Look Level 6 Word lists – Greek

Look and remember

pp. 4-8

national park(n)/ˌnæʃ(ə)nəl ˈpɑːk/ ❖ εθνικό πάρκο

an area that is protected because it's important to nature or a country's history • We went hiking in the Cairngorms National Park in the north of Scotland.

path(n) /pa:θ/**❖** μονοπάτι

a small road or part of a road for people to walk or ride bikes on • Most cities in Europe now have cycle paths so that cyclists can move safely without having to ride among cars.

waterfall (n) /'wɔːtəfɔːl/ ❖ καταρράκτης

a place where a stream or river falls down from high rocks into a pool, river, sea, etc. • We stopped to take some photos of the pool at the bottom of the waterfall.

change (v)/t∫eɪndʒ/ ❖ αλλάζω

become different: make something different • The colours of the trees change with each season.

➤ change (n), changeable (adj)

UNESCO (abbr)/juːˈneskəʊ/ ❖ UNESCO

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

a place that is protected because of its international importance • *The Acropolis in Athens became a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1987.*

use something again that was used before • *In our school, we put plastic bottles into special bins to recycle them.*

➤ recycling (n), recycled (adj)

look after(phr v) /lok ˈαːftə(r)/❖ προσέχω, φροντίζω

take care of something/somebody • My grandma looks after me and my brother when Mum and Dad are at work.

make sure(phr) /meɪk ʃʊə(r)/ 💠 βεβαιώνομαι

do something so that you know something will happen or something is true • Take a shopping list to make sure you don't forget what to buy.

delicious (adj) /dɪˈlɪʃəs/ * πεντανόστιμος, πολύ γευστικός

having a very nice taste • These strawberries are delicious. May I have some more?

popular(adj) / popjələ(r)/ ❖ δημοφιλής,-ής,-ές

liked by many people • Football is a popular sport that's played in many countries around the world.

> popularity (n), unpopular (adj)

yoghurt (n) /ˈjɒgət/ ❖ γιαούρτι

a thick white creamy food made from milk • Would you like yoghurt on your breakfast cereal?

enjoy (v)/ɪnˈdʒɔɪ/ ❖ απολαμβάνω

like something that you experience • I'm sure you'll enjoy watching the play.

> enjoyment (n)

theatre(n) / θιətə(r)/ **❖ θέατρο**

a place where people go to watch live performances •I enjoy seeing actors live on stage at the theatre. It's better than watching a film.

> theatrical (adj)

watermelon (n)/'wɔːtəmelən/ 🌣 καρπούζι

a large fruit that has a hard green skin and is red and juicy inside •A large piece of watermelon tastes great on a hot summer day.

honey (n) / h∧ni/ **❖** μέλι

a sticky yellow substance made by bees • Helen doesn't like jam, so she puts honey on her toast.

Unit 1 A good start

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demonstration (n) /demənˈstreɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ επίδειξη

showing somebody how to do something or how something works • *The sales assistant gave the customers a demonstration to show how the food mixer worked.*

➤ demonstrate (v)

put on (phr v) /pot pn/ 🌣 ανεβάζω, διοργανώνω

organise and present an event • Our class is putting on a play this year, and I'm writing the script.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 10

arrive(v)/əˈraɪv/ ❖ Φτάνω

get to a place • What time does the train arrive in Paris?

> arrival (n)

tidy (v) /ˈtaɪdi/ ❖ τακτοποιώ

put things away or in the right place • Gary always tidies his bedroom at the weekend.

> tidy (adj)

friendly(adj)/ˈfrendli/ Φιλικός,-ή,-ό

kind and nice to other people • I won't ask my new neighbours to our barbecue because they're not very friendly.

