inability to sleep is a signal that something is wrong with your health.* ❖ das Zeichen, das Signal
- 1.93 calculation** (n) /,kælkjə'leɪʃn/
the process of using mathematics to find the size or amount of sth • *She did a calculation of how much it would all cost.* > calculate (v), incalculable (adj) ❖ die Kalkulation
- 1.94 identify** (v) /aɪ'dentɪfaɪ/
recognise sb/sth and say who/what they are • *The witness identified the suspect as Moira Lair.* > identification (n) ❖ erkennen, identifizieren
- 1.95 witness** (v) /'wɪtnəs/
see sth (especially a crime or accident) happen • *The neighbours witnessed the attack.* > witness (n) ❖ miterleben
- 1.96 kidnapping** (n) /'kɪdnæpɪŋ/
the crime of taking sb away by force and then asking for money to let them free
• *The victim said he was going to try to forget the kidnapping and go on with his life.*
> kidnap (v), kidnapper (n) ❖ die Entführung
- 1.102 concentration** (n) /,kɒnsən'treɪʃn/
the state of thinking carefully about what you are doing • *Concentration on the day of the exam is as important as studying for it.*
> concentrate (v) ❖ die Konzentration
- 1.103 poor** (adj) /pɔː(r)/
bad, not of good quality • *Andrew's health is poor, but he'll soon be out and about.*
❖ schlechter/e/es
- 1.104 academic** (adj) /,ækə'demɪk/
related to education, schools, colleges and universities • *The school is known for its high academic standards.* ❖ akademischer/e/es
- 1.105 result** (n) /rɪ'zʌlt/
sth that happens because of sth else
• *To ensure good results, you should only use fresh ingredients.* > result (v) ❖ das Ergebnis
- 1.106 fail** (v) /feɪl/
not succeed in what you are trying to do • *If you fail your exam, you can resit it next year.*
> failure (n) ❖ durchfallen ☞ Opp: succeed
- 1.107 turn up** (phr v) /tɜːn ʌp/
arrive or appear somewhere • *We had been waiting for two hours when she finally turned up at midnight.* ❖ erscheinen, sich einfinden
- 1.108 cheer (sb) up** (phr v) /tʃɪə(r) ('sʌmbədi) ʌp/
make sb feel happier • *I tried to cheer him up, but he just kept staring out of the window.*
❖ (jdn.) aufmuntern
- 1.109 lack** (n) /læk/
the state of not being enough or not being available • *One of the biggest problems in the city centre is the lack of parking spaces.*
> lack (v) ❖ das Fehlen (von), die Knappheit
- 1.110 confidence** (n) /'kɒnfɪdəns/
the quality of having trust in your abilities, other people or the future • *When they lost their fourth game in a row, the team's confidence was shaken.* > confide (v), confident (adj)
❖ das Selbstvertrauen
- 1.111 overhear** (v) /,əʊvə'hɪə(r)/
hear what other people are saying without their knowledge • *I overheard him saying that he didn't like me at all.* ❖ etw. zufällig mithören
- 1.112 ashamed** (adj) /ə'seɪmd/
guilty and embarrassed about sth you have done or about a quality of your personality
• *She was ashamed to admit that it was all her fault.* > shame (v, n) ❖ beschämter/e/es; in German we would use the verb form in this case, i.e. sich schämen
- 1.113 lonely** (adj) /'ləʊnli/
unhappy because you are alone • *He was far from home and was feeling very lonely.*
> loneliness (n) ❖ einsamer/e/es

