

Unit	Page		Headword	Part of speech	Pronunciation	Definition	Sample Sentence	Translation
<b>UNIT 1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>EXCITING SPORTS</b>						
		1.01	extreme	adjective	/ɪk'stri:m/	not ordinary; more dangerous than normal	What attracts people to do extreme sports like hang- gliding? Are they crazy?	Extremo/a
		1.02	safety	noun	/'seɪfti/	the state of being not dangerous	For mountain biking, you should wear a helmet for your own safety.	Seguridad
	<b>8-9</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		1.03	dangerous	adjective	/'deɪndʒərəs/	that can harm somebody/ something	Riding a motorbike is a dangerous way to travel.	Peligroso/a
		1.04	skier	noun	/'ski:ə(r)/	somebody who is skiing	The unlucky skier crashed into a pole when he fell down the icy slope.	Esquiador/a
		1.05	length	noun	/lenθ/	the measure of how long something is	You can change the length of your walking sticks to suit yourself.	Longitud

		1.06	land	verb	/lænd/	to come down to the ground or surface of the sea after being in the air	The bird flew down and landed on the rock.	aterrizar
		1.07	popular	adjective	/'pɒpjələ(r)/	liked or enjoyed by many people	Water sports are popular with tourists on the islands in summer.	Popular
		1.08	motocross	noun	/'mɒtəʊkrɒs/	the sport of racing motorcycles off-road across the countryside	The walkers had to move off the path to allow the motorcross riders to pass.	Motocross
		1.09	flip	verb	/flɪp/	to turn over quickly into a different position	The acrobat let go of the swing and flipped round twice in the air before landing on the wire below.	Dar una vuelta
		1.10	kitesurfing	noun	/'kaɪtsɜːfɪŋ/	a sport using a type of surfboard with a kite attached to your body	Kitesurfing can only take place where there are no boats or swimmers around.	<i>kitesurfing</i>
		1.11	skilful/ skilfully	adjective/adverb	/'skɪfl/ 'skɪlfəli/	having the ability to do something	The skilful surfer caught	Hábil/ hábilmente

						well / in a skilful way	the huge wave and flipped her board in a loop to land safely on the surface again.	
		1.12	crash	verb	/kræʃ/	to hit an object when you are moving	The bus went out of control and crashed into a shop.	Chocar
		1.13	strength	noun	/streŋθ/	how strong something/ somebody is	Skiers need strength and a good sense of balance.	Fuerza
		1.14	hang-gliding	noun	/hæŋ 'glɑɪdɪŋ/	a sport in which you hang from a frame that is attached to large wings then jump from a high place	Imagine hang-gliding across the Grand Canyon. What an exciting idea!	Vuelo con ala delta
		1.15	equipment	noun	/ɪ'kwɪpmənt/	things needed to do a particular sport	You can hire skis and other equipment from a local shop near the ski centre.	Equipo
		1.16	expensive	adjective	/ɪk'spensɪv/	costing a lot of money	Sailing is an expensive hobby as it requires a lot of equipment.	Caro/a

		1.17	accident	noun	/ˈæksɪdənt/	something bad that happens suddenly in which people often get hurt	There was a serious accident on the road this morning when a truck crashed into a line of cars.	Accidente
		1.18	height	noun	/haɪt/	how high or tall something/ somebody is	Do you know the exact height of Mount Everest?	Altura
		1.19	skiing	noun	/ˈskiːɪŋ/	the sport of moving on skis across snow	We might go for a skiing holiday in the Alps this winter.	Esquí
		1.20	Injury	noun	/ˈɪndʒəri/	harm to a person or animal's body	Kate is in hospital recovering from the injuries that she got in the accident.	Lesión
	<b>10</b>	<b>SONG</b>						
		1.21	somersault	verb	/ˈsʌməʊːlt/	a movement when somebody turns over completely with their feet over their head on the ground or in the air	He did two backward somersaults.	Voltereta

	<b>14</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		1.22	elbow pads	noun pl	/ˈelbəʊ pædz/	protective coverings for the joint which connects the upper and lower bones of your arm	I broke a bone in my arm because I wasn't wearing elbow pads when I fell off the bike.	coderas
		1.23	helmet	noun	/ˈhelmɪt/	a protective covering for the head	Never ride on a motorbike without wearing a helmet. It can save your life.	Casco
		1.24	knee pads	noun pl	pædz/	protective coverings for the joint which connects the upper and lower bones of your leg	Skaters wear knee pads to avoid injury when they fall.	Rodilleras
		1.25	brakes	noun pl	/breɪks/	parts of a vehicle that stop it moving or slow it down	We might heard the sound of brakes as the driver stopped the car to avoid the cat on the street.	Frenos
		1.26	life jacket	noun	/laɪf ˈdʒækɪt/	a piece of equipment worn to keep your	During sailing lessons, everybody has	Chaleco salvavidas

						body floating in water	to wear life jackets.	
		1.27	check	verb	/tʃek/	to look at something and test whether it is safe to use	Check your brakes before you ride your bike.	Comprobar
	<b>16–17</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		1.28	brave	adjective	/breɪv/	not afraid of danger	You have to be very brave or very stupid to try a ski jump from that height.	Valiente
		1.29	attack	verb	/ə'tæk/	to suddenly try to hurt or kill a person or animal	Sharks don't often attack people, but when they do it can be serious.	Ataque
		1.30	information	noun	/ˌɪnfə'meɪʃn/	facts and details about something/somebody	I sent an email to ask for information about the ski resort.	Información
		1.31	perform	verb	/pə'fɔ:m/	to do something, usually in front of other people	On the YouTube video, Danny performs dangerous tricks on his bike.	Realizar
	<b>18</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						

		1.32	biography	noun	/baɪˈɒɡrəfi/	a description of somebody's life	The author writes biographies of famous sportspeople.	Biografía
		1.33	rescue	verb	/ˈreskjʊ:/	to save a person or animal from a dangerous situation	The dog woke up its owner to rescue her from the burning house.	Rescatar
	<b>19</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		1.34	conservationist	noun	/ˌkɒnsəˈveɪʃənɪst/	a person who does activities to protect the environment	A group of conservationists are working together to protect the forest from fire.	Ecologista
	<b>20–21</b>	<b>PROJECT</b>						
		1.35	camp	noun	/kæmp/	a place where people can go to stay for a short time and do particular activities	The children had the chance to do various outdoor activities at summer camp.	Campamento
		1.36	type	noun	/taɪp/	a kind	What type of sport do you enjoy?	Tipo
		1.37	web page	noun	/web peɪdʒ/	a page that is part of a website connected to the Internet	You can check out the opening hours for the	Página web

							sports centre on their web page.	
		1.38	sea	noun	/si:/	a very large body of water	Do you prefer swimming in the sea or in a pool?	Mar
<b>UNIT 2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>HISTORY'S A MYSTERY</b>						
		2.01	mystery	noun	/'mɪstri/	something that is difficult to understand or work out	The reason why dinosaurs became extinct is still a mystery	Misterio
		2.02	discovery	noun	/dɪ'skʌvəri/	a thing or fact that has been found	Archaeologists made some exciting discoveries from the things on the ancient ship that was wrecked near Antikythera.	Descubrimiento
		2.03	resemble	verb	/rɪ'zembl/	to look like	Do you think Ted resembles his cousin? I think they both look like their grandfather.	Parecerse
	<b>24–25</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		2.04	archaeologist	noun	/,ɑ:ki'ɒlədʒɪst/	a person who studies past cultures by examining	Archaeologists found a Neolithic settlement	Arqueólogo