> friend (n), friendship (n), unfriendly (adj)

join (a club) (ν)/dʒɔɪn (əklʌb)/ ❖ γράφομαι, γίνομαι μέλος

become a member of a club, team, etc. • Frank joined the swimming club and he practises swimming three times a week.

practice (n)/'præktɪs/ ❖ εξάσκηση

a way of doing something often to get better at it • The band needs a lot more practice before they perform at the music festival.

study(v) /ˈstʌdi/ ❖ διαβάζω, μελετώ

go to school, etc. to learn something; spend time reading something to learn • Are you studying for the maths test?

> study(n), student (n)

early (adv)/ˈɜːli/ ❖ νωρίς

before the usual time; at the start of a period of time •Simon never gets up early at the weekends. He likes to stay in bed until ten o'clock.

take exercise (phr)/teɪkˈeksəsaɪz/ 💠 ασκούμαι, γυμνάζομαι

do activities to make your body fitter •You should take more exercise and you'll actually feel less tired at work.

> exercise (v)

activity (n) /ækt ivəti/ 🌣 δραστηριότητα

something that you do to have fun •Tony's favourite activity is playing the guitar.

> act (v), active (adj), actively (adv)

meet- met - met(v)/miːt - met - met/ ❖ συναντάω

get together with somebody• Where did you meet your best friend?

friendship (n)/ˈfrendʃɪp/ ❖ φιλία

the relationship between friends • *Mum and Dad's friendship started when they were at university.*

bench (n)/bentʃ/ ❖ παγκάκι

a long seat, usually made of wood or metal • Evening walkers often sit on the benches by the sea to watch the sun going down.

peace (n)/piːs/ ❖ ειρήνη

a time when there is no war or fighting • Britain made peace with Germany when the war ended in 1945.

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

cheer (v) /t[ɪə(r)/ * ζητωκραυγάζω, επευφημώ

shout because you like something • *The fans cheered when their team scored the final goal.* ➤ cheer (n)

support (v)/səˈpɔːt/ ❖ υποστηρίζω

help somebody by being kind to them when they have a problem •My best friend always supports me when I have a problem.

> support (n), supportive (adj)

discuss (v)/dɪˈskʌs/ ❖ συζητώ

talk about •Let's discuss the things we like doing.

> discussion (n)

situation (n) / sɪt[uˈeɪ[(ə)n/ ❖ κατάσταση

the things that are happening at a specific time and place •You can't expect everybody to be the same because everybody's family situation is different.

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 11

decide (v)/dɪˈsaɪd/ ❖ αποφασίζω

choose something • I can't decide which activities to do. I enjoy tennis and volleyball, but the clubs meet at the same time.

➤ decision (n)

term (n) /tɜːm/ **❖ τρίμηνο**

one of the three parts of the school year • The class are getting their school marks for the end of the first term next Friday.

offer (v)/ˈɒfə(r)/ ❖ προσφέρομαι, προθυμοποιούμαι

say you will do something; say you can give something to somebody • Chloe has offered to help me with my homework.

> offer (n)

practise(v) / præktɪs/ 💠 εξασκούμαι

the act of doing something often to get better at it • Pablo had a chance to practise his English when he went to summer school in London.

> practice (n)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 12

equipment (n) I kwIpmənt/ *** εξοπλισμός**

the things you need to do a job or an activity • The fishermen loaded their fishing equipment onto the boat.

> equip (v)

special (adj)/ˈspeʃ(ə)l/ 💠 ιδιαίτερος, ειδικός,-ή,-ό

different from usual; more important than others • Do you need to wear special clothes for your job?

experiment (n) /ɪkˈsperɪmənt/ ❖ πείραμα

a scientific test • The students were doing experiments in the science lesson.

➤ experiment (v), experimental (adj)

material (n) /məˈtɪəriəl/ ❖ υλικό

the thing(s) that something is made of • What kind of materials did they use to build these houses?

➤ materialise (v), material (adj)

repeat (v)/rɪˈpiːt/ 🌣 επαναλαμβάνω

do or say something again in the same way • Could you please repeat the question? I didn't hear you.

