

PRE-INTERMEDIATE WORD LISTS

GREEK

Unit 1 p 9	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
chat	Verb	/tʃæt/	κουβενιάζω	if you chat , you talk to someone in a friendly and informal way	chat to someone	<i>it was nice to see people and chat at the party they chat on social media we chatted for a while before his train arrived she spent the journey chatting to her aunt on the phone</i>	Noun: <i>chat</i> Adjective: <i>chatty</i>
clubbing	Noun	/ˈklʌbɪŋ/	κλάμπινγκ	if you go clubbing , you go to a nightclub to dance and have fun	go clubbing	<i>I go clubbing every Saturday night you're too young to go clubbing he was out clubbing all night</i>	
countryside	Noun	/ˈkʌntriˌsaɪd/	εξοχή, ύπαιθρος	countryside is land that is not in a city or town and where there are not many buildings	open countryside unspoilt countryside in the countryside	<i>some beautiful open countryside (countryside where you can see things like rivers and trees and not buildings or roads) we sat on the train watching the countryside go by I prefer living in the countryside we went for a walk through some lovely unspoilt countryside (countryside that has not been damaged by roads or buildings)</i>	
cycle	Verb	/ˈsaɪk(ə)/	ποδηλατώ	if you cycle somewhere, you go there riding on a bicycle		<i>I like to cycle through the countryside we cycled along the bike lane I cycle to school every day he cycles to work, even when it rains I used to drive to work, but now I cycle we cycled 300 kilometres in four days</i>	Noun: <i>cyclist</i>
jogging	Noun	/ˈdʒɒɡɪŋ/	τζόγκινγκ, τρέξιμο	jogging is the activity of getting exercise by running, but not very fast	go jogging	<i>I go jogging with my sister every morning I'm going to start jogging regularly after Christmas jogging will help you get fit</i>	
musical instrument	Noun	/ˈmjuːzɪkəl ˈɪnstrʊmənt/	μουσικό όργανο	a musical instrument is something such as a guitar, violin or piano that can make musical sounds		<i>I wish I could play a musical instrument a shop that sells all sorts of musical instruments how many musical instruments can you play?</i>	
play	Verb	/pleɪ/	παιίζω	if you can play a musical instrument, you are able to make music on it		<i>I'm learning to play the piano can you play the guitar? she can play several instruments</i>	Noun: <i>player</i>
social media	Noun	/ˈsəʊʃəl ˈmi:diə/	μέσα κοινωνικής δικτύωσης	social media is apps such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, etc., which people use to share pictures and send messages to each other		<i>we chat on social media every day my dad doesn't do social media (doesn't use it) social media is very useful for keeping in touch</i>	
walk	Noun	/wɔːk/	περπάτημα, περιπάτος	if you go for a walk , you go outside and walk somewhere for pleasure	go for a walk a long walk	<i>we went for a long walk in the country let's go for a walk did you have a nice walk? the weather is perfect for a walk</i>	
pp 10-11	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
asleep	Adjective	/əˈsliːp/	κοιμισμένος	if you are asleep , you are sleeping	fall asleep fast asleep	<i>she fell asleep (started being asleep) in front of the TV he's asleep upstairs don't wake the baby – he's asleep he was fast asleep (very asleep) in bed I'm half asleep (very tired)</i>	
board game	Noun	/bɔːd geɪm/	επιτραπέζιο παιχνίδι	a board game is an indoor game that you play using a board, moving pieces around on it according to the numbers that are shown when you throw a dice (a small cube with the numbers one to six on each side)		<i>it was raining, so we played board games all afternoon my favourite board game is Monopoly it can take hours to finish a board game</i>	
break	Noun	/breɪk/	διάλειμμα	when you are at work or doing a task, a break is a time when you stop working and relax for a short while before starting to work again	a lunch/tea/coffee break a short/long break take a break be on your break	<i>I haven't got time to take a break I usually take a break at about 11 I worked from 8 till 4 without a break that was a long break I had to go to the bank during my lunch break a ten minute break he's on his break at the moment</i>	Verb: <i>break</i>
check	Verb	/tʃek/	ελέγχω	if you check something, you look at it to see if anything has changed about it or to make sure that it is still in good condition	check something for something	<i>he checked his phone for messages before the meeting started I check my emails on the train going to work you should check the weather forecast before you set off check the website to make sure the plane is still on time</i>	
eat out	Phrasal verb	/iːt aʊt/	τρώω έξω	if you eat out , you go to a restaurant to have a meal instead of eating at home		<i>we eat out once or twice a week I can't afford to eat out eating out in restaurants is very expensive let's eat out tonight</i>	

exercise	Noun	/ˈɛksə(r)saɪz/	άσκηση, γυμναστική	exercise is activity that you do with your body to help you stay fit and healthy	do exercise get exercise	<i>you need to do more exercise I don't get enough exercise if you don't get enough exercise, you'll get ill I play football on Sundays for the exercise swimming is good exercise</i>	Verb: <i>exercise</i>
get home	Phrase	/get həʊm/	φτάνω σπίτι	when you get home , you arrive back to where you live		<i>I got home late last night what time do you usually get home from school? I want to get home before it's dark</i>	
get up	Phrasal verb	/get ʌp/	σηκώνομαι, ξυπνάω	when you get up , you get out of bed after you have finished sleeping		<i>I usually get up about 8 what time do you get up? I got up late this morning she got up at 6:30 I hate getting up in the dark in winter we get up late at weekends I've got to get up early tomorrow</i>	
hours	Noun plural	/ˈaʊə(r)z/	ωράριο, ώρες	your hours are the number of hours you have to spend at work every day or every week	work long hours	<i>workers are demanding higher wages and shorter working hours I've been working very long hours this week my hours are 9 till 5</i>	
often	Adverb	/ˈɒf(ə)n/	συχνά	if something happens often , it happens regularly or on many occasions		<i>I often wake up at seven we often go to the theatre in Guildford do you often feel tired? how often do you go to the cinema?</i>	
once or twice	Phrase	/wʌns ɔː twaɪs/	μια - δυό, κανά δυό	if you do something once or twice , you do it a very small number of times, but the exact number of times is not important		<i>I visit my grandparents once or twice a year he came to see us once or twice last year yes, I met her once or twice in Sheffield turn the fish over once or twice while it's cooking</i>	
play	Verb	/pleɪ/	παιζω	if you play a game or a sport, you take part in it		<i>shall we play cards? we played football all afternoon I'm learning to play tennis it was raining, so we played board games all afternoon</i>	
stay up	Phrasal verb	/steɪ ʌp/	μένω ξύπνιος	if you stay up , you stay awake for longer than usual and go to bed later than you usually do	stay up late	<i>I sometimes stay up late to finish my homework we stayed up till 3 o'clock to watch the football from Japan I often used to stay up all night when I was at university I had to stay up until Andy came home because he didn't have a key</i>	
stressed	Adjective	/strest/	αγχωμένος, στρεσαρισμένος	if you are stressed , you are very worried about something and cannot relax		<i>I'm feeling very stressed about the new job I got really stressed before my driving test you look stressed – why don't you have a day off?</i>	Noun: <i>stress</i>
tired	Adjective	/ˈtaɪə(r)d/	κουρασμένος	if you are tired , you want to sleep because you have done a lot of activity	feel tired	<i>I've been feeling tired all day it was hard work, but I don't feel tired yet all that running made me tired try to get some sleep if you're tired he looks tired</i>	Adjective: <i>tiring</i>
TV	Noun	/ˌtiːˈviː/	τηλεόραση	a TV is a television – a machine that shows moving pictures along with sounds, especially of programmes that are specially made	watch TV be on TV	<i>I like watching TV a TV set what's on TV tonight? a TV programme watching sport on TV we've got three TVs in the house</i>	
two or three times	Phrase	/tuː ɔː θriː taɪmz/	δυό - τρεις φορές	if something happens two or three times , it happens perhaps twice or three times but not more often than that, and the exact number is not really important		<i>she wakes up two or three times in the night I tried ringing you two or three times, but your phone always went to voicemail I've only used it two or three times I go back to Prague two or three times a year</i>	
usually	Adverb	/ˈjuːʒuəli/	συνήθως	if something usually happens, it happens most times when it is possible for it to happen		<i>she's usually late for work I usually visit my gran on Sundays they usually go to school by bus</i>	
wake up	Phrasal verb	/weɪk ʌp/	ξυπνώ	if you wake up , you stop being asleep and become awake. If you wake someone up , you make them stop sleeping and become awake	wake up early/late	<i>I woke up early and went for a walk the baby often wakes up during the night she woke up at six in the morning I usually wake up before the alarm clock goes off can you wake me up at seven? don't make a noise – I don't want the baby to wake up</i>	Adjective: <i>awake</i>

pp 12-13	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
active life	Noun	/ˈæktɪv laɪf/	δραστήρια ζωή	an active life involves regular exercise that helps someone stay fit and healthy	lead an active life	<i>my parents have led very active lives your dog should be living a more active life</i>	
beyond	Preposition	/biːˈjɒnd/	πέρα από, μετά	beyond a certain age means older than that age. For example, if someone lives beyond the age of 80, they are older than 80		<i>very few people live beyond the age of 100</i>	
card	Noun	/kɑː(r)d/	χαρτιά (τράπουλας)	a card or a playing card is a small piece of cardboard that has numbers or pictures on it, used for playing games. A pack of cards usually has 52 cards in it. If you play cards , you play a game using a pack of cards	play cards a pack/deck of cards deal the cards	<i>do you like playing card games? let's have a game of cards he always cheats when he plays cards it's your turn to deal the cards (give them out to the players at the start of the game) shuffle the cards first (mix them up so that no one knows what order they are in)</i>	
catch	Verb	/kæʃ/	πιάνω	if you catch fish or other animals, you succeed in getting them so that you can kill them and eat them		<i>he didn't catch a single fish all afternoon Dad said he wanted to catch a rabbit for tea</i>	
do	Verb	/duː/	κάνω	if you do something, you become involved in a particular activity. Often, the real meaning is in the name of the activity and do is a general word which just means 'carry out some action'		<i>I do a lot of exercise I'm going to do some gardening this afternoon who's going to do the dishes (wash them) you should do your homework before you have dinner</i>	

explanation	Noun	/ˌɛkspləˈneɪʃən/	εξήγηση	an explanation is a statement that gives information about and reasons for something so that people can understand what it is or why it happened		one <i>explanation</i> is that the family is very important here another <i>explanation</i> suggested the string was too weak see the next chapter for a full <i>explanation</i> what is the <i>explanation</i> for your behaviour? there's a scientific <i>explanation</i> for this	Verb: <i>explain</i>
explorer	Noun	/ɪkˈsplɔːrə(r)/	εξερευνητής	an explorer is someone who goes to places in order to find out about them, especially places that no one has been to before		Columbus, the <i>explorer</i> who discovered America, was Italian the first European <i>explorer</i> came to New Zealand in 1642 the island was named by <i>explorer</i> James Cook Spanish <i>explorers</i> arrived here in 1536	Verb: <i>explore</i> Noun: <i>exploration</i>
go	Verb	/gəʊ/	πηγαίνω, πάω	if you go fishing, go swimming, go dancing, etc., you travel to a place where you do that particular activity		we're going shopping this afternoon Dan's gone swimming, but he'll be home soon shall we go clubbing on Saturday? I haven't been jogging for weeks	
good health	Noun uncount	/gʊd helθ/	καλή υγεία	if someone is in good health , they are fit and well and do not have any illnesses	be in good health	doing yoga will help keep you in good health my grandfather has always enjoyed good health you should eat more fruit for good health	
hiking	Noun	/ˈhaɪkɪŋ/	πεζοπορία	if you go hiking , you walk a long distance in the country for pleasure	go hiking	we went hiking in the mountains in Scotland my hobbies are hiking and playing the piano a hiking holiday	Verb: <i>hike</i> Noun: <i>hiker</i>
karate	Noun	/kəˈrɑːti/	καράτε	karate is a sport that started in Japan, in which two people fight each other using their hands and feet		do you prefer judo or karate? his brother does karate on Tuesday afternoons she went to karate classes for several years	
lifestyle	Noun	/ˈlaɪfˌstɑɪl/	τρόπος ζωής	someone's lifestyle is the way they live, the things they do for work and pleasure, the way they spend their money, etc.	a healthy lifestyle a simple lifestyle an active lifestyle	they're doing less exercise now because of their new lifestyle we lived a simple lifestyle out in the country his lifestyle hasn't changed since he got his new job our job is to encourage a healthy lifestyle for our customers	
nothing	Pronoun	/ˈnʌθɪŋ/	τίποτα	if you do nothing , you do not do anything at all		I spent the afternoon doing nothing she went home because there was nothing to do at the office you can't sit at home all day doing nothing	
surfing	Noun	/ˈsɜː(r)fɪŋ/	σέρφινγκ	surfing is the activity of standing on a flat board and riding on a wave in the sea as it comes onto a beach		it was too cold to go surfing I did a lot of surfing in Cornwall last summer this beach is good for surfing	Noun: <i>surfer</i>
yoga	Noun	/ˈjəʊgə/	γιόγκα	yoga is a system of exercises that help you control your breathing and become fitter and more relaxed		she teaches yoga on Thursday evenings I used to do yoga when I was at university I feel a lot healthier since I started doing yoga	

pp 14-15	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
better	Adjective	/ˈbetə(r)/	καλύτερα	if you feel better , you feel well again after you have been ill, or you start to feel happy and relaxed after you have been working hard or being in a difficult situation	feel better get better	I'll feel better after a cup of tea don't come back to work until you're feeling better he said he felt much better after his holiday you won't get better unless you take the medicine	
feel	Verb	/fiːl/	αισθάνομαι, νιώθω	if you feel like something or feel like doing something, you think you want to do it now, although you might not always want to do it. if you feel that something is true, you believe it is true. If you feel better, you are happier or healthier than you have been recently. What you feel about something are the ideas and beliefs you have about it	feel like (doing) something feel that feel better	I feel like an ice cream she felt like shouting for joy I always felt that table tennis wasn't a serious sport her father felt that it would be disappointing if she didn't go to university you'll feel better after a hot meal drink this - it'll make you feel better how do you feel about nature? Does it interest you?	
feel like	Phrase	/fiːl laɪk/	έχω όρεξη για, έχω διάθεση να	if you feel like doing something, you want to do it. if you feel like something, you want to have it	feel like (doing) something	what do you feel like doing after a long day at work? I feel like a sandwich (I want to eat a sandwich) do you feel like going to the cinema tonight?	
lower	Adjective	/ˈləʊə(r)/	χαμηλότερος, λιγοστεύω	if something is getting lower , it is becoming smaller in number or quantity	get lower	the number of visitors is getting lower every year the level of the water was getting lower	
physical health	Noun	/ˈfɪzɪkəl helθ/	σωματική υγεία	your physical health is the state of your body and whether you are in good condition or not		lack of exercise is having an effect on their physical health he was over 90 but his physical health was still good she was in poor physical health	
relaxed	Adjective	/rɪˈlæksɪd/	χαλαρός, ήρεμος	if you feel relaxed , you are calm and not worrying about work or problems		their contact with nature helped them feel more relaxed everyone was relaxed and enjoyed the party he looked relaxed and happy	Verb: <i>relax</i> Noun: <i>relaxation</i> Adjective: <i>relaxing</i>
that	Conjunction	/ðæt/	ότι	you use that after some verbs to introduce something that describes what you are saying, thinking, or feeling		do you feel that nature is good for us? he didn't think that it was a good film Terry said that he wanted to go home	

pp 16-17	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
abbreviation	Noun	/əˌbrɪːviˈeɪʃ(ə)n/	συντομογραφία	an abbreviation is a short way of writing something using just the first letter of each word, or the first few letters of a word		DOB is an abbreviation for "date of birth" his tweets are full of abbreviations that I don't understand the abbreviations are explained on page 60	
address	Noun	/əˈdres/	διεύθυνση	your address is the number of your house or flat and the name of the street and town where you live		he asked for my address and telephone number have I given you my new address since we moved house? what's your address?	

backache	Noun	/ˈbæketʃ/	οσφυαλγία, πόνος στη μέση	if you have a backache , your back hurts		<i>the bed was really uncomfortable and now I've got backache I've had a really bad backache all day I just wish this backache would go away</i>
contact details	Noun plural	/ˈkɒntækt ˈdiːteɪlz/	στοιχεία επικοινωνίας	your contact details are your address and telephone number where someone can write to you or get in touch with you		<i>can you give me your daytime contact details? (where you are during the day, for example at work) I'm afraid I don't have any contact details for him we will not give contact details of our employees to journalists</i>
cough	Noun	/kɒf/	βήχας	if you have a cough , you cough a lot	a bad cough	<i>he didn't go to school because he had a bad cough I felt all right yesterday but I woke up with a cough this morning she had a bad cough all last week</i> Verb: cough
cough sweet	Noun	/kɒf swiːt/	καραμέλα για τον λαιμό/βήχα	a cough sweet is a small piece of food that contains a small amount of medicine that you suck (keep in your mouth for a while) to help you stop coughing when you have a cough		<i>a packet of cough sweets these cough sweets taste horrible lemon flavour cough sweets</i>
country of origin	Noun	/ˈkʌntri ɒv ˈɒrɪdʒɪn/	χώρα προέλευσης	your country of origin is the country where you were born		<i>I live in Germany, but my country of origin is Turkey his country of origin is India, but he has a British passport after twenty years in the US she decided to return to her country of origin</i>
dependent	Noun	/ˈdʒɛndə(r)/	εξαρτώμενο μέλος	your dependents are people like your children or elderly parents who rely on you to provide their food, clothing and a home		<i>a married man with three dependents how many dependents do you have?</i> Adjective: dependent
earache	Noun	/ˈɪərəetʃ/	ωταλγία, πόνος στο αυτί	if you have earache , you feel pain in an ear or in both ears		<i>I always get an earache after I've been swimming being outside in the cold wind gave him earache my earache kept me awake all night</i>
emergency	Noun	/ɪˈmɜː(r)dʒ(ə)nsi/	έκτακτη ανάγκη, επειγόν	an emergency is a serious or dangerous situation that requires immediate action	in case of emergency	<i>who should we contact in case of emergency? call me on this number if there's an emergency</i>
fill in a form	Phrase	/fɪl ɪn ə fɔːm/	συμπληρώνω έντυπο	if you fill in a form , you write information in spaces on a piece of paper or on a computer screen, for example your name, address, credit card number, etc.		<i>please fill in this form and return it to the hospital I had to fill in a lot of forms to get my new passport</i>
gender	Noun	/ˈdʒɛndə(r)/	φύλο	on a form, where it says gender , you have to write <i>male</i> or <i>female</i> depending on whether you are a man or a woman		
headache	Noun	/ˈhedetʃ/	πονοκέφαλος	if you have a headache , your head hurts, for example because you are ill	a splitting headache	<i>I had a headache so I stayed at home I've got a splitting headache (an extremely painful one) all that loud music gave me a headache she took an aspirin for her headache (to make it better) I get a headache if I drink coffee</i>
ill	Adjective	/ɪl/	άρρωστος	if you are ill , you are not well and have a problem with your health	feel ill be seriously ill	<i>I've been feeling ill all afternoon I was too ill to go to school he was taken ill last night (he suddenly became ill) she's still seriously ill (very ill) in hospital he fell ill and died while he was on holiday</i> Noun: illness
marital status	Noun	/ˈmæɪrtl̩ ˈsteɪtəs/	οικογενειακή κατάσταση	your marital status is whether you are married or not married		<i>what is your marital status? please inform us if there is a change in your marital status your driving licence does not show your marital status</i>
medication	Noun	/ˌmedɪˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	φαρμακευτική αγωγή	medication is the medicine that someone is taking because they are ill or to avoid becoming ill	take medication be on medication	<i>are you on any medication? is he taking any medication? the doctor recommended trying a different kind of medication</i>
medicine	Noun	/ˈmed(ə)s(ə)n/	φάρμακο	medicine is stuff that doctors give to people who are ill to make them better	take medicine	<i>a bottle of medicine he had to take his medicine every morning the doctor gave me some medicine for my headaches this medicine is very strong</i>
next of kin	Noun	/nekst ɒv kɪn/	πλησιέστερος συγγενής	your next of kin is your closest relative, for example your husband or wife if you are married, or your father or mother		<i>police are still looking for the victim's next of kin his mother was listed as his next of kin the next of kin have been informed (the close relatives of someone who has just died have been told about it)</i>
occupation	Noun	/ˌɒkjuːˈpeɪʃ(ə)n/	επάγγελμα	an occupation is a job. This word is used in forms and formal writing		<i>please supply your name, address and occupation what is your occupation?</i>
operation	Noun	/ˌɒpəˈreɪʃ(ə)n/	εγχείρηση, χειρουργική επέμβαση	if someone has an operation , doctors cut into their body in order to repair it or take something out		<i>he had an operation on his knee a minor operation (not very serious) she needed an emergency operation a heart operation the operation was successful</i> Verb: operate
pill	Noun	/pɪl/	χάπι	a pill is a small, solid piece of medicine that you swallow when you are ill to make you better		<i>the doctor gave me some pills for my cough the pills are quite big, so break them in half before you try to swallow them I have to take two pills in the morning and three in the evening these pills will make you sleepy, so you shouldn't drive</i>
place of issue	Noun	/pleɪs ɒv ˈɪʃuː/	τόπος έκδοσης	on a passport, the place of issue refers to the particular passport office which was responsible for preparing the passport and sending it to you		<i>place of issue: Passport Office, Peterborough</i>

postcode	Noun	/ˈpəʊs(t)ˌkaʊd/	ταχυδρομικός κώδικας	a postcode is a short series of numbers and letters at the end of someone's address to help a delivery person find the exact building		<i>I can never remember my postcode all postcodes in Swansea begin with the letters SA the letter got here even though they didn't put the postcode on the envelope</i>	
qualifications	Noun plural	/ˌkwɒlɪfɪˈkeɪʃnz/	προσόντα	your qualifications are the exams you have passed and the courses of study you have successfully completed, for example at university		<i>do you have any qualifications? he left school with no qualifications if you don't get any qualifications, you won't get a good job</i>	Verb: <i>qualify</i> Adjective: <i>qualified</i>
runny nose	Noun	/ˈrʌni nəʊz/	συνάχι, καταρροή	if you have a runny nose , your nose fills with liquid because you are ill		<i>have you got a tissue? I've got a runny nose she woke up with a sore throat and a runny nose I've got a runny nose and I've been coughing all day</i>	
sick	Adjective	/sɪk/	άρρωστος, έχω τάση για εμετό	if you are sick , you are not well and food that you have eaten comes back out of your mouth	feel sick be sick	<i>I need some fresh air – I feel a bit sick that curry made me sick I think I'm going to be sick you'll be sick if you eat any more ice cream</i>	
sore throat	Noun	/sɔː θrəʊt/	πονόλαιμος	if you have a sore throat , your throat (area at the back of your mouth and inside your neck) hurts		<i>I've got a really sore throat she had a runny nose and a sore throat smoking will give you a sore throat</i>	
spouse	Noun	/spaʊs/	σύζυγος	your spouse is your husband or wife		<i>employees could bring their spouses to the company party friends and spouses were welcome his spouse died a year ago</i>	
stomach ache	Noun	/ˈstʌmək eɪk/	στομαχόπονος	if you have a stomach ache , your stomach hurts		<i>you'll get stomach ache if you eat too quickly chocolate always gives me a stomach ache he didn't go to school because he had a bad stomach ache</i>	
surgery	Noun	/ˈsɜː(r)dʒəri/	χειρουργική επέμβαση, χειρέρνηση	surgery is a medical treatment that involves cutting into someone's body in order to repair or take out a part that is diseased or damaged		<i>you may need further surgery she had to have emergency surgery heart surgery brain surgery</i>	
surname	Noun	/ˈsɜː(r)ˌneɪm/	επώνυμο	your surname is the name that everyone in your family has		<i>what's your surname? Elton John's real surname is Dwight she changed her surname when she got married Jones is a very common surname in Wales</i>	
temperature	Noun	/ˈtemprɪtʃə(r)/	πυρετός, θερμοκρασία	if you have a temperature , your body is too hot because you are ill	have a temperature a high temperature take someone's temperature	<i>I've got a temperature and my whole body aches he had a high temperature so his mother kept him off school I felt quite ill, but my temperature was 37, which was normal when I took her temperature (measured it) it was 38.5</i>	

Unit 2 p 21	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
championship	Noun	/ˈtʃæmpɪənʃɪp/	πρωτάθλημα	a championship is an important sports event or competition in which the winner becomes the champion	<i>The Championship is being held in Hawaii this year she won the school tennis championship the first person to win both the British and American championship</i>	Noun: <i>champion</i>
competitor	Noun	/kəmˈpetɪtə(r)/	αντίπαλος, ανταγωνιστής	a competitor is someone who is taking part in a sporting event such as a race, a tennis match, etc.	<i>competitors start by swimming 3.86 kilometres the race had 35 competitors taking part four competitors failed to finish the race competitors have to wear a number on their backs</i>	Verb: <i>compete</i> Noun: <i>competition</i> Adjective: <i>competitive</i>
race	Noun	/reɪs/	αγώνας	a race is a sports event or competition in which you try to go a certain distance faster than the other people in the competition, by running, on a bike, in a racing car, etc.	<i>the 100 metres race who do you think will win the race? the race will start at 2 o'clock</i>	Verb: <i>race</i>
spectator	Noun	/spekˈtɪtə(r)/	θεατής	a spectator is someone who is present in the audience at a public event such as a football match	<i>hundreds of spectators left the stadium before the end of the match the match was watched by over 30,000 spectators spectators are not allowed to record the action on their phones spectators cheered and clapped when Ronaldo scored a goal</i>	

pp 22-23	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
allowed	Adjective	/əˈlaʊd/	επιτρέπεται να κάνω κάτι	if you are allowed to do something, you have someone's permission to do it	<i>it's not allowed to eat during class are we allowed to go swimming at lunchtime? we're not allowed outside after dark</i>	Verb: <i>allow</i>
beard	Noun	/bɪəd/	μούσι, γενειάδα	a beard is the hair growing on the lower part of a man's face, on his chin and up the side of his cheeks	<i>beards have become fashionable again his beard is a different colour from the hair on his head a tall man with black beard I think I'll shave my beard off for the summer</i>	Adjective: <i>bearded</i>
goal	Noun	/ɡəʊl/	γκολ, τέρμα	a goal is when a player succeeds in putting the ball into the net in a game such as football or hockey, or kicking the ball over the bar in American football or rugby	<i>the winning goal was scored in the last minute Harry Kane scored 28 goals this season that was a brilliant goal! we lost by three goals to two how many goals did Vardy score?</i>	
goalkeeper	Noun	/ˈɡəʊlˌkiːpə(r)/	τερματοφύλακας	in football and hockey, the goalkeeper is the player whose job is to stop the other team putting the ball in the goal. In football, the goalkeeper is the only player on a team who can use their hands, and in hockey the goalkeeper is the only person who can use their legs and feet	<i>our goalkeeper dropped the ball and the other team scored Shilton was a great goalkeeper the goalkeeper made a brilliant save (very skilfully stopped the ball going into the net)</i>	

hole	Noun	/həʊl/	τρύπα	a hole is a gap in the ground with an empty space underneath it. In the game of golf, a hole is a small, shallow space in the ground just bigger than a ball, into which players try to hit their golf balls		a nine-hole golf course I took three shots to reach the hole you can see the hole from here because there is a flag in it
match	Noun	/mætʃ/	αγώνας, ματς, παιχνίδι	a match is a sports game played by two people or teams		we watched a football match on TV last night are you going to the match tomorrow? who won the match? we've got a match against Arsenal on Saturday a tennis match a match between Federer and Murray we lost the match yesterday
moustache	Noun	/məʊˈtɑːʃ/	μουστάκι	a moustache is the hair growing above a man's upper lip		he had a thin moustache, brown hair and green eyes he shaved off his moustache before he started his new job in the army, you are allowed to have a moustache, but in the navy, if you have a moustache you must have a beard as well
obligatory	Adjective	/əˈblɪɡət(ə)ri/	υποχρεωτικός	if something is obligatory , you must do it or have it		it's obligatory to wear a seat belt in a moving car cycle helmets are obligatory in most of Australia maths is an obligatory subject at my school (everyone has to do maths) we recommend wearing gloves for this job, but it's not obligatory
pick up	Phrasal verb	/pɪk ʌp/	μαζεύω, σηκώνω	if you pick something up , you lift it up from the place where it is with your hands		the goalkeeper is the only player who can pick up the ball I bent down to pick the money up from the floor she picked up her suitcase and climbed onto the coach be careful how you pick up heavy objects
pitch	Noun	/pɪtʃ/	γήπεδο	a pitch is an area of land where you play games such as football or rugby	a football / rugby / hockey pitch	a football pitch at last, the teams ran onto the pitch the rugby pitch was too wet to play on
player	Noun	/ˈpleɪə(r)/	παίκτης	a player is someone who regularly plays a sport or who is playing a sport at the moment		he was the captain of the team and its best player two of our players got injured last week she's the best player in the team a good football player the players got changed before the match
point	Noun	/pɔɪnt/	βαθμός, πόντος	in sports competitions, a point is a unit of scoring. Usually, the player or team with the most points wins the match		in tennis, you don't need to win every point to win the match we lost by four points (the other team got four more points than we did) you get two points for getting the basketball into the basket
referee	Noun	/ˌrefəˈriː/	διατητής	in some sports, the referee is the person who controls the players and decides if anyone has broken the rules		the referee is wearing green the crowd shouted at the referee the referee sent our captain off (said he/she had broken the rules badly and had to leave the game)
rule	Noun	/ruːl/	κανόνας	rules are instructions that tell you what you are allowed to do and what you are not allowed to do	break the rules against the rules	the rules of football are quite complicated a list of school rules you just have to follow the rules and you won't get into trouble she broke the rules again (did something she was not allowed to do) that's against the rules (not allowed by the rules)
team	Noun	/tiːm/	ομάδα	a team is a group of people who play a sport against another group of people in a sports event such as a football match, hockey match, etc.		who's your favourite football team? I'm captain of the school basketball team there are 11 players in a cricket team my team came third in the championship
throw	Verb	/θrəʊ/	πλύνω	if you throw something, you make it go through the air using a quick action to let it go from your hand	throw something at someone or something	in rugby, you're not allowed to throw the ball forwards the boys were throwing stones into the river how far can you throw a rugby ball? throw the ball to me
time limit	Noun	/taɪm ˈlɪmɪt/	χρονικό όριο, προθεσμία	if an event has a time limit , it must finish by a particular time and not continue after it		there's a time limit of one hour on the match take as long as you need – there's no time limit I had to hurry to finish within the time limit
winner	Noun	/ˈwɪnə(r)/	νικητής	the winner of a competition or game is the player who does better than everyone else who is taking part		the winner will receive \$25,000 the winner of three Olympic gold medals last year's winner is injured and can't compete this year the winners' photographs were printed in the local newspaper

