

# 2 All dressed up

## Glossary

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- 2.1 dress up** (phr v) /dres ʌp/  
to wear special clothes different from those you usually wear • *Dora dressed up in her best clothes for the party.* ❖ sich herausputzen, sich feinmachen
- 2.2 traditional** (adj) /trə'dɪʃənəl/  
done in the same way for many years • *It's traditional to paint eggs at Easter in Greece.* ❖ traditioneller, traditionelle, traditionelles
- 2.3 costume** (n) /'kɒstjʊ:m/  
special clothes you wear for a particular event; special clothes you wear to look like sb/sth else • *All the dancers wore traditional Spanish costumes.* ❖ das Kostüm, die Verkleidung
- 2.4 celebrate** (v) /'selɪbreɪt/  
to do something enjoyable for a special reason • *We had a party to celebrate Grandad's birthday.* ❖ feiern
- 2.5 festival** (n) /'festɪvəl/  
an event where people perform music or theatre plays, dance, or show films • *David's rock band played at the street festival in Glasgow last year.* > festive (adj) ❖ das Festival, die Festspiele
- 2.6 wear** (v) /weə(r)/  
to have (clothes, etc.) on your body • *The children were wearing costumes for the parade.* ❖ tragen

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- 2.7 special** (adj) /'speʃl/  
different from what is usual • *The cook is making special biscuits for the festival.* ❖ besonderer, besondere, besonderes
- 2.8 parade** (n) /pə'reɪd/  
when people and vehicles move through the streets in a celebration • *We watched the people dancing in the Carnival parade from our hotel balcony.* > parade (v) ❖ die Parade, der Umzug
- 2.9 Trinidad** (n) /,trɪnɪdæd/  
an island in the Caribbean > Trinidadian (adj, n) ❖ Trinidad

- 2.10 exam** (n) /ɪg'zæm/  
a school test • *I can't go out this evening because I've got an English exam tomorrow.* > examine (v), examination (n), examiner (n) ❖ die Prüfung
- 2.11 get** (v) /get/  
to become • *Theo wants to go to Trinidad when he gets older.* ❖ werden

### LOOK!

The verb *get* can have different meanings depending on the word we use it with.

*I want to be a teacher when I **get older**.*

*Andy **got better** at English.*

*Anna **got angry** at her sister.*

- 2.12 young** (adj) /jʌŋ/  
not old • *Frances is a teacher. She likes working with young children.* ❖ junger, junge, junges
- 2.13 competition** (n) /,kɒmpə'tɪʃn/  
an event, like a race, in which you try to win sth • *Nora won first prize in the drawing competition.* > compete (v), competitive (adj), competitor (n) ❖ der Wettkampf, der Wettbewerb
- 2.14 adult** (n) /'ædʌlt/  
a grown-up person (usually sb over 18 years old) • *Young children need adults to look after them.* > adult (adj) ❖ der/die Erwachsene
- 2.15 jewellery** (n) /'dʒu:əlri/  
sth you wear for decoration • *Cordelia always wears her gold jewellery when she goes out to special events.* ❖ der Schmuck  
📌 US Eng: jewelry
- 2.16 field** (n) /fi:ld/  
a piece of land for growing food or keeping animals in • *The farm workers are digging the field to plant potatoes.* ❖ das Feld, der Acker
- 2.17 tradition** (n) /trə'dɪʃn/  
a way of doing sth that people have done for a long time • *Hawaii is famous for its tradition of giving flowers to welcome visitors to the islands.* > traditional (adj) ❖ die Tradition
- 2.18 trip** (n) /trɪp/  
a journey to a place and back again • *Our day trip to Olympia was fun.* ❖ die Reise