➤ repetition (n), repetitive (adj)

certain (adj) /'ss:t(ə)n/

❖ ορισμένος, κάποιος,-α,-ο

particular • Certain kinds of trees can only grow in cold, wet countries.

> certainly (adv)

discover (v)/di'sknvə(r)/

ανακαλύπτω

find out about something new • A farmer discovered the wall of the ancient city when he was digging in his field.

> discovery (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 13

catch (the bus) (expr)/kæt[(ðəbʌs)/ *προλαβαίνω (το λεωφορείο)

be on time to get on (a bus) • Let's go now so that we can catch the last bus home.

creature (n)/ˈkriːt∫ə(r)/ ❖ πλάσμα

any animal (including insects, fish, people) • Tiny ants are interesting creatures to watch.

goal (n)/gəʊl/ ❖ στόχος

something that you want to achieve • Her goal was to save the gorillas from harm.

Lesson 5 Chant p. 14

rhyme (n) /raɪm/ • ρίμα, ομοιοκαταληξία

a poem which has similar sounding words at the end of each line • The students wrote rhymes about peace and friendship.

>rhyme (v)

imperfect (adj)/ɪmˈpɜːfɪkt/ 🌣 ατελής, ελαττωματικός,-ή,-ό

not perfect; with mistakes or faults • The shop has low prices because most of the things on sale are imperfect.

>imperfection (n)

verse (n) /v3:s/ **❖ στίχος**

a part of a poem or song • This song only has three verses, but I love singing it.

resolution (n)/ˌrezəˈluːʃ(ə)n/ ❖ απόφαση

a decision to follow a plan • Claire has made a resolution to stop being late for work.

reach (v)/riːt[/ ❖ Φτάνω

get to a place you were going to; achieve a goal • The team reached the finals, but they lost points in the last game.

fan (n)/fæn/ ❖ οπαδός

somebody who likes a particular sport or team • The fans went crazy when their team won the cup.

Lesson 6 Writing p. 15

record (v)/rɪˌkɔːd/ ❖ ηχογραφώ

copy sounds onto a computer, tape, etc. so they can be played back for somebody to hear •Norma recorded the interview on her smartphone.

> recording (n), record (n)

conference (n) /ˈkɒnfərəns/ ❖ συνέδριο

a large meeting when people with the same interests or jobs come together to discuss something • The heads of all EU countries will be having a three-day conference next week.

autobiography (n)/ˌɔːtəbaɪˈɒgrəfi/ 💠 αυτοβιογραφία

a person's life story, which they wrote themselves• I'm reading the autobiography of a famous NASA astronaut.

Lesson 7 Video p. 16

leadership (n)/ˈliːdəʃɪp/ ❖ ηγεσία

the skills you need to become a leader; the state of being a leader • The team chose Nadia as their captain because of her strong leadership skills.

➤ leader (n), lead (v, n)

education (n)/ˌedʒuˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ εκπαίδευση, μόρφωση

the process of teaching and learning new things •In European countries, boys and girls are able to receive free education in schools.

college (n)/ˈkɒlɪdʒ/ ❖ σχολή, κολλέγιο, πανεπιστήμιο

a place where students go to study after they leave school • Bill is studying photography at college.

leader (n)/ˈliːdə(r)/ ❖ ηνέτης

somebody who is the head of an organisation, group or country • Why can't our country's leaders stop fighting with each other?

➤lead (v, n)

journalist (n)/ˈdʒɜːnəlɪst/ ❖ δημοσιογράφος

somebody who writes articles for a newspaper, magazine or TV channel • Janice loves writing and she's training to be a newspaper journalist.