Verb: play

Verb: referee

Noun: throw

Verb: win

Opposites – Noun: loser | Verb: lose

pp 24-25	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
athlete	Noun	/ˈæθliːt/	αθλητής	an athlete is someone who takes part in sports such as running, jumping and throwing. Those sports in general are called athletics		the athletes came out onto the running track we sent a team of 30 athletes to the Olympic Games I was never a good athlete at school Usain Bolt is probably the most famous athlete in the world	Noun: athletics

baseball	Noun	/ˈbeɪsˌbɔːl/	μπέιζμπολ	baseball is a team game, played especially in the USA, Canada and Japan, in which two teams of nine players take turns to try and score points (called runs) by hitting a ball with a round stick and then running round a specially shaped field		<i>a professional baseball player we're going to a baseball game tonight baseball is one of the most popular sports in Canada do you enjoy playing baseball?</i>	
box	Verb	/bɒks/	πυγμαχώ, παίζω μποξ	if you box , you take part in an organised sport that involves fighting against another person while wearing soft gloves		<i>I go to a gym to box once a week she wanted to learn to box properly</i>	Noun: boxing Noun: boxer
chess	Noun uncount	/tʃes/	σκάκι	chess is a game played between two players on a board with 64 squares. Each player has 16 pieces, one of which is called the king. The aim is to move the pieces and force the opponent into a position where his or her king cannot move.	a chess player a chess tournament	<i>she's a very good chess player Wallis won the chess tournament (an event in which lots of people play chess against each other) I learned to play chess when I was eight you need to concentrate a lot to play chess well</i>	
gymnastics	Noun	/dʒɪmˈnæstɪks/	γυμναστική (ρυθμική, ενόργανη)	gymnastics is a sport in which the competitors do different physical activities on the floor and using special equipment		<i>she represented France at gymnastics at the London Olympics gymnastics can be really boring to watch they're showing gymnastics on TV tonight</i>	
hard	Adverb	/hɑː(r)d/	σκληρά	if you work hard , try hard , etc., you use a lot of effort and energy while you are doing something		<i>think hard before you answer you need to try harder if you want to succeed I've got to work harder at my English pronunciation she fought very hard to be elected to parliament</i>	Adjective: hard
runner	Noun	/ˈrʌnə(r)/	δρομέας	a runner is someone who takes part in a running race		<i>the runners lined up at the start of the race Usain Bolt is the fastest runner in the world there were 6 runners in each race</i>	Verb: run
teamwork	Noun uncount	/ˈtiːmˌwɜː(r)k/	ομαδικό πνεύμα, ομαδική δουλειά	teamwork involves several people working together in order to achieve the same aim		<i>an exercise to encourage teamwork competitions are a great lesson in teamwork good teamwork requires good communication we hope to improve our teamwork by getting to know each other better</i>	
pp 26-27							
commentator	Noun	/ˈkɒmənˌteɪtə(r)/	σχολιαστής	a commentator is someone who describes what is happening in a sports event to the people who are watching or listening to it while it is being broadcast on TV or radio		<i>the commentator started shouting with excitement when Mexico scored it's a difficult job being a commentator a commentator has to be able to recognise every player instantly</i>	Verb: commentate Noun: commentary
crazy	Adjective	/ˈkreɪzi/	τρελαίνομαι (από ενθουσιασμό)	if you say that people go crazy , you mean that they get very excited and start behaving in a wild and uncontrolled way		<i>the spectators went crazy everyone went crazy when the goal was scored</i>	
crowd	Noun	/kraʊd/	πλήθος	a crowd is a very large group of people in a place, for example in a shopping centre or watching a sports event		<i>it's a sport that attracts big crowds there was a huge crowd waiting to get in I had to push my way through the crowds of shoppers on Oxford Street a small crowd had gathered outside the church</i>	Adjective: crowded
entertainment	Noun	/ˌentə(r)ˈteɪnmənt/	ψυχαγωγία	entertainment is things that give people pleasure, like films, concerts, television, etc.		<i>a series of concerts and other entertainment the airline offers in-flight entertainment (films you can watch during a plane journey) there was live musical entertainment at the restaurant it's an important centre for culture, entertainment, and leisure</i>	Verb: entertain Noun: entertainer Adjective: entertaining
lie	Verb	/laɪ/	ξαπλώνω, κείτομαι	if you lie on something or lie down , your body is flat and your head is on the same level as your feet	lie on something	<i>As Claudina lies on the floor, Yolanda smiles and waves to the crowd I usually watch TV lying in bed she lay on the grass looking at the sky he lay down and fell asleep Tim lay on the sofa reading a book I'm really tired – I'm going to lie down for half an hour</i>	
mixture	Noun	/ˈmɪkstʃə(r)/	μίγμα, συνδυασμός	a mixture of different things is a lot of them all together	a mixture of things	<i>a mixture of sport, drama and entertainment it's a mixture of fried rice and black beans a strange mixture of old and modern paintings a mixture of different musical styles bread is basically a mixture of flour and water that is then baked stir the mixture of oil and vinegar for a minute</i>	
ring	Noun	/rɪŋ/	ρινγκ	in sports such as boxing and wrestling, the ring is the square area with ropes around it where the boxers or wrestlers fight each other. People sometimes use the ring to refer to the sport itself		<i>after 12 years in the ring he decided to retire (after 12 years as a boxer) the two men approached the ring from opposite ends of the theatre it looks small, but when you're inside it a boxing ring can seem quite big</i>	
scream	Verb	/skriːm/	ουρλιάζω, κραυγή	if someone screams , they shout in a very loud, high voice because they are very excited, or suddenly afraid, or in pain		<i>the crowd were screaming with delight when Bale scored for Wales he screamed loudly the baby started screaming in the middle of the night I could hear screaming downstairs the girls were screaming and laughing don't scream or I'll shoot!</i>	Noun: scream

throw	Verb	/θrəʊ/	ρίχνω, πεττάω	if you throw something or someone, you make them go through the air and onto the ground using your hands		<i>Yolanda threw Claudina on the floor the aim of wrestling is to throw your opponent onto the mat (the covering over the floor) in rugby, you're not allowed to throw the ball forwards the boys were throwing stones into the river</i>	
wave	Verb	/weɪv/	χαιρετώ, κουνάω το χέρι	if you wave , you move your hand from side to side to say goodbye to someone or to indicate that you have seen them	wave at someone wave to someone	<i>she smiled and waved to her fans I waved at him but he didn't see me she waved at me from the other side of the street the queen waved at the crowds from the window of the palace</i>	Noun: wave
wrestling	Noun uncount	/ˈres(ə)lɪŋ/	πάλη	wrestling is a sport in which two people fight each other by holding and pulling each other, but are not allowed to hit or punch each other		<i>I sometimes watch wrestling on TV wrestling is a minority sport (it is not played by very many people) there were four wrestling matches on the programme our school has a good wrestling team</i>	Verb: wrestle Noun: wrestler
pp 28-29	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
advert	Noun	/ˈædvɜː(r)t/	διαφήμιση, αγγελία	an advert is a short piece of text in a newspaper or magazine, often with a picture, or a short film on TV that tries to make people want to buy a particular product or do a particular activity		<i>an advert for the tennis club I saw an advert for it on TV there are too many adverts on TV the great thing about the BBC is that there are no adverts a front page advert in a national newspaper</i>	Verb: advertise Synonym – Noun: advertisement
enthusiasm	Noun uncount	/ɪnˈθjuːzɪ.æzəm/	ενθουσιασμός	enthusiasm is a feeling of lively excitement about something and an eagerness to be involved in it	enthusiasm for something	<i>a pianist with a great enthusiasm for music make sure you express your enthusiasm for the job at the end of the interview enthusiasm is more important than talent in the theatre group I don't share his enthusiasm for camping holidays</i>	Adjective: enthusiastic Adverb: enthusiastically
fit	Adjective	/fɪt/	γυμνασμένος, σε καλή φόρμα	if you are fit , you are healthy and can do physical exercise without becoming tired. If you are not fit , you can get fit if you start to do regular exercise and eat a healthy diet	get fit keep fit	<i>want to get fit? Then join our running club I go to the gym to keep fit I used to be fit I need to get fitter he's not very fit because he doesn't do any exercise she's fit and healthy again after her illness</i>	Noun: fitness Opposite – Adjective: unfit
good	Adjective	/ɡʊd/	καλός	if you are good at something, you are able to do it very well	be good at something	<i>she's very good at drawing if you're good at singing you should join the choir (organised group of singers) I've never been any good at cooking he's really good at learning languages she's got better at maths this term</i>	
headline	Noun	/ˈhed.ɪaɪn/	επικεφαλίδα, τίτλος	a headline is a short piece of text in very big letters at the top of an article in a newspaper		<i>the headline said "Britain votes to leave Europe" the new prime minister is always in the headlines (his or her name is always mentioned) her death made headlines around the world (was such big news that all the newspapers had stories about her)</i>	
important	Adjective	/ɪmˈpɔː(r)t(ə)nt/	σημαντικός	if something is important , it can have a big and serious effect on something		<i>it's very important that you don't arrive late I've got an important message for you they're having an important meeting this afternoon</i>	Noun: importance Adverb: importantly Opposite – Adjective: unimportant
interested	Adjective	/ˈɪntrestɪd/	ενδιαφέρομαι	if you are interested in something, you would like to see more of it or know more about it	be interested in something	<i>I'm very interested in music he wanted to show us his new car but we weren't interested I'm interested in Russian history I can tell you're not interested – you nearly fell asleep!</i>	Verb: interest Adjective: interesting Opposite – Adjective: uninterested
join	Verb	/dʒɔɪn/	γίνομαι μέλος, προσχωρώ, εγγράφομαι	if you join an organisation, you officially become a member of it		<i>I joined the army when I left university she's applied to join the tennis club Estonia joined NATO in 2004 he joined a gym to try to get fit</i>	
membership fee	Noun	/ˈmembəʃɪp fiː/	συνδρομή μέλους, τέλος συνδρομής	a membership fee is the money you pay to be a member of a club		<i>the membership fee is £15 a year I forgot to pay my membership fee this year membership fees are due (must be paid) on 1st April</i>	
notice	Noun	/ˈnəʊtɪs/	ανακοίνωση	a notice is information about something that is put in a public place for people to see		<i>a notice on the door said the shop was closed until 2 o'clock we put a notice about the concert in the shop window there were notices all over the town about the election</i>	
talent	Noun	/ˈtælənt/	ταλέντο	talent is a great skill or ability to do something very well		<i>anyone with talent can make films don't waste your talent joining the army she had an extraordinary talent for singing every student has different natural skills and talents</i>	Adjective: talented
pp 30-31	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
a long way ahead	Phrase	/ə lɒŋ weɪ əˈhed/	πολύ μπροστά, πολύ μακριά	if you are a long way ahead of other people, you are in front of them and there is a big distance between you and them	a long way ahead of someone or something	<i>he finished the race a long way ahead of the others can you see Tom – he's a long way ahead up the hill the mountain peak was still a long way ahead of us</i>	

bless	Verb	/ˈbles/	ευλογώ	if a priest bles ses someone or something, he or she asks God to protect and look after them		<i>a religious man blesses all the people at the start of the event may the Lord bless you and keep you safe God bless you all this Christmas</i>	
celebration	Noun	/ˌseɪləˈbreɪʃ(ə)n/	εορτασμός	if you celebrate , you do something enjoyable to show that a particular day or event or occasion is special. The activity you do is a celebration	a birthday/anniversary celebration a big/small celebration	<i>a birthday celebration the celebrations lasted all day and all night we all joined in the celebrations we organised a big celebration for the opening of the new school the news caused celebrations across the city</i>	Verb: celebrate
display	Noun	/dɪˈspleɪ/	επίδειξη, έκθεση	a display is a public performance or an occasion when something is made available for people to look at	a display of something be on display	<i>a display of paintings by Picasso there were several displays by the local gymnastics club a display of books about gardening there were some lovely photographs on display</i>	Verb: display
fall back	Phrasal verb	/fɔːl bæk/	μένω πίσω	if you fall back in a race, the distance between you and the person in front gets longer		<i>Mukhdalai's horse fell back at one point I started to fall back when the race went uphill she did well for the first six kilometres but then fell back as she got tired</i>	
keep up	Phrasal verb	/kiːp ʌp/	συμβαδίζω, φτάνω	if you keep up with other people in a race, you move at the same speed as them and do not let them get ahead of you		<i>his horse could only keep up for the first mile if I can keep up with the leaders until the last half a kilometre I've got a chance of winning the race I didn't have the energy to keep up with them</i>	
lead	Noun	/liːd/	προβάδισμα	if you are in the lead during a race, you are in front of everyone else. If you take the lead , you go past the person who is in the lead so that you are in the lead	be in the lead take the lead	<i>halfway through the race he was in the lead she took the lead in the last hundred metres and went on to win Hamilton was in the lead from start to finish of the race</i>	Verb: lead
like the wind	Phrase	/laɪk ðə wɪnd/	σαν τον άνεμο	if someone runs, moves, drives, etc. like the wind , they move very fast		<i>Alice ran after him like the wind you need to drive like the wind if you want to get there before three o'clock she jumped on her bike and rode like the wind to then next village</i>	
medal	Noun	/ˈmed(ə)/	μετάλλιο	a medal is a small round metal object that you sometimes get as a prize for winning a sports competition	a gold/silver/bronze medal	<i>in the Olympic Games, the winners receive a gold medal I won a medal at our school sports day she was proud of her silver medal (the prize for coming second) he was disappointed to get only a bronze medal (a prize for coming third)</i>	
pole	Noun	/pəʊl/	στύλος	a pole is a long, thick piece of wood		<i>the horse riders have to pick up poles as they go along the flag hung on a wooden pole the fence was held up by poles every ten metres</i>	
prize	Noun	/praɪz/	βραβείο, έπαθλο	a prize is something that is given to someone who has been successful in a competition or sports event. The winner gets the first prize , and sometimes there is a second prize and a third prize for the people who come second and third	first/second/third prize win a prize	<i>Mukhdalai won the first prize first prize was a cheque for £300 second prize went to the team from Manchester he shared second prize in the chess tournament with a Russian</i>	
proud	Adjective	/praʊd/	περήφανος	if you feel proud of something, you have a feeling of great satisfaction because you have done something well	be proud of something be proud to do something	<i>she was so proud of herself when she passed the exam he's particularly proud of this painting I'm proud to announce that I'm now a grandfather</i>	Adverb: proudly Noun: pride
rich	Adjective	/rɪtʃ/	πλούσιος	if something is very rich in a particular place, or if a place is rich in something, there is a lot of it there	be rich in something	<i>the grass is very rich at this time of year the castle is rich in history (a lot of interesting things have happened there in the past) this area is rich in wildlife (there are a lot of animals, birds, insects, etc.)</i>	
rival	Noun	/ˈraɪv(ə)/	αντίπαλος	your rivals are the people who are trying to be more successful than you in an activity or competition	someone's main/nearest/chief/close st/fiercest rival	<i>Radcliffe finished nearly two minutes ahead of her nearest rival Murray's main rival in the tournament was Federer the two men were bitter rivals (they did not like each other) his closest rival was injured two weeks before the race</i>	Noun: rivalry
rodeo	Noun	/ˈrəʊdiəʊ/	ροντέο	a rodeo is an event where people show their skills at riding wild horses, catching cattle with ropes, etc.		<i>we went to a rodeo when we were in Arizona they have a rodeo there every Friday in August hundreds of people bought tickets for the rodeo</i>	
slow down	Phrasal verb	/sləʊ daʊn/	κόβω ταχύτητα	if you slow down , you start to move more slowly than you have been moving		<i>you need to slow down before going round this corner the runners slowed down after they crossed the finish line slow down – I can't keep up!</i>	
starting point	Noun	/ˈstaːtɪŋ pɔɪnt/	αφετηρία	the starting point of a race is the place where all the competitors wait for the signal to start racing		<i>the riders all left the starting point at top speed all forty runners gathered at the starting point</i>	
Unit 3 p 33	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family	
commute	Verb	/kəˈmjʊːt/	πηγαиноέρχομαι	to commute means to travel regularly to and from work or school every day	commute to/from somewhere commute between places	<i>they were commuting between London and Cambridge I live in Cambridge and commute to London aren't you fed up with commuting every day? it's too far to commute from here to Cardiff</i>	Noun: commute Noun: commuter

ferry	Noun	/ˈferi/	φέριμποτ, οχηματαγωγό	a ferry is a boat or ship that carries passengers regularly from one place to another		<i>the ferry from Dover to Calais takes about 90 minutes we didn't take the ferry this time, instead we used the tunnel there's a ferry to the island every hour the ferry service runs every day except Sunday</i>	
lorry	Noun	/ˈlɒri/	φορτηγό	a lorry is a big vehicle that carries goods by road		<i>his father is a lorry driver the lorry got stuck in a narrow street a lorry crashed this morning on the M25 near Heathrow Airport the lorry in front of us was going very slowly</i>	
on foot	Phrase	/ɒn ˈfʊt/	με τα πόδια, πεζός	if you go somewhere on foot , you walk there rather than go by bike, car or other form of transport		<i>it's easy to get around Paris on foot the restaurant was very close so we went there on foot I go to school on foot it will take half an hour if we go on foot</i>	
pp 34-35	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
carbon emissions	Noun plural	/ˌkɑː(r)bən ɪˈmɪʃ(ə)nɪz/	εκπομπές άνθρακα	carbon emissions are the harmful gases carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide that get into the air when petrol is burnt		<i>we need to reduce carbon emissions by at least 50% global carbon emissions are still far too high air travel is responsible for a lot of our carbon emissions</i>	
container ship	Noun	/kənˈteɪnə(r) ʃɪp/	φορτηγό πλοίο, πλοίο μεταφοράς εμπορευματοκιβωτίων	a container ship is a very large ship that carries goods in containers that can be easily transferred onto lorries		<i>large container ships use a lot of fuel the container ship had a crew (team of people who work on it) of just 12 people there were three container ships in the port it took two days to unload (take everything off) the container ship</i>	
energy	Noun uncount	/ˈenə(r)dʒi/	ενέργεια	energy is things like electricity or gas that you use to make machines work		<i>the washing machine uses a lot of energy a newer washing machine will help you save energy because it's more efficient household energy costs (what you have to pay for your electricity and gas) solar energy (energy that we can get from the sun)</i>	
fuel costs	Noun plural	/ˈfjuːəl kɒsts/	κόστος καυσίμων	fuel costs are all the money that has to be spent on petrol or diesel for a car, lorry, ship, etc.		<i>our fuel costs were very high last year we managed to reduce fuel costs after we replaced the old lorry food prices went up when fuel costs rose</i>	
public transport	Noun	/ˌpʌblɪk ˈtrænsɒ(r)t/	δημόσιες συγκοινωνίες	ordinary people can be referred to as the public. Public transport is buses, trains, etc. which anyone can use if they have a ticket		<i>most people go to work on public transport public transport in London is very expensive despite the snow, public transport is running normally we were encouraged to use public transport</i>	
rush hour	Noun	/rʌʃ ˈaʊə/	ώρα αιχμής	rush hour is the time of day in the morning and evening when there is a lot of traffic and a lot of people on buses and trains because everyone is going to work or school or going home after work or school		<i>I left an hour early to avoid the rush hour the roads were full of rush hour traffic there's a train every ten minutes during the rush hour rush hour starts at four in the afternoon the morning rush hour</i>	
traffic jam	Noun	/ˈtræfɪk dʒæm/	κυκλοφοριακή συμφόρηση, μπουτιλιάρισμα	if there is a traffic jam on a road, vehicles cannot move forwards because there is too much traffic or there is something that is blocking the road		<i>there's a huge traffic jam in the centre of town we were stuck in a traffic jam for hours we were half an hour late because of a traffic jam</i>	
pp 36-37	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
a bit	Comparative modifier	/ə ˈbɪt/	λίγο, λιγάκι	if something or someone is a bit bigger, a bit colder, a bit less intelligent, etc., they have a small amount more or less of that quality than something or someone else		<i>private taxis are a bit cheaper the second exam was a bit less difficult things got a bit more complicated the bus is a bit slower than the train she's a bit taller than her sister</i>	
a little	Comparative modifier	/ə ˈlɪt(ə)/	λίγο	if something or someone is a little bigger, a little colder, a little less intelligent, etc., they have a small amount more of that quality than something or someone else		<i>taxis are a little faster than buses it took a little more effort to get to the top of the hill it will take a little longer to get to Carlisle getting to school is a little easier now that I've got my bike back I was a little less lucky in the second exam</i>	
a lot	Comparative modifier	/ə ˈlɒt/	πολύ	if someone or something is a lot colder, a lot taller, a lot less interesting, etc., they have a large amount more or less of that quality than someone or something else		<i>private cabs are a lot less reliable I'm feeling a lot better now the new version of the song is a lot slower the weather got a lot colder in October</i>	
camel	Noun	/ˈkæm(ə)/	καμήλα	a camel is an animal with four legs, a long neck, and one or two humps (raised parts) on its back. Camels are found in deserts and can go for a long time without drinking water		<i>a camel can travel over 40 kilometres per day actually, a camel's hump stores fat, not water a camel train is a number of camels carrying goods or passengers there are around a million wild camels in Australia today</i>	
convenient	Adjective	/kənˈviːniənt/	βολικός	something that is convenient is easy to use or helps you to do things easily. For example, if a place is convenient for the station, it is near the station so you can get there easily. If it is convenient to do something, then you can do it without any problems because you are not busy with anything else	convenient for something	<i>taxis are a very convenient way to get around London the flat is very convenient for shops and the station (they are very near and easy to get to) the hotel was in the city centre, very convenient for the museums the wide door makes it convenient for getting furniture into the house shopping online is so convenient</i>	Noun: convenience Opposite – Adjective: inconvenient
degree	Noun	/dɪˈɡriː/	βαθμός	a degree is a unit for measuring temperature. At 100 degrees Centigrade, water boils, and at zero degrees Centigrade, water freezes		<i>it's three degrees below freezing outside (three degrees below zero) normal body temperature is about 37 degrees the weather tomorrow will be a few degrees warmer than today</i>	

freeze	Verb	/ˈfriːz/	παγώνω	when something freezes , its temperature falls below 0° C. When liquid freezes , it stops being liquid and becomes solid. When a machine freezes , it stops working properly because the parts cannot move easily		<i>your engine might freeze during the night the water in the lake had started to freeze the water pipes had frozen (water had become solid and could not pass through the pipes)</i>	
frequent	Adjective	/ˈfri.kwənt/	συχνός	something that is frequent happens regularly and often		<i>there is a frequent train service to London the buses are very frequent during the day but stop at 8 o'clock in the evening my uncle was a frequent visitor to the museum high winds have become more frequent over the last 20 years</i>	Adverb: <i>frequently</i>
husky	Noun	/ˈhʌski/	χάσκι	a husky is a strong dog that is often used to pull sledges over snow and ice in cold regions		<i>the sledge was pulled by a team of six huskies huskies are much more useful here than cars or bikes we could hear the huskies barking as they approached</i>	
much	Comparative modifier	/mʌtʃ/	πολύ	if someone or something is much colder, much taller, much less interesting, etc., they have a large amount more or less of that quality than someone or something else		<i>it's much warmer in the kitchen black cabs are much faster because they know the routes his sister was much younger than he was her second film was much less exciting</i>	
punctual	Adjective	/ˈpʌŋktʃʊəl/	συνεπής, στην ώρα του	someone or something that is punctual arrives at the expected time and is not late		<i>the taxis are always very punctual please try and be more punctual this term I was never very punctual for meetings Japanese trains are extremely punctual</i>	Adverb: <i>punctually</i>
reliable	Adjective	/ˈriːləɪəb(ə)l/	αξιόπιστος	if something is reliable , you can trust it and know that it will work well every time. If someone is reliable , you can trust them and know they will do what they need to do or what they promise to do		<i>the trains aren't very reliable (they're often late) an old and not very reliable car private taxis are less reliable than black cabs she's very reliable – if she says she'll do something, then she'll do it a friendly and reliable taxi driver a reliable worker</i>	Adverb: <i>reliably</i> Noun: <i>reliability</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>unreliable</i>
sledge	Noun	/ˈsledʒ/	έλκηθρο	a sledge is an object people use to travel over snow. It has pieces of metal or wood instead of wheels so that it can slide. Some sledges are pulled by dogs called huskies		<i>huskies can pull sledges for hundreds of kilometres the children were outside making a sledge I fell off the sledge half way down the hill</i>	Verb: <i>sledge</i>
traditional	Adjective	/trəˈdɪʃ(ə)nəl/	παραδοσιακός	something that is traditional has existed for a long time and has not changed or become more modern		<i>I enjoy riding in traditional black cabs our furniture is made by hand in the traditional way this was the traditional method of catching fish a group performing traditional Polish dances the restaurant serves traditional Chinese dishes</i>	Noun: <i>tradition</i> Adverb: <i>traditionally</i>

pp 38-39	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
can't afford	Phrase	/ˌkɑːnt əˈfɔː(r)d/	δεν μπορώ, δεν έχω την οικονομική δυνατότητα	if you can't afford something, you do not have enough money to buy it or rent it		<i>they can't afford to buy new electric rickshaws a few of my friends use taxis regularly, but I can't afford to she can't afford a new car I can't afford to buy a flat I could never afford to live in London she could only just afford to pay her rent</i>	
drop off	Phrasal verb	/ˌdrɒp ˈɒf/	αφήνω	if you drop someone off , you let them out of your vehicle when you have taken them somewhere		<i>the driver will drop you off outside your house can you drop me off at the station? where shall I drop you off?</i>	
hand-pulled	Adjective	/ˈhændˌpʊld/	χειροκίνητος	a vehicle that is hand-pulled does not have an engine and moves only when a person pulls it		<i>Kolkata has a lot of hand-pulled rickshaws a hand-pulled mower (machine for cutting grass) in 1890, the local fire engine was a hand-pulled wagon</i>	
passenger	Noun	/ˈpæsɪndʒər/	επιβάτης	a passenger is someone who is travelling on a bus, train, plane etc.	rail/bus/tube/coach passengers	<i>all the passengers were on the plane already the coach can carry 60 passengers most of the passengers got off outside the cinema hundreds of rail passengers were left waiting outside the station</i>	
pedestrian	Noun	/pəˈdestriən/	πεζός	pedestrians are people who are walking in a town or city, and not driving or cycling or riding in buses		<i>crossing the road in Kolkata can be dangerous for pedestrians a pedestrian bridge a pedestrian precinct (an area just for pedestrians, not cars) a pedestrian crossing (where pedestrians can cross the road) better facilities for pedestrians and cyclists</i>	
pick up	Phrasal verb	/ˌpɪk ˈʌp/	παιρνω κάποιον με το αυτοκίνητο	if you pick someone up , you go to where they are and let them into your vehicle so that you can take them where they need to go	pick someone up from somewhere	<i>I've got to pick up my daughter from school I'll pick you up from the airport I've missed the bus – can you come and pick me up? I can pick you up at the station Dad came to pick me up in his van</i>	
politician	Noun	/ˌpɒləˈtɪʃ(ə)n/	πολιτικός	politics is the work of getting power and running a country. People who do this are politicians		<i>people don't always trust politicians she'd been a successful businesswoman before becoming a politician politicians from all parties agreed that the war should end</i>	Noun: <i>politics</i> Adjective: <i>political</i>
rickshaw	Noun	/ˈrɪkˌʃɑː/	ποδήλατο-ταξί, ρίκσο	a rickshaw is a vehicle with two wheels that has a seat for two or three passengers and is pulled by someone on foot		<i>Kolkata has around 2,000 rickshaw drivers we went back to the hotel in a rickshaw rickshaws are not allowed in Islamabad take a taxi or rickshaw to the restaurant I've always wanted a ride in a rickshaw</i>	

symbol	Noun	/ˈsɪmb(ə)l/	σύμβολο	a symbol is a picture or object that is used to represent a particular place, idea, or feeling	a symbol of something	<i>the rickshaw is a famous symbol of Kolkata the national symbol of England is a lion a uniform with the national symbol on the sleeve the ring is a symbol of their love for each other the dove (a kind of bird) is a symbol of peace</i>	Verb: symbolise Adjective: symbolic
way of life	Noun uncount	/weɪ əv ˈlaɪf/	τρόπος ζωής	someone's way of life is the way in which they live, including all the things that they usually do and that are typical of them and the group or society they belong to		<i>if the rickshaws disappear, it will be the end of their way of life their traditional way of life is disappearing fast a way of life that has hardly changed for the last five hundred years our whole way of life is threatened (likely to be changed in a bad way) by the new airport</i>	
pp 40-41	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
aisle	Noun	/aɪl/	διάδρομος	on a train or plane, the aisle is the long, narrow area along the middle that passengers walk down to get to their seats. An aisle seat is one that is next to the aisle and not next to the window		<i>they only had aisle seats left I'd prefer an aisle seat if there's one available</i>	
apologise	Verb	/əˈpɒlədʒaɪz/	ζητώ συγγνώμη	if you apologise , you say that you are sorry for something bad that has happened or something wrong that you have done or said	apologise for (doing) something apologise to someone	<i>we were both very angry and I didn't want to be the first to apologise I apologise for being so rude earlier Katie later deleted the tweet and apologised she apologised to me once she realised what she had done</i>	Noun: apology Adjective: apologetic
arrivals area	Noun	/əˈraɪv(ə)lz ˌeəriə/	χώρος/αίθουσα αφίξεων	at an airport, the arrivals area is where passengers finally come out after they have left the plane, been through passport control and got their luggage		<i>Mum and Dad were in the arrivals area waiting for me I'll see you in the arrivals area – have a good flight! there's a taxi rank just outside the arrivals area</i>	
book	Verb	/bʊk/	κάνω κράτηση	if you book something, you arrange to have it or use it at a particular time in the future		<i>I booked a flight to Rome I'd like to book a table for four you can book your tickets by phone or online the restaurant gets busy, so you need to book it's a busy train so I suggest you book a seat</i>	Noun: booking
change	Noun uncount	/tʃeɪndʒ/	ρέστα	change is the money that a shop assistant gives back to you when you have handed over more money than you need to pay. For example, if you are buying a newspaper that costs £1.80 and you give the shopkeeper £2, he or she will give you 20p change		<i>I left the shop and forgot to wait for my change are you sure you've given me enough change? I gave you a ten pound note she gave me seven pounds change all in coins!</i>	
check in	Phrasal verb	/ˈtʃek ˌɪn/	κάνω check-in	if you check in at a hotel or airport, you give your personal details and show tickets, etc. so that you can use the hotel or travel on the flight. If you check your bags in at an airport, you leave your bags at a particular place so that they can be put into the luggage area of the plane		<i>if you check in online, it will save time at the airport you must check in at least an hour before you fly how many bags are you checking in? we'll go and check in at our hotel before we go to the restaurant guests may check in between 3 pm and 9 pm</i>	Noun: check-in Opposite – Verb: check out
fare	Noun	/feə/	κόμιστρο, εισιτήριο	the fare is the amount of money you have to pay for a particular journey on public transport or in a taxi	bus/train/air fare one-way/return fare standard/second class/first class fare taxi/cab fare	<i>train fares have just gone up again the taxi fare to the hotel the bus fares here are quite cheap complaints about high fares the return fare to New York is £475 the normal metro fare in Moscow is 50 roubles</i>	
first class	Adjective	/ˈfɜː(r)st ˈklaːs/	πρώτη θέση	on a train or plane, the most expensive seats are first class		<i>I wish I could afford to travel first class a first class ticket to Glasgow, please</i>	
gate	Noun	/geɪt/	πύλη	a gate is the place in an airport where you get onto a plane		<i>our plane was waiting at gate 6 please go to the gate now as the plane is ready for boarding (for passengers to get on) they haven't announced which gate we're leaving from yet</i>	
rank	Noun	/ræŋk/	πίεσσα	a rank is a place where taxis wait for customers, for example outside a station	a taxi/cab rank	<i>there were several taxis at the rank you should get a taxi from the rank outside the station there's a taxi rank at the airport</i>	
receipt	Noun	/rɪˈsiːt/	απόδειξη	a receipt is a piece of paper that shows the amount of money that you have paid for something, and proves that you have paid		<i>I asked the taxi driver for a receipt have you got a receipt and the box? you need to keep your receipt can I have a receipt, please? I forgot to get a receipt so I can't take it back an old-fashioned shop where they write the receipts with a pen</i>	
return	Adjective	/rɪˈtsː(r)n/	επιστροφή, μετ' επιστροφής	a return , or a return ticket , is a ticket to go somewhere and come back again. If the ticket does not allow you to come back, it is called a single or a single ticket		<i>it's cheaper to get a return than two singles a return ticket to Norwich, please I bought a return ticket to Paris</i>	
second class	Adjective	/ˌsekənd ˈklaːs/	δεύτερη θέση, οικονομική θέση	on a train or plane, the most expensive seats are first class, and cheaper seats are second class		<i>a second class return to Glasgow the second class carriage was full</i>	
single	Adjective	/ˈsɪŋɡ(ə)l/	απλό εισιτήριο	a single , or a single ticket , is a ticket to go somewhere in one direction only. If the ticket allows you to come back, it is called a return or a return ticket		<i>a single to Dundee, please two singles to Leicester it's cheaper to get a return than to get two singles</i>	
stuck in traffic	Phrase	/ˌstʌk ɪn ˈtræfɪk/	κολλάω στην κίνηση	if you are stuck in traffic , you are in a car or bus that is moving very slowly or not moving at all because there is too much traffic on the road		<i>Stuck in traffic – will be at least an hour late we got stuck in traffic as soon as we came into London he spent two hours stuck in traffic on the M25</i>	

suggest	Verb	/səˈdʒest/	προτείνω	if you suggest something, you describe a plan or possibility for someone to consider	<i>I suggest we give up and go home he suggested meeting outside the theatre at 7 what do you suggest we do now? can anyone suggest an answer to our problem?</i>	Noun: suggestion
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window	Noun	/ˈwɪndəʊ/	παράθυρο	on a train or plane, a window seat is one that is next to the window	<i>do you prefer window or aisle? I managed to get a window seat you sit in the window, I'll sit in the middle (in a row of three seats)</i>	
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pp 42-43	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
enormous	Adjective	/ɪˈnɔː(r)məs/	τεράστιος, πελώριος	something that is enormous is very big		<i>the population of India is enormous it was the most enormous dog I'd ever seen we had an enormous meal at my grandmother's house they have an enormous number of books in their house</i>	
good condition	Noun	/ˌɡʊd kənˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	καλή κατάσταση	if something is in good condition , it looks like it did when it was new and is not damaged or broken		<i>it's ten years old but still in good condition the outside of the house wasn't in a very good condition it was an old car, but in very good condition</i>	Opposite – Noun: <i>bad condition</i>
impressive	Adjective	/ɪmˈpresɪv/	εντυπωσιακός	something that is impressive seems very good and makes you admire it		<i>the organisation of the whole event was very impressive his piano playing was really impressive an impressive achievement the view from the hotel towards the Tower of London was impressive</i>	Adverb: <i>impressively</i> Verb: <i>impress</i>
miniature	Noun	/ˈmɪniətʃər/	μικρογραφία, μινιατούρα	a miniature is something that is very small	a miniature of something	<i>a toy train that is a miniature of the real thing at the age of seven he was a miniature of his father her grandfather had been a painter of miniatures (very small and detailed paintings)</i>	Adjective: <i>miniature</i>
railway track	Noun	/ˈreɪlweɪ træk/	σιδηροδρομική γραμμή	a railway track is the road that trains travel along, having rails on either side to guide the train wheels		<i>there are over 38,000 miles of railway track in India you must keep away from the railway track when there's a train coming it took twenty years to lay the railway track across the country the railway track was flooded in the storm</i>	
rural	Adjective	/ˈrʊərəl/	αγροτικός, της υπαίθρου	something that is rural is in the countryside or connected to the countryside		<i>I live in a rural village in many rural areas there are no bus services only 5% of the rural population had been to university we need to encourage rural development it used to be a rural village, but now it's part of London</i>	
stressful	Adjective	/ˈstresf(ə)l/	αγχωτικός, κάτι που προκαλεί άγχος, ψυχοφθόρος	something that is stressful makes you very worried and stops you being able to relax	a stressful experience / time / situation	<i>I had a stressful day at work the job interview was very stressful a stressful job moving house is a very stressful experience try to avoid stressful situations</i>	Noun: <i>stress</i> Adjective: <i>stressed</i>
workforce	Noun	/ˈwɜː(r)kˌfɔː(r)s/	εργατικό δυναμικό	the workforce is all the people who work for a particular company		<i>our company has a workforce of 500 a happy workforce will produce more goods our workforce is getting older</i>	