						objects found in the ground	below the ruins of the ancient temple	
		2.05	enormous	adjective	/ɪˈnɔːməs/	huge	There used to be an enormous statue of Athena in the centre of the Parthenon.	Enorme
		2.06	Tomb	noun	/tu:m/	a grave where somebody is buried	The tombs of Agamemnon and several other important people were found at Mykenes.	Tumba
		2.07	Ruler	noun	/ˈru:lə(r)/	a person who rules a country or part of a country	The Prime Minister is the ruler of Greece.	Dirigente
		2.08	died	verb	/daɪd/	stopped living	The plant died because I forgot to water it.	Morir
		2.09	buried	adjective	/ˈberɪd/	put into the ground and covered with earth	Nobody knows exactly where Alexander the Great was buried.	Enterrado/a
		2.10	excavate	verb	/ˈɛkskəvɛt/	to dig an area to look for objects that have been	A team of archaeologists is excavating the ancient	Excavar

						buried for a long time	settlement of Zagora on the island of Andros.	
		2.11	statues	noun pl	/ˈstætʃuː/	a sculpture of a person or animal	The museum exhibits include marble statues that are around 2500 years old.	Estatuas
		2.12	female	adjective	/ˈfiːmeɪl/	being a woman or girl	The female elephant was feeding her calf.	Hembra
		2.13	mummy	noun	/ˈmʌmi/	a human body that has been wrapped in cloth and preserved	The mummy of an Egyptian queen was found inside the pyramid.	Momia
		2.14	preserve	verb	/prɪˈzɜːv/	to stop something from decaying to try to keep it in its original state	The paintings have been carefully protected from sunlight to preserved them.	Conservar
		2.15	tattoo	noun	/təˈtuː/	a design made on the body by using needles and ink	Marina has a small tattoo of a cat on her leg.	Tatuaje
		2.16	treasure	noun	/ˈtreʒə(r)/	a collection of valuable things	The pirates hid their treasure in the cave.	Tesoro

		2.17	discovered	verb	/dɪ'skʌvəd/	found	Workers discovered the bones of the English king, Richard III, under a car park.	Descubrir
		2.18	object	noun	/'ɒbdʒɪkt/	a thing that is not a living being	We discovered some interesting objects in the sea when we went diving.	Objeto
		2.19	analyse	verb	/'ænalɪz/	to study something closely to understand it	The scientist analysed the blood sample to identify the killer.	Analizar
		2.20	gold	noun	/gəʊld/	a valuable yellow coloured metal	The mask that was believed to belong to a king was made of gold.	Oro
		2.21	thieves	noun pl	/θi:vz/	plural of thief; people who steal things	The thieves broke a window to get into the house and stole the TV.	Ladrones
	<b>26</b>	<b>SONG</b>						
		2.22	money	noun	/'mʌni/	coins or paper notes that you	How much money do you	Dinero

						use to pay for things	need every week?	
		2.23	wisdom	noun	/'wɪzdəm/	knowledge gained over the years; the ability to give sensible advice from your experience and knowledge	The exhibition of ancient tools clearly shows the wisdom of ancient Greeks and how technologically developed they were.	Sabiduría
		2.24	mist	noun	/mɪst/	a light fog	A morning mist hung mysteriously over the lake.	Neblina
	<b>30</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		2.25	CT scan	noun	/,si: 'ti: skæn/	a medical test done using a computer to produce images of the inside of your body	Dad went for a CT scan to find the cause of his back pain.	TAC
		2.26	artefact	noun	/'ɑ:tɪfækt/	an object of historical interest, often kept in a museum	The museum at Nafplio contains artefacts from Mycenaean times to the nineteenth century.	Artefacto

		2.27	DNA test	noun	/ˌdiː en ˈeɪ test/	a test that can check the identity of a person	The DNA test showed that the body in the tomb was thousands of years old.	Prueba de ADN
		2.28	site	noun	/saɪt/	the place where a building or town is or was built	Ian and Tracy went on a tour of the archaeological sites in central Greece.	Yacimiento
		2.29	sample	noun	/ˈsɑːmpl/	a small piece of something taken as an example	The police found some hairs on the suspects clothes that they used for a DNA sample.	Muestra
	<b>32–33</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		2.30	malaria	noun	/məˈleəriə/	a disease caused by a mosquito bite	Many people died from malaria in ancient times because they had no protection from mosquitoes that lived near water.	Malaria
	<b>34</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						

		2.31	exemplification	noun	/ɪgˌzemplɪfɪˈkeɪʃn/	giving an example to explain something	Exemplification can include many details, such as where and when something happened and how people reacted.	Ejemplificación
	<b>35</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		2.32	Civilisations	noun pl	/ˌsɪvəlɪzˈzeɪʃn/	societies and their cultures	Many ancient civilisations were destroyed by wars or natural disasters.	Civilizaciones
<b>UNIT 3</b>	<b>38–39</b>	<b>CHOCOLATE!</b>						
	<b>40–41</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		3.01	valuable	adjective	/ˈvæljuəbl/	worth a lot of money	Don't leave your valuable things in the hotel room when you go out.	De valor
		3.02	occasion	noun	/əˈkeɪʒn/	an event; a particular time	She only wears jewellery on special occasions.	Ocasión
		3.03	cacao tree	noun	/kəˈkɑʊ triː/	a tree that has beans which	Cacao trees are grown in hot areas, like	Árbol del cacao

						cacao is made from	Central America.	
		3.04	equator	noun	/ɪ'kwetə(r)/	an imaginary line around the middle of Earth	Colombia is on the equator, so it's very hot there in summer.	Ecuador
		3.05	pod	noun	/pɒd/	a long thin case that seeds like beans grow in	We took the peas out of their pods and cooked them.	Vaina
		3.06	vanilla	noun	/və'nɪlə/	a substance from a plant that gives a sweet taste to cakes and biscuits, etc.	Grandma likes vanilla ice cream with strawberries.	Vainilla
		3.07	cinnamon	noun	/'sɪnəmən/	a sweet spice made from the bark of a tree	Apple pie tastes great with some cinnamon added.	Canela
		3.08	spices	noun pl	/spaisɪz/	different types of powder and seeds used to add flavour to food	I love to try out recipes using different spices in food.	Espicias
		3.09	origin	noun	/'ɒrɪdʒɪn/	the point where something/ somebody comes from	Many English words have Greek or Latin origins.	Origen
		3.10	liquid	noun	/'lɪkwɪd/	something wet that flows and is not solid or gas	The ancient king enjoyed the taste of the	líquido

							strange brown liquid that was chocolate.	
		3.11	solid	adjective	/ˈsɒlɪd/	something hard that is not a liquid or gas	Babies can't eat solids until they grow teeth.	Sólido/a
		3.12	chocolate bar	noun	/ˈtʃɒklət bɑː(r)/	a long piece of chocolate with straight sides	Wendy bought a bar of chocolate to eat on the train.	Chocolatina
		3.13	type	noun	/taɪp/	a kind	What type of chocolate do you like? Milk or plain?	Tipo
		3.14	delicious	adjective	/dɪˈlɪʃəs/	very tasty	We had a delicious meal at a Spanish restaurant.	Delicioso/a
		3.15	filling	noun	/ˈfɪlɪŋ/	some food put inside a sweet, pie, sandwich etc.	Cheese and tomato make a good sandwich filling.	Relleno
		3.16	caramel	noun	/ˈkærəmel/	a sweet sticky type of candy	These biscuits have chocolate outside and caramel inside.	Caramelo
		3.17	hot chocolate	noun	/hɒt ˈtʃɒklət/	a drink made from cacao powder	You can make hot chocolate with cacao powder and hot water or milk.	Chocolate caliente