> journalism (n)

boarding school (n)/ˈbɔːdɪŋ skuːl/ ❖ οικοτροφείο

a school where the students live during the school terms • Can you imagine leaving your home and family to study at a boarding school?

dormitory (n)/ˈdɔːmətri/ ❖ εστία, κοιτώνας

a large room with a lot of beds for many people to sleep in • *I don't think anybody slept at night in the dormitory at camp. The children were so excited and noisy.*

Unit 2 Amazing animals

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cub (n)/k∧b/ ❖ κουτάβι, μικρό (ζώο)

a baby bear, tiger, wolf, etc. • Don't go near the bear cubs or the mother bear might hurt you.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 18

artist(n) /ˈɑːtɪst/ ❖ καλλιτέχνης

a person who does painting, drawing or other kinds of art • Vincent Van Gogh was a great artist.

> art (n), artistic (adj)

damage (v) /ˈdæmɪdʒ/ 💠 καταστρέφω, προκαλώ ζημιά

harm or spoil somebody/something • Neil dropped his phone yesterday, but luckily, he didn't damage it.

→ damage (n)

ocean (n) /ˈəʊʃ(ə)n/ **❖ ωκεανός**

huge areas of sea which cover parts of the world • Sharks live in deep waters of the oceans around the world.

protect (v) /prəˈtekt/ ❖ προστατεύω

take care of yourself or somebody/something else, e.g. to avoid damage or getting hurt • Put on sun creamto protect your skin from the sun.

➤ protective (adj), protection (n)

environment(n) /ɪnˈvaɪrənmənt/ ❖ περιβάλλον

the air, water, land around us • We must stop burning the forests and harming the environment.

environmental (adj), environmentally (adv)

disappear(v)/ disəˈpiə(r)/ 💠 εξαφανίζομαι, χάνομαι

stop existing; be lost • Many rainforests are disappearing because they've been cut down to build houses or grow coffee or cocoa.

➤ disappearance (n), disappearing (adj)

extinct (adj) /ɪkˈstɪŋkt/ ❖ αφανισμένος,-η,-ο

not existing any more • Tyrannosaurus Rex became extinct millions of years ago.

> extinction (n)

artwork (n)/ˈɑːtwɜːk/ 🌣 καλλιτεχνική δημιουργία, γραφικά

pictures in books or magazines, etc. • *Children's stories are more fun to read when they have imaginative artwork.*

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 19

danger (n)/ˈdeɪndʒə(r)/ ❖ κίνδυνος

the chance that something will happen to hurt or kill somebody/something• Don't go hiking alone in the mountains because you could put your life in danger.

> endanger (v), dangerous (adj)

housework (n)/ˈhaʊswɜːk/ 💠 δουλειά του σπιτιού

work done to look after a home, e.g. cleaning, cooking • I get really bored doing housework like cleaning the carpets and hanging out the washing.

lend (v)/lend/ ❖ δανείζω

give something to somebody so they can use it then give it back to you • Liz offered to lend Carlos her extra jacket because he forgot to bring one on the trip.

Lesson 3 Reading p. 20

scorpion (n)/ˈskɔːpiən/ ❖ σκορπιός

a small crawling creature that has eight legs and a long tail that can sting • We found scorpions under our camping fridge, but they didn't harm us.

spider monkey(n)/ˈspaɪdə(r) mʌŋki/ 💠 αραχνοπίθηκος

a small monkey from South America that has very long arms and a long tail • A spider monkey can use its tail like an extra arm to swing from tree to tree.

donkey(n) /ˈdɒŋki/ ❖ γαϊδούρι

an animal like a small horse with short legs and very long ears • In some Mediterranean countries, people in islands and villages still use donkeys to carry heavy things.

squirrel(n)/ˈskwɪrəl/ ❖ σκίουρος

a small animal that has a long thick tail and lives in trees • Squirrels collect nuts and save them to eat in the winter.

parrot(n)/'pærət/ ❖ παπαγάλος

a tropical bird that has a curved beak and sometimes colourful feathers • Parrots live in the wild, flying high among the trees in the Amazon.

tale (n)/teɪl/ 💠 ιστορία

a story • When we were young, Dad used to tell us tales of his travels as a sailor.

survival (n)/səˈvaɪv(ə)l/ ❖ επιβίωση

continuing to live in spite of danger • The lost climbers have little chance of survival in this terrible weather.