Listening Page 10

- 1.97 severe** (adj) /sɪ'vɪə/
very serious, unpleasant and worrying
• *The head teacher warned the students that their punishment would be very severe.*
❖ schwerwiegender/e/es
- 1.98 mention** (v) /'menʃn/
refer to sb/sth • *Please don't mention anything about our trip – they don't know about it.*
> mention (n) ❖ erwähnen
- 1.99 water** (v) /'wɔːtə(r)/
pour water on plants to keep them healthy
• *Will you water the flowers in the garden while I'm away?* ❖ gießen
- 1.100 load** (v) /ləʊd/
put things into a machine or car • *You shouldn't load different-coloured clothes into the washing machine.* ❖ beladen, laden
- 1.101 class** (n) /klɑːs/
lesson • *My last class of the day is Mathematics.* ❖ der Unterricht

- 1.114 household job** (n) /'haʊs,həʊld dʒɒb/
a job (e.g. cleaning) that has to be done around the house • *I hate doing household jobs, such as vacuuming and washing the dishes.* ❖ Hausarbeit (female, but often without article) 📖 Syn: household chore

Speaking Page 11

- 1.115 examiner** (n) /ɪg'zæmɪnə(r)/
sb who is responsible for asking you questions and marking you during a test • *The examiner was very kind and professional, but I was still very nervous.* > examine (v), examination (n)
❖ der/die Prüfer/-in
- 1.116 extend** (v) /ɪk'stend/
make sth bigger or longer • *She had to extend her working hours so as to finish the job in time.* > extension (n) ❖ ausweiten
- 1.117 linking word** (n) /'lɪŋkɪŋ wɜ:d/
a word that connects two ideas or two sentences • *You should try to use appropriate linking words in your writing.* ❖ das Bindewort
- 1.118 range** (n) /reɪndʒ/
a number of different things that belong to the same type • *There was a wide range of opinions about the topic in our class.*
❖ der Umfang
- 1.119 improve** (v) /ɪm'pru:v/
make sth better • *She read a lot of novels to improve her English.* > improvement (n)
❖ verbessern

Grammar Page 12

- 1.120 chop** (v) /tʃɒp/
cut sth into pieces • *You should chop the carrots into small pieces.* ❖ hacken
- 1.121 process** (n) /'prəʊses/
a series of actions that leads to a result
• *Learning a new language can be a long, complicated process.* > process (v), processor (n) ❖ der Prozess
- 1.122 neuroscience** (n) /,nɪjə'reɪs'saɪəns/
the scientific study of the brain and the nervous system • *Neuroscience teaches us that our brains continue to change even when we are older.* > neuroscientist (n)
❖ die Neurowissenschaft
- 1.123 recently** (adv) /'ri:zəntli/
not long ago • *Until recently, he was unemployed, but he's now found a very good job.* > recent (adj) ❖ vor Kurzem

- 1.124 lately** (adv) /'leɪtli/
not long ago • *I haven't been feeling very well lately; I think I should see a doctor.*
❖ in letzter Zeit 📖 Syn: recently
- 1.125 author** (n) /'ɔ:θə(r)/
the writer of a book or article • *She is the author of three very successful novels.*
> author (v) ❖ der/die Schriftsteller/-in
- 1.126 order** (v) /'ɔ:də(r)/
ask for sth in a restaurant or shop • *I ordered a hamburger and some salad.* > order (n)
❖ bestellen
- 1.127 beat** (v) /bi:t/
do better than sb else and defeat them • *Anna always beats me at chess; I don't know why I keep playing.* ❖ schlagen