- 2.19** **during** (prep) /'djʊərɪŋ/  
all through a period of time • *Thousands of tourists visit the Acropolis Museum during the summer.* ❖ während
- 2.20** **amazing** (adj) /ə'meɪzɪŋ/  
surprising and good • *The Carnival costumes were amazing! The colours were beautiful.* > amaze (v), amazed (adj), amazement (n)  
❖ ausgezeichneter, ausgezeichnete, ausgezeichnetes
- 2.21** **Carnival** (n) /'kɑ:nɪvl/  
a celebration in spring before Lent • *In Greece, we have lots of fancy dress parties and street parades at Carnival time.* ❖ der Karneval, der Fasching
- 2.22** **bright** (adj) /braɪt/  
with a strong colour; with a lot of light  
• *Orange is a nice bright colour.* > brightness (n), brighten (v) ❖ strahlender, strahlende, strahlendes
- 2.23** **prize** (n) /praɪz/  
sth you win for being the best at sth • *What's the first prize in the swimming competition?*  
❖ der Preis
- 2.24** **band** (n) /bænd/  
a small group of people who play music together • *My sister plays the guitar in the school band.* ❖ die Band
- 2.25** **coming-of-age** (adj) /'kʌmɪŋ əv 'eɪdʒ/  
done to celebrate the time when a child becomes an adult • *In Mexico, girls celebrate their coming-of-age parties when they are 15 years old.* ❖ das Erwachsenwerden
- 2.26** **ceremony** (n) /'serəməni/  
a traditional event where people do things in a special way • *They had their wedding ceremony in a small village by the sea.*  
> ceremonial (adj) ❖ die Feierlichkeit, die Zeremonie
- 2.27** **become** (v) /bɪ'kʌm/  
to begin to be • *Thelma wants to become a scientist when she finishes her studies.*  
❖ werden
- 2.28** **kimono** (n) /kɪ'məʊnəʊ/  
a long, traditional Japanese dress • *The Japanese students wore special kimonos for the festival.* ❖ der Kimono
- 2.29** **dark** (adj) /dɑ:k/  
with a colour that is not light • *Angela is wearing dark blue trousers.* > dark, darkness (n), darken (v) ❖ dunkler, dunkle, dunkles
- 2.30** **suit** (n) /su:t/  
a jacket and trousers or skirt made of the same material • *Doug wore a blue suit and white shirt for his job interview.* ❖ der Anzug

- 2.31** **tie** (n) /taɪ/  
a long piece of cloth that you wear around your neck on top of a shirt and tie in a knot at the front • *In my secondary school, students wear yellow and black ties, white shirts and black trousers or skirts.* > tie (v) ❖ die Krawatte
- 2.32** **look** (v) /lʊk/  
to seem • *Your dress looks fantastic!*  
> look (n) ❖ aussehen
- 2.33** **custom** (n) /'kʌstəm/  
a usual way of doing sth in a particular community or country • *Taking off your shoes when you enter a house is a custom in Sweden.* > customary (adj) ❖ der Brauch

## Vocabulary Page 20

- 2.34** **jumper** (n) /'dʒʌmpə(r)/  
an item of clothing that you wear on the top part of your body to keep warm • *It's too hot to wear a jumper today. We're wearing T-shirts.*  
❖ der Pullover
- 2.35** **silver** (adj) /'sɪlvə(r)/  
made of the grey-white metal called silver; with a shiny light grey colour • *Liz is wearing a silver ring.* > silver (n) ❖ silberner, silberne, silbernes
- 2.36** **belt** (n) /belt/  
a long thin item of clothing that you wear around the middle of your body • *Laura wore a brown belt on her jeans.* ❖ der Gürtel
- 2.37** **gold** (adj) /gəʊld/  
made of the yellow metal called gold • *Dad never wears his gold watch when he goes swimming.* > gold (n) ❖ goldener, goldene, goldenes
- 2.38** **necklace** (n) /'nekləs/  
a piece of jewellery that you wear around your neck • *Mum was wearing her new necklace with her black dress to go out for dinner.*  
❖ die Halskette
- 2.39** **sandal** (n) /'sændl/  
a kind of open shoe that people wear in hot weather • *Georgia is buying new sandals for her beach holiday.* ❖ die Sandale
- 2.40** **sock** (n) /sɒk/  
an item of clothing that you wear on your foot to keep warm • *I hardly ever wear socks in summer.* ❖ die Socke
- 2.41** **stripy** (n) /'straɪpi/  
having a pattern of straight lines • *Our team wears red and white stripy T-shirts.* > stripe (n)  
❖ Ringel-; gestreifter, gestreifte, gestreiftes
- 2.42** **boot** (n) /bu:t/  
a kind of shoe that covers your whole foot and ankle and sometimes your leg up to the knee  
• *Janine needs a new pair of climbing boots.*  
❖ der Stiefel