➤ survive (v), survivor (n)

brush (v)/br∧ʃ/ ❖ βουρτσίζω

take something off the surface of something, using a brush or hands, etc. • A cow uses its tail to brush flies off its back.

> brush (n)

rattlesnake(n)/′ræt(ə)lsneɪk/ ❖ κροταλίας

a venomous snake that makes a noise with the end of its tail • A rattlesnake shakes its tail when it gets angry or frightened.

cheetah (n)/ˈtʃiːtə/ 🌣 τσιτάχ, γατόπαρδος

a kind of big wild cat that has light brown fur with black spots and can run very fast • A cheetah can run as fast as 120 kilometres per hour when it hunts other animals.

frighten (v)/ˈfraɪt(ə)n/ ❖ φοβίζω

make somebody/something afraid • My brother tried to frighten me with a tiny spider.

➤ fright (n), frightened (adj), frighteningly (adv)

wag (v)/wæg/ ❖ κουνάω

what a dog does when it moves its tail from side to side • Edith's dog, Barney, always wags his tail like mad when she comes home.

similar (adj) /ˈsɪmələ(r)/ ❖ παρόμοιος,-α,-ο

like somebody/something but not the same •My friend and I have got similar interests; we both love exploring nature.

➤ similarity (n)

balance (v)/ˈbæləns/ ❖ ισορροπώ

put something in a position where it doesn't fall easily • It's amazing how acrobats can balance when they walk on a tightrope.

balance (n), balanced (adj)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 21

experienced (adj) /ɪkˈspɪəriənst/ ❖ έμπειρος,-η,-ο

having done something many times and being skilled at it • Even the most experienced climbers know that it's dangerous to try rock-climbing alone.

> experience (n, v)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 22

wing (n)/wɪŋ/ ❖ φτερούγα, φτερό

one of the parts of a bird's or insect's body used for flying • Chickens can't fly well because their wings are too short.

lucky (adj)/ˈlʌki/

❖ τυχερός,-ή,-ό

having good luck •The quetzal was lucky to escape from the eagle's claws.

➤ luckily (adv)

ceiling (n) /ˈsiːlɪŋ/

ταβάνι, οροφή

the top inside surface of a room • The white paint kept dripping on Ellie's hair when she was painting the kitchen ceiling.

headache (n)/ hedeɪk/ 🌣 πονοκέφαλος

a pain in the head • I need an aspirin to stop my headache.

beak (n) /bi:k/

ράμφος

the hard outside part of a bird's mouth • The seabird caught the fish with its beak.

bug (n)/b∧g/ ❖ έντομο, μαμούνι

an insect • Some people don't want to try camping because they hate the idea of sleeping beside bugs and snakes.

worm (n) /wɜːm/ **❖ σκουλήκι**

a long thin creature that has a soft body and no legs and lives in the earth • Worms are not dangerous; in fact, they help plants to grow by making holes in the ground that let oxygen in.

prefer (v) /prɪˈfɜː(r)/ ❖ προτιμώ

like something/somebody more than something/somebody else • *I don't like eating meat. I prefer vegetables and cheese.*

➤ preference (n)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

honest(adj) / pnɪst/ ❖ ειλικρινής,-ής,-ές

truthful, not telling lies • Roberta was honest when she told her teacher she forgot to do her homework.

➤ honesty (n), honestly (adv)

tap (n)/tæp/ ❖ βρύση

a device that water comes out of in a bath or sink • You should turn off the tap to save water.

> tap (v)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 23

hear – heard – heard(v)/hɪə(r)– hɜːd –hɜːd/ ❖ ακούω

listen to a sound; be told about something • I've never heard of a resplendent quetzal. Can you tell me more about it?