		3.18	mix	verb	/mɪks/	to turn food around with a fork or spoon to combine ingredients	Mix the cake well before you put it into the oven.	Mezclar
		3.19	milkshake	noun	/'mɪlkʃeɪk/	a drink made from milk with a fruit or chocolate flavour added	Would you like a banana milkshake?	Batido
		3.20	powder	noun	/'paʊdə(r)/	a dry substance that is very small pieces of seeds	Cinammon sticks are crushed to turn them into	Polvo
	<b>42-43</b>	<b>SONG</b>						
		3.21	pour	verb	/pɔ:(r)/	to put liquid into something	Pour the hot chocolate into the cups.	Verter
		3.22	ingredients	noun pl	/ɪn'ɡri:diənts/	things that are included to make or bake different food	The main ingredients you need to make a cake are flour, eggs, sugar and butter or oil.	Ingredientes
	<b>46</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		3.23	gram	noun	/græm/	a small measure of weight	There are one thousand grams in one kilo.	Gramo
		3.24	recipe	noun	/'resəpi/	instructions for making food	Jean uses her grandma's recipe to make shortbread.	Receta

		3.25	teaspoon	noun	/ˈtiːspuːn/	a small spoon	I use a teaspoon to put some honey in my tea.	Cucharita
		3.26	blender	noun	/ˈblendə(r)/	a small machine for mixing food or drinks	Put the eggs and milk into the blender.	Batidora
	<b>47</b>	<b>GRAMMAR 2</b>						
		3.27	cause	noun	/kɔːz/	a reason that makes something happen	Nobody knew the cause of his illness.	Causa
	<b>48–49</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		3.28	residue	noun	/ˈrezɪdjuː/	a small amount of something left on the bottom of a dish or container after the rest has been used	The strong tea left a brown residue in the cup.	Residuo
		3.29	currency	noun	/ˈkʌrənsi/	the money used in a particular country	The currency used in Japan is the yen.	Moneda
		3.30	capital	noun	/ˈkæpɪtl/	the main city in a country	Moscow is the capital of Russia.	Capital
		3.31	hate	verb	/heɪt/	to dislike very much	I hate eating food with too much salt.	Odiar
		3.32	bitter	adjective	/ˈbɪtə(r)/	not sweet	Some dark chocolate has a bitter taste.	Amargo/a
	<b>50</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						

		3.33	unity	noun	/ˈjuːnəti/	the state of being together as one	Using the right words to connect your ideas brings unity to your text.	Cohesión
		3.34	blog	noun	/blɒg/	a website where people write their opinions of events and share articles and photos that they like	Kim wrote a blog about her first day at school.	<i>Blog</i>
		3.35	appreciation	noun	/əˌpriːʃiˈeɪʃn/	a feeling you have when somebody makes an effort to do something well	We gave our teacher a box of chocolates to show our appreciation for her help.	Agradecimiento
		3.36	sauce	noun	/sɔːs/	a thick liquid added to food to give flavour	We had ice cream with chocolate sauce for dessert.	Salsa
		3.37	skulls	noun pl	/skʌlz/	the bones of human heads	The skulls found in the tomb belonged to slaves of the king.	Calaveras
	<b>51</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		3.38	wrappers	noun pl	/ˈræpəz/	paper or plastic coverings around	Remember to throw the	Envoltorios

						something to protect it	wrappers in the recycling bin when you eat your biscuits.	
	<b>52</b>	<b>PROJECT</b>						
		3.39	collection	noun	/kə'lekʃn/	a group of things of the same kind that you have collected	Leonidas has a collection of photos of players from different football teams.	Colección
	<b>56-57</b>	<b>EXTENDED READING</b>						
		ER1.01	expedition	noun	/ˌekspə'dɪʃn/	a journey to find out about a place	The first expeditions to reach the South Pole were not successful.	Expedición
		ER1.02	carving	noun	/'kɑ:vɪŋ/	a shape or pattern cut out on a piece of hard material like wood or stone	We admired the carvings shaped like animals on the legs of the old table.	Talla
		ER1.03	remains	noun pl	/rɪ'meɪnz/	the parts of something which are left after the rest have been destroyed in the past	Th treasure was found under the remains of the old bridge.	Restos
	<b>58</b>	<b>LET'S TALK</b>						

		LT1.01	rucksack	noun	/ˈrʌksæk/	a large bag that you carry on your back	I carried all my clothes and camping equipment in my rucksack.	Mochila
<b>UNIT 4</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>WATER, WATER EVERYWHERE</b>						
		4.01	Statistics	noun	/stəˈtɪstɪk/	information shown in numbers	The statistics show that many countries have no running water in most homes.	Estadísticas
		4.02	Waterfall	noun	/ˈwɔːtəfɔːl/	a place where water from a stream or river drops down from a high place	I took some good photos of the waterfall that runs into the lake.	Catarata
	<b>62–63</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		4.03	Wet	adjective	/wet/	covered with water	Scottish weather is very wet, even in summer.	Húmedo/a
		4.04	Soak	verb	/səʊk/	to leave something in water for a long time	Beans always cook faster after you soak them in water for a few hours.	Dejar en remojo
		4.05	salt water	noun	/sɔːlt ˈwɔːtə(r)/	water that has salt in it, e.g. the sea	It's harder to swim fast in salt water than it is	Agua salada

							in the swimming pool.	
		4.06	Saltier	adjective	/'sɔ:ltiə(r)/	comparative form of salty	Sea water is saltier than the water in a lake.	Más salado/a
		4.07	Float	verb	/fləʊt/	to move slowly on the surface of water	The tiny rubber boat floated down the river.	flotar
		4.08	sea level	noun	/si: 'levl/	the height of the sea	In Britain, the sea level changes at different times of the day.	Nivel del mar
		4.09	Lake	noun	/leɪk/	a large area of water with land around it	They walked right round the side of the lake to watch the birds.	Lago
		4.10	glacier	noun	/'glæsiə(r)/	a large mass of ice that moves slowly like a river down a mountain	The documentary showed glaciers dropping into the sea in Antarctica.	Glaciar
		4.11	Flow	verb	/fləʊ/	to move slowly and smoothly	The small mountain streams flow into the valley, where they join the river.	Fluir