- 2.43 cap** (n) /kæp/  
a soft hat with a hard part sticking out at the front • *Ted wore a cap to keep the sun out of his eyes.* ❖ die Kappe
- 2.44 dress** (n) /dres/  
a piece of clothing for women or girls that covers the top half of the body and hangs down over the legs • *The girl wore a beautiful red dress at her birthday party.* > dress (v)  
❖ das Kleid
- 2.45 handbag** (n) /'hændbæg/  
a small bag for carrying personal things like money, a phone, keys, etc. • *Inga is wearing a green coat and carrying a matching handbag.*  
❖ die Handtasche
- 2.46 trainer** (n) /'treɪnə(r)/  
a kind of shoe often worn for sports • *Paul is wearing his cool new trainers to play tennis.*  
❖ der Turnschuh
- 2.47 trousers** (n pl) /'traʊzəz/  
a piece of clothing with two parts to cover the legs • *Mum is wearing her red jumper, black trousers and trainers to go for a walk.*  
❖ die Hose
- 2.48 whole** (adj) /həʊl/  
complete • *The whole town was watching the parade.* > whole (n) ❖ ganzer, ganze, ganzes
- 2.49 accessories** (n pl) /ək'sesəriz/  
extra items that you can wear or carry to match your clothes • *This shop sells handbags, belts and other accessories.* ❖ die Accessoires (plural)
- 2.50 running** (n) /'rʌnɪŋ/  
the sport of running • *A lot of people go running in the park for exercise.* > run (v), runner (n) ❖ der Laufsport
- 2.51 job interview** (n) /dʒɒb 'ɪntəvjuː/  
a formal meeting which you attend to answer questions about yourself to get a job  
• *Paolo is nervous about going to his job interview.* > interview (v), interviewer (n)  
❖ das Vorstellungsgespräch
- 2.52 even** (adv) /'iːvn/  
used to make the meaning of something stronger; including • *Everyone dressed up for the festival, even our teacher Mr Dodds.*  
❖ sogar
- 2.53 in the middle** (phr) /ɪn ðə 'mɪdl/  
in the centre; between two or more other things • *The boat was in the middle of the river when it hit a rock.* ❖ mitten
- 2.54 chill** (v) /tʃɪl/  
to relax • *Steven listens to music on YouTube to chill.* > chill (n), chilly, chilling (adj)  
❖ relaxen, chillen

- 2.55 formal** (adj) /'fɔːml/  
in a style suitable for serious events  
• *Do we have to wear formal clothes for the party, or can I wear my jeans?* ❖ förmlicher, förmliche, förmliches 📖 Opp: informal

### Clothes and accessories

belt	jewellery	swimming
boots	jumper	costume
cap	kimono	tie
colourful	necklace	trainers
costume	sandals	trousers
dress	sari	
formal	silver	
glasses	socks	
gold	stripy	
handbag	suit	