> hearing (n)

pollen (n)/ˈpɒlən/ ❖ γύρη

a powder from the middle of a flower that gets moved onto other flowers by the wind or insects to make seeds • David took a great photo of a bee with pollen on its legs, which was sitting on sunflower.

➤ pollinate (v)

third (n) /θ3:d/ **❖** τρίτο

one of three equal parts of something • I ate about a third of the cake and put the rest in the fridge.

> third (number)

depend on (phr v)/dɪˈpend ɒn/ 💠 εξαρτώμαι από /εξαρτιέμαι από

rely on somebody/something and trust them •Young animals depend on their parents to feed them until they can find food by themselves.

chemical (n)/ˈkemɪk(ə)l/ ❖ χημική ουσία

something made using a scientific process • It's not safe to swim in the lake because its full of dangerous chemicals that are poisoning the fish.

➤ chemical (adj)

disease (n) /dɪˈziːz/ ❖ ασθένεια, νόσος

an illness • Doctors can now protect children against terrible diseases like polio by giving them an injection when they are young.

behaviour (n)/bɪˈheɪvjə(r)/ 💠 συμπεριφορά

the way a person or animal acts towards others • The prisoner was allowed out of prison early because of their good behaviour.

> behave (v)

heading (n)/ˈhedɪŋ/ 🌣 επικεφαλίδα, τίτλος

a title on each section of a piece of writing • When you write headings for each paragraph of your report, it will be easier for readers to find the information they need.

 \rightarrow head (n, v)

aim (n) /eɪm/ ❖ στόχος, σκοπός

a purpose • The aim of this report is to describe the hotel and its services.

suggestion (n)/səˈdʒestʃən/ 🌣 πρόταση, σύσταση, υπόδειξη

an idea that somebody gives somebody else to do something • Do you agree with Moira's suggestion to go to the Amazon?

> suggest (v)

figure (n)/ˈfɪgə(r)/ ❖ αριθμός

a number • I think about 12,000 fans went to the match, but that figure might be wrong.

➤ figure (v)

Lesson 7 Video p. 24

bald (adj) /bɔːld/ **❖ καραφλός, φαλακρός,-ή,-ό**

without hair • My dad started to lose his hair and become bald when he was thirty.

water buffalo (n)/ˈwɔːtə bʌfələʊ/ ❖ νεροβούβαλος

a large kind of cow that farmers use to pull things in tropical countries • *Vietnamese farmers* often use water buffalo to pull heavy carts across their land.

ape (n)/eɪp/ ❖ πίθηκος

a large ANIMAL like a monkey without a tail • Gorillas and orangutans are different types of apes.

leopard (n)/ˈlepəd/ ❖ λεοπάρδαλη

a large cat from Africa or Asia with a spotty pattern on its fur • A leopard's yellow and brown fur helps it to hide in the long grass and trees.

except (prep)/ɪkˈsept/ ❖ εκτός από, πλην

used to point out that there's one thing or person that is not included in something you mentioned • Everybody except Dora went to the theatre. She was ill that day.

horn (n)/ho:n/ ❖ κέρατο

a hard part that grows out of the head of some animals, usually on each side • Don't go through the gate into the field. There's a bull with huge horns over there.

Function 1: Giving advice p. 25

calendar (n)/ˈkælɪndə(r)/ ❖ ημερολόγιο

something that shows the days and months of the year • Eva is selling calendars for the New Year to raise money for an animal charity. The cat photo for January is so cute!

remind (v)/rɪˈmaɪnd/ ❖ υπενθυμίζω

help somebody to remember something • *Richard makes notes in his diary to remind him when to pay his bills.*

>reminder (n)

School trip 1 pp. 26–27

marine (adj) /məˈriːn/ 🌣 θαλάσσιος,-ια,-ιο

of the sea • Lorenzo studies marine life in the Arctic Ocean.

reserve (n) /rɪzɜːv/ ❖ καταφύγιο

an area where wildlife is protected • Nobody is allowed to hunt on the nature reserve.