Unit 4 p 45	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
achievement	Noun	/əˈtʃiːvmənt/	επίτευγμα, κατόρθωμα	an achievement is something good that you have done, usually after a lot of time and effort	a sense of achievement an impressive/remarkable/o utstanding achievement	<i>reaching the cave was probably my biggest achievement congratulations, it's a remarkable achievement winning this tournament is her greatest achievement they were impressed with his academic achievements completing the course gave me a real sense of achievement</i>	Verb: <i>achieve</i>
caver	Noun	/ˈkeɪvə/	σπηλαιολόγος	a caver is someone who goes into caves under the ground as a sport		<i>I always go with other cavers, never alone his sister is an experienced caver a team of cavers spent a week in the area one of the cavers was stuck in an underground tunnel</i>	Noun: <i>caving</i>
challenge	Noun	/ˈtʃæləndʒ/	πρόκληση	a challenge is something difficult which you want to try and do	set (someone) a challenge rise to the challenge	<i>every cave gives you a new challenge we want to set our readers a challenge climbing this mountain will be a real challenge my job's become boring – I need a new challenge do you enjoy a challenge? teachers have to provide a challenge for their students the orchestra rose to the challenge of Schubert's 9th symphony (they played a difficult piece of music very well)</i>	Verb: <i>challenge</i> Adjective: <i>challenging</i>
crazy	Adjective	/ˈkreɪzi/	τρελός	someone who is crazy does silly or dangerous things		<i>my colleagues all think I'm crazy you'd be crazy to jump off the bridge in the dark our neighbours are crazy – they're always buying new furniture that's a crazy idea!</i>	
dangerous	Adjective	/ˈdeɪndʒərəs/	επικίνδυνος	something that is dangerous might cause damage or harm to someone		<i>caving is a dangerous sport texting while you're driving is really dangerous riding a motorbike can be dangerous if you're not careful the zoo has a number of dangerous animals working underground is both difficult and dangerous</i>	Adverb: <i>dangerously</i> Noun: <i>danger</i>

risk	Noun	/rɪsk/	κίνδυνος, παίρνω το ρίσκο	if you take a risk , you do something which you hope will succeed, although you know it will be bad for you if it does not succeed	take a risk run a risk	<i>sometimes you have to take a risk when you go caving I'm not running any more risks for you it was a risk, but it paid off (it was a success) he refused to join in, saying the risk was too big</i>	Verb: risk Adjective: risky
pp 46-47	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
abroad	Adverb	/əˈbrɔːd/	εξωτερικό	if you go abroad , you go from your country to a different country. If you live abroad , you live in a country that is not your own		<i>she went abroad to work we have holidays abroad every June I worked abroad for a few years you'll need your passport if you're going abroad she spent a year abroad as part of her university French course about 5 million British people live abroad now</i>	
ambition	Noun	/æmˈbɪʃ(ə)n/	φιλοδοξία	your ambition is a particular thing you want to achieve, or a strong wish to become successful at what you do	an ambition to do something realise/fulfil an ambition	<i>she had an ambition to become a cyclist her ambition was to become a doctor she was determined to fulfil her ambition of playing professional soccer her ambitions to enter politics he realised a lifelong ambition by meeting the queen</i>	Adjective: ambitious Opposite – Adjective: unambitious
architecture	Noun uncount	/ˈɑː(r)kɪˌtektʃə(r)/	αρχιτεκτονική	architecture is the work involved in planning and designing buildings		<i>he studied architecture in Tehran it takes five years to get a degree in architecture you need to be able to draw well to do architecture</i>	Noun: architect
born	Verb	/bɔː(r)n/	γεννιέμαι, γεννημένος	when someone is born , they come out of their mother's body at the beginning of their life and start to be alive		<i>she was born in Turkey in 1997 where were you born? my grandfather died before I was born you can't be president of the United States unless you were born in the United States</i>	
die	Verb	/daɪ/	πεθαίνω	when a person or animal dies , they stop being alive and their life ends		<i>her parents died when she was young Churchill died in 1965 when did he die? she died after a long illness millions died in World War Two my grandfather died last year he died from cancer she died suddenly last week</i>	
earthquake	Noun	/ˈɜː(r)θˌkwetk/	σεισμός	an earthquake is a very powerful movement of the ground that causes damage to buildings, roads, bridges, etc.		<i>there was a terrible earthquake in Nepal that year the hotel collapsed (fell to the ground) in the earthquake the building was designed to be able to survive an earthquake 2,000 people lost their homes in the earthquake</i>	
enter	Verb	/ˈentə(r)/	συμμετέχω	if you enter a competition, you become one of the people who are competing in it	enter for something	<i>they entered more races in Pakistan and other countries I'm going to enter for the London marathon this year you have to be over 18 to enter the event our club is entering for the national cricket championship</i>	Noun: entry
mountain guide	Noun	/ˈmaʊntɪn gaɪd/	οδηγός ορειβάσις	a mountain guide is someone who helps climbers on difficult and dangerous mountains. Mountain guides are often people who grew up in the area and know the mountains very well		<i>she worked as a mountain guide near her village Tenzing Norgay was the mountain guide who went up Mount Everest with Edmund Hillary in 1953 our mountain guide said it was too dangerous to carry on our mountain guide met us at the base camp (the place where we started to go up the mountain)</i>	
so	Conjunctio n	/səʊ/	γι' αυτό, έτσι	you use so to introduce a reason why something happens		<i>he didn't want to stay there, so he decided to go and work abroad it was raining, so I took an umbrella Jack changed his job, so we sold the house and moved to Edinburgh I didn't have enough money for the bus, so I walked home</i>	
study	Verb	/ˈstʌdi/	μελετώ	if you study , you learn about something in detail at school or university	study for something	<i>he studied architecture what are you studying this year? I'm studying for my music exams she worked in a restaurant every lunchtime and studied every evening</i>	Noun: studies
voluntary work	Noun	/ˈvɒləntəri wɜːk/	εθελοντική εργασία	voluntary work is work that you choose to do to help other people, and for which you do not get paid, or get paid only a very small amount		<i>she is famous for her voluntary work I spent two years in Nigeria doing voluntary work voluntary work will be a very good experience for you</i>	
pp 48-49	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
accident	Noun	/ˈæksɪd(ə)nt/	ατύχημα	an accident is something bad that happens to someone, and that was not planned but happens by chance	have an accident do something by accident	<i>he had a serious accident at work she broke her leg in an accident a car accident be careful – I don't want you to have an accident on the icy roads I'm sorry I broke the vase, it was an accident I fell in the river by accident</i>	Adjective: accidental Adverb: accidentally
bone	Noun	/bəʊn/	οστό	bones are the hard parts that form the skeleton (frame) of a human's or animal's body		<i>I've broken at least four different bones in the last ten years broken bones usually take about six weeks to heal (become better) the dog swallowed a chicken bone an adult human body has 206 bones your longest bone is your femur (the bone between your hip and your knee)</i>	

break	Verb	/breɪk/	σπάζω	if you break a bone in your body, you damage it very badly and it cracks or splits		<i>Simpson fell and broke his knee I think I've broken my arm she broke a leg when she went skiing Walters had to go to hospital when he broke his foot</i>	Adjective: <i>broken</i> Noun: <i>break</i>
camp	Noun	/kæmp/	κατασκήνωση	a camp is a place out in the countryside where you stay in tents		<i>they spent a pleasant evening around the camp fire at nine o'clock we pitched camp (put up tents and made the camp ready) our camp was a long way from the road</i>	verb: <i>camp</i> Noun: <i>camping</i>
close	Adjective	/klaʊs/	στενός, κοντινός	a close friend is someone who is a very good friend		<i>two of my closest friends have moved to Germany I never made any close friends at university although he lives in New York now, we're still very close</i>	
crawl	Verb	/kroʊl/	μπουσουλάω, έρπω	if you crawl , you move along the ground on your hands and knees		<i>Simpson was still alive and started to crawl towards the camp babies learn to crawl at about six months old I managed to crawl to the phone we had to crawl through the entrance to the tent</i>	
cut	Verb	/kʌt/	κόβω	if you cut something, you use a knife or other sharp instrument to break the surface and separate it into two or more pieces		<i>Yates decided to cut the rope he cut some bread cut the cake in half I used a sharp knife to cut eight slices of meat</i>	
experienced	Adjective	/ɪkˈspɪəriənst/	έμπειρος, πεπειραμένος	if you are experienced at something, you have done it a lot and can do it well, and you also know a lot about it	highly experienced	<i>she's an experienced teacher Simpson and Yates were very experienced climbers the team is led by a highly (very) experienced doctor our experienced staff are ready to help with any problems you might have</i>	Noun: <i>experience</i>
fall in love	Phrase	/fɔːl ɪn lʌv/	ερωτεύομαι	if someone falls in love , they start being in love with someone else	fall in love with someone	<i>he fell in love with her as soon as he first met her they soon fell in love by the end of the second week, they realised they had fallen in love my parents fell in love when my dad was in hospital</i>	
friendly	Adjective	/ˈfren(d)li/	φιλικός	if someone is friendly , they talk to you and are very nice to you	be friendly towards someone	<i>the other students are all very friendly our neighbours are not very friendly a friendly taxi driver everyone was very friendly towards me he gave me a friendly smile a friendly wave</i>	Opposite – Adjective: <i>unfriendly</i>
hard-working	Adjective	/hɑːdˈwɜːkɪŋ/	εργατικός, σκληρά εργαζόμενος	someone who is hard-working works very hard and uses a lot of effort in what they do		<i>the manager was a hard-working woman aged about 30 he's very hard-working and always stays late if necessary she's so hard-working and always gets good exam results</i>	
intelligent	Adjective	/ɪnˈtelɪdʒ(ə)nt/	έξυπνος, ευφυής	someone who is intelligent is good at thinking clearly and understanding things		<i>everyone in her family was very intelligent his parents were educated and intelligent people John's an intelligent pupil but he doesn't always concentrate Gill is the most intelligent person in my class</i>	Noun: <i>intelligence</i>
kind	Adjective	/kaɪnd/	ευγενικός, καλός	someone who is kind is generous and helpful to other people	be kind of someone	<i>you've been very kind and helpful she was one of the kindest people I ever met thank you, that's very kind of you she sent us some flowers. How kind! it was kind of him to phone on your birthday</i>	Noun: <i>kindness</i>
patient	Adjective	/ˈpeɪʃ(ə)nt/	υπομονетικός	someone who is patient is able to stay calm when something takes a long time, and does not become angry or upset	be patient with someone or something	<i>no one in my family is patient thanks for waiting, you've been very patient the teacher was so patient and helpful Jack is always very patient with the children just be patient. It won't be much longer</i>	Adverb: <i>patiently</i> Noun: <i>patience</i> Opposites – Adjective: <i>impatient</i> Adverb: <i>impatiently</i> Noun: <i>impatience</i>
positive	Adjective	/ˈpɒzətɪv/	θετικός, αισιόδοξος	if you are positive , you believe you can be in a good situation and that you will succeed, and you do not think about any bad possibilities		<i>he's a very positive sort of person he stayed positive even after he failed the first exam everyone who works here has a really positive attitude she was always smiling, positive, and hard-working I feel very positive about the future</i>	Adverb: <i>positively</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>negative</i>
rope	Noun	/rəʊp/	σχοινί	a rope is a thick length of string made by twisting together several lengths of string to make it stronger and thicker		<i>Yates used a rope to lower Simpson down the mountain he fastened the rope around my body make sure the rope is attached securely it's too dangerous to climb here without using ropes</i>	
tent	Noun	/tent/	σκηνή	a tent is a sort of building made of cloth that you can fold up and take with you when you travel somewhere. You sleep in a tent when you go camping		<i>it took nearly an hour to put up the tent it was cold in the tent the tent fell down during the night we took the tent down in the morning</i>	
pp 50-51	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family	

answer	Noun	/ˈɑːnsə/	απάντηση	an answer is a response to a question in a test, puzzle or quiz. If the answer is correct, it is the right answer . If it is not correct, it is a wrong answer	a right/wrong answer	<i>the answers are printed on page 47 have you found the answer yet? don't tell me the answer – I want to work it out myself check the answers at the back of the book that's the wrong answer how many of you got the right answer?</i>	Verb: answer
crossword	Noun	/ˈkrɒsˌwɜː(r)d/	σταυρόλεξο	a crossword is a word game in which you have to write the answers to questions (called clues) into boxes in a big square. Some of the answers are written from left to right and some are written from top to bottom. Crosswords appear every day in some newspapers	do a crossword solve a crossword	<i>I do the crossword every morning on the train the crossword today is very difficult I took a book of crosswords on holiday in case it rained a lot she solved (got all the answers right) the crossword in less than ten minutes</i>	
cube	Noun	/kjuːb/	κύβος	a cube is a solid object with six square faces all the same size – a top, a bottom and four sides		<i>a cube of sugar the building was a large cube with windows on three sides</i>	Adjective: cubic
evidence	Noun uncount	/ˈevɪd(ə)ns/	απόδειξη	evidence is facts that support an idea or prove that something is true	evidence of something evidence that evidence against someone hard evidence	<i>the police don't have enough evidence to arrest him there was no evidence of any criminal activity there was no evidence against him (no facts to suggest he was guilty) there's some evidence that the situation is improving the report provided hard (very definite) evidence that climate change is really happening</i>	
geometry	Noun uncount	/dʒɪˈɒmɪtri/	γεωμετρία	geometry is the branch of maths that deals with shapes, lines and angles and their relationships to each other		<i>we started learning geometry last year the Greek mathematician Euclid is considered to be the father of geometry (the person who first made it a subject of study)</i>	Adjective: geometric or geometrical
memorize	Verb	/ˈmeməraɪz/	απομνημονεύω	if you memorize something, you look at it carefully for a while so that you can repeat it again without looking at it		<i>I have to memorize a poem for homework tonight she tried to memorize her speech so that she wouldn't have to read it out as you get older, it gets harder to memorize things</i>	Noun: memory
player	Noun	/ˈpleɪə/	παίκτης	a player is someone who takes part in a sports event such as a football match or a tennis match		<i>Ronaldo is the most famous football player in the world she's a very good tennis player the players were hot and muddy when they came off the pitch he nearly had a fight with a player from the other team</i>	Verb: play
problem	Noun	/ˈprɒbləm/	πρόβλημα	a problem is a difficult question that is hard to answer, or a situation or task that needs a lot of thought	solve a problem	<i>Professor Rubik spent over a month solving his own problem the answer to the problem was not obvious the problem you have to solve is how to get three chairs into this small space</i>	
puzzle	Noun	/ˈpʌz(ə)l/	παζλ, γρίφος	a puzzle is a question or problem that is quite difficult to find the answer to	solve a puzzle	<i>there's more than one answer to the puzzle scientists think that doing puzzles can improve people's memory you've got half an hour to try and solve (find the answer to) the puzzle</i>	
quiz	Noun	/kwɪz/	κουίζ, παιχνίδι γνώσεων, διαγωνίσμα	a quiz is a set of questions that you have to answer in a competition or a game		<i>did you see that quiz about capital cities of the world? an interactive quiz (one online which changes depending on the answers you give) a general knowledge quiz take our free quiz now to discover what sort of personality you have</i>	
score	Noun	/skoː/	βαθμολογία, σκορ	the score is the number of points or goals that a player or team has got in a match	final score	<i>what's the score? the score at half-time (when the match stops for a while halfway through) was 2-1 to Spurs the final score (the score at the end of the match) was 4-1</i>	Verb: score Noun: scorer
solution	Noun	/səˈluːʃən/	λύση	the solution to a problem or puzzle is the answer to it		<i>the solution to the crossword is on page 47 I still can't find a solution I'll tell you the solution next week</i>	Verb: solve
test	Verb	/test/	εξετάζω	to test someone means to make them answer a set of questions in order to find out how much they know about a subject	test someone on something	<i>Mr Wilkins is going to test us on Friday can you test me on my history? (ask me a few questions to check if I've remembered enough) we were tested twice a week in maths</i>	Noun: test
toy	Noun	/tɔɪ/	παιχνίδι	a toy is an object that children play with		<i>a wooden toy the toy section of a department store children have so many toys these days a toy cupboard (where children's toys are kept) the children were playing with their toys you have to learn to share your toys a toy car a toy shop (a shop that sells toys) Rubik's cube became one of the most popular toys in history</i>	

pp 52-53	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
alive	Adjective	/əˈlaɪv/	ζωντανός	someone who is alive is still living and has not died yet		<i>luckily, they were still alive she's alive and well and living in Glassop are your parents still alive? he was still alive when he got to the hospital doctors worked hard to keep him alive</i>	Opposite – Adjective: dead

calm	Adjective	/kɑ:m/	ήρεμος	if the sea or the weather is calm , there is not much wind and no rain, and it is quite peaceful	<i>the sea was calm as we left Southampton the weather this morning was calm and dry, but the rain started after lunch spring here is usually cool and fairly calm</i>	Verb: <i>calm</i>
campsite	Noun	/ˈkæmp.saɪt/	κάμπινγκ, χώρος κατασκήνωσης	a campsite is a place where people are allowed to camp in tents	<i>can we make a fire on the campsite? we found a wonderful campsite by the edge of the lake the campsite opens at the end of March there were no facilities at the campsite it was dark when we got to the campsite</i>	
dead	Adjective	/ded/	νεκρός	someone who is dead has stopped being alive	<i>everyone thought the boys were dead my grandparents are all dead we don't know if he's alive or dead he was dead by the time they got to the hospital a dead body the policeman told us my uncle was dead</i>	Opposite – Adjective: <i>alive</i>
distance	Noun	/ˈdɪstəns/	απόσταση	the distance between two places is the amount of space between them. If something is in the distance , you can see it or hear it, but it is a long way from where you are	<i>we could see a small boat in the distance I could see some people in the distance a church bell was ringing in the distance in the distance, I could hear the sound of children playing</i>	Adjective: <i>distant</i>
islander	Noun	/ˈaɪləndə(r)/	νησιώτης	an islander is a person who lives on a particular island	<i>the islanders went out to look for the boys the islanders earn money by fishing most of the islanders here speak English</i>	Noun: <i>island</i>
lucky	Adjective	/ˈlʌki/	τυχερός	if you are lucky , something good happens to you by chance	<i>I was lucky and got a job very quickly some people are so lucky! you're very lucky living in such a nice house we were lucky that it didn't rain</i>	Noun: <i>luck</i> Adverb: <i>luckily</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>unlucky</i>
mechanic	Noun	/mɪˈkænɪk/	μηχανικός	a mechanic is someone who is skilled in dealing with engines, and who can look after them and mend them when they go wrong	<i>we found a garage where a mechanic fixed the problem he tried to get a job as a mechanic after working for a few years as a mechanic, I decided to study engineering at university</i>	
sign	Noun	/saɪn/	σημάδι	if there is no sign of someone or something, they cannot be seen and no one knows where they are	<i>there was no sign of the boys he went outside but couldn't see any sign of the horses there was no sign of the boat on the lake</i>	

pp 54-55	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
brush	Verb	/brʌʃ/	βούρτσά	a brush is an object with thin, stiff pieces of plastic, wire, or hair which you use to clean things, paint things, or make your hair tidy. If you brush something, you clean it or tidy it using a brush		<i>I got up and brushed my teeth I didn't have time to brush my hair Harold brushed the dirt off his coat</i>	Noun: <i>brush</i>
current	Noun	/ˈkʌrənt/	ρεύμα, ροή νερού	the current of a river is the steady movement of the water in a particular direction		<i>the current was very strong here it was hard work swimming against the current she was pulled towards the bridge by the powerful current</i>	
fit in	Phrasal verb	/fɪt ɪn/	χωράω, βρίσκω χώρο	if you fit something in , you make time or space for it so that it can happen or find a place somewhere		<i>the idea was to fit in as much as we possibly could into 24 hours we could fit in another game of tennis if you like we were so busy in Paris we couldn't fit in a visit to the Arc de Triomphe</i>	
hire	Verb	/ˈhaɪə(r)/	ενοικιάζω	if you hire something, you pay to use it for a short time and then give it back		<i>we had to hire a van to get the wardrobe home we hired a car for a week let's hire a boat for the day we hired a minibus to take the family to Blackpool</i>	Noun: <i>hire</i>
make it	Phrase	/meɪk ɪt/	τα καταφέρνω, φτάνω	if you make it , you successfully arrive somewhere after a difficult journey		<i>we finally made it onto the top of the mountain we made it to the airport in time for our flight if the train's late we won't make it for the start of the meeting</i>	
slap	Verb	/slæp/	χαστουκίζω, χτυπάω	if you slap something or someone, you hit them quite hard with the flat part of your hand		<i>Al slapped the wall my parents never slapped us when we were children she was so angry she slapped my face</i>	Noun: <i>slap</i>
trail	Noun	/treɪl/	μονοπάτι	a trail is a rough path that goes through wild countryside or through woods		<i>we followed the trail towards the river the trail stopped at the edge of a cliff we could see that someone had been down the trail before us</i>	

Unit 5 p 57	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
cardboard	Noun uncount	/ˈkɑ:(r)d.bɔ:(r)d/	χαρτόνι	cardboard is very thick, stiff paper used to make boxes		<i>a cardboard box we can recycle cardboard here but not plastic bottles cardboard won't burn easily when it's wet he used cardboard to make a model ship</i>	
dictionary	Noun	/ˈdɪkʃən(ə)ni/	λεξικό	a dictionary is a book or website or app which tells you what words mean		<i>an online dictionary look it up in your dictionary a bilingual dictionary (that tells you what a word in one language means in another language) it takes a long time to write a dictionary you can't take a dictionary into the exam room</i>	
glass	Noun uncount	/glɑ:s/	γυαλί	glass is a solid material that lets light through it, and that is used to make windows, mirrors, and objects such as bottles and containers for drinking out of		<i>put the jam in a clean glass jar a necklace made of coloured glass the kitchen floor was covered in broken glass a glass bowl</i>	

household appliance	Noun	/ˈhaʊshəʊld əˈplaɪəns/	οικιακή συσκευή	a household appliance is a piece of electrical equipment such as a vacuum cleaner or a washing machine		<i>a shop selling a range of household appliances turn off household appliances to save electricity most household appliances these days have little computers inside them</i>	
leather	Noun uncount	/ˈleðə(r)/	δέρμα	leather is the outside skin of an animal such as a cow which is used as a material to make clothes, belts, bags, etc.		<i>a pair of leather shoes a leather jacket I don't eat meat and I don't wear leather it's made of leather a leather handbag</i>	
metal	Noun	/ˈmet(ə)/	μέταλλο	metal is a solid, hard material such as iron, steel, or gold		<i>the box had a metal lid we use plastic instead of metal because it's not so expensive the bed was made of metal</i>	
mobile phone	Noun	/ˈməʊbaɪl fəʊn/	κινητό τηλέφωνο	a mobile phone is a telephone that you can carry around with you		<i>I got my first mobile phone when I was 11 you can't take your mobile phone into the exam room please turn your mobile phones to silent (so they will not make a noise) during the concert</i>	
paper	Noun uncount	/ˈpeɪpə(r)/	χαρτί	paper is thin material that you use to write on or to wrap things in	a sheet/piece of paper	<i>a piece of paper have you got any paper? lined paper (that has lines already printed on it) plain paper (with nothing printed on it yet) a blank sheet of paper (that you have not written on yet) writing paper</i>	
pen	Noun	/pen/	στυλό	a pen is an object that you can write with, using ink		<i>have you got a black pen? I left my pen at home a ballpoint pen (that uses a small ball to put the ink onto paper) I need some black ink for my pen here's a pen – write your address here</i>	
plastic	Noun uncount	/ˈplæstɪk/	πλαστικό	plastic is a light, strong material that can be made into different shapes, and that is used to make all sorts of everyday objects		<i>the camera is mostly made of plastic a plastic bag bottles used to be made of glass, but now most bottles are plastic</i>	
scissors	Noun plural	/ˈsɪzə(r)z/	ψαλίδι	scissors are a tool with two blades joined together, which you use to cut things like paper or material	a pair of scissors	<i>she was using a pair of scissors to cut her hair you'll need paper, scissors and some glue these scissors aren't very sharp the younger children were using plastic scissors</i>	
sculpture	Noun	/ˈskʌlptʃə(r)/	γλυπτί	a sculpture is an object that is a work of art made from wood, stone, plastic, etc. The art of making these works is also called sculpture		<i>an exhibition of sculptures by Henry Moore she studied sculpture at art school I prefer paintings to sculpture in the hall was a sculpture of a lion</i>	Noun: sculptor
tin can	Noun	/tɪn kæn/	κονσέρβα, κονσερβοκούτι	a tin can is a metal container, especially for drinks or food		<i>a row of empty tin cans I cut myself on the tin can he took several tin cans out of the shopping basket</i>	
wood	Noun uncount	/wʊd/	ξύλο	wood is the material that we get from trees, and that we use to make furniture and other things		<i>the wood was beautifully polished we burn wood in the fire, not coal I prefer wood to plastic</i>	Adjective: wooden
pp 58-59	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
a few	Quantifier	/ə ˈfjuː/	λίγος, μερικός, λίγα	a few things is a small number of them. You use a few with countable nouns		<i>we had a few problems finding the house I've got a few books you might like I borrowed a few pounds from my dad only a few of my classmates cycle to school</i>	
a little	Quantifier	/ə ˈlɪtl/	λίγος	a little is a very small quantity of something. You use a little with uncountable nouns		<i>add a little sugar it just needs a little paint round the edge there's a little soup left if you're still hungry</i>	
aluminium foil	Noun uncount	/ˌæljʊˈmɪnjəm fɔɪl/	αλουμινόχαρτο	aluminium foil is very thin aluminium (a light, shiny metal) in a sheet that you can tear into the size you need. People use aluminium foil in the kitchen to wrap food, for example when it is being cooked in an oven to stop it burning on the outside		<i>a large roll of aluminium foil use aluminium foil to cover the chicken don't forget to buy some aluminium foil</i>	
cereal box	Noun	/ˈsiəriəl bɒks/	κουτί δημητριακών	a cereal box is a cardboard box containing breakfast cereals		<i>don't throw away your cereal boxes – you can recycle them he accidentally put the empty cereal box back in the cupboard a whole shelf full of cereal boxes</i>	
electronics	Noun uncount	/ˌelekˈtrɒnɪks/	ηλεκτρονικά είδη	electronics is a general word for equipment such as TVs and computers that use electronic parts – parts that involve transistors, microchips, etc.		<i>we need to make more environmentally-friendly electronics the car's electronics stopped working consumer electronics (electronic equipment that people buy and have at home)</i>	Adjective: electronic
e-rubbish	Noun uncount	/iːˈrʌbɪʃ/	ηλεκτρονικά απόβλητα, απόβλητα ηλεκτρικού και ηλεκτρονικού εξοπλισμού	e-rubbish is old electronic equipment such as computers and old mobile phones that have been thrown away		<i>e-rubbish is a growing problem for the environment e-rubbish includes old fridges and microwave cookers</i>	
jar	Noun	/dʒɑː(r)/	βάζο, γυάλινο δοχείο	a jar is a glass container for food such as jam or honey	a jar of something	<i>a jar of honey a jam jar (the sort of jar typically used for jam) make sure the jar is clean before you put the jam in it you can recycle your old bottles and jars</i>	
milk carton	Noun	/mɪlk ˈkɑːtən/	κουτί γάλακτος	a milk carton is a container for holding milk, usually made of cardboard or thin plastic		<i>an empty milk carton a one-litre milk carton he put the milk carton back in the fridge</i>	
recycle	Verb	/riːˈsaɪk(ə)/	ανακυκλώνω	if you recycle things that you no longer need or use, you send them away so that they can be treated in special factories and used again somehow		<i>we recycle as much as we can you can recycle those plastic bottles we've been recycling our old newspapers for years</i>	Noun: recycling
resell	Verb	/ˌriːˈsel/	μεταπωλώ	if you resell something, you sell something that you have bought, usually without making any changes to it		<i>they resell the old computers to local people I can resell them online they buy the vegetables from the farmer, then resell them at the market</i>	Noun: reseller