## Grammar Page 21

- 2.56 ill** (adj) /ɪl/  
not feeling well; sick • *Our teacher wasn't at school last week because she was ill.*  
> illness (n) ❖ kranker, kranke, krankes
- 2.57 leave** (v) /li:v/  
to forget to bring; to decide not to bring  
• *I left my glasses at home. Now I can't read anything!* ❖ lassen
- 2.58 swimming costume** (n) /'swɪmɪŋ 'kɒstju:m/  
clothes you wear for swimming • *You can wear your new swimming costume at the pool.*  
❖ der Badeanzug
- 2.59 scared** (adj) /skeəd/  
afraid • *My cousin is scared of snakes.*  
> scare (v, n), scary (adj) ❖ erschrockener, erschrockene, erschrockenes
- 2.60 the dark** (n) /ðə dɑːk/  
the state of not having light, e.g. at night  
• *I don't like walking home in the dark.*  
> dark (adj), darken (v), darkness (n)  
❖ die Dunkelheit
- 2.61 light** (n) /laɪt/  
sth that gives light, e.g. an electric lamp  
• *Please leave the light on. I'm reading my book.*  
> light (adj), lighten, light (v) ❖ das Licht
- 2.62 teddy bear** (n) /'tedi beə(r)/  
a toy bear • *Mum still has her old teddy bear.*  
❖ der Teddybär
- 2.63 cartoon** (n) /kɑːtuːn/  
a film or TV programme that has characters and scenes created from drawings • *Jill watches cartoons on TV with her little brother.*  
❖ der Trickfilm

- 2.64 dinosaur** (n) /'daɪnəsɔː(r)/  
a kind of animal that lived millions of years ago  
• *I dressed up as a dinosaur for our history project.* ❖ der Dinosaurier
- 2.65 poster** (n) /'pəʊstə(r)/  
a picture on a large piece of paper for decorating on a wall • *Suzanna has posters of her favourite singer in her room.*  
❖ das Poster
- 2.66 hate** (v) /heɪt/  
to strongly dislike • *My parents hate this kind of music.* > hate (n), hatred (n) ❖ hassen

## Listening Page 22

- 2.67 expensive** (adj) /ɪk'spensɪv/  
that costs a lot • *The trip to Iceland was too expensive for me.* > expense (n)  
❖ teurer, teure, teures
- 2.68 probably** (adv) /'prɒbəbli/  
likely to be true; likely to happen • *Jill didn't come to school today. She's probably at home.* > probable (adj), probability (n)  
❖ wahrscheinlich
- 2.69 option** (n) /'ɒpʃn/  
one thing that can be chosen from a set of things • *I don't know what to wear to the party, but I think my red dress is the best option.*  
> opt (v), optional (adj) ❖ die Option
- 2.70 identify** (v) /aɪ'dentɪfaɪ/  
to discover sb/sth; to recognise  
• *The police officer asked me to identify the man in the photo.* > identity, identification (n)  
❖ identifizieren
- 2.71 twice** (adv) /twɑɪs/  
two times • *She plays volleyball twice a week – every Wednesday and Friday.* ❖ zweimal
- 2.72 wedding** (n) /'wedɪŋ/  
an event where two people get married  
• *The band played and everybody danced at Sue and Frank's wedding.* > wed (v)  
❖ die Hochzeit
- 2.73 on sale** (phr) /ɒn seɪl/  
ready for sb to buy • *There were some snacks and drinks on sale at the beach.* ❖ zum Verkauf
- 2.74 shop assistant** (n) /'ʃɒp əsɪstənt/  
sb who works in a shop • *I asked the shop assistant for a pair of boots in my size.*  
❖ der/die Verkäufer/-in
- 2.75 wrong** (adj) /rɒŋ/  
not correct • *These boots are the wrong size for me. They're too small.* ❖ falscher, falsche, falsches