		4.12	drop of water	noun	/drɒp əv 'wɔ:tə(r)/	a very small piece of water	I felt a drop of water on my arm and realised it was going to rain.	Gota de agua
		4.13	froze	verb	/frəʊz/	the past simple form of freeze; turned into ice	As the temperature dropped, the snow froze and turned into ice on the roads.	Congelarse
		4.14	fresh water	noun	/freʃ 'wɔ:tə(r)/	water that has low salt content so you can drink it	Humans need fresh water to survive.	Agua dulce
		4.15	swamp	noun	/swɒmp/	an area of land that is very wet	We managed to walk through the swamp with the water over the top of our boots.	Pantano
		4.16	filter	noun	/'fɪltə(r)/	a device with sand or chemicals designed to clear materials you don't want as something passes through it	I use a water filter to remove dirt and chemicals from the tap water.	filtro
	<b>68</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		4.17	tap	noun	/tæp/	a device that you can open and	Remember to turn off the tap	grifo

						close to let water pour out of a supply	when you finish washing your hands.	
		4.18	leak	noun	/li:k/	a hole in something that allows a small amount of water to drop through	The boat had a leak and it was falling into the sea.	fuga
		4.19	drain	noun	/dreɪn/	a tube that dirty water and other liquid waste goes into	There was a horrible smell from the drains in the street.	Alcantarilla
		4.20	save	verb	/seɪv/	to use something carefully so that you don't use it all	Save some food for tomorrow so we don't need	Guardar
						or waste it	to cook something else.	
		4.21	waste	verb	/weɪst/	to use more of something than you need	Let's pack our suitcases today so we don't waste time before we go to the airport tomorrow.	Malgastar
		4.22	running water	noun	/'rʌnɪŋ 'wɔ:tə(r)/	water that flows freely from a tap and doesn't have to be carried by hand	In some parts of Asia, people have no running water at home and they wash themselves and	Agua corriente



							their clothes in rivers.	
		4.23	dishwasher	noun	/ˈdɪʃwɒʃə(r)/	a machine cleans plates and other things you use to eat or make food	Dad always loads the dishwasher after dinner.	Lavavajillas
		4.24	handle	noun	/ˈhændl/	a part of an object that you hold with your hand to use it	The handle broke off one of the cups in the dishwasher.	Mango
	<b>69</b>	<b>GRAMMAR 2</b>						
		4.25	whatever	pronoun	/wɒtˈevə(r)/	anything or everything	You can do whatever you like after you've done the washing-up.	Lo que sea
		4.26	whenever	pronoun	/wenˈevə(r)/	any time or every time	Whenever I do the washing-up, something gets broken.	Siempre que
		4.27	wherever	pronoun	/weərˈevə(r)/	anywhere or everywhere	My cat follows me wherever I go at home.	A donde quiera que
		4.28	whoever	pronoun	/huːˈevə(r)/	anybody or everybody	Whoever doesn't like the food can cook dinner for everybody next time.	(A) quien
	<b>70–71</b>	<b>READING</b>						

		4.29	surface water	noun	/ˈsɜːfɪs ˈwɔːtə(r)/	water on top of the ground	There isn't much surface water in a desert.	Agua superficial
		4.30	groundwater	noun	/ˈgraʊndwɔːtə(r)/	water that is under the ground	The villagers have wells in their gardens to collect the groundwater.	Agua subterránea
		4.31	exist	verb	/ɪgˈzɪst/	to be present	Water pollution is a major problem that exists around the world.	Existir
		4.32	water vapour	noun	/ˈwɔːtə(r) ˈveɪpə(r)/	very small drops of water in the air	The water vapour rose above the lake in the morning at sunrise.	Vapor de agua
		4.33	human	noun	/ˈhjuːmən/	a person	Humans can't live long without water.	Humano/a
		4.34	remind	verb	/rɪˈmaɪnd/	to do something to help you remember something	Remind me to switch off the water heater before I go out.	Recordar
<b>UNIT 5</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>IT'S A SMALL WORLD</b>						
		5.01	report	noun	/rɪˈpɔːt/	a description of something that happened	I wrote a report about the Labours of	Informe

							Heracles for my history class.	
	<b>78–79</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		5.02	eyelash	noun	/ˈaɪləʃ/	a hair growing from the edge of an eyelid	I’ve got an eyelash in my eye and it’s hurting me.	Pestaña
		5.03	millimetre	noun	/ˈmɪlɪmi:tə(r)/	a small unit of length; 1000th of a metre	There are one thousand millimetres in a metre.	Milímetro
		5.04	microscope	noun	/ˈmaɪkrəskəʊp/	a device that makes things look much larger when you look at them through it	When you look at an ant under a microscope, it looks like a giant monster.	Microscopio
		5.05	horrible	adjective	/ˈhɒrəbl/	very bad	What a horrible smell!	Horrible
		5.06	common	adjective	/ˈkɒmən/	that there are many of	Mosquitoes are common in areas near water in warm countries.	Común
		5.07	habitat	noun	/ˈhæbɪtæt/	the place where something usually lives naturally destroying their natural	Pandas could become extinct if people keep habitat.	Hábitat
		5.08	organism	noun	/ˈɔ:gənɪzəm/	a very small living thing	All animals have tiny organisms	Organismo

							living on their bodies.	
		5.09	crawl	verb	/krɔ:l/	to move slowly with all arms and legs on the ground	A small green lizard was crawling up the bedroom wall.	Trepar
		5.10	human	noun	/'hju:mən/	a person	The lizard was as small as a human's finger.	Humano
		5.11	thin	adjective	/θɪn/	not thick	Insects have very thin wings.	Fino/a
		5.12	grab	verb	/græb/	to take hold of something quickly	I looked at the clock, grabbed my bag quickly and ran for the bus.	Coger
		5.13	coral	noun	/'kɒrəl/	a small hard animal that grows on rocks in the sea	Fred scratched his leg on the coral when he was swimming near the reef.	Coral
		5.14	male	adjective	/meɪl/	of a man or boy	The male lion roared to protect his family.	Macho
		5.15	centimetre	noun	/'sentɪmi:tə(r)/	a unit of length; 100th of a metre	The baby kangaroo was only a few centimetres long when it was born.	Centímetro