> reserve (v)

mean− meant − meant(v)/mi:n − ment − ment/ ❖ σημαίνω

have as a meaning • What does this word mean?

> meaning (n)

the seabed (n) /ðə ˈsiːbed/ ❖ βυθός, πυθμένας

the bottom of the sea • The wreck of the ancient ship was covered by sand on the seabed for hundreds of years.

gift (n)/qɪft/ ❖ δώρο

a thing that you give to somebody; a present •My parents gave me a bicycle as a birthday gift.

jellyfish (n) /ˈdʒelifɪʃ/ ❖ μέδουσα, τσούχτρα

a sea creature with a soft body that looks like jelly and long thin parts that can sting • Do you know how to treat a jellyfish sting?

habitat (n)/ˈhæbɪtæt/ 🌣 οικότοπος, περιβάλλον

the environment where an animal or plant lives or grows • The Amazon is the natural habitat of grey parrots.

pristine (adj) /ˈprɪstiːn/ 💠 αψεγάδιαστος, παρθένος, άθικτος,-η,-ο

very clean; in perfect condition • Some people prefer a pristine white bed in a hotel room to a sleeping bag in a tent.

large (adj) /lα:dʒ/ ❖ μεγάλος,-η,-ο

big • When their second child was born, Maggie and Paul moved to a larger home.

claw (n) /klɔː/ ❖ νύχι (ζώου)

a sharp nail on an animal's foot • The cat caught the bird with its sharp claws.

>claw (v)

fin (n) /fɪn/ ❖ πτερύγιο

a thin part like a wing on a fish that it uses for swimming • Fish move their fins all the time to keep swimming.

huge (adj) /hjuːdʒ/ ❖ τεράστιος,-ια,-ιο

very big • The singer arrived at the theatre in a huge car.

tentacle (n) / tentək(ə)l/ ❖ πλοκάμι

the long thin limb of a sea creature's body • A jellyfish uses its tentacles to catch its food.

sea lion (n) /ˈsiː laɪən/ ❖ θαλάσσιος λέοντας

a large seal • Along the coasts of South America, tourists can drive past beaches full of sea lions.

crab (n) /kræb/ ❖ καβούρι

a sea creature that has a hard shell, eight legs and two long arms for catching things • Ouch! A crab bit my toe in the water.

whale (n)/weɪl/ ❖ φάλαινα

an animal like a very big fish which lives in the sea • Whales come up to the surface of the sea because they need to breathe air to live.

reef (n) /riːf/ ❖ ὑφαλος

a line of rocks in a part of the sea that is not very deep • Their boat crashed into the reef, and then sank near the beach.

survive (v) /səˈvaɪv/ ❖ επιβιώνω, επιζώ

live through a difficult time •People can't survive for very many days without water.

➤ survival (n), survivor (n)

Unit 3 Working outdoors

p. 29

outdoors (adv) / aυt dɔːz/ ❖ έξω, σε εξωτερικό χώρο outside; not in a building • It's too cold for us to eat dinner outdoors in winter. ➤ outdoor (adj)

volcano (n) /vpl keɪnəʊ/ ❖ ηφαίστειο

a mountain that has (or had) hot gases and hot melted rocks coming out of a hole on its top

- Did you know that the area of Kamchatka in Russia has over 60 volcanoes?
- ➤ volcanic(adj)

indoors (adv)/ɪnˈdɔːz/ 🌣 μέσα, σε εσωτερικό χώρο

inside; in a building •It's raining! Let's stay indoors until it stops.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 30

gardener (n) /ˈgɑːd(ə)nə(r)/ ❖ κηπουρός

somebody whose job is to look after a garden • Alan paid a gardener to come and cut down the huge old tree in his garden. Now there's more sunlight for the other plants.