- 2.76 upset** (adj) /ʌp'set/  
unhappy and worried • *Ken is really upset because he can't run in the marathon.*  
> upset (v), upsetting (adj) ❖ aufgebracht, aufgebracht, aufgebracht
- 2.77 miss** (v) /mɪs/  
be too late for sth • *We got to the airport at the last minute and nearly missed our plane.*  
> miss (n), missing (adj) ❖ verpassen
- 2.78 lose** (v) /luːz/  
to not be able to find • *Sylvia was upset when she lost her handbag.* > loss (n), lost (adj)  
❖ verlieren
- 2.79 order** (v) /'ɔːdə(r)/  
to ask a shop, etc. for sth you would like to buy  
• *Mum is ordering some books for me online.*  
> order (n) ❖ bestellen

## Speaking Page 23

- 2.80 role** (n) /rəʊl/  
a part sb plays, e.g. in a play • *Daniel Radcliff played the role of Harry Potter.* ❖ die Rolle
- 2.81 same** (adj) /seɪm/  
not different • *The twins have got the same colour eyes and hair.* ❖ gleicher, gleiche, gleiches
- 2.82 look like** (phr v) /lʊk laɪk/  
used to ask how sb/sth looks • *What does your dog look like? Has he got long hair?*  
❖ aussehen
- 2.83 both** (pron, det) /bəʊθ/  
the one and the other • *Jane and I both wanted to see the same film, so we watched it together.* ❖ beide
- 2.84 for example** (phr) /fər ɪg'zɑːmpl/  
used to explain what you mean by giving an example • *We have the same interests. For example, we both like playing chess.*  
❖ zum Beispiel
- 2.85 funny** (adj) /'fʌni/  
that makes you laugh or smile • *Grandma told us a funny story about when she was a kid.* > fun (n, adj) ❖ lustiger, lustige, lustiges
- 2.86 laugh** (v) /lɑːf/  
to make sounds to show that you think sth is funny • *The children laughed loudly at the funny street performer.* > laugh, laughter (n)  
❖ lachen
- 2.87 cheerful** (adj) /'tʃɪəfl/  
happy and smiling • *Mark has a cheerful smile that makes everyone feel happy.* > cheer (v, n), cheerfully (adv) ❖ fröhlicher, fröhliche, fröhliches

- 2.88** **worried** (adj) /'wʌrɪd/  
having a feeling that sth bad might happen  
• *I'm worried about Ted. He looks sad.*  
> worry (n, v) ❖ besorgter, besorgte, besorgtes
- 2.89** **nearly** (adv) /'niəli/  
almost • *Nearly all my classmates have got brown hair. Only two are blond.* > near (adj)  
❖ beinahe, fast
- 2.90** **repeat** (v) /rɪ'pi:t/  
say or do sth again in the same way • *Could you repeat your phone number? I didn't hear you.* > repetition (n), repetitive (adj)  
❖ wiederholen
- 2.91** **appearance** (n) /ə'piərəns/  
how sb/sth looks • *Do you believe that personality is more important than appearance?* > appear (v) ❖ das Aussehen
- 2.92** **likes** (n pl) /laɪks/  
the things you like • *Molly's main likes are sports and shopping.* > like (v), likeable (adj)  
❖ die Vorlieben (plural)
- 2.93** **dislikes** (n pl) /dɪs'laɪks/  
the things you don't like • *My only dislikes are homework and getting up early.* > dislike (v)  
❖ die Abneigungen (plural)
- 2.94** **fashion** (n) /'fæʃn/  
a style of clothes, etc. that is popular at a particular time • *What do you think of this season's fashion? I don't like grey clothes.*  
> fashionable (adj) ❖ die Mode
- 2.95** **disagree** (v) /dɪsə'ɡri:/  
to express a different idea to somebody else's idea • *Mark thinks his jokes are funny, but Fiona disagrees.* > disagreement (n)  
❖ widersprechen ☞ Opp: agree
- 2.96** **tall** (adj) /tɔ:l/  
higher than usual height • *Both my parents are tall, but my grandparents are short.*  
❖ höher, hohe, hohes
- 2.97** **blonde** (adj) /blɒnd/  
hair that is a light yellow colour • *My sister Maria has got blonde hair and blue eyes.*  
❖ blonder, blonde, blondes ☞ Also: blond