	<b>80</b>	<b>SONG</b>						
		5.16	strange	adjective	/streɪndʒ/	unusual	Humans think animals are strange, but what do they think of us?	Extraño/a
		5.17	battle	noun	/'bætl/	a fight between two or more groups of animals or people	Two famous sea battles happened near the south coast of Mani at Cape Matapan.	Batalla
		5.18	tiny	adjective	/'taɪni/	very small	Some bugs are so tiny that you need a microscope to see them.	Diminuto/a
	<b>84</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		5.19	adult	adjective	/'ædʌlt/	a person or animal that is fully grown	An adult female turtle lays its eggs in a hole in the sand.	Adulto/a
		5.20	pointed	adjective	/'pɔɪntɪd/	shaped with a sharp point at the end	Cats have got pointed ears.	Puntiagudo/a
		5.21	furry	adjective	/'fɜ:ri/	covered with fur	Children usually like to watch furry animals like rabbits.	Peludo/a
		5.22	spotted	adjective	/'spɒtɪd/	with spots; with coloured circles	Some big cats have spotted	Moteado/a

							fur to hide them from their prey.	
		5.23	blade of grass	noun	/bleɪd əv grɑːs/	a long thin leaf of grass	Dad showed us how to make a bird noise by blowing through a blade of grass held between our fingers.	Brizna
	<b>85</b>	<b>GRAMMAR 2</b>						
		5.24	antennae	noun	/æn'tenai/	the two parts of an insect on each side of its head	Insects use their antennae to feel things.	Antenas
		5.25	transparent	adjective	/træns'pærənt/	that you can see through	Bees have almost transparent wings.	Transparente
	<b>86-87</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		5.26	frame	noun	/freɪm/	a hard border of wood, etc. that supports a picture	I chose my favourite photos and put them into frames.	Marco
		5.27	observe	verb	/əb'zɜ:v/	to look at something closely to see what it does	We observed the birds on the wetlands from the shelter in the trees.	Observar
		5.28	rare	verb	/reə(r)/	not common	Some rare species of	Raro/a

							plants grow at the top of the mountains.	
		5.29	fingernail	noun	/ˈfɪŋɡəneɪl/	the hard part on the front of the top of a finger	Don't bite your fingernails. You'll break your teeth.	Uña
	<b>88</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						
		5.30	opinions	noun pl	/əˈpɪnjənz/	ideas that somebody has about something	The class discussed their opinions of photo safaris.	Opiniones
		5.31	safe	adjective	/seɪf/	not in danger	Will we be safe camping here for the night?	Seguro/a
		5.32	according to	preposition	/əˈkɔːdɪŋ tə/	from what somebody said or wrote before	According to the weather forecast, there will be strong winds tomorrow.	Según
	<b>89</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		5.33	primatologist	noun	/ˌprɪːməˈtɒlədʒɪst/	a scientist who studies primates	The primatologist observed the behaviour of the family of gorillas in their natural habitat.	Primatólogo/a
<b>UNIT 6</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>GOOD CHOICE</b>						

		6.01	product	noun	/'prɒdʌkt/	a thing that is made for sale	At the weekend, the supermarket always has people giving samples of different food products for customers to taste.	Producto
		6.02	command	noun	/kə'mɑ:nd/	an order or instruction to do something	Follow the commands on the screen to operate the game.	Instrucción
		6.03	quality	noun	/'kwɒləti/	how good something is compared to other similar things	Certain expensive T-shirts are made cheaply with poor quality material.	Calidad
	<b>94–95</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		6.04	break	verb	/breɪk/	to stop working as a result of damage	My laptop broke the first time I tried to use it.	Romperse
		6.05	cost	verb	/kɒst/	to need a certain amount of money to buy it	How much did your jeans cost?	Costar
		6.06	manufacturer	noun	/,mænjʊ'fæktʃərə(r)/	a company or person that	If something doesn't work	Fabricante



						makes things to sell	when you buy it, the manufacturer should give you a new one.	
		6.07	customer	noun	/ˈkʌstəmə(r)/	a person who buys things from a shop	The customer was glad to meet a helpful shop assistant.	Cliente
		6.08	test	verb	/test/	to try something to see if it works correctly	The crazy teacher threw the book across the shop to test how strong it was.	Probar
		6.09	carefully	adverb	/ˈkeəfəli/	with care and attention to detail	We carefully read everything we could find about the car before we decided if it was the right choice.	Con cuidado
		6.10	safety	noun	/ˈseɪfti/	the state of being not dangerous	You have to learn about road safety before you can ride a bike.	Seguridad
		6.11	dummy	noun	/ˈdʌmi/	a large doll made to look like a human	The crash dummy without the safety belt	Maniquí

							went through the car window.	
		6.12	crash test	noun	/kræʃ test/	a test to see the effects on a vehicle and its passengers when it hits something	Crash tests proved that riders are safer wearing helmets on their motorbikes.	Prueba de choque
		6.13	impact	noun	/ˈɪmpækt/	the force when one object hits another	Tom had a neck injury because of the impact when the car behind him crashed into his.	Impacto
		6.14	twist	verb	/twɪst/	to turn something in a spiral direction	I fell and twisted my ankle, but it wasn't broken.	Torcerse
		6.15	drop	verb	/drɒp/	to let something fall down	The glass broke when she dropped it on the floor.	Caerse
		6.16	waterproof	adjective	/ˈwɔːtəpruːf/	that isn't damaged by water	This camera has a waterproof case that you can put it in to take photos in the sea.	Impermeable
		6.17	dip	verb	/dɪp/	to put something into liquid quickly	I dipped my hand in the sea	Meter

						and take it out again	to test the water temperature.	
		6.18	tear	verb	/teə(r)/	to break a piece off something; to break material	He tore his shirt on the handle of the door.	Rasgar
		6.19	fix	verb	/fiks/	to repair	It will cost more to fix the phone than to buy a new one.	Arreglar
	<b>100</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		6.20	reception	noun	/rɪ'sepʃn/	the quality of a radio or phone signal	The reception on my mobile phones is very weak inside this building.	Recepción
		6.21	app	noun	/æp/	a piece of software on a smartphone	This GPS app is useful to help you find where you are going.	App
		6.22	Wi-fi™	noun	/'waɪ faɪ/	a system for connecting to the Internet without wires	Busy people can check their emails using Wi-fi™ wherever they go.	Wi-fi™
		6.23	key	noun	/ki:/	a button you press on a computer keyboard	Which key do you press to write a question mark?	Llave
		6.24	text message	noun	/tekst 'mesɪdʒ/	a message written and sent	The supermarket	Mensaje de texto

						on a mobile phone	keeps sending me text messages about special offers.	
		6.25	wear and tear	idiom	/weə(r) ənd teə(r)/	damage to something through normal use	This was a great phone, but it's showing signs of wear and tear now and the keys don't work well.	Desgaste por uso
		6.26	mobile phone	noun	/'məʊbaɪl fəʊn/	a phone that you can take with you anywhere	It's useful to have a mobile phone with you so that you can call somebody if you need help.	Teléfono móvil
		6.27	emails	noun pl	/'i:meɪlz/	written messages sent through the Internet	I've been too busy to read any emails today.	Emails
		6.28	survive	verb	/sə'vaɪv/	to continue to live through a difficult situation	Not many smartphones will survive the test of time.	Sobrevivir
	<b>102–103</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		6.29	ad	noun	/,æd/	an advertisement	Most of the apps you download on a smartphone have got ads	Anuncio

							popping up when you use them.	
		6.30	detective	noun	/dɪ'tektɪv/	a type of police officer who solves crimes	Sometimes I watch my favourite TV detective catching criminals.	Detective
		6.31	notice	noun	/'nəʊtɪs/	to see or hear something	The driver was using his mobile phone, so he didn't notice the traffic lights had changed to green.	Darse cuenta
		6.32	advertisers	noun pl	/'ædvətaɪzəz/	people who make advertisements to attract customers to buy products	Advertisers make clever use of colours to sell products to different groups of people.	Anunciantes
		6.33	typical	adjective	/'tɪpɪkl/	usual; common	A typical family in advertisements always looks quite rich and happy.	Típico/a
		6.34	pressure	noun	/'preʃə(r)/	the strong feeling that you have to	Doreen would not give in to pressure from	Presión