rubbish	Noun uncount	/ˈrʌbɪʃ/	σκουπίδια	rubbish is stuff that people throw away		<i>put your rubbish in the bin the streets were full of rubbish please do not leave rubbish here our rubbish is collected every Monday (someone comes to take it away) a rubbish tip (a place where people can take big pieces of rubbish) a rubbish bin</i>	
safely	Adverb	/ˈseɪfli/	με ασφάλεια	if you do something safely , or if something happens safely , no harm or damage is caused		<i>he landed the jet safely 'drive safely!' she called as I set off both ships arrived safely at the port the drugs were locked safely in a cupboard</i>	Adjective: safe Noun: safety
pp 60-61	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
about	Adverb	/əˈbaʊt/	περίπου	if you describe a number as being about a hundred or about 25, you mean that it might not be exactly a hundred or exactly 25, but only a little more or less		<i>I spent about an hour waiting for the bus it cost about a hundred pounds we'll arrive at about three o'clock I weigh about 76 kilos</i>	
collect	Verb	/kəˈlekt/	συλλέγω	if you collect something, you get an amount of it and keep it somewhere where it will be useful		<i>scientists try to collect the water in a big net they collected data from four different airports the police are collecting information about the fire</i>	Noun: collection
drop	Noun	/drɒp/	σταγόνα	a drop of liquid is a very small amount of it	a drop of something	<i>the net catches drops of water I could feel a few drops of rain starting there were drops of milk all over the kitchen floor</i>	
exactly	Adverb	/ɪɡˈzæk(t)li/	ακριβώς	you use exactly to emphasize that a number, amount or quantity is absolutely right, not more and not less		<i>I started my new job exactly a week ago the bill came to exactly £120 the chicken weighed exactly one and a half kilos</i>	
fog	Noun uncount	/fog/	ομίχλη	fog is a thick cloud close to the ground		<i>a thick fog lay over the village we're expecting fog in the morning there's not much rain in the desert, but they do get fog we couldn't see anything through the fog</i>	Adjective: foggy
fountain	Noun	/ˈfaʊntɪn/	σιντριβάνι, πίδακας	a fountain is a stream of water or other liquid that goes upwards before coming back down again		<i>the water comes out of the pipe and freezes in a fountain there was a fountain in the garden a city square with a fountain in each corner</i>	
freeze	Verb	/friːz/	παγώνω	when something freezes , it becomes hard because it is so cold. When water freezes , it becomes ice because it has reached a temperature of 0 degrees centigrade		<i>the water in the lake had started to freeze the lake had frozen so we went skating on it</i>	Adjective: frozen Adjective: freezing Adverb: freezing
melt	Verb	/melt/	λιώνω	if something melts , it becomes so hot that it turns to liquid		<i>the ice melts in the spring and turns to water the ice cream melted very quickly in the sun plastic will melt if you leave it too near a flame</i>	
natural satellite	Noun	/ˈnætʃrəl ˈsætələɪt/	φυσικός δορυφόρος	something in space that goes round and round the earth, such as the International Space Station, is a satellite . The Moon is also a satellite , and is known as a natural satellite because it was not created by people		<i>the Moon is Earth's only natural satellite Jupiter has 67 natural satellites Venus has no natural satellites</i>	
nearly	Adverb	/ˈniə(r)li/	σχεδόν	you use nearly to say that a number, amount or quantity is not quite as much you say, but only a little bit less		<i>she's nearly 9 years old I paid nearly £200 for my new bike we'd better go, it's nearly ten o'clock</i>	
net	Noun	/net/	δίχτυ	a net is a large piece of cloth with holes in it that allow air or water to pass through. Nets are used to catch fish. If the holes are very big, small fish can go through and only big fish are caught		<i>tiny drops of water get caught on the net and run down into a pipe a fishing net a butterfly net (used for catching butterflies)</i>	
over	Adverb	/ˈəʊvə(r)/	πάνω από	you use over to say that a number, amount or quantity is actually slightly more than you say		<i>I waited over an hour for the train it cost over 20 Euros the new tower is over 100 metres high</i>	
pipe	Noun	/paɪp/	σωλήνας	a pipe is a tube for carrying water, gas, oil, etc. from one place to another		<i>water comes into the house through a pipe from the street a gas pipe was leaking (letting gas out where it was not meant to come out) the water pipe burst (broke) most pipes are made of plastic nowadays</i>	Verb: pipe
search engine	Noun	/sɜːtʃ ˈendʒɪn/	μηχανή αναζήτησης	a search engine is computer software that helps you find documents and websites on the Internet		<i>we're developing a faster search engine Google is the only search engine that most people use most search engines put our site at the top of their results</i>	
tower	Noun	/ˈtaʊə(r)/	πύργος	a tower is a very tall building. You can also use tower to refer to a very tall mass of something		<i>there's a good view from the top of the tower the water freezes and makes an ice tower have you ever been up the Eiffel Tower?</i>	
pp 62-63	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
average speed	Noun	/ˈævərɪdʒ spiːd/	μέση ταχύτητα	your average speed is the overall speed that you can measure at the end of a journey. For example, if you have travelled 80 miles in two hours, your average speed was 40 miles an hour		<i>the average speed of traffic in London is about 12 miles an hour Hamilton's average speed in the race was 138 miles an hour they use cameras to measure drivers' average speed</i>	
cause	Verb	/kɔːz/	προκαλώ	if you cause something, you make it happen or make it start to exist		<i>plastic rubbish causes about 80% of the pollution in the sea you'll cause an accident if you drive too fast I don't want to cause you any problems</i>	Noun: cause

crew	Noun	/kruː/	πλήρωμα	the crew of a ship or plane is the group of people who work on it	a crew member	<i>the boat has a crew of six crew members wore a blue uniform all 68 passengers and crew were killed in the crash most of the crew were French</i>	Verb: crew
environmentalist	Noun	/ɪn vaɪərənˈment(ə)lɪst/	περιβαλλοντολόγος	an environmentalist is someone who cares about looking after the environment (the land, air and natural water around us) and takes action to stop bad things happening to it		<i>environmentalists protested outside parliament a meeting between government ministers and environmentalists an environmentalist action group</i>	Noun: environment Adjective: environmental Adverb: environmentally
environmentally-friendly	Adjective	/ɪn vaɪərənˈmentliˈfrendli/	φιλικός προς το περιβάλλον	something that is environmentally-friendly does not cause damage to the environment		<i>he wanted the boat to be environmentally-friendly please use environmentally-friendly soap and shampoo which is the most environmentally-friendly form of energy?</i>	
giant	Adjective	/ˈdʒaɪənt/	γιγάντιος, πελώριος	something that is giant is extremely big		<i>there were giant waves and strong winds a giant truck drove past a giant statue outside the library a giant passenger plane he looked like a giant version of his baby son</i>	
knot	Noun	/nɒt/	κόμβος	a knot is a measurement of the speed of a ship travelling through water, and is about 1.8 kilometres an hour		<i>the boat had an average speed of five knots the fastest ships could reach 27 knots</i>	
length	Noun	/leŋθ/	μήκος	the length of something is the distance from one end of it to the other, or the amount of time from the start to the finish		<i>the length of the swimming pool is 50 metres the total length is 15 feet school terms are usually about 12 weeks in length a full-length feature film (a film that is the usual length for a film, not a shorter version)</i>	Verb: lengthen Adjective: long
pollution	Noun uncount	/pəˈluːʃ(ə)n/	ρύπανση, μόλυνση	pollution is things like chemicals and smoke from factories that damage the air that we breathe or the rivers and land	air pollution noise pollution industrial pollution	<i>there's a lot of pollution in Beijing air pollution is a big problem in London the government should do more to tackle pollution (to stop the problem) people near the airport suffer from noise pollution</i>	Verb: pollute Adjective: polluted
renewable energy	Noun uncount	/rɪˈnjuːəbl̩ˈɛnədʒi/	ανανεώσιμη ενέργεια	renewable energy is energy that does not use up the earth's supply of things like coal, oil or gas, but instead uses the power of the sun or the power of wind or waves that will not run out		<i>the boat is powered by renewable energy the country plans to get 60% of its electricity supply from renewable energy by 2025 we should be changing to renewable energy much faster</i>	
survive	Verb	/sə(r)ˈvaɪv/	επιζώ	if you survive , you manage to continue living, even in difficult conditions. If a machine or object survives , it does not get badly damaged in difficult conditions and continues to work properly		<i>you can't survive for long in the desert it's difficult to survive on so little money you can't survive for long in these freezing temperatures no one survived the crash (they all died) luckily the car survived the journey over the mountains</i>	Noun: survival Noun: survivor
take	Verb	/teɪk/	κάνω, παίρνω	take is used with a lot of different nouns to say that the action described by the noun happens		<i>I'm going to take a shower shall we take a break now? take a look at this! please take a seat (sit down) you need to take care (make sure you do not hurt yourself) – the floor is very slippery</i>	
take	Verb	/teɪk/	παίρνω	if you take a plane, bus, train, etc., you use that particular form of public transport to go somewhere		<i>we took a train to Inverness take the bus from outside the cinema you can take a plane from London to Newquay in Cornwall I didn't have enough money to take a taxi</i>	
take	Verb	/teɪk/	παίρνω, διαρκώ	when you talk about how much time something takes , you are talking about the length of time between the start and the finish		<i>it took a long time to get to Winchester it's going to take another week before we can finish the project we took far too long painting the front room the journey took many days</i>	
throw away	Phrasal verb	/θrəʊ əˈweɪ/	πετάω (στα σκουπίδια)	if you throw something away , you get rid of it because you do not want it or need it any more		<i>my wife refuses to throw them away even though we don't want them I threw away a pile of old clothes the old cooker was broken so we threw it away</i>	
user-friendly	Adjective	/ˈjuːzəˈfrendli/	φιλικός προς τον χρήστη, εύχρηστος	something that is user-friendly is easy for people to use or understand		<i>he wanted the boat to be both environmentally-friendly and user-friendly the website is very user-friendly it presents information in a clear, user-friendly way the instructions weren't particularly user-friendly</i>	
wave	Noun	/weɪv/	κύμα	a wave is a line of raised moving water on top of the sea		<i>there were giant waves and strong winds some of the waves were three metres high waves crashed against the harbour wall</i>	

weight	Noun	/weɪt/	βάρος	the weight of someone or something is how heavy they are	gain/put on weight lose weight	<i>I need to lose some weight what was the weight of the parcel? the sack was about 10 kilos ion weight he put on a lot of weight over Christmas</i>	Verb: weigh
pp 64-65							
available	Adjective	/ə'veɪləb(ə)l/	διαθέσιμος	if something is available , you can use it or have it straight away and do not have to wait for it	make something available	<i>I'm afraid the model you ordered is currently not available do you have any rooms available for the 15th and 16th of June? the video was made available on YouTube there are no tickets available until next month</i>	Noun: availability
expect	Verb	/ɪk'spekt/	αναμένω, περιμένω	if you expect something, or expect it to happen, you think that it will happen or arrive	expect someone or something to do something	<i>we expect delivery in seven days they expect to win the election they don't always do what we expect them to do I didn't expect you until this evening (you arrived early) I didn't expect him to get so angry I'm here to see Mr Edwards. He's expecting me</i>	Noun: expectation
delay	Noun	/dɪ'leɪ/	καυστέρηση	if there is a delay , something is not going to happen when it is meant to but will happen at a later time	a long/short/brief delay a delay of something without delay	<i>there were long traffic delays because of the accident after a brief delay, the concert continued there will be a delay of about half an hour you must leave the country without delay (immediately)</i>	Verb: delay
confirmation	Noun	/,kɒnfə(r)'meɪʃ(ə)n/	επιβεβαίωση	confirmation is a statement saying that something is certain or definite		<i>did you receive a confirmation by email or text? a confirmation of the booking a confirmation letter the reservation confirmation must be presented when collecting the tickets</i>	Verb: confirm Adjective: confirmed
hold	Noun uncount	/həʊld/	σε αναμονή	if you are on hold , you are connected by telephone but have to wait for someone to speak to you	put someone on hold be on hold	<i>can I put you on hold for a moment? I was put on hold for about 20 minutes I've been on hold since before 9 o'clock! after ten minutes on hold, I gave up</i>	Verb: hold
cancel	Verb	/ˈkæns(ə)l/	ακυρώνω	if you cancel an event that was planned, you decide that it will not happen		<i>would you like to cancel the order? they had to cancel the meeting because the chairman was ill the train was cancelled because there was no driver we'll have to cancel the game if it carries on raining I'll ring the restaurant to cancel our booking</i>	
refund	Noun	/ˈriːfʌnd/	επιστροφή χρημάτων	if you get a refund , a shop gives you back the money you paid for something, for example if it was broken or does not work properly	a full refund	<i>would you like a refund or a different washing machine? he took the watch back and they gave him a refund I got a tax refund we received a full refund (all the money we had paid) after we complained to the manager</i>	Verb: refund
correspondence	Noun uncount	/,kɒrɪ'spɒndəns/	αλληλογραφία	correspondence is letters or emails that are sent from one person or organization to another		<i>here's our correspondence with the garage please make sure this reference number is included in all correspondence she translated their correspondence into German we've had no correspondence with them for over a year</i>	Verb: correspond
dear	Adjective	/dɪə(r)/	αγαπητός, αξιότιμος	you use dear in front of the name of the person you are writing a letter to		<i>Dear Mr and Mrs Petersen Dear Sir Dear Madam Dear Ms Hendrix</i>	
inform	Verb	/ɪn'fɔː(r)m/	πληροφορώ, ενημερώνω	if you inform someone of something, you officially tell them about it	inform someone of something inform someone that	<i>they informed us that the books will be delivered tomorrow he informed me of his decision to accept the job please inform me as soon as you arrive in New York we were never informed that we would have to pay another £100</i>	
stock	Noun	/stɒk/	απόθεμα	the stock of a shop or company is the amount of goods it has that are available and ready to be sold or sent out to customers	in stock out of stock	<i>the camera I wanted was out of stock (there were no more available to buy) everything on the list is in stock and is immediately available this offer is only open while stocks last (until everything has been sold)</i>	Verb: stock
delighted	Adjective	/dɪ'laɪtɪd/	πανευτυχής, ενθουσιασμένος	if you are delighted , you are very happy about something. If you say you would be delighted to do something, you are politely saying that you are very willing to do it	be delighted to do something delighted with something	<i>I would be delighted to send the item immediately everyone was delighted when they heard the news she was delighted with the new car I'd be delighted to accept your invitation</i>	Noun: delight
reply	Verb	/rɪ'plaɪ/	απαντώ	if you reply to someone, you give them an answer. If you reply to a letter or email, you send a letter or email back to someone with more information	reply to someone or something	<i>please reply to confirm you still require this item she replied a week later to say she wasn't coming did she ever reply to your question about the summer holiday? her mother just smiled and replied, 'Of course you can'</i>	Noun: reply
require	Verb	/rɪ'kwaɪə(r)/	απαιτώ, χρειάζομαι	if you require something, you want it and need it. If something is required , it is necessary		<i>do you still require the furniture you ordered? the problem requires more thought experience of working in a shop is not required but would be useful these tasks required instant decisions the law requires employers to provide paid holidays to their staff</i>	Noun: requirement

Yours	Pronoun	/jəˈ(r)z/	Με εκτίμηση	you write Yours sincerely at the end of a letter, before your own name, when the letter has been addressed to someone by name. If the letter has been addressed "Dear Sir" or "Dear Madam", then you write Yours faithfully		<i>Yours sincerely, I Simpson</i>	
order	Noun	/ˈɔː(r)də(r)/	παραγγελία	an order is a request to make, supply or deliver something	place an order	<i>please cancel my order they were late with my order (it was delivered later than it was meant to be) you can place your order by phone your order will not be ready for delivery until next week</i>	Verb: <i>order</i>
request	Verb	/rɪˈkwest/	ζητώ, αιτούμαι	if you request something, you politely or officially ask someone to do something for you or to provide you with something	request someone to do something	<i>the pilot requested permission to land please send me my refund as requested passengers are requested to remain in their seats until the plane has stopped</i>	Noun: <i>request</i>
apologize	Verb	/əˈpɒlədʒaɪz/	ζητώ συγγνώμη	if you apologize , you say that you are sorry for something bad or wrong that has happened	apologize for (doing) something apologize to someone	<i>we're both very stubborn and I didn't want to be the first to apologize I apologize for my rudeness earlier Katie later deleted the tweet and apologized she apologized to me once she realised what she had done if I offended you, then I apologize</i>	Noun: <i>apology</i> Adjective: <i>apologetic</i> Adverb: <i>apologetically</i>
assistance	Noun uncount	/əˈsɪst(ə)ns/	βοήθεια, συνδρομή	assistance is help that you give someone	be of assistance	<i>can I be of assistance? (can I do something to help you?) please let me know if you need any assistance we're here to provide you with any assistance you might need thank you for your assistance</i>	Verb: <i>assist</i> Noun: <i>assistant</i>
best regards	Phrase	/best rɪˈgɑːdz/	Με εκτίμηση, Με φιλικούς χαιρετισμούς, Τις θερμότερες ευχές μου επίσημος	you write Best regards before your name at the end of a letter or email that is friendly but not very formal		<i>Best regards, William</i>	
formal	Adjective	/ˈfɔː(r)m(ə)l/		language that is formal is very careful and correct and used in official situations rather than in relaxed social situations		<i>a formal letter writing 'receive' is much more formal than writing 'get' it's a good letter, but the language is not formal enough</i>	Opposite – Adjective: <i>informal</i>
receive	Verb	/rɪˈsiːv/	λαμβάνω	when you receive something, you get it from someone because they sent it to you or gave it to you. Receive is formal, and the usual word is get		<i>I received another letter from the bank today did you receive the parcel we sent last week? if you haven't received your order by Friday, please let us know</i>	
supplier	Noun	/səˈplaɪə(r)/	προμηθευτής	a supplier is a person or company who provides goods to customers		<i>our supplier is in Scotland we changed suppliers last year to try and improve our service the supplier apologized for the delay in delivery</i>	Verb: <i>supply</i>
pp 66-67	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
garbage	Noun uncount	/ˈgɑː(r)bɪdʒ/	σκουπίδια	garbage is an American word for <i>rubbish</i>		<i>a pile of garbage the garbage is collected every Wednesday I wish people wouldn't leave their garbage in the park</i>	
goat	Noun	/gəʊt/	κατσίκι, γίδα, τράγος	a goat is an animal similar to a sheep, with horns and long hair under its chin. Goats are kept for their milk and their meat		<i>they have sheep, cows and goats on their farm my sister was afraid of goats some of the goats escaped and ran onto the road</i>	
local	Adjective	/ˈləʊk(ə)l/	τοπικός, ντόπιος	something that is local happens or exists inside a small area close to where you are, or close to where you are talking about, rather than all over the country		<i>the system uses local recycled materials a civil servant in a local government office (the government of a town rather than a country) I work for a local newspaper our local football team is doing very well did you try the local food when you were in Rome? both our kids go to the local school</i>	Noun: <i>local</i> Adverb: <i>locally</i>
narrator	Noun	/nəˈreɪtə(r)/	αφηγητής	the narrator of a documentary film is the person who talks and provides information about it but who does not appear on the screen		<i>the narrator was a famous actor I recognised the narrator's voice, but I can't remember his name the narrator spoke too quickly for me</i>	Verb: <i>narrate</i> Noun: <i>narration</i>
provide	Verb	/prəˈvaɪd/	παρέχω, προμηθεύω	if you provide something that someone needs, you give it to them or make it available for them		<i>solar panels provide electricity to over 30 homes in the village we're here to provide help if you need it my parents provided all the food for the party they should provide more information the university will provide your accommodation in your first year the club provides a useful service to local families</i>	Noun: <i>provider</i> Noun: <i>provision</i>
reduce	Verb	/rɪˈdjuːs/	περιορίζω, μειώνω	to reduce something means to make it smaller in amount, quantity, or size		<i>the solar panels will reduce energy costs the government has promised to reduce unemployment an effort to reduce pollution</i>	Noun: <i>reduction</i> Adjective: <i>reduced</i>
rooftop	Noun	/ˈruːfˌtɒp/	στέγη, ταράτσα	a rooftop is the upper part of the outside of a roof on a building		<i>a rooftop garden we could see over the rooftops of Paris from our hotel window the wet rooftops shone brightly in the sun</i>	

satellite dish	Noun	/ˈsætələɪt dɪʃ/	δορυφορικό πιάτο	a satellite dish is a piece of equipment that is attached to a building and that receives TV signals from a satellite in space		<i>you need to put the satellite dish on the east side of the house the satellite dish came down (fell off the building) in the storm he installs (puts in place) satellite dishes for a living</i>	
solar panel	Noun	/ˈsəʊlə ˈpænl/	ηλιακός συλλέκτης, ηλιακό πάνελ	a solar panel is a flat sheet made of special material and usually attached to the roof of a building, that catches the energy from the sun and makes it into electricity		<i>we've had solar panels on our house for the last seven years solar panels provide enough electricity for over half the houses in the village I want to put some solar panels on the roof</i>	
trash	Noun uncount	/træʃ/	σκουπίδια	trash is the usual American word for <i>rubbish</i>		<i>a pile of trash a trash can (litter bin) put your trash in the bin before you go</i>	
water tank	Noun	/ˈwɔːtə tæŋk/	δεξαμενή νερού	a water tank is a large container, usually made of metal, that is used to store water		<i>there was a hole in the water tank and we had to replace it the town has a water tank in case of emergency the water tank was empty it took over an hour to fill the water tank</i>	
Unit 6 p 69	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
adult	Noun	/əˈdʌlt/	ενήλικας	an adult is a human who is no longer growing. People start being adults when they are about 18 years old		<i>entry to the museum is £5 for adults, but children go in free only 33% of adults said they preferred tea to coffee school groups need one adult for every seven children the club is for adults only (children are not allowed in)</i>	
career	Noun	/kəˈrɪə(r)/	καριέρα, επαγγελματική σταδιοδρομία	someone's career is the job or series of jobs that they do over the period of their working life		<i>she had a long career in the newspaper business Robert began his career with an engineering firm in Derby after losing the election, his political career came to an early end the company offers excellent career prospects (the possibility to have a long and successful career) President Hoover had a distinguished career before becoming president</i>	
child	Noun	/tʃaɪld/	παιδί, τέκνο	a child is a young human who is not yet an adult. The plural of child is children		<i>they have a party when a child is born an only child (someone who grows up without any brothers or sisters) the children were playing in the garden we have two children, a boy and a girl the children stood up when the teacher came in who's going to look after the children? a school for children between four and 11 years old</i>	Noun: <i>childhood</i>
elderly	Adjective	/ˈeldə(r)li/	ηλικιωμένος	if you describe someone as elderly , you are saying in a polite way that they are old. The elderly are people who are old		<i>an elderly lady sat down next to me on the bus our neighbours are an elderly couple I met an elderly gentleman who has lived in Shipley all his life</i>	Noun: <i>the elderly</i>
middle-aged	Adjective	ˈmɪdləɪdʒd	μεσήλικας	someone who is middle-aged is not young and not yet old – between the age of about 40 to 65		<i>a middle-aged lady stopped me and asked the time my dad's 70 but still thinks he's middle-aged most of our customers are middle-aged in 1950, 80% of middle-aged men smoked</i>	Noun: <i>middle age</i>
pension	Noun	/ˈpenʃ(ə)n/	σύνταξη	a pension is money that a government or company pays to someone regularly when they do not work any more because they are old	a state pension a private pension draw a pension	<i>I'll receive a small pension when I retire everyone gets the state pension (from the government) he gets quite a generous pension from the bank you can start to draw your pension when you're 65 (receive it) I put 10% of my salary into a private pension</i>	Noun: <i>pensioner</i>
retire	Verb	/rɪˈtaɪə(r)/	συνταξιοδοτούμαι	if someone retires , they stop having a job at the end of their career, usually because they are old		<i>when are you planning to retire? my brother retired when he was 58 I can't afford to retire for another four years</i>	Adjective: <i>retired</i> Noun: <i>retirement</i>
teenager	Noun	/ˈtiːn.eɪdʒə(r)/	έφηβος	a teenager is a young person aged between 13 and 19 (because all those numbers end in -teen)		<i>a new magazine aimed at teenagers a group of teenagers was waiting at the bus stop more than 200 teenagers came to the concert it's difficult being the parents of teenagers</i>	Adjective: <i>teenaged</i>
text	Verb	/tekst/	στέλνω γραπτό μήνυμα	if you text someone, you send them a typed message using a mobile phone		<i>I always have to text my son as he never answers the phone text me when you get to the station he texted me to invite me to a party I tried to text you but my battery was dead</i>	Noun: <i>text</i>
young adult	Noun	/jʌŋ əˈdʌlt/	νεαρός ενήλικας	a young adult is someone who is aged between about 12 and 18, still mostly a child but nearly an adult		<i>they publish books for young adults the centre offers advice to young adults who are having problems at home a disease that affects children and young adults</i>	
pp 70-71	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
campervan	Noun	/ˈkæmpə væn/	τροχόσπιτο (αυτοκινούμενο)	a campervan is a vehicle that is designed with enough space at the back for people to sleep on beds and prepare food, and used for holidays		<i>they bought a campervan to travel across Australia after three weeks in a campervan, I was glad to get home we hired a campervan for a month when we were in Scotland</i>	

early	Adjective	/ˈɜː(r)li/	στις αρχές μιας ηλικιακής δεκαετίας (π.χ. τριανταριά, τριαντακάτι, τριαντάρης)	if someone is between 20 and 30 years old or between 30 and 40 years old, etc., you can say they are in their twenties. If they are over 20 but less than 24, you can say they are in their early twenties		<i>the twins were in their early teens (about 13 or 14) my parents were in their early thirties when my brother was born i'd guess she's in her early forties she looks 60 but she's actually in her early seventies</i>	
earn	Verb	/ɜː(r)n/	βγάζω χρήματα	money you earn is the money you are paid for doing your job		<i>I need to earn some money to pay for my holiday I don't earn very much in my job top football players earn millions of pounds a year she earns a fortune (a lot of money) we all need to earn a living (have a job that pays us enough to live)</i>	Noun: earnings
fifties	Noun	/ˈfɪftɪz/	πεντηντάρης, πενήντα και κάτι, πενήντα τόσο	if someone is in their fifties , they are between 50 and 59 years old	in your fifties	<i>a tall man in his fifties came into the restaurant she looks as though she's in her fifties a film that will appeal to people in their fifties and sixties</i>	
freedom	Noun uncount	/ˈfriːdəm/	ελευθερία	freedom is the state of being free and not having to do things you do not want to do		<i>I got a great sense of freedom when I left school I'd rather have my freedom than a job with a big salary you have no personal freedom if you're in prison</i>	Adjective: free
hope	Verb	/həʊp/	ελπίζω, ευελπιστώ	if you hope something will happen, you want it to happen but you are not sure if it actually will happen	hope to do something hope (that)	<i>I hope you pass your driving test we're hoping to go on holiday to Spain next year 'is Tim coming home for Christmas?' – 'I hope so' I hope we can still be friends I hope they won't be upset when they find out what's happened</i>	Noun: hope
intend	Verb	/ɪnˈtend/	σκοπεύω	if you intend to do something, you have a plan to do it and believe that you will do it	intend to do something intend doing something	<i>I intend to get married before I'm 30 I intend driving to Glasgow at the weekend when were you intending to tell me?</i>	Noun: intention
late	Adjective	/leɪt/	στο τέλος μιας ηλικιακής δεκαετίας (π.χ. κοντά στα 30, πλησιάζει τα 30, κοντεύει 30)	if someone is between 20 and 30 years old or between 30 and 40 years old, etc., you can say they are in their twenties. If they are between 27 and 29, you can say they are in their late twenties		<i>the twins were in their late teens (about 18 or 19) my parents were in their late twenties when I was born I'd guess she's in her late fifties she looks as if she's in her mid thirties but she's actually in her late twenties</i>	
mid	Adjective	/mɪd/	στη μέση μιας ηλικιακής δεκαετίας (π.χ. τριανταπεντάρης)	if someone is between 20 and 30 years old or between 30 and 40 years old, etc., you can say they are in their twenties. If they are between 24 and 27, you can say they are in their mid twenties		<i>the twins were in their mid teens (about 15 or 16) my parents were in their mid twenties when my sister was born I'd guess he's in his mid fifties she looks 30 but she's actually in her mid twenties</i>	
salary	Noun	/ˈsæləri/	μισθός	your salary is the money that you receive each month for doing your job		<i>they pay us a fixed salary he gets a good salary a salary of £60,000 a year people on low salaries they're asking for an increase in their basic salary we lived on my salary for a few months until Dan got a job</i>	

pp 72-73	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
candle	Noun	/ˈkænd(ə)l/	κερί	a candle is a stick of a substance called wax with a piece of string through the middle that you light so that it has a flame. The wax melts as the string burns, and the flame gives off light		<i>everyone in the parade was carrying a candle we had to use candles because the electricity wasn't working the room was lit with candles it's a tradition to have candles on a birthday cake</i>	
celebration	Noun	/ˌseləˈbreɪʃ(ə)n/	εορτασμός, γιορτή	if you celebrate , you do something enjoyable to show that a particular day or event or occasion is special. This activity is a celebration	a birthday/anniversary celebration a big/small celebration	<i>a birthday celebration the celebrations lasted all day and all night we all joined in the celebrations we organised a big celebration for the opening of the new school the news caused celebrations across the city</i>	Verb: celebrate
costume	Noun	/ˈkɒstjʊ.m/	στολή, φορεσιά, ενδυμασία	a costume is a special set of clothes that people wear for a particular occasion or event, such as a parade or street festival		<i>we all dressed up in a costume for the parade a national costume (the typical costume of a particular country) she was wearing a very elaborate costume</i>	
decoration	Noun	/ˌdekəˈreɪʃ(ə)n/	διακόσμηση	a decoration is something you put or around something else to make it look more attractive		<i>why don't we put up some party decorations? we're making some Christmas decorations there were decorations across the front of the Town Hall the decoration in the bedrooms was very bright</i>	Verb: decorate Adjective: decorated Adjective: decorative
firework	Noun	/ˈfaɪə(r).wɜː(r)k/	πυροτέχνημα	fireworks are things that explode and make colourful moving shapes and patterns in the sky, often making a loud noise	a firework display/show	<i>the fireworks started going off at 7 o'clock a spectacular fireworks display at midnight there was a big fireworks show the fireworks exploded and nearly destroyed the building you should never throw fireworks into a bonfire</i>	
float	Noun	/fləʊt/	άρμα	a float is a moving platform, pulled through the streets by people, animals or vehicles, that carries people who are performing in a carnival or festival		<i>a nicely decorated float there were 20 floats in the parade here comes the first float</i>	
jazz band	Noun	/dʒæz bænd/	μπάντα τζαζ μουσικής	a jazz band is a group of musicians who play jazz music, a kind of music with a strong beat and rhythm, which is often made up during a performance instead of being prepared before		<i>a 12-piece jazz band (with 12 musicians) I could hear a jazz band playing in the park she plays the trumpet in a jazz band we formed a jazz band at school</i>	
mask	Noun	/mɑːsk/	μάσκα, προσωπίδο	a mask is something that covers part or all of someone's face. People sometimes wear colourful masks at a party or celebration		<i>she wore a gold mask with a white nose and red lips the children wore carnival masks and costumes i'm making a mask for tomorrow's party</i>	

parade	Noun	/pə'reɪd/	παρέλαση	a parade is a big event when a lot of people or vehicles go through the streets of a town as part of a big celebration		<i>the parade will set off from the Town Hall a military parade the parade took over an hour to pass by the front of our shop there were street parades, followed by fireworks in the evening</i>	
party	Noun	/ˈpaː(r)ti/	πάρτι, γιορτή	a party is an event where people enjoy themselves by doing things like drinking, eating, dancing and talking to each other	throw a party	<i>we had a party at the weekend an invitation to a party we decided to throw a party (have a party) a birthday party the party went on until 4 in the morning are you coming to the party on Saturday?</i>	Verb: party
steel drum	Noun	/stiːl drʌm/	χαλύβδινο βαρέλι	steel drums are drums made from steel barrels (large containers for oil or beer or other liquids)		<i>he plays steel drums in a band in Trinidad the sound of a steel drum makes me think of home every town on the island has its own steel drum band a shiny new steel drum</i>	
stew	Noun	/stjuː/	σπιράδο, βραστό	stew is a dish of meat and vegetables that are all cooked together in the same pot		<i>a slow-cooked beef stew stir the stew every half an hour while it's cooking the stew will take another hour before it's ready we can go for a walk while the stew is in the oven</i>	Adjective: stewed