### LOOK!

We use the word *blond* to talk about a man or a boy and we use the word *blonde* to talk about a woman or a girl with light yellow hair.  
*Wendy and Susan are both blonde.*  
*The boys are blond.*

- 2.98** **quiet** (adj) /'kwaɪət/  
not talking very much • *Vladimir is a quiet person and he likes to spend time alone reading books.* > quiet (n), quietly (adv) ❖ ruhiger, ruhige, ruhiges

- 2.99** **long** (adj) /lɒŋ/  
not short • *Nearly all the girls in my class have got long hair.* ❖ länger, lange, langes
- 2.100** **glasses** (n pl) /'glɑ:sɪz/  
something that you wear over your eyes to help you see better • *Simon has to wear glasses when he's reading.* ❖ die Brille
- 2.101** **problem** (n) /'prɒbləm/  
a difficulty • *Cheryl always discusses her problems with her best friend.* ❖ das Problem
- 2.102** **volleyball** (n) /'vɒlibɔ:l/  
a sport in which two teams of players use their hands to hit a ball over a high net to score points • *We often play volleyball on the beach in summer.* ❖ der/das Volleyball
- 2.103** **on your own** (phr) /ɒn jər əʊn/  
by yourself; alone • *Do you prefer to spend more time with friends or on your own?*  
❖ allein, mit sich selbst

### Appearance

beauty	colourful	look like
beautiful	different	same
blonde/blond	long (hair)	tall

## Vocabulary Page 24

- 2.104** **clever** (adj) /'klevə(r)/  
good at learning things; having a lot of skill  
• *Nora is very clever. She has the best marks in our class.* ❖ schlauer, schlaue, schlaues
- 2.105** **friendly** (adj) /'frendli/  
kind and easy to make friends with • *Mandy is a very friendly teacher, so she's good with young children.* ❖ freundlicher, freundliche, freundliches
- 2.106** **kind** (adj) /kaɪnd/  
friendly and caring • *Maria is a kind person. She always helps others.* > kindness (n)  
❖ liebenswürdiger, liebenswürdige, liebenswürdiges
- 2.107** **tell jokes** (phr) /tel dʒəʊks/  
to recount funny stories • *My friend Sarah is good at telling jokes, but I can never remember them.* ❖ Witze erzählen
- 2.108** **mistake** (n) /mɪ'steɪk/  
sth you say, write or do that is not correct  
• *I made two mistakes, so I lost marks in the exam.* ❖ der Fehler, der Irrtum
- 2.109** **careful** (adj) /'keəfl/  
doing things slowly and trying not to make mistakes • *Dennis is always careful about choosing new friends. He likes to get to know people slowly.* > care (n), carefully (adv)  
❖ vorsichtiger, vorsichtige, vorsichtiges