						do things in a particular way	her son to buy him a motorbike because she knew the dangers.	
		6.35	association	noun	/əˌsəʊʃi'eɪʃn/	a mental connection between two or more things	Ads for certain fizzy drinks are successful because they give the message of an association with a healthy lifestyle.	Asociación
		6.36	testimonials	noun pl	/ˌtestɪ'məʊniəlz/	written statements about the quality of something	Some companies hire people to write good testimonials for their products.	Recomendaciones
		6.37	brand	noun	/brænd/	the name of a company that makes a particular product	Which brand of helmets do you think is safest?	Marca
		6.38	trainers	noun pl	/ˈtreɪnə(r)z/	shoes worn for playing sports or casual everyday use	Kostas never wears any other kind of shoes except trainers	Zapatillas deportivas

							because they're so comfortable.	
		6.39	repetition	noun	/ˌrepəˈtɪʃn/	saying the same words again and again	Teachers often use repetition to help students learn new information.	Repetición
		6.40	technique	noun	/tekˈni:k/	a way of doing something	Shop owners use the technique of putting the most expensive things at eye level where they are most easily seen.	Técnica
	<b>104</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						
		6.41	aspect	noun	/ˈæspekt/	a particular way of looking at a situation; a particular feature of something	One good aspect of ads is that you get some information about what's new on the market.	Aspecto
	<b>105</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		6.42	behavioural ecologist	noun	/bɪˈheɪvjərəl iˈkɒlədʒɪst/	a person who studies animal behaviour	Behavioural ecologists are studying links between ecological	Ecólogo/a

							problems and the behaviour of animals affected by this.	
	<b>110–111</b>	<b>EXTENDED READING</b>						
		ER2.01	Scaly	adjective	/ˈskerli/	covered with thin pieces of hard material (scales)	While she was snorkelling, suddenly Jane felt the scaly surface of a large fish against her arm.	Escamoso/a
		ER2.02	fierce	adjective	/fɪəs/	powerful; aggressive	Polar bears are not as cute as they look; they are fierce animals who can attack humans.	Feroz
		ER2.03	spear	noun	/spɪə(r)/	a long thin weapon with a wooden handle and a sharp metal point on the end	The hunter's spear went straight into the lion's chest, killing it.	Lanza
		ER2.04	arrow	noun	/ˈærəʊ/	a long thin stick that has a pointed end and is fired from a bow	Robin picked up his bow and fired an arrow into the centre of the target.	Flecha
		ER2.05	blind	adjective	/blaɪnd/	unable to see	These dogs are specially trained	Ciego/a



							to lead blind people.	
		ER2.06	damage	verb	/'dæmɪdʒ/	to cause physical harm to something	The car was badly damaged in the crash, but nobody was hurt.	Dañar
	<b>112</b>	<b>LET'S TALK</b>						
		LT2.01	confused	adjective	/kən'fju:zd	not able to understand something clearly	Sid was confused by the enormous range of mobile phone on sale.	Confundido/a
<b>UNIT 7</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>WONDERS OF THE NATURAL WORLD</b>						
		7.01	chronological	adjective	/,krɒnə'lədʒɪkl/	arranged in order according to when something happened	History in schools is usually taught in chronological order.	Cronológico/a
		7.02	narrative	noun	/'nærətɪv/	a description of events	Georgia wrote a fascinating narrative describing her journey to Tibet.	Narración
	<b>116–117</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		7.03	ascend	verb	/ə'send/	to climb; to go up	We had to stop for breaks as we ascended the steep slope.	Ascender

		7.04	descend	verb	/dɪ'send/	to go down	It's always easier to descend a hill on a bike than it is to go up.	Descender
		7.05	underwater	adjective	/ˌʌndə'wɔ:tə(r)/	that is below the surface of an area of water	Below the rocks around the lake are several underwater caves.	Bajo el agua
		7.06	safety equipment	noun	/'seɪftɪ ɪ'kwɪpmənt/	the things needed to protect you against accidents or other dangers	People working on building sites have to use special safety equipment, including helmets.	Equipo de seguridad
		7.07	protection	noun	/prə'tekʃn/	something that protects something/somebody from harm	Skaters wear knee pads for protection when they ride their skateboards.	Protección
		7.08	headlamp	noun	/'hedlæmp/	a large light, usually at the front of a vehicle	The country road was lit by the headlamps of passing cars.	Faro
		7.09	shine	verb	/ʃaɪn/	to point a light in the direction of something	We shone our torches on the path in front of us to find the	Alumbrar

							way through the forest in the dark.	
		7.10	rope	noun	/rəʊp/	a strong thick string made of many strings twisted together	The children had a garden swing made from ropes tied to a high branch of the tree.	Cuerda
		7.11	cross	verb	/krɒs/	to go from one side of something to the other	Be careful when you cross the road.	Cruzar
		7.12	stream	noun	/stri:m/	a small river	I stepped on the rocks to cross the narrow stream.	Arroyo
		7.13	tunnel	noun	/'tʌnl/	a long narrow hole built for vehicles and people to travel through the ground	Travellers can take the train through the tunnel under the sea from England to France.	Túnel
		7.14	chase	verb	/tʃeɪs/	to run after something/ somebody you want to catch	The dog chased the thieves out of the garden.	Perseguir
		7.15	curiosity	noun	/,kjʊəri'ɒsəti/	a feeling of wanting to know about something	Out of curiosity, I looked up my own name on the Internet and	Curiosidad

							discovered many people with the same name around the world.	
		7.16	by accident	phrase	/baɪ 'æksɪdənt/	in an unplanned way; by chance	I took the wrong train by accident and ended up on the other side of the city.	Accidentalmente
		7.17	trip over	phrasal verb	/trɪp 'əʊvə(r)/	to catch your foot against something and lose your balance	Be careful not to trip over the phone wire.	Tropezarse
		7.18	locate	verb	/ləʊ'keɪt/	to find where something/ somebody is	If you use GPS on your mobile, other people can locate you through the Internet.	Localizar
		7.19	fossil	noun	/'fɒsl/	a part of a dead animal or plant that has become part of a rock after thousands of years	There is an amazing collection of trilobites and other fossils at the natural history museum.	Fósil
		7.20	risk	noun	/rɪsk/	a danger; something likely	If you want to explore caves,	Riesgo

						to cause or involve danger	you need to be aware of the risks involved	
	<b>118</b>	<b>SONG</b>						
		7.21	jungle	noun	/ˈdʒʌŋɡl/	an area of thick tropical forests	Deep in the jungles of Brazil, the explorers discovered a village that had a language of its own.	Jungla
	<b>122</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		7.22	stalactite	noun	/ˈstæləktait/	a long piece of rock hanging down from the ceiling of a cave	Small drips fell from a stalactite as Robert walked through the cave.	Estalactita
		7.23	column	noun	/ˈkɒləm/	a long thick pole usually made of stone that is part of a building	Massive marble columns were used to support the roof of the palace.	Columna
		7.24	stalagmite	noun	/ˈstæləɡmaɪt/	a long piece of rock sticking up from the floor of a cave	We walked carefully on the narrow path between the stalagmites on the ground in the cave.	Estalagmita