pp 74-75	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
birth rate	Noun	/bɜːθ reɪt/	ποσοστό γεννήσεων, γεννητικότητα	the birth rate is the number of people who are born in a year, usually measured by how many births there are for every thousand people in a country		<i>the birth rate has been going down Japan has a very low birth rate the highest birth rates in Europe are in Ireland and France</i>	
bride	Noun	/braɪd/	νύφη	at a wedding, the bride is the woman who is getting married		<i>a photo of the bride and groom the bride arrived at the door of the church with her father the bride's mother looked so proud</i>	
cattle	Noun plural	/ˈkæɪt(ə)l/	βοοειδή	cattle are cows and bulls that are kept on a farm and used for meat and milk production		<i>some of the cattle escaped and ran onto the road my uncle spent 20 years as a cattle farmer there are 2 million dairy cattle in the UK (cows that produce milk)</i>	
ceremony	Noun	/ˈserəməni/	τελετή	a ceremony is a formal event which involves a traditional set of actions		<i>a wedding ceremony (when two people get married) they were married in a religious ceremony last weekend the opening ceremony of the Olympic Games over 2000 guests attended the ceremony at Westminster Abbey</i>	Adjective: ceremonial
cow	Noun	/kau/	αγελάδα	a cow is a large animal that farmers keep for milk and meat		<i>a herd of cows (a group of them) every morning we milk the cows (take milk from them to sell) there are 200 cows on the farm</i>	
culture	Noun	/ˈkʌltʃə(r)/	κουλτούρα, πολιτισμός	a country's culture is the particular way it does things, especially in connection with art, literature, music, etc.		<i>she's studying French culture at school the steel drums are an important symbol of their culture the carnival is a display of local culture and traditions he wrote a book about East European culture</i>	Adjective: cultural Adverb: culturally
engaged	Adjective	/ɪnˈɡeɪdʒd/	αρραβωνιασμένος	if two people are engaged , they have agreed to get married to each other but are not married yet	get engaged engaged to someone	<i>we got engaged last week my sister is engaged to someone she met at university an engaged couple</i>	Noun: engagement
financial control	Noun uncount	/faɪˈnæŋjəl kənˈtrəʊl/	οικονομικός έλεγχος	if you have financial control over some money, you can spend it or keep it for yourself and you can stop anyone else using it if you want to		<i>she has financial control over her husband's younger brother's money I got financial control over the family money when I was 21</i>	
formal event	Noun	/ˈfɔːməɪl ɪˈvɛnt/	επίσημη εκδήλωση	a formal event is a serious occasion where people have to behave according to traditional rules		<i>the wedding was a formal event you can't wear a T-shirt to a formal event</i>	
groom	Noun	/ɡruːm/	γαμπρός	at a wedding, the groom is the man who is getting married		<i>on the day, the groom is not meant to see his bride before the ceremony the bride and groom left in a Rolls Royce the groom looked really happy</i>	Synonym – Noun: bridegroom
law	Noun	/ləː/	νόμος	the law is all the official rules that people in a country have to obey	against the law break the law	<i>the law doesn't allow you carry a gun in public it's against the law (not allowed) to sell cigarettes to children if you break the law (do something that is not allowed), you can go to prison</i>	
legal rights	Noun	/ˈliːɡəl raɪts/	νόμιμα δικαιώματα	your rights are the things that you can have or do according to a set of rules. Your legal rights are things that the law allows you to do or have		<i>being allowed to vote is one of your legal rights women here have the same legal rights as men children don't have the same legal rights as adults</i>	
line	Noun	/laɪn/	σειρά	a line of things or people is a number of them next to each other or one behind the other		<i>they have to jump over a line of 15 cows we stood in a line waiting to get into the theatre a long line of people waited to buy tickets for the concert a line of cars in a traffic jam</i>	
social traditions	Noun	/ˈsəʊʃəl trəˈdɪʃənz/	κοινωνικές παραδόσεις/έθιμα	a country's social traditions are the cultural habits that have existed for a long time		<i>young people don't always respect our social traditions marriage is one of our oldest social traditions</i>	
wedding	Noun	/ˈwedɪŋ/	γάμος	a wedding is a ceremony at which two people get married	a wedding reception a wedding guest a wedding ceremony a wedding anniversary	<i>they invited me to their daughter's wedding the wedding guests started arriving at 12 we spent months preparing for the wedding a wedding reception (a party for all the guests after the ceremony) the wedding ceremony will start at 3 o'clock a wedding anniversary (an exact number of years since a wedding happened)</i>	

pp 76-77	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
accept	Verb	/əkˈsept/	αποδέχομαι	if you accept an invitation, you say yes to it		<i>they've accepted our invitation to the party I had an offer of free membership of the club, which I accepted everyone we invited has accepted</i>	Noun: acceptance
barbecue	Noun	/ˈbɑː(r)bɪ.kjuː/	μπάρμπεκιου, ψησταριά	a barbecue is a meal cooked outdoors, for example in someone's garden or on the beach, often as a social occasion		<i>we've been invited to a barbecue tomorrow night there were over thirty guests at the barbecue the garden has a barbecue area away from the house I hope it doesn't rain for the barbecue</i>	
beautiful	Adjective	/ˈbjʊ.təf(ə)l/	πανέμορφος	something or someone that is beautiful is very nice to look at		<i>inside the tent there were beautiful decorations Florence is a beautiful city a beautiful old church Elizabeth Taylor was a very beautiful woman a beautiful painting</i>	Noun: beauty
client	Noun	/ˈklaɪənt/	πελάτης	a client is a customer who is paying someone such as a lawyer or accountant for their professional service		<i>I have to go out for dinner with a client Diane's out visiting a client she had an appointment with a client at three o'clock his clients include a number of famous actors she advises clients on business opportunities in China</i>	
colourful	Adjective	/ˈkʌlə(r)f(ə)l/	πολύχρωμος, χρωματιστός	something that is colourful includes a lot of bright colours		<i>the women all wore very colourful dresses the wall was covered in colourful paintings those curtains are nice and colourful</i>	Noun: colour
convince	Verb	/kənˈvɪns/	πειθω	if you convince someone, you succeed in making them believe something that they did not believe at first	convince someone of something convince someone that	<i>the professor is trying to convince me that I could waste less he managed to convince them of his honesty the article wouldn't convince all its readers, but it was well written</i>	Adjective: convincing Adjective: convinced
decline	Verb	/dɪˈklaɪn/	απορρίπτω, αρνούμαι	if you decline an invitation, you say no to it		<i>it's very kind of you, but I'm afraid we have to decline they declined our offer of help only two people have declined our invitation to the party</i>	
delicious	Adjective	/dɪˈlɪʃəs/	πεντανόστιμος, νοστιμότατος	food that is delicious tastes or smells very nice		<i>the meat was delicious the soup was delicious that was a delicious meal thank you – that was delicious a delicious smell of chocolate cake was coming from the kitchen</i>	
disgusting	Adjective	/dɪsˈgɑːstɪŋ/	αηδιστικός	something that is disgusting is horrible and makes you feel sick		<i>the food was disgusting what's that disgusting smell? that fish smells disgusting smoking is a disgusting habit that's the most disgusting thing I've ever heard</i>	Adjective: disgusted
dull	Adjective	/dʌl/	βαρετός, πληκτικός	something that is dull is not interesting or exciting but boring		<i>the ceremony began with some long and dull speeches the film was really dull we spent a deadly dull (very dull) weekend in Swanage our geography lessons are so dull there's never a dull moment here (there is always something interesting happening)</i>	Noun: dullness
enormous	Adjective	/ɪˈnɔː(r)məs/	τεράστιος, πελώριος	something that is enormous is extremely big		<i>the truck was carrying an enormous load they're putting up an enormous building near the park most of the rooms are enormous but the kitchen is tiny I've never seen such an enormous cat</i>	
festival	Noun	/ˈfestɪv(ə)l/	φεστιβάλ	a festival is a period of time during which a lot of events take place somewhere, such as concerts, theatre performances, films, etc.	a music/jazz/rock/theatre festival	<i>we went to a three-day rock festival the festival is held every year in August Glastonbury Festival takes place on a farm in Somerset a festival of classical music did you get tickets for the festival? 20,000 people came to the festival</i>	
geographical feature	Noun	/dʒɪəˈɡræfɪkəl ˈfiːʃə/	γεωγραφικό χαρακτηριστικό	geographical features are things like mountains and rivers that give a place its special character		<i>the main geographical feature of the island is the mountain in the north the area is rich in geographical features a map showing all the geographical features of Wales</i>	
invitation	Noun	/ˌɪnvɪˈteɪʃ(ə)n/	πρόσκληση	an invitation is when someone asks you if you would like to go to a social occasion that they are organising	an invitation to something	<i>we received an invitation to Alice's wedding a party invitation we sent 300 invitations a printed invitation</i>	Verb: invite
massive	Adjective	/ˈmæsɪv/	ογκώδης, τεράστιος	something that is massive is very big and very impressive		<i>we ate from massive plates of meat they live in a massive house in Newport the factory is absolutely massive</i>	
miserable	Adjective	/ˈmɪz(ə)rəb(ə)l/	στεναχωρημένος, θλιμμένος	if someone is miserable , they are very sad	feel miserable	<i>I felt a bit miserable when everyone had left why are you so miserable today? Jeff arrived late, looking really miserable he had a miserable childhood</i>	Adverb: miserably
nature	Noun uncount	/ˈneɪtʃə(r)/	φύση	nature is all the plants, animals, mountains, rivers, etc that are not made by people but exist independently		<i>we can learn a lot from nature she teaches nature studies at a local primary school I've been interested in nature since I was little (very young)</i>	
smart	Adjective	/smaː(r)l/	κομψός, καλόγουστος, καλοντυμένος	smart clothes are clean and nice. You can also say that a person is smart if they are wearing clean, nice clothes		<i>the older men wore smart suits I had to buy some smart trousers for work you should wear something smart I wore smart clothes to the concert you look very smart today</i>	Adverb: smartly

tasty	Adjective	/ˈteɪsti/	γευστικός	food that is tasty is very nice to eat		<i>I'm looking forward to a tasty lunch a salad that was both tasty and healthy the food there was really tasty</i>	
view	Noun	/vjuː/	θέα	the view is everything you can see from a particular place	a view over something	<i>we had a nice view of the mountain from our hotel room there were great views as we went up the Eiffel Tower the hotel has a view over the Mediterranean I love the view from my bedroom window a room with a sea view (a view over the sea) what a lovely view</i>	
wonderful	Adjective	/ˈwʌndə(r)fl(ə)/	θαυμάσιος, υπέροχος	something that is wonderful is very good and you enjoy it very much		<i>we had a wonderful holiday the film was just wonderful the food was wonderful that's wonderful news! what a wonderful surprise we listened to some wonderful music</i>	
pp 78-79	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
background	Noun	/ˈbæk graʊnd/	υπόβαθρο, παρελθόν	someone's background is the sort of family and education they have		<i>musicians from many different backgrounds she's a journalist now, but her background was in medicine (she studied medicine) a middle-class background</i>	
ban	Verb	/bæn/	απαγορεύω	if someone in authority bans something, they do not allow it. If they ban someone from doing something, they do not allow them to do it	ban someone from doing something	<i>smoking is banned in public places my parents banned me from playing video games all passenger flights have been banned in the war zone cigarette advertising was banned years ago he was banned from driving for two years</i>	Noun: ban Adjective: banned
drum	Noun	/drʌm/	βαρέλι	a drum is a large container for storing and transporting liquids such as oil		<i>the truck was carrying empty oil drums we use metal oil drums as musical instruments</i>	
escape	Verb	/ɪˈskeɪp/	αποδρώ, δραπέτεύω, ξεφεύγω	if you escape from somewhere unpleasant, you succeed in getting away from it	escape (from) somewhere	<i>you can't escape the crowds when the festival is on we go to the mountains to escape the summer heat I was too ill to go to school yesterday, so I escaped the chemistry test she narrowly escaped a serious injury in the crash (she only just escaped)</i>	Noun: escape
flag	Noun	/flæg/	σημαία	a flag is a piece of cloth with a special design on it that is used to represent a country or organisation		<i>the French flag is red, white and blue people waved flags as the king and queen drove past the British flag is called the Union Jack the American flag is the Stars and Stripes</i>	
go back	Phrasal verb	/gəʊ bæk/	χρονολογούμαι από, έχω τις ρίζες μου από	if something goes back a long time, it has existed all that time		<i>the music goes back several centuries my family history goes back to the eighteenth century the story goes back to the start of the century the system goes back hundreds of years</i>	
influence	Verb	/ɪnfluəns/	επιηρεάζω, ασκώ επιρροή	if you are influenced by someone or something, they have an effect on the way you behave or develop		<i>young children are influenced by their parents what he saw in Baltimore influenced his decision to become a politician a teacher who influenced my opinions when I was still at school Foster was heavily influenced by classical music</i>	Noun: influence Adjective: influential
invent	Verb	/ɪnˈvent/	εφευρίσκω, επινοώ	if you invent something, you have the idea for it before anyone else and you make the first one of its kind		<i>who invented this musical instrument? Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone the jet engine was invented by Frank Whittle</i>	Noun: inventor Noun: invention
native	Adjective	/ˈnætv/	ενδημικός, γηγενής, ντόπιος	something that is native to a place belongs there, lives there, or grows there and is typical of that place	native to somewhere	<i>these trees are native to China most native plants here survive well in wet conditions rabbits are not native to this region but were brought here by Europeans the didgeridoo is native to the aboriginal people of Australia</i>	
performer	Noun	/pə(r)ˈfɔː(r)mə(r)/	καλλιτέχνης, ερμηνευτής	if you perform , you entertain a group of people by acting, singing, dancing, etc. People who do this are performers , and an example of this is a performance		<i>there were some very good performers at the festival we watched the street performers for a while at the end of the show all the performers came back onto the stage</i>	Verb: perform Noun: performance
play by ear	Phrase	/pleɪ baɪ ɪə/	παιζω εξ ακοής	if you can play a tune by ear , you are able to play it on an instrument without reading it from printed music		<i>she played the whole song by ear I don't have the music with me, but I can probably play it by ear</i>	
tune	Verb	/tjuːn/	κουρδίζω	if you tune a musical instrument, you check it and adjust it so that it plays musical notes properly		<i>we need to tune the piano ask your dad to tune it for you if you don't tune it properly, it will sound awful</i>	Noun: tune
Unit 7 p 81	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family

boring	Adjective	/ˈbɔːrɪŋ/	βαρετός, ανιαρός	something that is boring is not interesting at all		<i>my job is really boring the film was so boring we left before the end the most boring book I've ever read he's the most boring teacher in the whole school</i>	Adjective: <i>bored</i> Verb: <i>bore</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>interesting</i> Adjective: <i>interested</i>
construction company	Noun	/kənˈstrʌkʃən ˈkʌmpəni/	κατασκευαστική εταιρεία	a construction company is an organisation that employs people to build buildings such as houses, offices, bridges, shopping centres, etc.		<i>she's a director of a construction company I worked for a construction company when they were building the Channel Tunnel</i>	
designer	Noun	/dɪˈzaɪnə(r)/	σχεδιαστής	a designer is someone who decides what something should look like and draws it so that other people can make it		<i>a fashion designer there are three designers in our studio I want to go to art school and become a designer a clothes designer she works as a designer for a clothes company</i>	Verb: <i>design</i> Noun: <i>design</i>
fashion	Noun	/ˈfæʃ(ə)n/	μόδα	fashion is the style of something that is popular for a time. If something is in fashion, it is popular and done, used or worn by a lot of people for a time. If it is out of fashion, people no longer want to do it, use it or wear it	in fashion out of fashion	<i>a fashion designer the Beatles' music will never go out of fashion the fashion industry (making clothes that are the latest fashion) I want to work in fashion they talked about music, travel and fashion these shirts are back in fashion</i>	Adjective: <i>fashionable</i> Adverb: <i>fashionably</i>
interesting	Adjective	/ˈɪntrəstɪŋ/	ενδιαφέρων	if something is interesting , you would like to see more of it or know more about it		<i>she has a very interesting job I watched an interesting programme on TV last night the film was really interesting we met lots of interesting people in Canada that's an interesting idea it sounds like an interesting holiday</i>	Adjective: <i>interested</i> Verb: <i>interest</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>boring</i> Adjective: <i>bored</i>
officer	Noun	/ˈɒfɪsə(r)/	αξιωματικός	an officer is someone who has a senior rank in the army, navy or air force. All members of the police force are officers		<i>a police officer came towards us two police officers got out of the car her brother is an officer in the navy one of my officers was injured during the attack</i>	
physical	Adjective	/ˈfɪzɪk(ə)l/	σωματικός	physical means relating to your body rather than to your mind		<i>the doctor carried out a physical examination working in the garden was hard physical exercise you need a lot of physical strength to do this job you should increase the amount of physical activity you do</i>	Adverb: <i>physically</i>
pretty	Adverb	/ˈprɪti/	αρκετά	you use pretty to say that something has quite a lot of a particular quality		<i>it gets pretty hot in there the hotel room is pretty big the exam was pretty easy it was pretty clear that she was angry with us</i>	
proper job	Noun	/ˈprɒpə ˈdʒɒb/	κανονική δουλειά	if you refer to something as a proper job , you mean that it is a serious and useful job, rather than something easy that will not last long and is not suitable as a career		<i>he's never had a proper job it's time you got a proper job you'll never get a proper job unless you pass your exams</i>	
receptionist	Noun	/rɪˈsepʃ(ə)nɪst/	υπάλληλος υποδοχής, ρεσεψιονίστ	when you arrive at a hotel, the receptionist is the person who gives you your room key and tells you about the hotel		<i>he's a receptionist at the Hilton in Montpellier the receptionist gave me a map of the city the receptionist was very helpful the receptionist took my credit card details when I arrived</i>	Noun: <i>reception</i>
representative	Noun	/ˌrepriˈzentətɪv/	εκπρόσωπος	a representative is someone who works for a company and tries to sell its products to customers	sales representative	<i>she's a sales representative for Givenchy we have 12 representatives in the south of England and just four in the north our Paris representative is coming to London next week</i>	Synonym – Noun: <i>rep</i>
skilled	Adjective	/skɪld/	επιδέξιος, ειδικευμένος	someone who is skilled is able to do something very well	skilled at (doing) something	<i>the factory needs more skilled workers she was a skilled piano player a skilled computer programmer can earn a lot of money she was very experienced and skilled at her job</i>	Noun: <i>skill</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>unskilled</i>
steel	Noun uncount	/stiːl/	ατσάλι, χάλυβας	steel is a strong metal, made from iron and carbon		<i>the steel industry is very important in this region they're going to close the local steel plant (factory where steel is made) a knife made from stainless steel (steel that will not get weaker if it is wet for a long time) the windows have steel frames</i>	

pp 82-83	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
accountant	Noun	/əˈkaʊntənt/	λογιστής	an accountant is someone whose job is to organise the financial records for a company or for a person		<i>he's an accountant for a big law firm I need to talk to my accountant my accountant sorts out all my finances a qualified accountant</i>	Noun: <i>accounts</i> Noun: <i>accountancy</i>
bottle factory	Noun	/ˈbɒtl ˈfæktəri/	εργοστάσιο εμφιάλωσης	a bottle factory is a factory where bottles are made		<i>she used to have a job at the local bottle factory the bottle factory closed down last year</i>	
chef	Noun	/ʃef/	σεφ, μάγειρας	a chef is someone who works in the kitchen of a restaurant or hotel and prepares the food		<i>he's the head chef in a big London hotel chefs have to work very long hours her ambition is to become a chef</i>	

computer programmer	Noun	/kəmˈpjʊ:təˈprəʊɡræmə/	προγραμματιστής Η/Υ	a computer programmer is someone whose job is to write computer programs – instructions that make the computer do a particular task	<i>are computer programmers well-paid? she spent five years working as a computer programmer a team of computer programmers</i>	
direct	Verb	/dɪˈrekt/	διευθύνω, δίνω οδηγίες	to direct an activity means to control it and decide what is meant to happen	<i>who is going to direct the next stage of the project? she's directing the new advertising campaign</i>	Noun: director Noun: direction
drive	Verb	/draɪv/	οδηγώ	if you drive a car or other vehicle, you control it while it is moving	<i>I want to learn to drive a car he drives a taxi he's 50 and he still can't drive it will take an hour to drive to Brighton drive carefully we drove into town</i>	Noun: driver
economics	Noun	/ˌiːkəˈnɒmɪks/	οικονομικά, οικονομική επιστήμη	economics is the study of the economy -- all the business activity that goes on and the money that is moving around. Someone who studies this is an economist	<i>she's studying economics at Sheffield a thick book about economics she writes a blog on economics</i>	Noun: economist Adjective: economic Noun: economy
electrician	Noun	/ɪˌlekˈtrɪ(ə)n/	ηλεκτρολόγος	an electrician is someone whose job is to fit and repair electrical equipment	<i>she's training to be an electrician the electrician is putting in a new light switch can you recommend a good electrician?</i>	
engineer	Noun	/ˌendʒɪˈnɪə(r)/	μηχανικός	an engineer is someone whose job is making or mending machines, buildings, roads, etc.	<i>an electrical engineer a mechanical engineer (who works with machines) a civil engineer (who works on roads, railways or buildings) he's an engineer at the Ford car factory</i>	Noun: engineering
farm	Noun	/fɑː(r)m/	αγρόκτημα, φάρμα	a farm is a large area in the country with several fields, used for growing plants and keeping animals for food. The people who own and work on farms are farmers and the work they do is called farming	<i>it's a rural area with a lot of farms my family have a farm where they grow rice my father grew up on a farm a dairy farm (with cows for milk and cheese)</i>	Noun: farmer Noun: farming
income	Noun	/ˈɪnkʌm/	εισόδημα	your income is money that you earn from the job you do or the things you sell	<i>they pay him a monthly income for the gas they take from his land my income hasn't gone up for four years people on low incomes (who do not earn a lot of money) the job has a starting income of £22,000 which will rise to £25,000 after two years</i>	
increase	Verb	/ɪnˈkriːs/	αυξάνω(-ομαι)	if a number or quantity increases , it gets bigger	<i>his profits increased last year my workload (amount of work I have to do) has increased but not my salary the number of students at the college increased from 2,000 last year to 2,500 this year</i>	Noun: increase Adjective: increasing
journalist	Noun	/ˈdʒɜː(r)nəlist/	δημοσιογράφος	a journalist is someone who writes for a newspaper or magazine, or who reports on the news on television or radio	<i>journalists waited outside the building a television journalist she's a journalist who reports for the Times newspaper my daughter wants to be a journalist a sports journalist</i>	Noun: journalism
marketing manager	Noun	/ˈmɑːkɪtɪŋˈmænɪdʒə/	διευθυντής μάρκετινγκ	marketing is the work involved in deciding how to advertise and sell a product, what price it should be, where it should be sold, etc. A marketing manager is someone who is responsible for doing this sort of work	<i>she joined the company as the new marketing manager he moved from the sales department to become a marketing manager a very experienced marketing manager</i>	
natural gas	Noun	/ˈnætʃrəl ɡæs/	φυσικό αέριο	natural gas is gas that comes out of the ground as gas rather than being made by burning coal	<i>we started using natural gas in the 1960s the cooker runs on natural gas</i>	
nurse	Noun Noun	/nɜː(r)s/	νοσοκόμα	a nurse is someone whose job is to look after people who are ill, especially in a hospital	<i>I've always wanted to be a nurse he's a nurse at the local hospital the nurse gave him his medicine the nurse came to take my temperature</i>	Noun: nursing
politics	Noun uncount	/ˈpɒlətɪks/	πολιτική	politics is the work of getting power and running a country or a part of a country. Someone who does this is a politician	<i>I'm not interested in politics she studied politics at university he entered politics because he wanted to improve people's lives we spent the evening arguing about politics</i>	Adjective: political Noun: politician
science	Noun	/ˈsaɪəns/	επιστήμη	science is the study of things like physics, chemistry and biology. Someone who studies science is a scientist	<i>I really liked science subjects at school it's very important to have a good understanding of science I want to study sciences at university a science teacher science lessons a science exam</i>	Noun: scientist Adjective: scientific
shop assistant	Noun	/ʃɒp əˈsɪstənt/	υπάλληλος καταστήματος	a shop assistant is a person who works in a shop and helps the customers	<i>he's a shop assistant in the supermarket I had to wait five minutes before a shop assistant came to help to me I worked for three years as a shop assistant a helpful shop assistant luckily the shop assistant spoke English</i>	
train	Verb	/treɪn/	τρένο	if you train , or if someone trains you, you learn the skills that you need to do a particular job or task	<i>he trains teachers at the local college I trained as an engineer my brother is training to be a pilot</i>	Noun: trainer Noun: training

truck	Noun	/ˈtrʌk/	φορτηγό	a truck is a very large road vehicle that is used for carrying goods. In British English, the word <i>lorry</i> is often used instead of <i>truck</i>	a truck driver	<i>she's learning how to drive trucks there was a long line of cars stuck behind a truck the truck was carrying a load of cabbages he drove a truck for a living it took half an hour to load the truck heavy trucks had damaged the road the cafe was full of truck drivers</i>	
pp 84-85	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
basement	Noun	/ˈbeɪsmənt/	υπόγειο	in a house or other building, a basement is a room that is below the level of the ground outside		<i>the furniture department is in the basement we store a lot of stuff in our basement it gets very wet in the basement a basement flat we're going to move the bathroom from the ground floor into the basement</i>	
canteen	Noun	/kænˈtiːn/	καντίνα, κυλικείο, τραπεζαρία	in an office or factory, the canteen is a large room like a restaurant where the people who work there can have a meal at lunchtime		<i>the canteen is on the first floor I prefer to take my own sandwiches than eat in the canteen a subsidised canteen (where the company pays part of the cost of the food so the employees do not have to pay the full price)</i>	
corridor	Noun	/ˈkɒrɪdɔː(r)/	διάδρομος	a corridor is a passage in a building with doors to rooms on one or both sides of it		<i>go down the corridor and my office is on the left a corridor ran the length of the building (went from one end to the other) go up the stairs at the end of the corridor</i>	
emergency exit	Noun	/ɪˈmɜːdʒənsi ˈeksɪt/	έξοδος κινδύνου	an emergency exit is a door in a building that you use to get out quickly when there is a fire or other dangerous situation		<i>there's an emergency exit at each end of the hall in case of fire, leave the building by the emergency exit people were screaming as they ran for the emergency exit</i>	
entrance	Noun	/ˈentrəns/	είσοδος	the entrance to a building is the door where you go in from the outside	back/front/side entrance main entrance	<i>you can go in through the main entrance after six o'clock we have to use the back entrance, not the front entrance i'll meet you at the side entrance to the church she parked outside the entrance to the cinema</i>	Verb: enter
flower	Noun	/ˈflaʊə(r)/	λουλούδι, άνθος	flowers are the coloured parts of a plant or tree that appear once a year for a while. People use flowers to make a room look nice	a bunch of flowers	<i>he gave her a bunch of flowers on her birthday pick some flowers (take them off the plant) put the flowers in a vase those flowers smell lovely I grow vegetables and flowers in the garden</i>	
ground floor	Noun	/graʊnd floː/	ισόγειο	In a building a floor is one level. In Britain, the ground floor is the same level as the ground outside the building, and the first floor is the one above that. In the US, the first floor is the same level as the ground outside (they don't talk about a ground floor)		<i>my office is on the ground floor our flat is on the top floor go up the stairs to the second floor take a lift to the fourth floor which floor is your office on? she ran down the stairs to the second floor</i>	
lift	Noun	/lɪft/	ανελκυστήρας	a lift is a small room that can carry people up and down a building so that they do not have to use the stairs	take the lift call the lift	<i>she pressed the button to call the lift let's take the lift – it's a long way up to the fifth floor the lift wasn't working so we went up the stairs the engineers are repairing the lift</i>	
office	Noun	/ˈɒfɪs/	γραφείο	an office is a building or a room where people work, usually sitting at desks		<i>an open plan office (where there are lots of people working in the same big room) my office is on the second floor a big office block (a building full of offices) I don't want to work in an office would you come into my office, please?</i>	
price list	Noun	/praɪs lɪst/	τιμοκατάλογος	a price list is a document on paper, on a computer, or on a website which tells you the price you have to pay for a company's products		<i>she left the price list on her desk I've only got last year's price list – this year's isn't ready yet I checked the price list, and it's £99.99 can you send me a copy of your price list?</i>	
stairs	Noun plural	/steəz/	σκάλα(-ες)	stairs are a series of steps that you use to go from one level in a building to another	take the stairs	<i>the lift isn't working so we'll have to take the stairs we walked up three flights of stairs (went up three levels in the building) please don't run down the stairs he fell down the stairs and broke his leg</i>	
through	Preposition	/θruː/	διασχίζω, περνώ μέσα από, δια μέσου	if you go through somewhere, you go across it from side or end to the other		<i>go through the reception area to the fire exit we went through France and Germany on the way to Poland I had to go through her office to get back to the reception area</i>	
X-ray	Noun	/ˈeksreɪ/	ακτινογραφία	an X-ray is a photograph that shows the inside of something		<i>an X-ray photograph of the factory Nick is a photographer who works with X-rays the dentist took an X-ray to make sure there was nothing else wrong with my teeth he went to hospital for an X-ray on his broken leg</i>	Verb: X-ray
pp 86-87	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
acre	Noun	/ˈeɪkə(r)/	εκτάριο	an acre is a measurement of land equal to 4,047 square metres		<i>they rode across 100,000 acres of land the farm had 116 acres the larger field covered two and a half acres in 1950, they paid £200 an acre for the farmland</i>	

adventure	Noun	/ədˈventʃə(r)/	περιπέτεια	adventure is an exciting and interesting activity. If you have an adventure, lots of exciting and interesting things happen to you		<i>cowboys had a life of freedom and adventure it was such an adventure cycling across Uzbekistan she travelled across Asia in search of adventure let's go camping at Christmas – it'll be an adventure!</i> <i>John Wayne played the part of a cowboy in lots of films a pair of cowboy boots (a style of boot that cowboys typically wore) life as a cowboy was hard, but fun</i>	Adjective: adventurous
cowboy	Noun	/ˈkaʊˌbɔɪ/	καουμπόης, γελαδάρης	a cowboy is a man who used to look after cattle and horses in the western United States. A lot of adventure films, called westerns, have been made about cowboys			
favour	Noun	/ˈfeɪvə(r)/	χάρη	if you do someone a favour , you do something kind that is useful or helpful for them without expecting anything in return	do someone a favour ask a favour (of someone)	<i>can you do me a favour and take this to the post office? she asked a favour of me she lent me her bike as a favour he's always doing favours for his elderly neighbours</i>	
image	Noun	/ˈɪmɪdʒ/	εικόνα	your image of something is what you think it is like, even if what you think about it is not right		<i>our view of cowboys is a very romantic image my image of the way the world works is very different from yours the school doesn't have a very good image (people do not think is a good school)</i> <i>we were in the middle of nowhere so, of course, there was no mobile phone signal he went to live in the middle of nowhere and none of his friends ever went to visit him I've been offered a job, but the office is in the middle of nowhere so I said no</i>	
middle of nowhere	Phrase	/ˈmɪdl ɒv ˈnəʊweə/	στη μέση του πουθενά	if you refer to a place as being in the middle of nowhere , you mean that it is a long way from anywhere interesting and you do not want to be there or go there			
mistake	Noun	/mɪˈsteɪk/	λάθος, σφάλμα	if you make a mistake , you do something wrong or bad, although you did not intend to	make a mistake by mistake	<i>I kicked a ball through my neighbour's window by mistake I didn't make a single mistake in the maths exam it was a big mistake to put so much salt in the soup the government has made a number of bad mistakes in the past year</i>	
moustache	Noun	/məˈstaːʃ/	μουστάκι	a man's moustache is the hair growing on his upper lip		<i>I decided to shave my moustache off he grew a moustache but it didn't suit him both men had a black beard and moustache Solzhenitsyn used to have a beard but no moustache</i>	
plain	Noun	/pleɪn/	πεδιάδα	a plain is a grassy area of open land		<i>cattle walk across the huge plains to eat the grass the plains of the western US the central region is mostly made up of plains the plains and valleys were good for farming</i>	
ranch	Noun	/rɑːntʃ/	ράντσο, αγρόκτημα	a ranch is a large farm in the United States for cattle, horses or sheep		<i>he bought a ranch in Texas I grew up on a ranch in Colorado we visited my uncle on his ranch last year his two sons kept the ranch after he died, but had to sell it after three years</i>	Noun: rancher
romantic	Adjective	/rəʊˈmæntɪk/	ρομαντικός	if you think something is romantic , it makes you feel good and excited, even though your ideas about it are not very realistic		<i>our view of cowboys is a very romantic image he has a rather romantic idea of what life is like in the navy he told a rather romantic story about his childhood in Paris</i>	
pp 88-89	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
address	Noun	/əˈdres/	διεύθυνση	your address in the number of your house and the name of the street and town where you live, which people write on an envelope when they send you a letter. On the Internet, your email address is the series of letters people need to use to send you an email, for example 'john.brown99@garglemail.com'		<i>write your name, address and email address at the top of the form what's your address? I made a note of her address my address is 43, Stuart Avenue, Leicester</i>	Verb: address
apply	Verb	/əˈplaɪ/	κάνω αίτηση	if you apply for something such as a job, you write to say that you want to have it	apply for something	<i>you should start applying for jobs before you leave university did you apply for that job at the BBC? 300 people applied for just one job at the studio I applied for a grant to study physics at Oxford</i>	Noun: application Noun: applicant
CV	Noun	/ˌsiːˈviː/	βιογραφικό	your CV is a document which describes your education and work history, and which you show to people when you apply for a job. It is the initials of the Latin <i>curriculum vitae</i>		<i>please send your CV by email an impressive CV can you help me write my CV?</i>	
date of birth	Noun	/deɪt ɒv bɜːθ/	ημερομηνία γέννησης	your date of birth is the exact date (day of the month, month, and year) when you were born		<i>her date of birth is 12th June 1992 write your full name and date of birth at the top of the form what's your date of birth?</i>	
education	Noun uncount	/ˌedʒuˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	εκπαίδευση	your education is the process of learning things that you go through at school and university. When you apply for a job, you usually have to describe your education by saying what school or university you went to, what subjects you studied and what exams you passed		<i>she had a good education at a top school in Scotland I don't think they were impressed by my education</i>	

essential	Adjective	/ɪˈsenʃ(ə)l/	ουσιώδης, απαραίτητος	something that is essential is important and absolutely necessary		<i>experience is not essential it is essential that you get home by ten o'clock tonight it's essential to pass my exams, otherwise I won't get in to university ability to speak French and German is essential for this job</i>	Noun: <i>essential</i>
full-time	Adjective		πλήρους απασχόλησης	if you have a full-time job, you work all day for five days a week. Compare <i>part-time</i>		<i>both parents have a full-time job he's a full-time teacher I found full-time work at the local school</i>	Adverb: <i>full-time</i>
home telephone	Noun	/həʊm ˈtɛlɪfəʊn/	τηλέφωνο οικίας	your home telephone is the telephone number for the telephone in your home, not the one at work or your mobile number		<i>you can contact me on my home telephone or on my mobile they rang my home telephone when I was out, but they left a message</i>	
interests	Noun plural	/ˈɪntrɪsts/	τα ενδιαφέροντα	your interests are the things that you enjoy doing in your spare time (when you are not working or studying)		<i>my interests are music, sports (basketball and hockey) and travel do you have any interests apart from going to the cinema? I put down tennis and reading as my main interests</i>	
part-time	Adjective	/pɑːt taɪm/	μερικής απασχόλησης	if you have a part-time job, you work for some of the time, but not all the time. Compare <i>full-time</i>		<i>I'm looking for a part-time job while I'm studying he's a part-time teacher I found part-time work at the car factory</i>	Adverb: <i>part-time</i>
past experience	Noun uncount	/pɑːst ɪks ˈpɪəriəns/	προϋπηρεσία	your past experience is the sort of jobs you have had and the work you did in them		<i>they'll ask you about your past experience in the interview can you tell me something about your past experience? my past experience includes a summer spent working on a farm</i>	
polite	Adjective	/pəˈlaɪt/	ευγενικός	if you are polite , you talk to someone in a nice way that shows respect		<i>most customers are OK if you are friendly and polite the letter was short and polite the waiter was polite and helpful she gave me a polite smile and handed over the envelope</i>	Adverb: <i>politely</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>rude</i>
position	Noun	/pəˈzɪʃ(ə)n/	θέση εργασίας	a position is a particular job within a company or organisation	take up a position	<i>full-time and part-time positions available he left the firm to take up a position (start a new job) in a large engineering company in my last position I was responsible for a team of four designers</i>	
reference	Noun	/ˈref(ə)rəns/	συστατική επιστολή, συστάσεις	a reference is someone who used to be your boss or teacher and supports you when you apply for a new job by telling someone that you were a good and reliable worker. A reference is also the document that they write saying this.		<i>they asked me for two references I'll write you a good reference she has glowing references (very good references) please ask me before you give my name as a reference</i>	
skill	Noun	/skɪl/	δεξιότητα, ικανότητα	your skills are the things that you can do very well, especially things that you have been trained to do and are part of the work you do		<i>you need strong leadership skills to be a good manager I hope to develop my skills over the next six months I went on a course to improve my writing skills your salary will depend on your skills and experience</i>	Adjective: <i>skilled</i>
staff	Noun uncount	/stɑːf/	προσωπικό	the staff of a company, shop, etc. are the people who work there		<i>the staff are friendly and efficient we need to employ more staff the company has more than 200 staff I talked to a member of staff (one of the staff) Nabokov joined the staff of Wellesley College in 1941</i>	
work experience	Noun uncount	/wɜːk ɪks ˈpɪəriəns/	επαγγελματική εμπειρία, προϋπηρεσία	your work experience is the sort of jobs you have had in the past and the work you did in them		<i>under work experience, I wrote 'none' (on a job application form) should I put 'babysitting my sister' as work experience? they'll ask you about your work experience</i>	