Use of English Page 13

- 1.128 go off (sb)** (phr v) /gəʊ ɒf ('sʌmbədi)/
stop liking or being interested in sb • *I went off Tara when I realised how mean she was.*
❖ von (jdm.) abkommen, sich von (jdm.) abwenden
- 1.129 calm down** (phr v) /kɑ:m daʊn/
stop feeling upset or angry • *I was furious but I took a couple of deep breaths and tried to calm down.* ❖ sich beruhigen
- 1.130 chill out** (phr v) /tʃɪl aʊt/
relax without letting anything upset you
• *Chill out, Mum. We still have lots of time!*
❖ sich entspannen
- 1.131 hit it off (with sb)** (expr) /hɪt ɪt ɒf (wɪð 'sʌmbədi)/
become friends with sb immediately • *When we met we hit it off immediately. Two years later, we're still best friends.* ❖ sich (mit jdm.) gut verstehen
- 1.132 fall out (with sb)** (phr v) /fɔ:l aʊt (wɪð 'sʌmbədi)/
argue with sb and stop being friends with them
• *He fell out with his sister years ago and they haven't spoken to each other since then.*
❖ sich (mit jdm.) überwerfen
- 1.133 argument** (n) /'ɑ:gjumənt/
an angry disagreement between people • *I got into an argument with my friends over football.*
> argue (v) ❖ die Auseinandersetzung
- 1.134 get (sb) down** (phr v) /get ('sʌmbədi) daʊn/
make sb feel unhappy • *His boss's rude behaviour was starting to get him down.*
❖ (jdn.) herunterziehen, (jdn.) entmutigen
- 1.135 stand (sb) up** (phr v) /stænd ('sʌmbədi) ʌp/
not come to meet someone you had arranged to meet • *I waited for over an hour, but she stood me up.* ❖ (jdn.) versetzen

- 1.136 lead** (v) /li:d/
go in a particular direction or cause a particular result • *The clues led the detective to a small house outside the village.* > leader (n) ❖ führen
- 1.137 responsible** (adj) /rɪ'spɒnsəbl/
having control over sth and the obligation to take care of it • *Teachers are responsible for the students in their class.* > responsibility (n) ❖ verantwortlicher/e/es
- 1.138 focus** (v) /'fəʊkəs/
direct all your attention towards sth • *I decided to focus on my work and forget about everything else.* > focus (n) ❖ sich konzentrieren
- 1.139 burst into tears** (expr) /bɜ:st 'ɪntə 'tiəz/
suddenly start to cry • *The young child burst into tears when he lost the ball.* ❖ in Tränen ausbrechen ☞ Opp: burst out laughing
- 1.140 make sense** (expr) /meɪk sens/
be clear and easy to understand • *What he says never makes any sense – I can never understand him.* ❖ Sinn ergeben
- 1.141 switch (sth) on** (phr v) /swɪtʃ ('sʌmθɪŋ) ɒn/
make sth (e.g. a machine) start working • *He switched on the light and got out of bed.* ❖ (etw.) einschalten ☞ Opp: switch off
- 1.142 recall** (v) /rɪ'kɔ:l/
remember sth so that you can describe it • *The old man recalled the village as it had been 60 years ago.* ❖ sich etw. ins Gedächtnis rufen (phr)
- 1.143 figure (sth) out** (phr v) /'fɪɡə(r) ('sʌmθɪŋ) aʊt/
understand and solve • *It took me hours to figure out how to edit images on the computer.* ❖ (etw.) kapieren
- 1.144 conduct** (v) /kən'dʌkt/
organise and do • *They are conducting a survey to find out how people spend their free time.* > conductor (n) ❖ durchführen
- 1.145 constantly** (adv) /'kɒnstəntli/
all the time or regularly • *My parents constantly complain about the time I come home.* > constant (adj) ❖ ständig ☞ Syn: continually
- 1.146 predict** (v) /prɪ'dɪkt/
say what will happen in the future, based on your current knowledge or experience • *Scientists are still unable to predict with accuracy when earthquakes will occur.* > prediction (n) ❖ vorhersagen
- 1.147 chemical** (adj) /'kemɪkl/
related to reactions that involve changes in atoms • *We learn a lot of chemical formulae in school.* ❖ chemischer/e/es

- 1.148 reward** (n) /rɪ'wɔ:d/
sth you get in return for sth good that you have done • *He received a reward for helping find the lost dog.* > reward (v), rewarding (adj) ❖ der Finderlohn
- 1.149 proof** (n) /pru:f/
a fact or information that shows that sth is true • *Is there any proof that music can make us feel sad?* > prove (v) ❖ der Beweis ☞ Syn: evidence