		7.25	bat	noun	/bæt/	a small animal with wings that flies at night	Bats fly around the trees in the street at night, but we never see them in the daytime.	Murciélagos
		7.26	painting	noun	/'peɪntɪŋ/	a picture of something/ somebody created by an artist	Inside the ancient building, there are paintings of hunting scenes on the walls.	Pintura
		7.27	ancestor	noun	/'ænsesə(r)/	a person who was in your family a very long time ago	The writer's ancestors came from France to Scotland many centuries ago.	Ancestro
		7.28	drip	verb	/drɪp/	to fall in small drops	Water was still dripping from the trees after the heavy rain.	Gotear
	<b>124</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		7.29	miner	noun	/'maɪnə(r)/	a person who works inside a mine to take out gold, silver, diamonds, coal, etc.	The miners' families waited anxiously for news of survivors after the coal mine collapsed.	Minero/a
		7.30	in honour of	phrase	/ɪn 'ɒnə(r) əv/	to remember and show respect for	In the town square, there is	En honor a

							a statue in honour of the local soldiers who died in the Second World War.	
		7.31	base	noun	/beɪs/	the lowest part of something	The base of the cardboard box got wet, so all the contents fell on the floor when Tammy picked it up.	Base
		7.32	restore	verb	/rɪ'stɔː(r)/	to repair or rebuild something to bring it back to its original condition	After it was restored, the painting was put on display in the art gallery.	Restaurar
	<b>126</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						
		7.33	suspense	noun	/sə'spens/	the feeling of excitement and wanting to know what will happen next	The book is cleverly written, keeping the reader in suspense until the final chapter.	Suspense
	<b>127</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		7.34	geography	noun	/dʒi'ɒɡrəfi/	the study of the earth's physical features,	In our geography lesson, we	Geografía

						countries, land use, etc.	found out how volcanoes are formed.	
		7.35	bioengineer	noun	/ˌbaɪəʊˌendʒɪˈniə(r)/	a person who uses engineering techniques to solve medical problems	Bioengineers have designed and artificial hand that moves just like a normal hand.	Bioingeniero/a
<b>UNIT 8</b>	<b>130–131</b>	<b>ROBOTS RULE</b>						
	<b>132–133</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		8.01	science-fiction	noun	/ˈsaɪəns ˈfɪkʃn/	stories based on scientific discoveries and events that are imagined about the future	Do you like watching science-fiction films like Star Wars?	Ciencia ficción
		8.02	mobile	adjective	/ˈməʊbaɪl/	able to move	I haven't been mobile for a week since I broke my leg.	Móvil
		8.03	precise	adjective	/prɪˈsaɪs/	exact; correct	The GPS showed the precise location of the ship on the map.	Preciso/a
		8.04	control	verb	/kənˈtrəʊl/	to make a machine work or move the way you want	A computer is programmed to control the robots in the car factory.	Controlar



		8.05	remote control	noun	/rɪ'məʊt kən'trəʊl/	a system that lets you operate a machine from where you're sitting or standing	Car doors can be locked by remote control.	Control remoto
		8.06	social	adjective	/'səʊʃl/	involving people	After a busy working week, it's good to meet friends for social activities at the weekend.	Social
		8.07	task	noun	/tɑːsk/	a piece of work	I hate doing boring tasks like washing the car.	Tarea
		8.08	supermarket	noun	/'su:pəmə:kɪt/	a large shop that sells food, drinks and other things for the home	We buy most of our groceries from the supermarket.	Supermercado
		8.09	companion	noun	/kəm'pæniən/	a person or animal that spends time with you	A dog makes a good companion for children.	Compañero/a
		8.10	android	noun	/'ændrɔɪd/	a robot that looks like a human	I read a science-fiction story about androids taking over the world.	Androide
		8.11	feature	noun	/'fi:tʃə(r)/	a characteristic of the appearance of somebody/ something	Tom's big brown eyes are his most	Rasgo

							noticeable feature.	
		8.12	dangerous	adjective	/ˈdeɪndʒərəs/	that can harm somebody/ something	Diving in deep water can be dangerous.	Peligroso/a
		8.13	complex	adjective	/ˈkɒmpleks/	difficult to understand; not simple	Bioengineering is a complex subject that takes years of study to understand.	Complejo/a
		8.14	respond to commands	phrase	/rɪˈspɒnd tuː kəˈmɑːndz/	to do something as a reaction to orders/ instructions given	My laptop is not responding to commands in the way it should. I think there's a problem with its memory.	Responder a órdenes
		8.15	information	noun	/ˌɪnfəˈmeɪʃn/	exact; correct	He searched the Internet for information about the space expedition.	Información
		8.16	program	verb	/ˈprəʊgræm/	to design something with a set of instructions that it has to follow to do something	You can program the lights to switch on and off at certain times when you're not at home.	Programar

	<b>138</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		8.17	voice recognition	noun	/ˈvɔɪs ˌrekəɡˈnɪʃn/	a program that make a computer able to understand	This smartphone uses voice recognition to switch on.	Reconocimiento de voz
						who is speaking		
		8.18	facial recognition	noun	/ˈfeɪʃl ˌrekəɡˈnɪʃn/	a program that make a computer able to understand whose face it sees	The company uses facial recognition to allow people to enter the building.	Reconocimiento facial
		8.19	laser	noun	/ˈleɪzə(r)/	a device that produces a powerful beam of light that can be used for different things in hospitals or in manufacturing	Grandma could see better after the laser treatment on her eyes.	Láser
		8.20	mechanical	noun	/məˈkæɪnɪkl/	that works from an engine	Jeff can't use his legs, so he gets around on a mechanical wheelchair.	Mecánico/a
		8.21	sensor	noun	/ˈsensə(r)/	something that can react to sound, light, etc. to make a	The light outside the building comes on when the	Sensor

						machine do something	sensor detects a movement.	
	<b>140–141</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		8.22	domestic	adjective	/də'mestɪk/	related to the home	It would be great to have a robot to do all the domestic tasks like ironing clothes.	Doméstico/a
		8.23	prosthetic	adjective	/prɒs'thetɪk/	fitted as an artificial part to the body	Luke has had a prosthetic leg since he was a child and most people don't even notice.	Protésico
		8.24	mow	verb	/məʊ/	to cut down using a machine with sharp blades	We heard the sound of the gardener mowing the grass in the neighbour's garden.	Cortar
		8.25	lawn	noun	/lɔ:n/	an area of short grass grown in a garden or park	The grass is getting very long on our lawn – I think it's time to mow it.	Césped
	<b>142</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						