Unit 8 p 93	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
astronaut	Noun	/ˈæstrəˌnɔːt/	αστροναύτης	an astronaut is someone who travels into space in a space rocket		<i>astronauts carried out experiments while they were in space Neil Armstrong is the most famous astronaut ever we all wanted to be astronauts when we were children it takes years of training to become an astronaut</i>	
bored	Adjective	/bɔː(r)d/	βαριέμαι, βαριεστημένος	if you are bored , you are not enjoying something because you are not interested in what you are doing or in what is happening	get bored bored stiff	<i>I got bored after waiting for an hour if you're bored, why don't you go and do your homework? you'll soon get bored if you don't have a book to read I was bored stiff (extremely bored)</i>	Adjective: <i>boring</i> Noun: <i>boredom</i> Verb: <i>bore</i>
decision	Noun	/dɪˈsɪʒ(ə)n/	απόφαση	if you make a decision , you choose what you are going to do or have	make a decision a decision to do something come to a decision	<i>she made the decision to go back to France it's a big decision (it's very important), so take your time it's a difficult choice, but we've finally come to a decision it was a very sensible decision to stay at school for another year I had some difficult decisions to make it's not too late to change your decision</i>	Verb: <i>decide</i>

experiment	Noun	/ɪkˈspɛrɪmənt/	πείραμα	an experiment is a scientific test that you do to see what happens under certain conditions	do/conduct/carry out/perform an experiment an experiment shows/proves something	<i>experiments show that the same effect can be achieved with a sugar pill the experiment was a failure the experiment showed no harmful effects of the drug we carried out the experiment twice to make sure the results were accurate</i>	Verb: <i>experiment</i> Adjective: <i>experimental</i>
hungry	Adjective	/ˈhʌŋɡri/	πεινασμένος, πεινάω	if you are hungry , you want to eat something as soon as possible	get hungry	<i>take some biscuits in case you get hungry I'm always hungry after I've been swimming I had lunch half an hour ago so I'm not hungry she woke up feeling hungry and thirsty there are two hungry children waiting for breakfast here</i>	Adverb: <i>hungrily</i> Noun: <i>hunger</i>
instructions	Noun plural	/ɪnˈstrʌkʃənz/	οδηγίες	instructions are a detailed description of how to do something, for example, how to use a machine such as a dishwasher	follow instructions	<i>I can't understand these instructions you should read the instructions before you plug it in the instructions are very difficult to follow the instructions were in 12 different languages. But not English!</i>	
mathematical problem	Noun	/ˌmæθɪˈmættɪkəlˈprɒbləm/	μαθηματικό πρόβλημα	a mathematical problem is a sort of question that makes you use mathematics in order to find the right answer	solve a mathematical problem	<i>technology solves mathematical problems for us she spends her time playing chess and doing mathematical problems with a computer, these mathematical problems are easy to solve a difficult mathematical problem</i>	
new ideas	Noun	/njuː aɪˈdɪəz/	νέες ιδέες	if you have a new idea , you think of something that no one else has thought of before		<i>we're always interested in hearing new ideas he has 10 new ideas an hour! he couldn't come up with (think of) any new ideas they discussed a number of new ideas for the story</i>	
repetitive	Adjective	/rɪˈpetətɪv/	επαναλαμβανόμενος, μονότονος	something that is repetitive happens again and again, often in a very boring way		<i>simple and repetitive jobs working in the factory involved doing a series of repetitive tasks his poetry is very repetitive the repetitive nature of his job</i>	Verb: <i>repeat</i>
sleep	Verb	/sliːp/	κοιμάμαι	when you sleep , you rest with your eyes closed and you are not awake		<i>I sleep eight hours a night sleep well (what you say to someone at night when they go to bed) I went to bed but I was too worried to sleep she slept on the plane journey to Los Angeles</i>	Noun: <i>sleep</i> Adjective: <i>asleep</i>
solve	Verb	/sɒlv/	λύνω, επιλύω	if you solve a problem, you find the right answer to it		<i>the problem you have to solve is how to get three chairs into this small space our brains like trying to solve problems Sherlock Holmes solved the problem – of course</i>	Noun: <i>solution</i>
speak	Verb	/spiːk/	μιλώ	if you can speak a language, you know it and can talk to people using that language	speak a language	<i>I can speak English, German and Italian how many languages can you speak? British people are not very good at speaking foreign languages she spoke French with a strong German accent</i>	
understand	Verb	/ˌʌndə(r)ˈstænd/	καταλαβαίνω	if you understand something, you know what it means or how it works		<i>I can't understand these instructions can you understand Italian? I don't understand this word I still don't understand how mobile phones work once I explained it to him, he understood</i>	

pp 94-95	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
connect	Verb	/kəˈnekt/	συνδέω(-ομαι)	if you connect to the Internet, you do something with your computer, phone, PlayStation, etc. that allows you to get documents, games, music, etc. from the Internet		<i>if there's no wifi, you can't connect to the Internet my phone is always connected to the Internet they connected the TV to a different Internet supplier</i>	Noun: <i>connection</i>
download	Verb	/ˌdaʊnˈləʊd/	κάνω λήψη, μεταφόρτωση	if you download something, you take it from the Internet and put it on your computer, phone, tablet, etc.		<i>it took an hour to download the film you can download the whole book from our site he's been downloading music all evening you can watch the film on their website, but you can't download it onto your computer</i>	Noun: <i>download</i> Opposite – Verb: <i>upload</i>
hairdryer	Noun	/ˈheə(r),draɪə(r)/	πιστολάκι μαλλιών, σεσουάρ	a hairdryer is a piece of electrical equipment that blows hot air out so that you can dry your hair after you have washed it		<i>can I borrow your hairdryer? my hairdryer is broken I bought a new hairdryer this morning</i>	
log in	Phrasal verb	/lɒɡ ɪn/	σύνδεση, συνδέομαι	if you log in to a computer, you put in your password to start using it		<i>if you can't remember your password, you won't be able to log in she sat at her desk and logged in make sure you log in before the meeting starts</i>	Opposite – Phrasal verb: <i>log out</i>
match	Noun	/mætʃ/	σπίρτο	a match is a thin, short stick of wood with a special substance on the end that produces a flame when you rub it against a rough surface	a box of matches strike a match	<i>does anyone have any matches? she struck a match to light the fire there's a box of matches in the cupboard under the stairs the matches got wet, so we couldn't light a fire</i>	
play	Verb	/pleɪ/	παίζω	if you play games, you do the activities that are involved in them		<i>a lot of my friends play online games she played computer games all evening I like playing tennis they played football in the park do you know how to play chess? let's play a game</i>	Noun: <i>player</i>

search	Verb	/sɜː(r)tʃ/	αναζητώ, ψάχνω	when you search , you try to find something on the Internet by putting words into a search engine such as Google or Bing		<i>I searched the Internet for a good English dictionary search for 'hotels in Budapest' if you search online you're sure to find the answer</i>	Noun: search
set up	Phrasal verb	/set ʌp/	κανονίζω, δημιουργώ	if you set up an arrangement or agreement, you do what is necessary for it to start		<i>it's easy to set up an online account with us it took all morning to set up the five computers in a network everything is set up for your new credit card, now all we need is your signature</i>	
signal	Noun	/ˈsɪɡn(ə)/	σήμα	a signal is electrical waves that carry sound and pictures to mobile phones, computers, etc.		<i>I can't hear you very well, there's a really bad signal here I can never get a signal in the back garden there's no signal on the island, so I'll send you a postcard!</i>	
skin	Noun	/skɪn/	δέρμα	your skin is the outer covering of your body		<i>if you've got dry skin, don't use this sort of soap my skin is darker than my brother's his skin was smooth and cold</i>	
subscribe	Verb	/səbˈskraɪb/	εγγράφομαι, αποκτήω συνδρομή	if you subscribe to something, you pay to be able to use a service such as a TV channel, a telephone network, an online newspaper, etc.	subscribe to something	<i>We subscribe to Netflix users of the site can subscribe for a month, six months, or a year at a time I subscribe to a daily podcast over 1,000 people have subscribed to my YouTube channel</i>	Noun: subscriber Noun: subscription
sun cream	Noun uncount	/sʌn kri:m/	αντιηλιακή κρέμα	sun cream is a thick liquid that you put on your skin to protect yourself when the sun is very hot and to stop your skin getting burnt		<i>don't forget to put on some sun cream make sure the children put the sun cream on a bottle of sun cream</i>	
touch	Verb	/tʌtʃ/	πιάνω, αγγίζω	if you touch something, you put part of your body on it, especially your hand or fingers		<i>it was too hot to touch the plant is not poisonous but it will hurt if you touch it touch the screen to start the program please don't touch the paintings</i>	Noun: touch
towel	Noun	/ˈtaʊəl/	πετσέτα	a towel is a piece of cloth that you use to dry your skin, for example after you have had a bath or been swimming		<i>I dried my hands on a towel a bath towel (a large towel) a hand towel (a small towel) there's a clean towel in the bathroom leave your towel on the floor when you've finished the towel's wet</i>	
upload	Verb	/ˈʌp.ləʊd/	ανεβάζω, μεταφορτώνω	if you upload something, you move it from your computer to somewhere in the cloud or on the Internet		<i>she uploaded the pictures to her Facebook page it's a brilliant video – you should upload it to YouTube he's always uploading photos of his breakfast to social networking sites it took nearly half an hour to upload all the documents</i>	Noun: upload Opposite – Verb: download
write	Verb	/raɪt/	γράφω	if you write something, you put words down on paper using a pen or pencil, or you put them on the screen of a computer or phone using a keyboard		<i>I write a weekly blog with all the family news I spent the evening writing emails can you write your address for me? he wrote me a lovely letter I'm writing a story for homework I tried to write a poem but it wasn't very good</i>	Noun: writer
pp 96-97	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
effect	Noun	/ɪˈfekt/	επίπτωση, συνέπεια, επίδραση	an effect is something that happens because of something else	have an effect (on something)	<i>being able to see well can have a big effect on their education smoking has a bad effect on your health these chemicals can have a bad effect on the environment we don't know how quickly the effects of climate change will happen</i>	
lens	Noun	/lenz/	φακός	a lens is a curved piece of glass that changes the way light passes through it and can help someone see things more clearly if their eyesight is not good. A pair of glasses has two lenses , one for each eye		<i>the lenses in his glasses were very thick I didn't know you wore contact lenses (small lenses that you put in your eye to help you see better) when you buy glasses, the lenses are the most expensive part</i>	
optician	Noun	/ɒpˈtɪʃ(ə)n/	οπτικός	an optician is someone whose job is to examine people's eyes to check how good their eyesight is and to decide if they need to wear glasses		<i>lots of people live in places where there aren't any opticians the optician told me I was short-sighted (not able to see things well if they are a long way away) I made an appointment to see an optician she's training to be an optician</i>	
pipe	Noun	/paɪp/	σωλήνας	a pipe is a hollow tube for carrying water, gas, oil, etc. from one place to another		<i>water comes into the house through a pipe from the street a gas pipe was leaking (letting gas out where it was not meant to come out) the water pipe burst (broke) most pipes are made of plastic nowadays</i>	
pump	Noun	/pʌmp/	αντλία	a pump is a device that forces liquid or gas through a pipe so that it goes into or out of something		<i>the pump pushes the silicone oil through the pipe the pump in our washing machine is broken there's a pump in the basement in case we get too much water there the garage replaced the oil pump in the car</i>	Verb: pump
silicone oil	Noun uncount	/ˈsɪlɪˌkəʊn ɔɪl/	λάδι σιλικόνης	silicone oil is a kind of oil that is often used as a lubricant – a substance that stops two surfaces getting damaged when they rub together		<i>the pump pushes the silicone oil through the pipe some lipsticks contain silicone oil to make the colour stick to the lips</i>	
source	Noun	/soː(r)s/	πηγή	the source of something is the place where it came from	source of something	<i>the river is our only source of water when he was at university, his dad was his main source of money the sun is our source of light and heat we get fish from the sea and other sources, such as rivers and lakes</i>	

water supply	Noun uncount	/ˈwɔːtə səˈplaɪ/	παροχή νερού, ύδρευση, υδροδότηση	the water supply to a place is the water that is available there through a public system that delivers the water through taps in people's houses		<i>the water supply in our village is very bad they're working hard to improve the water supply the island has no fresh water supply the electricity and water supply had both failed</i>	
wheel	Noun	/wiːl/	τροχός, ρόδα, τιμόνι	a wheel is a small, round part of a machine that you turn in order to operate the machine		<i>you turn the wheels on each side to open the gate the wheel was stuck so I had to get some oil turn the wheel all the way round</i>	
pp 98-99	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bur	Noun	/bɜː(r)/	κολλιτσιδα, ακιδωτό σπέρμα φυτού που προσκολλάται στα ρούχα	a bur is a covering of the seed of a plant that sticks to things such as clothing or animal fur that come into contact with it		<i>he pulled the burs off his trousers my pullover was covered in burs after I fell in the bush</i>	
dirt	Noun uncount	/dɜː(r)t/	βρωμιά	dirt is a substance such as dust or soil that is not considered to be clean		<i>his jacket was covered in dirt don't get dirt on your new trousers he swept the dirt up from the floor she had dirt all down her arms</i>	
flipper	Noun	/ˈflɪpə(r)/	πτερύγιο	a flipper is the flat arm or leg of a sea animal such as a whale or a penguin		<i>whales move easily through water because of their flippers it had flippers instead of feet the flippers help it swim very fast</i>	
run off	Phrasal verb	/rʌn ɒf/	τρέχω, ρέω από κάπου	if liquid runs off a surface, it flows down and away and does not stay on the surface		<i>he noticed how water ran off the leaves water ran off the fields onto the road where it froze during the night</i>	
wind turbine	Noun	/ˈwɪnd ˈtʃaɪn/	ανεμογεννήτρια	a wind turbine is a tall tower with large, flat bits of metal at the top that turn round when the wind blows on them and make electricity		<i>there are 20 wind turbines on the hill above the village each wind turbine costs about £30,000 to build wind turbines provide extra income for some farmers a single wind turbine can provide power to 1,500 houses</i>	
pp 100-101	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
as a result	Phrase	/æz ə ɪˈzʌlt/	ως αποτέλεσμα, κατά συνέπεια	you use as a result to say what happens or what a situation is after you have mentioned a cause or reason for it	as a result of something	<i>as a result, they are cheaper over a long period of time he fell ill and, as a result, lost his job she was very shy and, as a result, very lonely</i>	
backwards	Adverb	/ˈbækwə(r)dz/	προς τα πίσω	if something moves backwards , it moves in the direction behind it, or in the direction away from you		<i>push the lever backwards the car rolled backwards down the hill I fell over trying to run backwards he fell backwards onto the pavement</i>	
battery	Noun	/ˈbæt(ə)ri/	μπαταρία	a battery is an object that stores electricity and is used in equipment such as phones, tablets, cameras, etc.	a flat/dead battery recharge a battery battery life	<i>I need some new batteries for this toy he changed the battery in his camera the battery only lasts a few hours the battery in my phone is flat (it has no more power) the battery has gone dead (it has no more power) battery life is about 24 hours (the length of time the battery can give power before it stops working) it takes two hours to recharge the battery (put more power in it)</i>	
button	Noun	/ˈbʌt(ə)n/	κουμπί	a button is a small round thing that you press in order to make a piece of electrical equipment start working or stop working		<i>press the button to call the lift the on/off button is on the side of the TV (the button you press to make the TV come on or go off) where's the stop button on the video camera? keep your finger on the button till the light comes on</i>	
charge	Verb	/tʃɑː(r)dʒ/	φορτίζω	if you charge a battery or an electrical device, you put electricity back into it so that you can use it again		<i>I need to charge my phone charge the batteries overnight and they'll be ready in the morning I forgot to charge the battery in my camera</i>	Noun: charger
come down	Phrasal verb	/kʌm daʊn/	κατεβαίνω	if something comes down , it moves to a lower position or place		<i>the drone came back down to the ground she came down the stairs very quickly when we arrived he came slowly down the ladder</i>	
contrasting	Adjective	/kənˈtraːstɪŋ/	αντικρουόμενος	contrasting things, opinions, people, etc. are very different from each other		<i>we have contrasting views on the election they gave contrasting explanations for what had happened his shirt and jacket were in contrasting colours</i>	
firstly	Adverb	/ˈfɜː(r)s(t)li/	πρώτον, καταρχάς	you use firstly to introduce the first of a number of statements you are going to make		<i>firstly, LED lighting lasts longer than normal lighting firstly, you need to take warm clothing firstly, let me just say how pleased we are to see you here</i>	
for example	Phrase	/fɔːr ɪɡˈzɑːmpl/	για παράδειγμα	you use for example when you are about to refer to something that is typical of what you are talking about		<i>the classrooms, for example, were all very clean he wanted to learn some foreign languages, for example French and Russian the shop sells all sorts of things, for example newspapers, magazines and sweets</i>	
forwards	Adverb	/ˈfɔː(r)wə(r)dz/	προς τα εμπρός	if something moves forwards , it moves in the direction in front of it, or in the direction towards you		<i>pull the lever forwards the car rolled forwards into the river move your chairs forwards a bit</i>	
go up	Phrasal verb	/gəʊ ʌp/	ανεβαίνω	if something goes up , it rises to a higher place or position		<i>push the lever forwards to make the drone go up go up the escalator to the second floor we went up 6 floors in the lift she went slowly up the stairs you can go up the tower if you pay €5 the office is on the third floor; you can go up now</i>	Opposite – Phrasal verb: go down
however	Adverb	/haʊˈevə(r)/	ωστόσο	you use however to introduce information that is surprising or unexpected after what you have just been saying		<i>however, you don't need to change the battery very often the following week, however, had a lot of rain he was, however, a qualified accountant</i>	

in addition	Phrase	/ɪn əˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	επιπλέον	you use in addition when adding extra information to what you have just said	in addition, around one million birds a year are killed by plastic pollution this will bring your temperature down and, in addition, it will help you sleep better in other words, LED lights need less electricity to produce more light this could be very serious indeed – in other words, he might die move the lever forwards to make the drone climb higher in the air there's a lever at the side of the machine push the lever up to signal that you are going to turn left a free music download we have to pay for our music downloads illegal music downloads are a problem for musicians		
in other words	Phrase	/ɪn ˈlðə wɜːdz/	με άλλα λόγια	you use in other words when explaining something for a second time, often in a simpler way			
lever	Noun	/ˈliːvə(r)/	μοχλός	a lever is a long handle or bar that you pull or push in order to operate a piece of equipment			
music download	Noun	/ˈmjʊːzɪk ˌdaʊnˈləʊd/	(ηλεκτρονική) λήψη μουσικής	a music download is a song or other piece of music that you have got from the Internet and put on your computer			
on the other hand	Phrase	/ɒn ðɪ ˈlðə hænd/	αφετέρου, από την άλλη πλευρά	you use on the other hand to introduce a fact that is different from what you have been saying but that is just as important	on the other hand, LED lights are more expensive I'd like to visit Florence, but, on the other hand, I need to save money to buy a car his TV was very old, but his computer, on the other hand, was very new which button should I press? press the button to call the lift which switch do I press to get the light to come on? she pressed the doorbell put the DVD in, then press any key on the keyboard I pressed the wrong button and the machine stopped working		
press	Verb	/pres/	πιέζω, πατάω	if you press something, you push on it with your finger or hand			
propeller	Noun	/prəˈpelə(r)/	προπέλα, έλικας	a propeller is a device on a plane or ship that consists of blades that go round and round and make the plane or ship move	if you pull the lever back, the propellers will slow down the propellers were still turning when he climbed out of the plane		
pull	Verb	/pʊl/	τραβάω, έλκω	if you pull something, you make it move it towards you using your hands	pull the lever back to make the propellers slow down pull the handle towards you I pulled the suitcase out from under the bed can you help me pull this wardrobe into the garage		
push	Verb	/pʊʃ/	σπρώχνω, πατάω, ωθώ	if you push something, you put force on it and make it move away from you using your hands	push the button to start the washing machine she pushed the gate open stop pushing me! he pushed his bike up the hill		
remote control	Noun	/rɪˈməʊt kənˈtrəʊl/	τηλεχειριστήριο	a remote control is a device that lets you control a piece of equipment by sending radio signals to it so that you do need to touch the equipment or be next to it	where's the remote control for the TV? the remote control needs a new battery a model plane that operates by remote control she pressed the button on the remote control to turn the sound down on the TV		
result	Noun	/rɪˈzʌlt/	αποτέλεσμα	a result is a situation, event, etc. that happens because of something else	the result of the election was that we have a new government the result of her hard work was a place at Oxford University	Verb: result	
slow down	Phrasal verb	/sləʊ daʊn/	κόβω ταχύτητα	if something slows down , it starts to move more slowly	the propellers will slow down if you pull the lever back the car slowed down and stopped at the traffic lights slow down – I can't keep up with you		
turn on	Phrasal verb	/tɜːn ɒn/	ανάβω, ανοίγω	if you turn on a piece of equipment, you do something such as move a switch or press a button to make it start operating	it was getting dark, so she turned on the light quick – turn the TV on. It's about to start where do I turn on the shower? I forgot to turn the oven on so dinner will be late	Opposite – Phrasal verb: turn off	
vending machine	Noun	/ˈvɛndɪŋ məˈʃɪːn/	μηχάνημα αυτόματης πώλησης, αυτόματος πωλητής	a vending machine is a machine that sells things such as chocolate bars, tea or coffee, bottles of water, etc. You put money in the machine and it releases the thing you have bought	the vending machine takes coins but not notes or bank cards I put a pound in the vending machine there's a vending machine on the platform at the station		
wireless technology	Noun	/ˈwaɪəls tɛkˈnɒlədʒi/	ασύρματη τεχνολογία	wireless technology is a way of transferring information, pictures, sound, etc. without having a physical connection between two points but by using radio waves. Examples of wireless technology are mobile phones and wifi	wireless technology has improved a lot over the last few years wireless technology will become more and more common during the next decade modern wireless technology lets you 'talk' to your house		
pp 102-103	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
awareness	Noun uncount	/əˈweə(r)nəs/	επίγνωση, συνείσθηση	your awareness of something is the fact that you know it exists	awareness of something	she had a keen awareness of the danger (she understood the danger very well) we need to raise public awareness of the issue (tell people about it so that they know) there is very little awareness of the problem a list of basic words basic skills, such as reading and writing I just need a basic phone, not anything expensive	Adjective: aware
basic	Adjective	/ˈbeɪsɪk/	βασικός, στοιχειώδης	something that is basic is very simple and not very developed			
die out	Phrasal verb	/daɪ aʊt/	εκλείπω, χάνομαι, εξασθενώ	if things die out , they gradually stop existing	many languages could die out in the next few years these local traditions have died out the steel industry has died out in Wales		

disappear	Verb	/ˌdɪsəˈpiə(r)/	εξαφανίζω(-ομαι)	if something disappears , it stops existing or goes somewhere where it cannot be seen		every two weeks, a language disappears we waved goodbye and watched the train disappear into the distance it was here a minute ago, and now it's disappeared their traditional way of life is disappearing fast as she disappeared from view, Barney turned and walked back to the car	Noun: disappearance
equipment	Noun uncount	/ɪˈkwɪpmənt/	εξοπλισμός	equipment is the tools, machines, etc. that are used for a particular activity		their equipment isn't working properly we put all the camping equipment in the car thieves stole cash and computer equipment photographic equipment is very expensive	
forever	Adverb	/fəˈevə(r)/	για πάντα, παντοτινά	if something is going to happen or exist forever , it will always happen or exist and never change		these languages will disappear forever I will love you forever she wanted to stay there forever his death changed my life forever	
neglect	Verb	/nɪˈglekt/	παραμελώ, αμελώ	if you neglect something, you do not do it, or do not do it properly because you do not want to give it your full attention		if you neglect your schoolwork you won't get in to university he criticised those parents who neglected their children's education he has been neglecting his duty to the children in his care	Noun: neglect
schooled	Verb	/skuːld/	εκπαιδεύομαι	if someone has been schooled in something, they have learned about it by being taught or trained	be schooled in something	he was schooled in both art and music pupils are schooled in the use of computers and recording equipment	
shift	Noun	/ʃɪft/	μετατόπιση, αλλαγή, μεταβολή	a shift is a change in the way something happens or is done, or a change in the way people think about something	a shift in something	there's been a shift in the way we communicate because of new technology a shift from oil to natural gas a remarkable shift in public opinion	Verb: shift
Unit 9 p 105	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
accommodation	Noun uncount	/əˌkɒməˈdeɪʃ(ə)n/	κατάλυμα	accommodation is a place such as a house, flat or hotel where you can live or stay for a while		how was the accommodation on your holiday? the tourist office can help you find accommodation the university can't provide accommodation I've had some problems with my accommodation I'm living in student accommodation	Verb: accommodate
sunbathing	Noun uncount	ˈsʌnˌbeɪðɪŋ	ηλιοθεραπεία	sunbathing is the activity of lying outside when the sun is shining to make your skin become brown		we spent the afternoon sunbathing on the beach after an hour of sunbathing she got up and went to the café cycling, swimming and sunbathing are popular activities here	Verb: sunbathe
pp 106-107	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
abroad	Adverb	/əˈbrɔːd/	στο εξωτερικό, στην αλλοδαπή	if you go abroad , you go from your country to a different country. If you live abroad , you live in a country that is not your own		she went abroad to work we have holidays abroad every June I worked abroad for a few years you'll need your passport if you're going abroad she spent a year abroad as part of her university French course about 5 million British people live abroad now	
book	Verb	/bʊk/	κάνω κράτηση	if you book something, you arrange to have it or use it at a particular time in the future		I booked a flight to Rome I'd like to book a table in your restaurant for four people you can book your tickets by phone or online the restaurant gets busy, so you need to book it's a busy train so I suggest you book a seat	Noun: booking
fortunately	Adverb	/ˈfɔː(r)tʃənətli/	ευτυχώς	you use fortunately to describe something that happens because of good luck		fortunately, the train arrived as soon as we got to the station fortunately, my passport was in my other bag I lost his number, but fortunately he rang me last night	Adjective: fortunate Opposites – Adverb: unfortunately Adjective: unfortunate
rent	Verb	/rent/	ενοικιάζω, μισθώνω	if you rent a boat, a bike or a car, you pay money to be able to use it for a period of time. If you rent a house or flat, you pay money to the owner so that you can live in it		we rented a boat on the lake she rented a car for a week they rented a house near the beach we rented for several years but finally bought our own house last month let's rent some bikes for the afternoon	Noun: rent
sightseeing	Noun uncount	/ˈsaɪt siːɪŋ/	βλέπω τα αξιοθέατα	if you go sightseeing , you go around a town or city looking at the interesting buildings and places that tourists like to see	go sightseeing a sightseeing tour	we went on a sightseeing tour down the river on Saturday you can choose between going sightseeing or going shopping we went sightseeing every day in Lisbon they spent the day sightseeing	Noun: sightseer
sing	Verb	/sɪŋ/	τραγουδώ	if you sing , or sing a song, you make musical sounds with your voice	sing a song	we all sat around the fire and sang songs I can't sing in tune (make the right musical noises) we used to sing during long car journeys let me sing you my favourite song	Noun: singer Noun: singing
song	Noun	/sɒŋ/	τραγούδι	a song is a piece of music with words that you can sing	sing a song	we sat around the fire and sang songs a pop song a love song I heard a great song on the radio this morning Lennon and McCartney wrote some famous songs I can remember all the words to that song	

stay	Verb	/steɪ/	διαμένω, μένω	if you stay somewhere, you do not go anywhere else for a while. If you stay in a hotel, a campsite, etc. you live there for a while	we stayed in a hotel in Paris for a week I'm staying with my brother for a few days where did you stay in New York? you stay here while I go the shops she stayed out all night again (did not come home until the morning)	Noun: stay
suddenly	Adverb	ˈsʌd(ə)nli/	ξαφνικά, άξαφνα	if something happens suddenly , it starts to happen very quickly, often when you are not expecting it	suddenly, the lights went out we thought we were lost, but suddenly we saw the hotel the café suddenly filled up with people the weather changed very suddenly she died suddenly at the end of last week	Adjective: sudden
unpack	Verb	/ʌnˈpæk/	ξεπακετάρω, αδειάζω τη βαλίτσα	if you unpack , or unpack your bags, you take all the clothes and things out of your suitcase, backpack, etc. when you have arrived somewhere	let's unpack first and then go and get something to eat I'll see you in ten minutes after I've unpacked my bags we didn't have time to unpack before dinner shall I help you unpack?	