Phrasal verbs

calm down	go off sb
cheer sb up	grow up
chill out	hit it off
drop off	stand sb up
fall out with sb	switch sth on
figure sth out	turn up

Writing Pages 14–15

- 1.150 tone** (n) /təʊn/
the general mood of sth • *The tone of the article was very optimistic!* ❖ der Klang
- 1.151 application** (n) /,æplɪkeɪʃn/
an official request for sth • *You need to fill in this application form for a new passport.* > apply (v), applicant (n) ❖ der Antrag
- 1.152 formal** (adj) /'fɔ:ml/
official • *We usually use more formal language when we write than when we speak.* ❖ formeller/e/es ☞ Opp: informal
- 1.153 direct** (adj) /daɪ'rekt/
straight, open • *I like his open and direct manner. It makes me trust him more.* ❖ direkter/e/es
- 1.154 take care** (expr) /teɪk keə(r)/
an expression used to say goodbye in a friendly way • *Bye all and take care!* ❖ Mach's gut (informal), Machen Sie's gut (formal)
- 1.155 contracted** (adj) /kən'træktɪd/
shortened, reduced • *Contracted forms such as "I'd" should not normally be used in writing.* > contraction (n) ❖ zusammengezogener/e/es
- 1.156 chatty** (adj) /'tʃæti/
friendly and informal • *She had a very chatty style, which was easy to read.* ❖ gesprächiger/e/es
- 1.157 abbreviation** (n) /ə,bri:vi'eɪʃn/
short form of a word or phrase • *The abbreviation EU stands for European Union.* > abbreviate (v) ❖ die Abkürzung
- 1.158 appropriate** (adj) /ə'prəʊpriət/
suitable for a particular situation • *The film is not appropriate for young children, as it contains a lot of violence.* ❖ angemessener/e/es, geeigneter/e/es

- 1.159 recommend** (v) /ˌrekə'mend/
suggest that sth should be done
• *I recommend that you discuss the matter with your doctor.* > recommendation (n)
❖ empfehlen
- 1.160 grateful** (adj) /'grɛtfl/
showing or expressing thanks • *I am very grateful for everything you have done for me!*
> gratefulness (n) ❖ dankbarer/e/es
📖 Syn: thankful; Opp: ungrateful
- 1.161 assistance** (n) /ə'sɪstəns/
help • *Teachers are not allowed to give students assistance in exams.* > assist (v), assistant (n) ❖ die Hilfestellung
- 1.162 hill** (n) /hɪl/
an area of land that is higher than the rest of the land • *There is a small church on top of the hill.* ❖ der Hügel
- 1.163 come along** (phr v) /kʌm ə'lɒŋ/
go somewhere with sb • *I'm going to the library. Would you like to come along?*
❖ mitkommen
- 1.164 personally** (adv) /'pɜːsənəli/
an expression used to stress that you are giving your own opinion • *Personally, I think vocabulary is more important than grammar.*
❖ persönlich
- 1.165 intend** (v) /ɪn'tend/
have as a plan • *I intend to study at least three hours a day.* > intention (n) ❖ beabsichtigen
- 1.166 give up on** (phr v) /gɪv ʌp ɒn/
lose hope in sb/sth, stop believing in sb/sth
• *Her parents gave up on her when she failed her exams for the fourth time.* ❖ jdn./etw. aufgeben
- 1.167 congratulations** (n) /kənˌgrætʃə'leɪʃənz/
an expression that shows how pleased you are about sb else's success • *Congratulations on passing your final exams!* > congratulate (v)
❖ die Glückwünsche (plural)
- 1.168 sign off** (phr v) /saɪn ɒf/
end a conversation, letter or email • *I'm going to sign off now as I have a class in five minutes.* ❖ schließen (v)
- 1.169 all the best** (expr) /ɔːl ðə best/
an expression used to say goodbye or to wish sb success and happiness • *Good bye now and all the best to your mother!* ❖ Alles Gute
- 1.170 incredibly** (adv) /ɪn'kredəbli/
extremely, so much that it is difficult to believe • *I was incredibly late and even if I ran, I would still miss the bus.* > incredible (adj)
❖ ungläublich 📖 Syn: unbelievably
- 1.171 reflection** (n) /rɪ'flekʃn/
serious and careful thought • *After much reflection, he made the decision to quit his job.*
> reflect (v) ❖ die (reifliche) Überlegung