- 2.110 brave** (adj) /breɪv/  
not afraid to do sth • *You have to be brave to try snowboarding.* > bravery (n), bravely (adv)  
❖ mutiger, mutige, mutiges
- 2.111 tired** (adj) /taɪəd/  
needing rest or sleep • *We were tired after the long journey across the country by bus.*  
> tire (v), tiring (adj) ❖ müder, müde, müdes
- 2.112 noisy** (adj) /'nɔɪzi/  
with a lot of noise • *The teacher isn't happy because the students are so noisy.*  
> noise (n) ❖ lauter, laute, lautes
- 2.113 heavy** (adj) /'hevi/  
difficult to lift because it weighs a lot • *Could you help me to carry these heavy bags, please?* > heaviness (n) ❖ schwerer, schwere, schweres
- 2.114 boring** (adj) /'bɔɪrɪŋ/  
not interesting; that makes you tired of it  
• *I enjoyed reading the book, but the film was really boring.* > bore (v), bored (adj)  
❖ langweiliger, langweilige, langweiliges
- 2.115 busy** (adj) /'bɪzi/  
having a lot of things to do • *Mum and Dad are busy at work, so Grandpa's making our dinner.*  
❖ beschäftigter, beschäftigte, beschäftigtes
- 2.116 confuse** (v) /kən'fjuːz/  
to think sb/sth is sb/sth different from who/what they are • *I took my friend's book home by mistake because I confused it with mine.*  
> confusion (n), confusing (adj) ❖ verwechseln
- 2.117 emotion** (n) /ɪ'məʊʃn/  
a feeling • *When she received her trophy, she showed her emotions and suddenly started crying.* > emotional (adj) ❖ das Gefühl
- 2.118 cause** (n) /kɔːz/  
sb/sth that makes sth happen • *The heavy rain was the cause of the traffic problems.*  
> cause (v) ❖ die Ursache
- 2.119 bored** (adj) /bɔːd/  
tired because you're not interested  
• *Ken never gets bored at work because he meets new people every day.* > bore (v, n), boring (adj), boredom (n) ❖ gelangweilter, gelangweilte, gelangweiltes
- 2.120 beauty** (n) /'bjʊ:ti/  
the quality of being beautiful • *Her photos showed the beauty of the island.*  
> beautiful (adj) ❖ die Schönheit
- 2.121 care** (n) /keə(r)/  
giving attention and looking after sb/sth  
• *Parents have to give their children love and care.* > care (v), caring (adj), careful (adj), careless (adj) ❖ die Fürsorge

- 2.122 noise** (n) /nɔɪz/  
a sound, especially one that is loud or annoying • *There was a loud noise from the street so we looked out the window.*  
> noisy (adj), noisily (adv) ❖ der Lärm, der Krach

### Personal qualities

brave	cheerful	kind
boring	clever	noisy
busy	friendly	quiet
careful	funny	

### Emotions

bored	scared	upset
happy	tired	worried

### LOOK!

Be careful with the difference in meaning between *-ed* and *-ing* adjectives. The *-ed* adjectives describe how someone feels.

*Jill's excited about getting a new bike.*

*The children got bored quickly.*

On the other hand, the *-ing* adjectives describe what something or someone is like.

*Riding a bike is exciting.*

*The children thought the game was boring.*

## Grammar Page 25

- 2.123 Singapore** (n) /ˌsɪŋə'pɔː(r)/  
a country in Southeast Asia  
> Singaporean (n, adj) ❖ Singapur
- 2.124 invite** (v) /ɪn'vaɪt/  
ask sb to come to an event • *I want to invite all my friends to my party.* > invitation (n)  
❖ einladen
- 2.125 New Year** (n) /njuː jɪə(r)/  
the first day of the year • *The Chinese celebrate New Year around the start of February.* ❖ das Neujahr
- 2.126 past** (n) /pɑːst/  
the time before now • *The life I have now is easier than my grandparents' life in the past.*  
> past (adj) ❖ die Vergangenheit
- 2.127 interrupt** (v) /ɪntə'rʌpt/  
make sb stop what they are doing or saying  
• *Dad's talking on the phone, so please don't interrupt him now.* > interruption (n)  
❖ unterbrechen
- 2.128 shine** (v) /ʃaɪn/  
be very bright • *The sun was shining on the sea.* > shiny (adj) ❖ scheinen

- 2.129** **a few** (pron, adj, det) /ə fjuː/  
some, but not many • *Most of Harry's friends are Greek, but a few of them are from Albania.*  
❖ einige, ein paar
- 2.130** **specially** (adv) /ˈspeʃəli/  
for a particular event or purpose • *I painted this picture specially for my grandparents.*  
> special (adj) ❖ speziell, extra