pp 108-109	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
amazed/amazing	Adjective	/əˈmeɪzd/ /əˈmeɪzɪŋ/	έκπληκτος, μαγεμένος/εκπληκτικός	if you are amazed by something, you are surprised and impressed by it. If something is amazing , you think it is surprising and impressive		his doctor is amazed he's still alive I was amazed to hear that they were getting married she was amazed at his patience the technology involved is amazing we had an amazing view from the hotel window	Verb: amaze Noun: amazement
annoyed/annoying	Adjective	/əˈnɔɪd/ /əˈnɔɪɪŋ/	ενοχλημένος/ενοχλητικός	if you are annoyed , you are a little bit angry. Something that is annoying makes you a little bit angry		Martin was trying hard not to sound annoyed she had an annoyed expression on her face he had an annoying habit of starting every sentence with the word 'so' the website has too many annoying ads on it her little brother was a very annoying child	Verb: annoy
fascinated/fascinating	Adjective	/ˈfæsɪneɪtɪd/ /ˈfæsɪneɪtɪŋ/	συνεπαρμένος/συναρπαστικός	something that is fascinating is extremely interesting. If you are fascinated by something, you think it is extremely interesting		Patagonia is a fascinating place I found her story absolutely fascinating he gave a fascinating talk about the history of London it'll be fascinating to see who wins as a child, Kevin was fascinated by dinosaurs he was fascinated with modern technology and engineering I'd be fascinated to know what she said to him	Verb: fascinate Noun: fascination
frightened/frightening	Adjective	/ˈfraɪt(ə)nd/ /ˈfraɪt(ə)ɪnɪŋ/	φοβισμένος/τρομακτικός	something that is frightening makes you feel afraid. If you are frightened , you are afraid		the city centre was a frightening place late at night it was very frightening when the lights suddenly went out I was frightened of the dark when I was a child don't be frightened, it was only a mouse	Verb: frighten
worried	Adjective	/ˈwʌrɪd/	ανήσυχος	if you are worried , you are thinking about problems or about something bad that might happen. If something is worrying , it makes you think that something bad might happen	worried about something	I'm worried about my exams the guide was great, so I wasn't worried it was very worrying when I saw the policeman coming to the door we spent a worrying few hours waiting for news	Verb: worry Noun: worry

pp 110-111	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
architecture	Noun uncount	/ˈɑː(r)kiˌtektʃə(r)/	αρχιτεκτονική	architecture is the style and design of buildings		you'll see some fine architecture when you go to Paris the architecture there is amazing she's studying architecture at university 20th century American architecture	Noun: architect
bone	Noun	/bəʊn/	οστό	your bones are the hard parts that make up the frame of your body. An adult human body has 206 bones		I was cold, wet and my bones were aching she broke a bone in her foot children's bones are softer than adult bones because they are still growing	
catacomb	Noun	/ˈkætə.kuːm/	κατακόμβη	a catacomb is a tunnel or other area under the ground where dead bodies are buried		we went on a tour of the Paris catacombs a TV programme about the catacombs of Rome there are nearly 3,000 bodies in these catacombs	
ceiling	Noun	/ˈsiːɪŋ/	οροφή	the ceiling is the top surface in a room or passage, over your head		the ceiling was so low I kept bumping my head on it what colour shall we paint the ceiling water was coming through the ceiling from the bathroom upstairs there's a hole in the ceiling	
place	Noun	/pleɪs/	θέση, μέρος, τοποθεσία	a place is a particular area where something can be		can you find a place for us to sit there's a nice place to eat near here Ullapool is a great place to live they're building new houses in several places outside the city there are secret entrances all over the place (there are lots of them)	
secret	Adjective	/ˈsiːkrət/	μυστικός	something that is secret is not known about by most people	keep something secret	there's a secret door into the garden he lost his bike and then tried to keep it secret from his parents they had a secret meeting behind the church	Noun: secret Adverb: secretly
skeleton	Noun	/ˈskelɪt(ə)n/	σκελετός	a skeleton is a set of all the bones that support a body		police found two more skeletons in the back garden the museum had a skeleton that was over 3,000 years old we saw lots of skeletons in the catacombs	
stone	Noun uncount	/stəʊn/	πέτρα	stone is the very hard substance that makes up a lot of the surface of the earth and that is used as a building material		the stone tunnel was very narrow bricks are cheaper than using natural stone the garden had a stone wall round three sides of it	

take place	Phrase	/tɛtk pleɪs/	λαμβάνω χώρα, πραγματοποιούμαι	if something takes place , it happens somewhere		<i>the wedding took place in Norwich the meeting will take place at our Winchester offices the festival took place between 21st and 30th August last year</i>	
tunnel	Noun	/ˈtʌn(ə)l/	σήραγγα, τούνελ	a tunnel is a long passage under the ground that carries trains, cars, etc. underneath hills, rivers, etc.		<i>the tunnel is 20 metres long the train broke down (stopped working) halfway through the tunnel the tunnel was dark and wet the tunnel under the English Channel</i>	
underground	Adjective	/ˈʌndə(r)ˌgraʊnd/	υπόγειος	something that is underground is under the surface of the earth		<i>the museum is underground an underground car park an underground train (that travels through tunnels under the ground)</i>	Adverb: underground
pp 112-113	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
confirm	Verb	/kənˈfɜː(r)m/	επιβεβαιώνω	if you confirm an arrangement, you tell someone that it is certain and will definitely go ahead as planned		<i>we will confirm the reservation in writing I can confirm your booking for 7:30 this evening it's a week since we placed the order and they still haven't confirmed when it will be delivered</i>	Noun: confirmation Adjective: confirmed
grateful	Adjective	/ˈɡreɪtʃ(ə)l/	ευγνώμων	if you are grateful to someone, you are glad that they have helped you or given you something	be/feel grateful to someone be/feel grateful for something be grateful if	<i>I'll always be grateful to the doctor who saved my sight I'm grateful for all your help I'd be very grateful if you could inform me as soon as they become available the families were very grateful for the work she did</i>	Adverb: gratefully Noun: gratitude
in advance	Phrase	/ɪn ədˈvɑːns/	εκ των προτέρων	if you do something in advance of something else you do it before the other thing happens		<i>thank you in advance for your help we began planning the concert a year in advance it's essential to book your tickets in advance start packing well in advance of moving house</i>	
look forward to	Phrasal verb	/lʊk ˈfɔːwəd tuː/	ανυπομονώ, προσβλέπω	if you are looking forward to something, you think you will enjoy it or be pleased when it happens	look forward to doing something	<i>I look forward to reading your reply I'm looking forward to going to France for a holiday we're all looking forward to seeing you next week she was looking forward to her birthday I'm looking forward to Christmas already are you looking forward to the end of term?</i>	
senior	Noun	/ˈsiːniə(r)/	ηλικιωμένος	a senior is a person who is aged over 60		<i>entrance costs £10, or £7 for seniors and children under 16 the restaurant provides cheap meals for seniors on Wednesdays the front seats on the bus are reserved for seniors</i>	
pp 114-115	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
face	Verb	/feɪs/	αντιμετωπίζω, έρχομαι αντιμέτωπος	if you face something difficult, or if it faced you, you have to deal with it and cannot avoid it	face a challenge/problem/difficulty	<i>young people face the challenge of finding their first job the council was faced with several difficult problems the second major problem facing the country is the economy the environmental issues facing the United Nations today</i>	
get	Verb	/ɡet/	καταφέρνω	if you get to do something, you succeed in having an opportunity to do it	get to do something	<i>did you get to meet anyone famous? I only spent a day in Paris and didn't get to see the Arc de Triomphe do you get to travel much in your job?</i>	
gift	Noun	/ɡɪft/	δώρο	a gift is something that you have and that is good for you, and that you have through luck rather than through hard work		<i>good health is a gift in life every new day is a gift from God his ability to learn languages is a rare gift (an ability that not many other people have)</i>	
gondolier	Noun	/ˌɡɒndəˈliə(r)/	γονδολιέρης	a gondolier is someone who takes passengers in boats called gondolas on the canals in Venice		<i>the gondoliers wear blue and white shirts our gondolier spoke very good English do you think gondoliers earn a lot of money?</i>	
move away	Phrasal verb	/muːv əˈweɪ/	μετακομίζω	if you move away , you leave the town or area where you have been living and start to live somewhere else		<i>young families have to move away to find houses they can afford I didn't want to move away, but, now that we're here, I really like it our daughter moved away and lives in Cardiff now</i>	
property	Noun	/ˈprɒpə(r)ti/	ακίνητο (ιδιοκτησία, περιουσία)	property is land, houses or flats in general. In formal English, people sometimes talk about a particular house or flat as a property		<i>property is so expensive in London property prices rose 12% last year we looked at several properties in Manchester but they were all too expensive for us we rented a property near the beach</i>	
trader	Noun	/ˈtreɪdə(r)/	έμπορος	trade is the business of buying and selling or exchanging things. A trader is someone who buys and sells or exchanges goods		<i>the market traders were finishing for the day her great-grandfather was a fur trader in Canada they earned a living as shopkeepers and traders traders who travelled to and from Japan</i>	Noun: trade Verb: trade Noun: trading
Unit 10 p 117	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
basket	Noun	/ˈbɑːskɪt/	καλάθι	a basket is a container that you put things in and that you can carry in your hand	a shopping basket	<i>he put the basket on the back of his bike a shopping basket (to carry the things you buy at the shops) if you haven't got a basket with you, you'll have to buy a plastic bag we bought this basket from a market in France</i>	
catch	Verb	/kæʃ/	πιάνω	if you catch fish, you succeed in getting them out of the water, either as a sport or because you are going to use them as food		<i>we use the baskets for catching fish did you catch any fish this afternoon? I spent all day out there and didn't catch a thing let's see if we can catch some fish</i>	
pp 118-119	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family

recognize	Verb	/ˈrɛkəɡnaɪz/	αναγνωρίζω	if you recognize someone or something, you see them and know who or what they are because you have seen them before and they are familiar to you		<i>a company's logo is how people recognize them I didn't recognize you with that hat on she recognized four of the people in the photo he's very tall, which makes him easy to recognize</i>	
advert	Noun	/ˈædvɜː(r)l/	διαφήμιση, αγγελία	an advert , or in more formal English an advertisement and in less formal English an ad , is a short piece of text in a newspaper, magazine, or on a website, often with a picture, or a short film on TV or a website that tries to make people want to buy a particular product or do a particular activity. The activity of putting adverts on TV and in magazines is called advertising . If you advertise a product, you make an advert for it and put in on TV or in a newspaper, magazine, etc. And a person or company whose job is to do this activity is an advertiser .	an advert for something	<i>an advert for the tennis club I saw an advert for it on TV there are too many adverts on TV the great thing about the BBC is that there are no advertisements a front page advert in a national newspaper she works in advertising an advertising agency (a company that makes adverts) they're going to advertise the new car on TV and in cinemas we need to start advertising in the local newspaper advertisers have to pay a lot to get their ads on the front page of a national paper</i>	
produce	Verb	/prəˈdjuːs/	παράγω	to produce something means to make it. The things that are produced are products . Something that is productive is very good and efficient at producing things. Production is the process and activity of making things in a factory, and production is also the amount of things that have been made. A producer of something is a company or country that makes that thing		<i>the factory produces washing machines they can produce ten cars an hour all their products are good quality they sell a range of computer software products one of the most productive farms in Sussex I was happier and more productive before the new boss arrived they're moving production of the new cars to Hungary annual production is approximately 80 million tonnes the company has significantly increased production over the last two years Scotland is a major producer of wood</i>	
design	Verb	/dɪˈzaɪn/	σχεδιάζω	if you design something, you have the idea for it and decide what it will look like and how it should be made		<i>our logo was designed very carefully Jonathan Ive designed the iPhone my friend designed this ring all our products are designed and made in the UK the dress was designed by Zandra Rhodes</i>	Noun: design Noun: designer
complain	Verb	/kəmˈpleɪn/	παραπονιέμαι	if you complain about something, you say that there is something wrong and that you are not satisfied with it	complain to someone complain about something complain that	<i>you should complain to the manager I complained because my food was cold customers complained that the prices were too high he complained about the weather</i>	Noun: complaint
pp 120-121	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
cassette	Noun	/kəˈset/	κασέτα	a cassette is a small plastic object containing a length of tape that plays music or other sounds when placed into a cassette player. Cassettes were used especially in the 1980s and 1990s		<i>music cassettes used to cost about £1 a collection of over 300 cassettes I'm sure you can find a cassette player (a machine to play cassettes) on eBay</i>	
classic	Adjective	/ˈklæsɪk/	κλασσικός	classic styles are very simple but beautiful and do not go out of fashion		<i>she always wears classic designs a pair of classic jeans this suit is a classic</i>	
headphones	Noun plural	/ˈhɛdʰəʊnz/	ακουστικά	headphones are equipment that fit over your ears so that you can listen to music when they are connected to a radio, phone or other piece of equipment		<i>she was wearing a pair of blue headphones my headphones are broken</i>	
old-fashioned	Adjective	/ˌəʊld ˈfæʃ(ə)nd/	παλιομοδίτικος, ντεμοντέ, παραδοσιακός	something that is old-fashioned is not very modern or fashionable		<i>his clothes are so old-fashioned the inside of the shop was very old-fashioned an old-fashioned dining table stood in the middle of the room I really like these old-fashioned sweets</i>	
up-to-date	Adjective	/ʌp tuː deɪt/	ενημερωμένος, επίκαιρος, σύγχρονος	something that is up-to-date is the most recent one of its kind, so is very modern		<i>a more up-to-date phone will go on sale next week is your computer software up-to-date? this report is based on the most up-to-date information the hospital needs more up-to-date equipment</i>	Opposite – Adjective: out-of-date
use	Verb	/juːz/	χρησιμοποιώ	if you use something, you do something with it		<i>can I use your phone? use this towel to dry your hair use your dictionary to find out what the words mean I used the money to buy a bike</i>	
used to	Verb	/juːst tuː/	συνήθιζω να, συνήθως	if you used to do something, you did it regularly in the past but do not do it now	used to do something	<i>I used to go to school with your sister we used to go for walks by the river before they built the factory there did you use to take the bus to work? we made a lot of noise but mum didn't use to mind</i>	
pp 122-123	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
digital device	Noun	/ˈdɪdʒɪtl dɪˈvaɪs/	ψηφιακή συσκευή	a digital device is any sort of equipment such as a mobile phone, laptop, computer, etc. that stores information in the form of digits (the numbers 0 and 1)		<i>the airline won't allow you to take digital devices on board please turn all your digital devices off before the show starts his bedroom is full of old digital devices that he's trying to repair</i>	
stuff	Noun uncount	/stʌf/	διάφορα, πράγματα	in informal English, you can use stuff as a general word to refer to any kind of thing or collection of things without saying exactly what they are		<i>they get worried because of exams and stuff we did football and boxing and stuff like that we did a lot of fun stuff at the holiday camp you can buy all sorts of stuff there I want you to take all your stuff off the kitchen table</i>	
pp 124-125	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family

About us	Phrase	/əˈbaʊt əs/	Σχετικά με εμάς, Η εταιρεία	on a website, the page called About us is a page that has information about the company or organization whose website it is		<i>click on About us for more details the About us page has disappeared</i>	
comment	Verb	/ˈkɒment/	σχολιάζω	if you comment on something, you say or write your opinion about it	comment on something	<i>you can comment on other people's photos over 50 people have already commented on my latest blog post you have to be registered before you can comment on this site</i>	Noun:: comment Noun:: commenter
contact	Noun	/ˈkɒntækt/	επικοινωνία	on a website, the contact page is the page which tells you how to contact the person or organization whose website it is, giving email addresses, phone numbers or providing a form for you to fill in and send directly from that page		<i>I can't find a contact page click on 'contact' in the top right corner of the screen I went to the contact page and found the phone number</i>	Verb: contact
content	Noun	/kənˈtent/	περιεχόμενο	the content on a website is the material it presents, such as writing, music, photos, etc.		<i>make sure you put up new content every day, otherwise people won't come back to the site regularly visitors want up-to-date content it's a beautifully designed site, but there's not much content</i>	
feature	Noun	/ˈfi:tʃə(r)/	χαρακτηριστικό, λειτουργία	a feature is a typical or interesting quality that something has		<i>the site has a lot of really good features new features include automatic from other languages we've added some more features and fixed some bugs</i>	Verb: feature
home page	Noun	/həʊm peɪdʒ/	αρχική σελίδα	on a website, the home page is the main page that people first get to, which has links to all the other pages on the site		<i>we need a better logo on the home page the home page has no content, just links to the main areas of the site click this link to return to the home page</i>	
link	Noun	/lɪŋk/	σύνδεσμος	on a website, a link is a button or short piece of text which sends you to another page when you click on it	click a link follow a link a broken link	<i>there's a link to our other site here there are links to all sorts of interesting sites I found a broken link (when you click it, it does not take you to the right page) a list of links to other football teams' sites</i>	
search	Noun	/sɜ:(r)tʃ/	αναζήτηση	a search is what you do to try to find something on the Internet or on a particular website by putting words into a box on the screen	search box search results	<i>the search box is in the top right corner do a search for 'bike shop Cheltenham' the history button will show you the last searches you did an online search search results</i>	Verb: search
pp 126-127	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
collide	Verb	/kəˈlaɪd/	συγκρούομαι	if someone or something collides with something, or if two things or people collide , they crash into each other with a lot of force	collide with someone/something	<i>two cars collided into each other outside the school we nearly collided as I ran out of the front door the lorry collided with a parked car</i>	Noun: collision
confidence	Noun uncount	/ˈkɒnfɪd(ə)ns/	αυτοπεποίθηση, εμπιστοσύνη, πίστη	confidence is your belief that you can do something well	confidence in someone or something	<i>you should have more confidence in yourself I don't have any confidence that we'll win it took six months for him to get his confidence back her confidence grew with every match she won</i>	Adjective: confident Adverb: confidently
device	Noun	/dɪˈvaɪs/	συσκευή	a device is a machine or tool that does a particular job		<i>the device fits on top of the white cane please turn off your electronic devices (mobile phones, tablets, etc.) a device for measuring the temperature of the water a prototype of the device caught fire and they had to start again</i>	
earn a living	Phrase	/ɜ:n ə ˈlɪvɪŋ/	βγάζω τα προς το ζην/βγάζω χρήματα	if you earn a living , you have a job that you pays you enough to be able to live reasonably comfortably		<i>you can't earn a living here without speaking both Italian and French we couldn't earn a living out of the business so we sold it and started working in a factory he earns a good living as a train driver how does she earn a living?</i>	
feedback	Noun uncount	/ˈfi:dbæk/	ανατροφοδότηση, σχόλια, παρατηρήσεις	if someone gives you feedback , they tell you how well or badly you did a piece of work, and tell you useful things about how you can improve	give someone feedback positive feedback	<i>our tutors were very encouraging and gave us lots of feedback your positive feedback was very important for me we received great feedback from the people who attended the conference her feedback really helped me before the exams</i>	Phrasal verb: feed back
fill	Verb	/fɪl/	γεμίζω	if light or colour fills a place, it is everywhere throughout that place and is shining brightly or is very strongly visible		<i>by 10 o'clock sunlight filled the square outside the church the room was filled with blue light from the police car outside early morning light filled the room</i>	
have something to oneself	Phrase	/hæv ˈsʌmθɪŋ tu: wʌnˈself/	έχω κάτι για τον εαυτό μου/για πάρτη μου/όλο δικό μου	if you have something to yourself , no one else has it or is using it at the same time		<i>we had the city to ourselves for a week before the tourists arrived when Jenny went back to Scotland I had the house to myself there was hardly anyone else on the train and we had a whole carriage to ourselves</i>	
obstacle	Noun	/ˈɒbstəkl(ə)/	εμπόδιο	an obstacle is an object that gets in your way and makes it difficult for you to move forward		<i>his bike hit an obstacle in the road and he fell off there were all sorts of obstacles along the path after the storm the council had to send some people to move the obstacles in the river</i>	
overhear	Verb	/ˌəʊvə(r)ˈhiə(r)/	ακούω (τυχαία)	if you overhear what someone is saying, you accidentally hear it and they do not know that you can hear them		<i>I can overhear people talking about me I overheard him saying he was going to leave I don't want anyone to overhear this</i>	

prototype	Noun	/ˈprəʊtətaɪp/	πρωτότυπο	a prototype is the first example of a device or machine to be made. It is tested to see if it works well and changes are made to it if necessary, after which large numbers are made to be sold		<i>this is the prototype, and we start production next month the prototype collapsed during testing we're still developing the prototype the prototype flew for the first time last year</i>	
quality of life	Noun uncount	/ˈkwɒləti dv laɪf/	ποιότητα ζωής	your quality of life is how much you are able to enjoy it and stay healthy		<i>we have a good quality of life here in Skye she earned a lot of money, but her quality of life was not good we moved out of London to get a better quality of life</i>	
test	Verb	/test/	δοκιμάζω, τεστάρω	if you test something, you use it to find out how well it works		<i>he tested the new model in both wet and dry conditions they hadn't tested it properly before they started selling them each device is tested thoroughly before it leaves the factory these products have been tested and proved to be safe</i>	Noun: test
ultra-sonic beam	Noun	/ˈʌltrə ˈsɒnɪk bi:m/	υπερηχητική δέσμη/ακτίνα	an ultra-sonic beam is a wave of sound that cannot be heard by the human ear, which is used to find objects that cannot be seen, for example to help someone who is visually impaired. The waves bounce back to the machine that sent them, which can record where and how far away an object is and how large it is		<i>the ultra-sonic beam is controlled by a special software program</i>	
vibrate	Verb	/vaɪˈbreɪt/	δονούμαι, δόνηση	if something vibrates , it shakes with a lot of quick, small movements		<i>every time a lorry goes past, the house vibrates the fridge started vibrating, then suddenly stopped working I've set my phone to vibrate when there's a call coming in if the radio is vibrating you should turn it off, there's probably something wrong with it</i>	Noun: vibration
visual impairment	Noun uncount	/ˈvɪzʃuəl ɪmˈpeəmənt/	πρόβλημα όρασης	if someone has a visual impairment , they have a problem with their eyes which means that they cannot see properly		<i>if he's using a white cane, it probably means he has a visual impairment a school for children with severe visual impairment (so bad that they are blind) I can still go swimming, even with a visual impairment</i>	Adjective: visually impaired Noun: visually impaired
walk into	Phrasal verb	/wɔ:k ˈɪntuː/	μπαίνω, πέφτω πάνω, συναντώ τυχαία	if you walk into something, you knock against it because you are not looking where you are going		<i>I nearly walked into the wall she walked into a glass door</i>	
Unit 11 p 129	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family	
actually	Adverb	/ˈæktʃuəli/	πράγματι, στην πραγματικότητα	you use actually to emphasise what you think is the real or exact truth		<i>actually, we are more interested in what you find inside the hut he's actually very friendly when you get to know him I know it sounds like a joke, but it actually happened the gloves are nice, but they don't actually fit me</i>	
coin	Noun	/kɔɪn/	κέρμα	a coin is a round, flat piece of metal money		<i>a shiny one pound coin several coins fell out of his pocket some of these old coins are worth a lot of money I collect old French coins</i>	
connection	Noun	/kəˈnek(ə)n/	σύνδεση, σχέση	a connection is a relationship between people or things	a connection between things or people a connection to/with someone or something	<i>the hut has an important connection to Scott I had no connection with him at all is there any connection between the two crimes? scientists discovered a connection between smoking and cancer I'd never met him before, but we discovered we had a family connection</i>	
copy	Noun	/ˈkɒpi/	αντίγραφο, αντίτυπο	a copy of a book, magazine, newspaper, etc. is one of many that were printed at the same time and that are all the same	a copy of something	<i>have you got a copy of today's paper? I've lost my copy of Macbeth the bookshop had several copies of his books in the window he was reading a week-old copy of the Daily Telegraph</i>	
diary	Noun	/ˈdaɪəri/	ημερολόγιο	a diary is a book which has a space for every day of the year. You use it to write down the date and time of things you need to do, or to write down the interesting things that happen to you every day	keep a diary write a diary	<i>I wrote the date for our meeting in my diary during her year in France, she kept a diary (wrote down what happened every day) let's have lunch next Friday. Don't forget to put it in your diary I don't want you to read my diary – it's personal</i>	
drawing	Noun	/ˈdrɔ:ɪŋ/	σχέδιο, ζωγραφιά	if you draw something, you use a pen or pencil to make a picture of it. The activity is drawing , and the picture that you make is also called a drawing	a drawing of something or someone	<i>what a lovely drawing a drawing of the Eiffel Tower she showed the drawing to the teacher I'm going to do a drawing of the palace</i>	Noun: drawing Verb: draw
expedition	Noun	/ˌekspeˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	αποστολή	an expedition is a journey that a group of people make, especially one that they make because they want to go somewhere where no one has gone before or do something that has not been done before		<i>this hut was the starting point for Scott's expedition the expedition will start in June and will take seven weeks on December 14th, Amundsen's expedition reached the South Pole Sir John Hunt led the expedition on Mount Everest in 1953 two expedition members left the ship in Buenos Aires</i>	
note	Noun	/nəʊt/	χαρτονόμισμα	a note is a piece of paper money that has a special design on it saying how much it is worth		<i>she put the note back in her wallet can you give me two five pound notes for this ten pound note? I thought I had a note in my back pocket some shops will refuse to accept a fifty pound note</i>	
pp 132-133	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family	

card	Noun	/kɑː(r)d/	κάρτα	a card is a piece of stiff paper folded in half, often with a picture on one side, that you write a message on and send to someone	a birthday card	<i>she got lots of birthday cards from her school friends I'll send you a card from Australia she bought a card for her sister's wedding anniversary</i>	
curious	Adjective	/ˈkjʊəriəs/	περίεργος	if you are curious about something, you want to know more about it	very curious be curious (to know/hear/learn) about something	<i>he had been very curious when he saw the bottle with a message inside the museum has a lot to offer the curious visitor I'm very curious to know what's inside the suitcase she wasn't in the least curious about where he had been</i>	Noun: curiosity Adverb: curiously
disappointing	Adjective	/ˌdɪsəˈpɔɪntɪŋ/	απογοητευτικός	if something is disappointing , it makes you slightly unhappy because it is not as good as you wanted or expected or because it did not happen the way you wanted it to		<i>the film started well, but the ending was disappointing the doctor had to give him some disappointing news it was disappointing to hear you failed the exam the England football team were very disappointing last night</i>	Adjective: disappointed Verb: disappoint Noun: disappointment
email	Noun	/ˈiːmeɪl/	μήνυμα ηλεκτρονικού ταχυδρομείου, e-mail	an email is a message that you send to someone using the Internet	send someone an email	<i>I got an email from Clive this morning she spent half an hour reading her emails send me an email what's your email address? the email never arrived</i>	Verb: email
Facebook page	Noun	/ˈfeɪsˌbʊkˌpeɪdʒ/	σελίδα στο Facebook	your Facebook page is a page on the Facebook website where you put information about yourself, photos, etc. so that you can share them with your friends		<i>click this link to add a photo to your Facebook page visit my Facebook page for more information over 90% of businesses have a Facebook page</i>	
fridge	Noun	/ˈfrɪdʒ/	ψυγείο	a fridge is a large piece of kitchen equipment which keeps food at a low temperature so that it will stay fresh for longer		<i>put the butter back in the fridge I never keep eggs in the fridge there's a full bottle of milk in the fridge we have a fridge in the kitchen and another in the garage</i>	
letter	Noun	/ˈlete(r)/	γράμμα, επιστολή	a letter is a message that you write on paper, put in an envelope and send to someone through the post	send someone a letter write someone a letter	<i>I got a letter from Andy yesterday I used to write lots of letters, but now I just send emails are there any letters for me? she wrote him a long letter explaining why she wasn't coming back I had a letter telling me my uncle had died</i>	
news reporter	Noun	/njuːzˌrɪˈpɔːtə/	ανταποκριτής ειδήσεων, δημοσιογράφος	a news reporter is a journalist who reports on the news for a newspaper or magazine or for a television or radio station		<i>he told news reporters that the prime minister was seriously ill a group of news reporters waited outside the singer's hotel she's a very successful news reporter for CNN I got a phone call from a news reporter asking about the crash</i>	
newspaper	Noun	/ˈnjuːzˌpeɪpə(r)/	εφημερίδα	a newspaper is a set of sheets of paper with stories and pictures about the news printed on them. They are usually published every day and are often called just <i>papers</i> . Most newspapers also have websites		<i>can I look at your newspaper? a free newspaper which newspaper do you read? I bought a newspaper at the station a national newspaper (sold all over the country) a local newspaper (sold only in a small area)</i>	
phone conversation	Noun	/ˈfəʊnˌkɒnvəˈseɪʃən/	τηλεφωνική συνομιλία	a phone conversation is a period of time during which you talk to someone on the phone		<i>we had a long phone conversation yesterday evening we don't need to meet, just a phone conversation will be OK the president had a one-hour phone conversation with Mr Putin</i>	
Post-it-note	Noun	/pəʊst ɪt nəʊt/	χαρτάκι σημειώσεων	a Post-it note is a small piece of paper that you use to write something on. It has glue along one edge so you can stick it somewhere, and the glue is specially made so that you can easily remove the note later		<i>the fridge was covered in Post-it notes I left a Post-it note on her desk to say that Laura had phoned a packet of Post-it notes</i>	
presentation	Noun	/ˌprez(ə)nˈteɪʃ(ə)n/	παρουσίαση	if you give a presentation , you stand in front of a group of people, for example in a meeting or in a class, and tell them information about a particular subject	give a presentation	<i>I have to give a presentation at the meeting I nearly fell asleep during Gavin's presentation a short presentation we sat through a two-hour presentation on the company's plans</i>	Verb: present
radio programme	Noun	/ˈreɪdɪəʊˌprəʊɡræm/	ραδιοφωνικό πρόγραμμα	a radio programme is an individual show that you can listen to on the radio		<i>I heard a really interesting radio programme last night there's a good radio programme on at 8 o'clock did you hear that radio programme about the French election?</i>	
surprised	Adjective	/sə(r)ˈpraɪzd/	έκπληκτος	if you are surprised , something has happened that you were not expecting		<i>people are sometimes surprised when I tell them where I work I was quite surprised when she said she was leaving he looked surprised when I told him I was leaving I was really surprised how much I enjoyed the film</i>	Adjective: surprising Adverb: surprisingly Noun: surprise Verb: surprise Opposites – Adjective: unsurprising Adverb: unsurprisingly
text message	Noun	/tekstˈmesɪdʒ/	γραπτό μήνυμα	a text message is a written message that you can send from your mobile phone to someone else's mobile phone		<i>I'll send you a text message when we get to the airport how much does it cost to send a text message? I never got your text message because there was no signal on the beach we've been exchanging text messages all week</i>	
Whatsapp message	Noun	/wɒts æpˈmesɪdʒ/	μήνυμα Whatsapp	a Whatsapp message is a written message, which might include pictures, video or sound, that you send from your mobile phone using the messaging service Whatsapp		<i>I got a really funny Whatsapp message from Simon did you get my Whatsapp message?</i>	