LOOK!

Remember that adjectives ending in *-ing* describe sth/sb that causes sth, whereas adjectives ending in *-ed* describe sb's state or feeling.

*It was **surprising** to see Emma push her way onto the train.*

*I was **surprised** to see Emma push her way onto the train.*

*His behaviour was **irritating**.*

*I was **irritated** at his behaviour.*

*He has an **annoying** voice.*

*I get **annoyed** when I hear his voice.*

*It was a **distracting** noise.*

*I was **distracted** by the noise.*

*She had some **amazing** news.*

*I was **amazed** to hear the news.*

*The situation was **embarrassing**.*

*I was **embarrassed** about the situation.*

Live well, study well

Page 16

- 1.172 mental** (adj) /'mentl/
related to the mind • *Many people suffer from mental illness at some point in their lives.*
> mentally (adv) ❖ geistiger/e/es
- 1.173 resilience** (n) /rɪ'zɪljəns/
the ability to be happy again after sth bad has happened • *His resilience helped him find a new job.* > resilient (adj) ❖ die Resilienz, die Widerstandsfähigkeit
- 1.174 cope** (v) /kəʊp/
deal successfully with sth difficult • *I don't know how you manage to cope with two jobs and a young child.* ❖ bewältigen
- 1.175 positivity** (n) /ˌpɒzə'tɪvəti/
hope and confidence • *Positivity is necessary when making plans.* ❖ die positive Einstellung
- 1.176 ignore** (v) /ɪ'ɡnɔː(r)/
deliberately refuse to pay attention
• *I tried to explain to him, but he ignored me.* > ignorance (n), ignorant (adj)
❖ nicht beachten, ignorieren
- 1.177 pick yourself up** (expr) /pɪk jə'self ʌp/
try to make your life better after a difficult period • *Instead of being sorry for what had happened, she picked herself up and started over again.* ❖ sich zusammenreißen
- 1.178 keep going** (expr) /ki:p ɡəʊɪŋ/
continue to live normally in a difficult situation
• *It's important to keep going, even if you don't see the point.* ❖ sich nicht unterkriegen lassen

- 1.179 analyse** (v) /'ænəlaɪz/
examine sth in detail so as to understand or explain it • *I need to analyse the data before I make a decision.* > analysis (n)
❖ analysieren, auswerten
- 1.180 network** (n) /'netwɜ:k/
a group of people that have the same interests
• *She has built a network of personal friends that can help her with her new company.*
> network (v) ❖ das Netzwerk
- 1.181 reward** (v) /rɪ'wɔ:d/
give sth in exchange for sth good that sb has done • *Her efforts were rewarded with the first prize.* > reward (n), rewarding (adj)
❖ honorieren, belohnen
- 1.182 look on the bright side** (expr) /lʊk ɒn ðə braɪt saɪd/
find sth good in a bad situation • *I tried to look on the bright side, thinking that at least I had a job.* ❖ das Positive sehen
- 1.183 treat** (v) /tri:t/
behave in a particular way towards sb • *The teacher treated all her students in the same way.* > treatment (n) ❖ behandeln
- 1.184 issue** (n) /'ɪʃju:/
a problem or worry that you have • *We had some technical issues with the new software.*
❖ die Angelegenheit, das Problem