## Writing Pages 26–27

- 2.131** **quality** (n) /ˈkwɒləti/  
what is good about sb/sth • *Laura is really funny. That's her best quality.* ❖ die Eigenschaft
- 2.132** **support** (v) /səˈpɔːt/  
to help to show sth is true • *The evidence supports his story.* > support (n), supportive (adj) ❖ unterstützen
- 2.133** **arrive** (v) /əˈraɪv/  
reach a place • *Bob was cooking dinner when his friends arrived.* > arrival (n)  
❖ ankommen
- 2.134** **sign off** (phr v) /saɪn ɒf/  
end an email, letter, etc. • *Aunt Miranda signed off her email with 'Lots of love, Auntie M'.* ❖ abschließen
- 2.135** **greeting** (n) /ˈgriːtɪŋ/  
sth you say when you meet sb or write when you start an email, letter, etc. • *'Hello' is a common English greeting.* > greet (v)  
❖ die Begrüßung
- 2.136** **point** (n) /pɔɪnt/  
a detail • *The main point of her email was to invite me to the party.* > point (v) ❖ der Punkt
- 2.137** **draft** (n) /draːft/  
a quickly written version that is not the finished text • *Victoria checked through the first draft of her article and found a mistake.*  
> draft (v) ❖ der Entwurf
- 2.138** **final** (adj) /ˈfaɪn/  
being the end result of sth • *Next week, we're getting our final marks for the school year.*  
> final (n), finally (adv) ❖ endgültiger, endgültige, endgültiges
- 2.139** **suggest** (v) /səˈdʒest/  
to say an idea or plan for sb to do sth  
• *I suggest that you go to bed early tonight.*  
> suggestion (n) ❖ vorschlagen
- 2.140** **soon** (adv) /suːn/  
after a short time • *Don't stop cycling now. We can have a break soon.* ❖ bald
- 2.141** **fun** (n) /fʌn/  
sth that you enjoy doing • *I had fun at the beach yesterday.* > fun, funny (adj)  
❖ der Spaß

## Video Page 28

- 2.142** **mangrove** (n) /ˈmæŋgrəʊv/  
a kind of tropical tree that grows in mud beside rivers • *The explorers walked through the mangrove forest to get to the river.*  
❖ die Mangrove
- 2.143** **Hindi** (n) /ˈhɪndi/  
one of the official languages in India, especially in the north > Hindi (adj)  
❖ das Hindi
- 2.144** **sari** (n) /ˈsɑːri/  
a traditional kind of dress made from a long piece of cloth for women, mainly in South Asia  
• *Deepa wore a lovely long red sari for her wedding.* ❖ der Sari
- 2.145** **billion** (number) /ˈbɪljən/  
the number 1,000,000,000 ❖ die Milliarde
- 2.146** **million** (number) /ˈmɪljən/  
the number 1,000,000 ❖ die Million
- 2.147** **official** (adj) /əˈfɪʃl/  
formal; formally used • *The official language of Brazil is Portuguese.* > officially (adv)  
❖ offizieller, offizielle, offizielles
- 2.148** **percent** (n) /pəˈsent/  
in every hundred • *Sixty percent of students on my English course are Chinese and forty percent are from other countries.*  
❖ das Prozent 📎 Symbol: %
- 2.149** **international** (adj) /ˌɪntəˈnæʃnəl/  
for people and things from different countries  
• *My parents own an international company.*  
> internationally (adv) ❖ internationaler, internationale, internationales
- 2.150** **tourist** (n) /ˈtʊərɪst/  
a person who goes to a place for a holiday  
• *Hundreds of tourists visit the Acropolis every day.* > tourism (n) ❖ der/die Tourist/-in
- 2.151** **Bengali** (n) /benˈɡɑːli/  
the language of Bangladesh and part of east India > Bengali (adj), Bengal (n)  
❖ das Bengalisch
- 2.152** **get married** (phr) /get ˈmæriəd/  
to start being sb's husband or wife • *Anna and Tom got married in Paris.* ❖ heiraten
- 2.153** **die** (v) /daɪ/  
to stop living • *These plants need water or they will die.* > death (n), dead (adj)  
❖ sterben