pp 134-135	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
archaeologist	Noun	/ˈɑː(r)kiˈblədʒɪst/	αρχαιολόγος	an archaeologist is someone who studies very old objects in order to learn about how people lived hundreds or thousands of years ago		<i>archaeologists found pots and cooking tools that were 1,500 years old the village was discovered by archaeologists three years ago according to archaeologists, the wagon had three wheels</i>	Noun: <i>archaeology</i> Adjective: <i>archaeological</i>
collector	Noun	/kəˈlektə(r)/	συλλέκτης	a collector is someone who buys and collects lots of a certain type of object, such as stamps, paintings, coins, etc.		<i>the stamp was sold to a collector for over £500 these old wine bottles are very popular with collectors she's a well-known art collector several book collectors offered to buy it from me</i>	Verb: <i>collect</i> Noun: <i>collection</i>
desperately	Adverb	/ˈdɛsp(ə)rət(ə)li/	απεγνωσμένα	if you are desperately trying to do something, you want to succeed in what you are doing very much, although you might not, and you think that if you do not succeed the result will be very bad for you		<i>she was desperately trying not to laugh the team are desperately trying to save the ancient objects he was fighting desperately to get out of the water</i>	Adjective: <i>desperate</i> Noun: <i>desperation</i>
law	Noun	/lə:/	νόμος	a law is an official rule that people in a country have to obey	a law against something break the law	<i>there are laws controlling the movement of historical objects in and out of Egypt every country has a law against murder have you ever broken the law?</i>	
painting	Noun	/ˈpeɪntɪŋ/	πίνακας ζωγραφικής	if you paint something, you use paint and a brush to make a picture of it. The activity is painting , and the picture that you make is also called a painting	a painting of someone or something	<i>it's a lovely painting but it isn't worth much an exhibition of paintings by Picasso she did a lot of paintings of the river I'm going to hang this painting in the bedroom his works include a number of oil paintings (using paint that is made from oil) a fine collection of watercolour paintings (using paint that is mixed with water)</i>	Verb: <i>paint</i> Noun: <i>painting</i> Noun: <i>painter</i> Noun: <i>paint</i>
pot	Noun	/pɒt/	κατσαρόλα, δοχείο, γλάστρα	a pot is a container that is used for cooking, storing food or growing plants in		<i>people there often cook in clay pots a large cooking pot with two handles a red plant pot a flower pot</i>	
robber	Noun	/ˈrɒbə(r)/	ληστής	a robber is someone who steals things from other people		<i>the robbers escaped in a white van robbers often come to Abu Sir al Malaq to steal things robbers took the most valuable painting the bank robbers were caught the next day</i>	Noun: <i>robbery</i> Verb: <i>rob</i>
sand	Noun	/sænd/	άμμος	sand is the stuff you find on lots of beaches or in deserts. It is like a fine powder and is made up of very tiny pieces of white or yellow rock		<i>extreme heat can turn sand into glass we came back from the beach with sand in our hair he shook the wet sand from his clothes</i>	Adjective: <i>sandy</i>
soldier	Noun	/ˈsəʊldʒə(r)/	στρατιώτης	a soldier is a member of an army, who has to fight when there is a war		<i>six soldiers were killed in the attack German soldiers entered Poland in 1939 a soldier in uniform</i>	
statue	Noun	/ˈstætʃuː/	άγαλμα	a statue is a large copy of a person or animal made of wood, metal or stone		<i>there are statues of lions in Trafalgar Square a statue of Churchill there's a statue of Dick Whittington outside the hospital an equestrian statue (a statue of someone on a horse) the Statue of Liberty is 46m high</i>	
steal	Verb	/stiːl/	κλέβω	to steal something that does not belong to you means to take it without permission and not give it back	steal something from somewhere/someone	<i>he stole some jeans from the shop someone tried to steal my bike thieves stole hundreds of pounds my car was stolen last night</i>	Adjective: <i>stolen</i>
stone	Noun	/stəʊn/	ταφόπλακα, πέτρα				
tomb	uncount Noun	/tuːm/	τάφος, τύμβος	a tomb is a place where a dead person is buried		<i>the church contains the tomb of the last emperor the queen's tomb there are five people buried in the tomb six pots were found inside the tomb</i>	
pp 136-137	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
oxygen	Noun uncount	/ˈɒksɪdʒ(ə)n/	οξυγόνο	oxygen is a gas that is one of the main gases in the air that we breathe		<i>there's not much oxygen in the air at the top of a mountain the first people who climbed Mount Everest had to take bottles of oxygen with them all living things need oxygen to survive</i>	
village	Noun	/ˈvɪlɪdʒ/	χωριό	a village is a place with buildings where people live. A village is smaller than a town and much smaller than a city		<i>they live in a village near Bristol a pretty village in the country the village was very quiet please drive slowly through the village it was difficult moving from a village to a city</i>	Noun: <i>villager</i>
pp 138-139	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
African-American	Adjective	/ˈæfrɪkən əˈmɛrɪkən/	Αφροαμερικανός	African-American people are black Americans whose ancestors originally came to the US from Africa		<i>jazz started among the African-American communities in New Orleans 80% of our students are African-American there's a large African American population here</i>	Noun: <i>African American</i>
classical music	Noun uncount	/ˈklæsɪkəl ˈmjuːzɪk/	κλασσική μουσική	classical music is serious music of the sort composed by people such as Beethoven, Wagner, Tchaikovsky and so on		<i>I much prefer classical music to pop music a classical music concert a collection of classical music recordings we spent the evening listening to classical music</i>	
community	Noun	/kəˈmjuːnəti/	κοινότητα	a community is all the people who live and work together in a particular area		<i>we are a small village community here the new road will affect everyone in the community community leaders held a meeting with the police a community centre (a building which local people can go to and hold events in) the town is organised into four local communities</i>	

function	Noun	/ˈfʌŋk(ə)n/	λειτουργία, καθήκον, δουλειά	the function of something is its main purpose or the job that it is meant to do		<i>Voyager 1 still has an important function the main function of the department is to find new employees his function as mayor stopped after he became a member of parliament</i>
interstellar space	Noun uncount	/ˌɪntə(ː)ˈsteɪl speɪs/	διαστρικό διάστημα	interstellar space is the area of space between our solar system and other stars		<i>interstellar space is not completely empty Voyager 1 is the first man-made object to go into interstellar space there are small amounts of hydrogen in interstellar space she plays the trumpet in a jazz band do you like jazz? jazz can be quite difficult to listen to we met at a jazz festival</i>
jazz	Noun uncount	/dʒæz/	τζαζ	jazz is a kind of music with a strong beat and rhythm, which is often made up during a performance instead of being prepared before if someone launches a rocket or spacecraft, they send it up into the air or into space	a jazz band	
launch	Verb	/ləʊntʃ/	εκτοξεύω			<i>Voyager 1 was launched in 1977 Brazil successfully launched a rocket into space the two-man Gemini spacecraft was launched from Cape Canaveral Voyager 1 is carrying a message for other life forms in the universe no life forms have been found on the moon early life forms on Earth lived in water Voyager 1 has completed its first mission successfully six Apollo missions successfully landed men on the Moon the mission was controlled from Houston Jupiter has at least 16 moons neither Mercury nor Venus has any moons at all the two moons of Mars are called Deimos and Phobos Venus is the closest planet to Earth do you think there is life on other planets? scientists say they have discovered a new planet how many planets can you name? what is the largest planet in the solar system? Voyager 1 is the first spacecraft to leave the solar system is there life outside our solar system? there are nine planets in the solar system</i>
life form	Noun	/laɪf fɔːm/	μορφή ζωής, ζων οργανισμός	a life form is any kind of living thing		Noun: <i>launch</i>
mission	Noun	/ˈmɪʃ(ə)n/	αποστολή	a mission is a special journey made in order to carry out important research or exploration		
moon	Noun	/muːn/	φεγγάρι, σελήνη	a moon is an object that goes round a planet. Earth has one moon, that we call the Moon, but some planets have several moons		
planet	Noun	/ˈplænt/	πλανήτης	a planet is an objects in space, including the Earth, that goes round the sun or another star		
solar system	Noun	/ˈsəʊlɪ ˈsɪstɪm/	ηλιακό σύστημα	the solar system is the area of space that contains the sun and the planets, including Earth		
spacecraft	Noun	/ˈspeɪsˌkrɑːft/	διαστημόπλοιο	a spacecraft is a vehicle that travels into space		<i>the spacecraft spent three weeks in space we lost contact with the spacecraft when it went behind the moon no more signals were received from the spacecraft I was surprised at how small the spacecraft was there must be other life forms somewhere in the universe the universe is about 14 billion years old we can only see a tiny part of the universe the universe is still expanding (growing bigger)</i>
universe	Noun	/ˈjuːnɪˌvɜː(r)s/	σύμπαν	the universe is absolutely everything that exists, on earth, in the solar system, and beyond		

Unit 12 p 141	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bright	Adjective	/braɪt/	φωτεινός, λαμπερός, ζωηρός	bright colours are light and strong, not dark. If it is bright outside, or if the weather is bright , the sun is shining and there are no clouds		<i>tomorrow will start bright and dry, but rain will arrive by lunchtime it was a lovely bright morning I hope the weather stays bright for the picnic this afternoon</i>	Adverb: <i>brightly</i>
cloud	Noun	/klaʊd/	σύννεφο	clouds are the white or grey things up in the sky which can drop rain onto the ground		<i>there wasn't a cloud in the sky we could just see the moon through the clouds there were thick clouds in the distance black clouds rain clouds pretty white clouds floated across the sky</i>	Adjective: <i>cloudy</i>
dark	Adjective	/dɑː(r)k/	σκοτεινός	if somewhere is dark , there is no light there or only very little light		<i>we have long, dark winters in Norway it's really dark in the garden now you won't be able to see the stars until it gets dark outside the inside of the cinema was dark</i>	Noun: <i>dark</i> Noun: <i>darkness</i>
fall	Verb	/fɔːl/	πέφτω	if something falls , it drops down through the air from somewhere high up		<i>we watched the rain falling onto the football pitch a lot of snow fell last night five centimetres of rain fell in just three hours</i>	
shine	Verb	/ʃaɪn/	λάμπω, αστράφτω	if something is shining , there is a lot of light coming off it		<i>the sun was shining brightly when I woke up we could see a light shining in an upstairs window he cleaned his shoes until they shine</i>	
spaceship	Noun	/ˈspeɪsˌʃɪp/	διαστημόπλοιο	a spaceship is a vehicle that travels in space		<i>it looked like a spaceship up in the sky the spaceship came back to Earth after three weeks in space engineers are busy working on a new spaceship</i>	
storm	Noun	/stɔː(r)m/	καταιγίδα	a storm is very bad weather with very strong winds and heavy rain or snow	a heavy storm a storm breaks	<i>heavy storms hit the south of England in 1987 the school was damaged by a storm we're in for a storm (a storm will arrive soon) I was woken by a thunderstorm outside (a storm with thunder and lightning) the storm broke (started) an hour before we got home</i>	Adjective: <i>stormy</i>
storm chaser	Noun	/stɔːm ˈtʃeɪsə/	κυνηγός καταιγίδων	a storm chaser is someone who goes to places where there are heavy storms and follows the path of the storms as they are happening in order to take photographs		<i>Jim's been a storm chaser for 20 years a website aimed at storm chasers Jim has a Facebook page where he shares photos with other storm chasers</i>	Noun: <i>storm chasing</i>

tornado	Noun	/ˈtɔː(r)ˈneɪdəʊ/	ανεμοστρόβιλος	a tornado is a very powerful storm that moves along with strong winds that spin round and round very fast and that can damage buildings, trees, cars, etc.		<i>this is the time of year for tornadoes the last tornado caused about \$7 million of damage the tornado came very close to the town the house was lucky to survive the tornado without being damaged</i>	
pp 142-143	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
break	Verb	/breɪk/	σπάω, χαλάω	if you break something, you damage it badly so that it doesn't work any more or so that it goes into lots of pieces		<i>I dropped a plate and broke it who broke my cup? please don't break it he broke the window with a football how did you break your phone? the hail was so hard it nearly broke the windscreen</i>	Adjective: broken
electrical energy	Noun uncount	/ɪˈlektɹɪkəl ˈɛnədʒi/	ηλεκτρική ενέργεια	electrical energy is another way of referring to electricity, a kind of energy that can travel down wires, and that is used to heat houses, give light, etc. The electrical energy in our homes is made in places called power stations and then delivered along wires. An example of electrical energy that is not man-made is lightning		<i>electrical energy spreads outwards across the water a battery stores electrical energy a generator is a device that turns mechanical energy into electrical energy</i>	
flood	Noun	/flʌd/	πλημμύρα	a flood is a large amount of water that comes into an area or building where it is not meant to be		<i>the church was damaged by a flood in 1873 a flood destroyed the bridge there've been a lot of floods with all this rain</i>	Verb: flood Noun: flooding
flow	Verb	/fləʊ/	ρέω	when air or water flows , it moves along in a steady and continuous way		<i>if the Gulf Stream stopped flowing, Europe would become colder blood was flowing from the cut in his arm I left the tap on in the bathroom and water started flowing down the stairs the river Adur flows into the English Channel</i>	Noun: flow
glass	Noun uncount	/glɑːs/	γυαλί	glass is a solid material that lets light through it, and that is used to make windows, mirrors, and objects such as bottles and containers for drinking out of		<i>put the jam in a clean glass jar a necklace made of coloured glass the kitchen floor was covered in broken glass a glass bowl</i>	
hail	Noun uncount	/heɪl/	χαλάζι	hail is rain that falls as drops of ice		<i>is that hail outside? hail lay on the ground for a few minutes before it turned to water I could hear the hail as it landed on the roof</i>	Verb: hail
lightning	Noun uncount	/ˈlaɪtnɪŋ/	αστραπή, κεραυνός	lightning is a very bright line of light that appears and disappears suddenly in the sky during a storm	a flash of lightning	<i>did you see that flash of lightning just now? after the lightning, the thunder could be heard about four seconds later the sky was suddenly bright with lightning</i>	
outwards	Adverb	/ˈaʊtwa(r)dz/	προς τα έξω	if something moves outwards , it goes in the direction away from the centre of somewhere		<i>the electrical energy spreads outwards across the water the door opens outwards into the corridor she was facing outwards from the window</i>	Adjective: outward
snowstorm	Noun	/ˈsnoʊ.stɔː(r)m/	χιονοθύελλα	a snowstorm is an occasion when a lot of snow falls very quickly, often with a lot of wind		<i>we had to stay at home because of the snowstorm snowstorms hit the west of England last night we're expecting a snowstorm in the next two or three hours heavy snowstorms continued throughout the night</i>	
spread	Verb	/spred/	εξαπλώνομαι	if something spreads , it gradually begins to cover a larger and larger area		<i>the smell can spread all across the hotel unfortunately, the cancer continued to spread the fire spread quickly through the farm buildings</i>	Noun: spread
submarine	Noun	/ˈsʌbməriːn/	υποβρύχιο	a submarine is a kind of ship that can travel underneath the surface of the sea		<i>what would happen if lightning struck you in a submarine? he served on submarines during the war a submarine can stay underwater for weeks at a time a US navy submarine</i>	
surface	Noun	/ˈsɜː(r)fts/	επιφάνεια	a surface is the top of something that faces upwards. A flat surface is level, with no bumps or dips in it	a flat surface	<i>put the paper down on a flat surface make sure you have a flat surface before you put the carpet down the surface of a CD scratches very easily the washing machine needs to be on a flat surface</i>	
thunder	Noun uncount	/ˈθʌndə(r)/	βροντή, μπουμπουνητό, κεραυνός	thunder is the loud noise that you hear in the sky during a storm	a clap of thunder	<i>the thunder was so loud it woke me up a loud clap of thunder the thunder was getting nearer the thunder came about three seconds after the lightning a heavy storm with a lot of thunder and lightning</i>	
thunderstorm	Noun	/ˈθʌndə(r).stɔː(r)m/	καταιγίδα	a thunderstorm is a heavy storm with lots of rain and with the noise of thunder		<i>we were in a boat on the lake when the thunderstorm started did you hear the thunderstorm last night? you should stay indoors during the thunderstorm our dog barks the whole time when there's a thunderstorm</i>	
unlikely	Adjective	/ʌnˈlaɪklɪ/	απίθανο	if something is unlikely , it probably won't happen or didn't happen	highly unlikely	<i>it's highly unlikely that he will win the election he formed an unlikely friendship with his 80-year old neighbour it's unlikely that she'll ring now – it's after 11 o'clock he made an unlikely recovery from a serious illness</i>	Opposite – Adjective: likely
west coast	Noun	/west kəʊst/	δυτική ακτή	the west coast of somewhere is the land by the sea in the west part of the place, facing the direction where the sun goes down		<i>countries on the west coast of Europe are warmer because of the Gulf Stream we have a cottage on the west coast of Ireland we're going to the west coast of Scotland for our holiday this year</i>	

windscreen	Noun	/ˈwɪn(d).skri.n/	παμπριζ	a windscreen is a sheet of glass at the front or back of a car that the driver can see through	a front/rear windscreen	<i>the hail was so hard it nearly broke the windscreen the windscreen is cracked wash the windscreen the front windscreen a heated rear windscreen you'll have to replace the windscreen</i>	
pp 144-145	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
coral	Noun uncount	/ˈkɒrəl/	κοράλλι	coral is a mass of hard, usually pink, substance in the sea, which is made up of the bones of tiny sea creatures		<i>a coral reef (a long line of coral in the sea) warmer sea temperatures will kill the coral we found pieces of dead coral on the beach</i>	
cubic foot	Noun	/ˈkju.bi.kʊ.fu/	κυβικό πόδι	a cubic foot is a measurement of how much space there is inside an object that measures one foot high, one foot wide and one foot deep		<i>David's metal frame measures one cubic foot a good size for your bin is three cubic feet</i>	
desert	Noun	/ˈdeɪə(r)t/	έρημος	a desert is a large area of land where there is not much rain and not many plants can grow		<i>he's on an army base out in the middle of the desert the Sahara Desert we didn't have enough petrol to get across the desert to the south is an arid desert (very dry) the desert sand felt hot on my bare feet</i>	
field	Noun	/fi:ld/	χωράφι, αγρός, λιβάδι	a field is an area of land on a farm used for growing plants or for keeping animals		<i>I enjoy walking in the fields near my house from the train window, we saw fields with cows in them a field of potatoes cattle were grazing in the field (cows were eating the grass)</i>	
forest	Noun	/ˈfɒrɪst/	δάσος	a forest is a large area of land that is covered with trees		<i>we went for a walk in the forest they are clearing some of the forest in order to build a road a forest fire (when the trees catch fire in very hot weather) a dense forest (where the trees are all very close together) Sherwood Forest is near Nottingham our journey went through forests and fields and over mountains</i>	
garden	Noun	/ˈɡɑː(r)d(ə)n/	κήπος	a garden is an area at the front or back of a house where people have plants, grass, trees, etc. Public gardens are spaces in public places in towns and cities that have plants which people can enjoy		<i>the garden is full of flowers in the spring he's out in the garden, cutting the grass what a lovely garden it's a big garden and needs a lot of work she started growing vegetables in a corner of the back garden (at the back of the house) the kids are playing in the front garden</i>	Noun: gardening Noun: gardener
metal frame	Noun	/ˈmetl freɪm/	μεταλλικό πλαίσιο, μεταλλικός σκελετός	a metal frame is an object with 12 equal-length strips of metal making the shape of a cube		<i>David's metal frame measures one cubic foot (the area of a shape that is one foot wide, one foot high, and one foot deep)</i>	
mountain	Noun	/ˈmaʊntɪn/	βουνό	a mountain is a very high hill		<i>the hotel had a great view of the mountains he liked climbing mountains we have a holiday house in the mountains the top of the mountain we got a long way up the mountain Everest is the highest mountain in the world</i>	
multi-coloured	Adjective	/ˌmʌltiˈkʌlə(r)d/	πολύχρωμος	something that is multi-coloured is lots of different colours		<i>a multi-coloured dress we bought multi-coloured balloons for the party the walls were multi-coloured but the ceiling was plain white</i>	
ocean	Noun	/ˈəʊʃ(ə)n/	ωκεανός	an ocean is a large area of water, bigger than a sea		<i>the Atlantic Ocean who was the first person to cross the ocean between Europe and America? we sailed out into the open ocean</i>	
park	Noun	/pɑː(r)k/	πάρκο	a park is a large open space with trees and grass in a town or city where people can go and relax away from traffic and streets		<i>the children were allowed to play in the park for an hour I usually take my sandwich and eat it in the park at lunchtime the park closes at eight o'clock in the evening London has several famous parks</i>	
river	Noun	/ˈrɪvə(r)/	ποτάμι	a river is a long stream of water that runs through a country and goes into the sea		<i>the river goes through the city from east to west I like swimming in the river we have a boat on the river we need to cross the river a bridge over the river</i>	
species	Noun	/ˈspiːʃiːz/	είδος	a species is a type of animal or plant. The plural is also species		<i>they identified the species of spider a rare species of butterfly nobody knows how many species of insect there are on the earth tigers are now an endangered species (in danger of dying until none are left)</i>	
pp 146-147	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
at the start	Phrase	/æt ðə stɑːt/	στην αρχή, στις αρχές	at the start of a period of time is at the very beginning of it		<i>there was another problem at the start of the 1980s at the start of every lesson, he used to make us sing a short song it was difficult at the start, but I really enjoyed university life after a while</i>	
chimpanzee	Noun	/ˌtʃɪmpænˈziː/	χιμπατζής	a chimpanzee is an African animal that looks like a monkey but does not have a tail		<i>I've seen chimpanzees, but only in a zoo she wrote a book about the behaviour of chimpanzees and monkeys there are a lot of similarities between chimpanzees and humans</i>	
conservation	Noun uncount	/ˌkɒnsə(r)ˈveɪʃ(ə)n/	προστασία, διατήρηση	conservation is the activity involved in protecting plants, animals, rivers, etc. from the bad effects of human activity and climate change		<i>an expert in animal conservation they do a lot of conservation work at the zoo our efforts at conservation seem to be succeeding at the moment</i>	

discovery	Noun	/dɪˈskʌv(ə)ri/	ανακάλυψη	a discovery is some new information or facts that someone has just found out about	make a discovery	scientists have made an exciting discovery an important new discovery Professor Marks announced the discovery of a new planet the team were responsible for several recent medical discoveries	Verb: discover
east shore	Noun	/iːst ʃɔː/	ανατολική ακτή	the east shore of a sea or lake is the land on the edge and to the east of the sea or lake, facing the direction where the sun comes up in the morning		the east shore of Lake Tanganyika the road runs along the east shore for another hundred miles a campsite on the east shore of the island	
foreigner	Noun	/ˈfɔːrɪn/	ξένος, αλλοδαπός	a foreigner is someone who comes from a country that is not the one you live in		many foreigners left the region the hotel has a lot of foreigners staying in it we never saw any foreigners in our village a country that welcomes foreigners	Adjective: foreign
lecture	Noun	/ˈlektʃə(r)/	διάλεξη	a lecture is a talk about a serious subject given by a teacher or an expert on the subject	give/deliver a lecture attend a lecture	in four years there, he delivered over 500 lectures he attended several lectures given by Professor Ayer she gave a two-hour lecture about her work I nearly fell asleep during his lecture	Verb: lecture
luggage	Noun uncount	/ˈlʌɡɪdʒ/	αποσκευές	your luggage is the bags and suitcases you take with you when you are travelling. Be careful: luggage is always singular. You cannot talk about luggages		I made sure I left plenty of space in my luggage Shall I carry your luggage for you? on our way home the airline lost our luggage heavy luggage you're only allowed one piece of hand luggage (a bag that you take with you onto a plane) a luggage rack you can get a lot of luggage in the boot of an Audi	
natural habitat	Noun	ˈnætʃrəl ˈhæbɪtæt/	φυσικό περιβάλλον	the natural habitat of a living thing is the sort of place where they exist in nature, rather than a place that has been made or changed a lot by people		the chimpanzees lost their natural habitat when the forests were cut down we need to do more to protect their natural habitat these natural habitats are being destroyed by pollution	
start	Verb	/stɑː(r)t/	αρχίζω	if something starts , it begins to happen	start to do something start doing something	she started to keep a diary I was starting to feel ill they started to run towards me if you want to try painting as a hobby, it's never too late to start I'm going to start learning German she starts work at 9 every morning the weather is starting to improve	Noun: start
start a new life	Phrase	/stɑːt ə njuː laɪf/	αρχίζω μια νέα ζωή, κάνω νέο ξεκίνημα	if someone starts a new life , they change their job, where they live and how they live so that their whole life becomes different		they started their new life in Africa in 1960 after our parents died, we started a new life living with my aunt in Chester	
tool	Noun	/tuːl/	εργαλείο	a tool is an instrument that you use to help you do something		a shop selling hammers, drills and other tools thieves stole all the tools from the van we keep all our tools in the garage a tool box (for keeping tools in)	
pp 148-149	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family	
climate	Noun	/ˈklaɪmət/	κλίμα	the climate of an area is the sort of weather it typically has over a year	a hot/warm/cold/cool climate a wet/dry climate climate change	what's the climate like in Bulgaria? the climate in this part of Italy is lovely a place on the coast with a warm climate the climate is very cold in winter with warm summers the island has a mild climate (quite warm) climate change will have an effect on everyone in the next 50 years	
exhibition	Noun	/ˌeksɪˈbɪʃ(ə)n/	έκθεση	an exhibition is an event where people can go and look at paintings and other works of art. Some exhibitions last just a day and others go on for months	an art exhibition an exhibition of something put on/stage/hold an exhibition	the students organised an exhibition at the end of term an exhibition of Henry Moore's work there's an art exhibition in the school hall on Saturday our annual photography exhibition the museum is putting on a big new exhibition	Verb: exhibit
lack	Noun singular	/læk/	έλλειψη	if you have a lack of something, you do not have it, or do not have enough of it, although it would be useful if you did	a lack of something	there was a lack of evidence the idea failed because of a lack of interest (people weren't interested in it) their biggest problem was lack of money they showed no lack of enthusiasm (they showed a lot of it)	Verb: lack Adjective: lacking
performance	Noun	/pə(r)ˈfɔː(r)məns/	παράσταση	a performance is the presentation of a play or musical event in front of an audience	put on/stage a performance	they planned several theatre performances for the festival a musical performance they put on performances in schools across the country the performance will begin in five minutes	Verb: perform Noun: performer
protect	Verb	/prəˈtekt/	προστατεύω	if you protect someone or something, you keep them safe and prevent them from being hurt or damaged	protect someone/something from/against something	parents need to protect their children more because there are more risks we should do more to protect animals like whales this should protect you from catching the disease how can we help protect the environment?	Noun: protection
tourist attraction	Noun	/ˈtuəɪst əˈtræk(ə)n/	τουριστικό αξιοθέατο	a tourist attraction is a famous place which gets lots of tourists coming to visit it		the Eden Project is not just a tourist attraction the Eiffel Tower is the biggest tourist attraction in Paris a two-hour coach tour round the tourist attractions of St Petersburg	
tourist destination	Noun	/ˈtuəɪst ˌdestɪˈneɪʃən/	τουριστικός προορισμός	a destination is the final place you come to on a journey. A tourist destination is an interesting place that lots of tourists go and visit		the Eden Project is one of England's most important tourist destinations Corfu is a popular tourist destination Pompeii has been a tourist destination for over 250 years we're trying to make the town a tourist destination	
pp 150-151	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family	

bear	Noun	/beə(r)/	αρκούδα	a bear is a large, sometimes fierce, animal covered in thick fur		<i>he spent a week hunting bears in Canada a large black bear came towards us in Alaska, it is legal to shoot bears</i>	
crocodile	Noun	/ˈkrɒkədail/	κροκόδειλος	a crocodile is a large animal with short legs, hard skin and very sharp teeth. Crocodiles live in and near water in hot countries		<i>the crocodiles were taken to a local zoo be careful – there might be crocodiles near the beach crocodiles can grow to be 5 metres long</i>	
demand	Noun singular	/dɪˈmɑːnd/	ζήτηση	if there is a demand for something, a lot of people want to buy it or have it	be in demand a demand for something	<i>there's a demand for products that are made from these animals demand for e-readers has fallen recently these shoes are in big demand at the moment there's a growing demand for organic vegetables</i>	
eagle	Noun	/ˈiːɡ(ə)/	αετός	an eagle is a large bird that eats small animals		<i>we saw three eagles when we went to Scotland eagles had attacked the young lambs Harry managed to shoot two eagles</i>	
elephant	Noun	/ˈelɪfənt/	ελέφαντας	an elephant is a large grey animal with a very long nose, called a trunk, that lives in India and Africa. Elephants in Africa have very large ears and elephants in India have much smaller ears		<i>circuses used to have performing elephants many years ago elephants are used to pull tree trunks out of the forest African elephants are the heaviest land animals of all baby elephants weigh about 90 kilos</i>	
endangered	Adjective	/ɪnˈdeɪndʒəd/	απειλούμενος, υπό εξαφάνιση	endangered animals, plants, etc. might not exist for much longer because there such a small number left		<i>the MU are trying to stop more wild animals from becoming endangered tigers are now an endangered species this nature park is an important place for endangered birds</i>	
gibbon	Noun	/ˈɡɪbən/	γίββων, γιββωνας	a gibbon is an animal that is similar to a monkey but does not have a tail		<i>there was a little gibbon in the rescue centre it's rare to see a completely white gibbon there are four different types of gibbon</i>	
grind	Verb	/graɪnd/	αλέθω, τρίβω	if you grind something, you press hard on it or smash it so that it breaks into very small fine pieces or into powder. The past tense and past participle is ground		<i>they grind parts of the tiger into powder I prefer to grind my own coffee beans she ground the spices just before adding them to the pot</i>	Adjective: ground
hard to handle	Phrase	/hɑːd tuː ˈhændl/	δύσκολο να χειριστώ κάτι ή κάποιον, δύσκολο άτομο	if someone or something is hard to handle , they are difficult to deal with		<i>they realised she was too hard to handle I found it hard to handle so many different emotions his teacher complained that Jeff was hard to handle</i>	
illegal	Adjective	/ɪˈliːɡ(ə)/	παράνομος	if something is illegal , it is against the law		<i>it's illegal to buy alcohol if you're under 18 an illegal copy of the film they were victims of illegal poaching activity</i>	Adverb: illegally Opposite – Adjective: legal Adverb: legally
monkey	Noun	/ˈmʌŋki/	πίθηκος, μαϊμού	a monkey is an animal with a long tail that climbs trees and uses its hands in the same way that people do		<i>young monkeys like to play all sorts of games monkeys are losing their natural habitat I liked watching the monkeys in the zoo monkeys were sitting on the branches of trees</i>	
poacher	Noun	/ˈpəʊtʃə(r)/	λαθροκυνηγός	a poacher is someone who goes out into the country and breaks the law by shooting or catching animals on someone else's land and taking them away to sell or to eat		<i>poachers can make a lot of money two of the poachers were caught and went to prison police are still looking for the third poacher</i>	Verb: poach
powder	Noun	/ˈpaʊdə(r)/	σκόνη, πούδρα	powder is a substance that is made of a large number of very tiny pieces		<i>grind the coffee beans into a fine powder he spilt the powder all over the kitchen floor a jar of curry powder (a mixture of ground spices)</i>	
release	Verb	/rɪˈliːs/	απελευθερώνω, ελευθερώνω	if you release something or someone, you allow them to leave a place where they have been kept		<i>once they're healthy, we release them into the wild (away from humans) it will be another week before we can release the chimpanzees if we release them when they are too young, they will be eaten by bigger animals</i>	Noun: release
rescue	Verb	/ˈreskjʊː/	διασώζω, σώζω	if you rescue someone or something, you succeed in getting them out of a dangerous or difficult situation.		<i>their job was to rescue animals who were in danger of being poached most of the rescued animals were released back into the wild only two of the sailors were rescued when their ship sank</i>	Noun: rescue Noun: rescuer
scorpion	Noun	/ˈskoː(r)piən/	σκορπιός	a scorpion is a small animal with eight legs and a curved tail that can sting you. Most scorpions live in hot countries		<i>he died after being stung by a scorpion we saw lots of scorpions in the zoo you'll find a lot of scorpions in Australia</i>	
special care	Noun uncount	/ˈspeʃəl keə/	ειδική φροντίδα	special care is very thorough and careful treatment of someone or something who is in need of help		<i>many of the animals were so badly hurt that they needed special care the baby was born three weeks early and needed special care</i>	
sponsor	Verb	/ˈsɒnsə(r)/	χορηγός	to sponsor an activity or an organisation means to provide the money that is necessary for it to happen or exist and work successfully		<i>the bank sponsors several mobile units in the country luckily, we found someone to sponsor our expedition I'm afraid we won't be able to sponsor your group again this year</i>	Noun: sponsor Noun: sponsorship
support	Noun uncount	/səˈpɔː(r)t/	υποστήριξη	support is help that you give to someone, especially when they are having a difficult time	someone's full support	<i>she gave us her full support your support is essential for the project to succeed thank you for your support and encouragement I need your support her support really helped me during my illness</i>	Verb: support Adjective: supportive

tiger	Noun	/ˈtaɪɡə(r)/	τίγρης	a tiger is a very large, fierce, wild cat with a yellow coat that has black bands on it. Tigers live in Asia	<i>the female tiger will kill to protect her young some tigers live for more than 20 years have you ever seen a tiger in the wild? it's cruel to keep tigers in zoos</i>
victim	Noun	/ˈvɪktɪm/	θύμα	a victim is someone who suffers as a result of a crime committed against them or as a result of an event that they cannot control	<i>i've been a victim of three burglaries another victim died two days later about half of dog bite victims are children flood victims were unable to return to their homes for weeks</i>