		8.27	artificial	adjective	/,ɑ:tɪ'fɪʃl/	made to copy something that is natural	The huge furniture shop has no windows, so it uses artificial lighting.	Artificial
		8.28	privacy	noun	/'prɪvəsi/	the state of being left alone to do what you want without people watching or knowing	Greta didn't tell anyone where she was going to be staying so she could have some privacy to write her book.	Privacidad
	<b>143</b>	<b>MISSION</b>						
		8.29	cyborg	noun	/'saɪbɔ:g/	a being that is part human and part machine	At the moment, cyborgs only exist in science fiction, but maybe they will be real one day.	Cíborg
	<b>144–145</b>	8.30	functions	noun pl	/'fʌŋkʃnz/	things that something/ somebody can do	Small bots used in space exploration can perform functions like collecting rock samples.	Funciones
<b>UNIT 9</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>AMAZING ADVENTURES AT SEA</b>						
		9.01	shipwreck	noun	/'ʃɪprek/	a ship that was destroyed by crashing into land	In the past, people who lived near the	Buque naufragado

						or rocks or by a storm	sea used to collect valuable things that they found on shipwrecks.	
		9.02	pirate	noun	/ˈpaɪrət/	a person who attacks a ship and steals it or things from it	The ship was taken by pirates in the Indian Ocean.	Pirata
		9.03	exploration	noun	/ˌekspləˈreɪʃn/	travelling around a place to find out about it	Space exploration costs an enormous amount of money.	Exploración
		9.04	concession	noun	/kənˈseɪʃn/	something that you allow or agree with when you see different sides of an argument	Even though I didn't know what concession meant, I understood how to use the grammar rule.	Concesión
	<b>148–149</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 1</b>						
		9.05	dive	verb	/daɪv/	to jump into deep water with your arms and head first	Without a second thought, the coach dived into the pool to save the drowning	Zambullirse

		9.06	sink	verb	/sɪŋk/	to drop down towards the bottom of the sea, etc.	The stone sank quickly to the bottom of the lake.	Hundirse
		9.07	cargo	noun	/'kɑ:gəʊ/	things that are being transported on a ship or plane	The huge ship carried a cargo of electronic goods from China.	Carga
		9.08	weapon	noun	/'wepən/	something that is used to attack or defend somebody	The police ordered the bank robbers to put down their weapons.	Arma
		9.09	explode	verb	/ɪk'spləʊd/	to burst suddenly with a lot of force	The truck carrying petrol exploded when it crashed off the road.	Explotar
		9.10	naval	adjective	/'neɪvl/	connected with the navy	Many important naval battles took place around the coast of Greece during World War II.	Naval
		9.11	silver	noun	/'sɪlvə(r)/	a valuable grey-white metal used for making jewellery	The coins were made of silver.	Plata

		9.12	capture	noun	/'kæptʃə(r)/	to take somebody prisoner	TV detectives usually manage to capture the criminals by the end of each episode.	Capturar
		9.13	captain	noun	/'kæptɪn/	a person is in charge and gives orders to the other people who work on a ship	The captain would not leave the sinking ship until everybody else had reached safety.	Capitán
		9.14	sailor	noun	/'seɪlə(r)/	a person who works on a ship	Sailors who work on cargo ships have to be away from home for months at sea.	Marinero
		9.15	legend	noun	/'ledʒənd/	a story from the past	The legends of Heracles could have been based on historical facts.	Leyendas
		9.16	iceberg	noun	/'aɪsbɜːg/	a large mass of ice in the sea	The north Atlantic Ocean is full of dangerous icebergs that come from the Arctic.	Iceberg



		9.17	lifeboat	noun	/ˈlaɪfbəʊt/	a small boat that is carried on a large ship for emergency use	When they heard the captain's warning, everybody got into the lifeboats.	Bote salvavidas
		9.18	drown	verb	/draʊn/	to die underwater	The fishermen drowned when their boat sank in the storm.	Ahogarse
		9.19	passenger	noun	/ˈpæsɪndʒə(r)/	a person travelling on a plane, boat, etc. who is not a crew member	A long line of passengers was waiting at the bus stop.	Pasajero
		9.20	crew	noun	/kruː/	a team of people who works on a ship, plane, etc.	The aircraft crew were trained to deal with all types of emergencies.	Tripulación
	<b>152</b>	<b>GRAMMAR 1</b>						
		9.21	untie	verb	/ʌnˈtaɪ/	to separate pieces of something, e.g rope, that has been tied	Marios untied his hiking boots and took them off to rest his feet.	Desatar
		9.22	dock	noun	/dɒk/	the part of a harbour where ships arrive to be loaded and	A crowd of passengers waited at the	Muelle

						unloaded or repaired	dock for the ferry boat.	
	<b>154</b>	<b>VOCABULARY 2</b>						
		9.23	correct	adjective	/kə'rekt/	right; accurate	All my answers were correct and I got 100% in the test!	Correcto/a
		9.24	incorrect	adjective	/,ɪnkə'rekt/	not correct; wrong	If you write an incorrect word, it come up red on the screen, so you can try again.	Incorrecto/a
		9.25	safe	adjective	/seɪf/	not in danger; not dangerous	Wear your seat belt to keep you safe in the car.	Seguro/a
		9.26	unsafe	adjective	/ʌn'seɪf/	not safe	It's unsafe to ride a bicycle here at night.	No seguro/a
		9.27	legal	adjective	/'li:gl/	allowed by law	It's not legal to ride a motorbike without wearing a helmet.	Legal
		9.28	illegal	adjective	/ɪ'li:gl/	not legal; not allowed by law	It's illegal for teachers to hit a child in school in my country.	Illegal
		9.29	possible	adjective	/'pɒsəbl/	that can be done or can happen	Is it possible that you left	Posible

							your keys inside the house?	
		9.30	impossible	adjective	/ɪmˈpɒsəbl/	not possible	It was impossible to find the key I dropped in the dark.	Imposible
	<b>156–157</b>	<b>READING</b>						
		9.31	isolated	adjective	/ˈaɪsəleɪtɪd/	in a place far away from other people	The tiny farmhouse is in an isolated area in the middle of the island.	Aislado/a
	<b>158</b>	<b>WRITING</b>						
		9.32	abandon	verb	/əˈbændən/	to leave something or somewhere because it is dangerous to stay there	The residents of Santorini abandoned the island before the volcano erupted.	Abandonar
		9.33	ownership	noun	/ˈəʊnəʃɪp/	the state of owning something	When they're on the road, drivers should carry documents to prove ownership of their cars.	Propiedad
	<b>164–165</b>	<b>EXTENDED READING</b>						
		ER3.01	seal	verb	/si:l/	to close something by	The treasure map was rolled	Sellar

						sticking the edges together	up and sealed with hot wax.	
		ER3.02	harbour	noun	/'hɑ:bə(r)/	a place where ships can stop next to the land and have shelter	As the storm began, the sailing boats headed for the safety of the harbour.	Puerto
		ER3.03	shore	noun	/ʃɔ:(r)/	the edge of the land where it reaches the sea	Let's go for a walk along the shore and watch the sunset over the sea.	Costa
		ER3.04	neat	adjective	/ni:t/	clear and tidy	How does she keep her desk so neat and tidy?	Ordenado/a
		ER3.05	difficulty	noun	/'dɪfɪkəlti/	a problem	Did you have any difficulty finding your way to the hotel?	Dificultad
		ER3.06	time capsule	noun	/taɪm 'kæpsju:l/	a container with some things that represent the present time for people to look at in the future	We put some clothes, a book and an electronic game in our time capsule.	Cápsula del tiempo