➤ gardening (v)

lifeguard (n)/ˈlaɪfgɑːd/ ❖ ναυαγοσώστης

somebody who works at a beach or swimming pool and rescues people if they get into trouble in the water • The lifeguard noticed a boy was in trouble in the pool and she dived in to rescue him.

marine biologist(n) /məˈriːn baɪˈalədʒɪst/ 💠 θαλάσσιος βιολόγος

a scientist who studies things that live in the sea • A team of marine biologists have found plastic rubbish at the bottom of the Pacific Ocean.

mechanic (n) /məˈkænɪk/ ❖ μηχανικός

somebody whose job is to repair machines, e.g. car engines • *Mario's motorbike needs fixing. He's taking it to a mechanic.*

mountain guide (n) /ˈmaʊntən gaɪd/ 💠 οδηγός βουνού

somebody who shows you the way to go up or down an area with mountains • It's easy to get lost in the mountain paths here if you don't know the area. So it's better to hire a mountain guide to show you the route.

painter (n)/'peɪntə(r)/ * ελαιοχρωματιστής

somebody who paints walls, etc. to decorate buildings as a job • I hope the painters will clear up the mess when they've finished painting the bedrooms.

> paint (v), painting (n)

photojournalist (n)/ˌfəʊtəʊˈdʒɜːnəˌlɪst/ ❖ φωτορεπόρτερ

a kind of reporter who uses photos to report news • Karen has just got herself a job as a photojournalist at a national newspaper.

➤ photojournalism (n)

(tennis) coach (n) /(ˈtenɪs)kəʊtʃ/ ❖ προπονητής (του τένις)

a sports trainer • Dan's tennis coach taught him how to hold the racket properly.

> coach (v)

lead – led (v)/liːd – led – led/ ❖ οδηγώ, καθοδηγώ, ξεναγώ

go with or work with others to show them how to go somewhere or do something • *Erica* personally leads the tour groups that she organises around the sights.

➤ leader (n), leadership (n)

laboratory (n)/lə bɒrətri/ ❖ εργαστήριο

a room where experiments are done • These cameras have been developed in laboratories in Japan.

climate(n) /ˈklaɪmət/ 🌣 κλίμα

the patterns of weather in an area • Canada has a cooler climate than Italy.

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 31

microscope (n)/ maɪkrəskəʊp/ ❖ μικροσκόπιο

a device that you can look through to see things much larger than they are • The spider's leg looked huge and spiky when I put it under the microscope.

> microscopic (adj)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

unsafe (adj)/nn'seif/ * επισφαλής, επικίνδυνος,-η,-ο

not safe • The old bridge was closed because it was unsafe for traffic.

Lesson 3 Reading p. 32

keeper (n)/ˈkiːpə(r)/ ❖ Φύλακας

somebody whose job is to take care of animals in a certain place • The book I'm reading is about a boy called Aaron, who got a job as an elephant keeper after he rescued a baby elephant in Zambia.

mural (n) /ˈmjʊərəl/ 🌣 τοιχογραφία

a painting or other work of art on a wall • On our classroom wall, we painted a mural of wild animals in the jungle.

fashion (n) / ˈfæʃ(ə)n/ ❖ μόδα

a particular style of clothes • What do you think of the 1980s' fashions? Do you like those wide trousers?

wonder (v)/ˈwʌndə(r)/ 🌣 αναρωτιέμαι

think about something to decide what to do or what something is, etc. • I wonder where my keys are. I can't find them anywhere.

> wonder (n), wonderful (adj)

hard (adj) /haːd/ ❖ δύσκολος,-η,-ο

not easy; difficult • It's hard to spot snakes on the mountain because they hide from people. ➤ hard (adv)

pay attention (phr) /peɪ əˈtenʃ(ə)n/ ❖ δίνω προσοχή

take care to do something carefully; listen to or watch somebody carefully • Your writing skills will get better if you pay attention to spelling and grammar.

conservancy (n)/kənˈsɜːvənsi/ 🌣 προστατευόμενη περιοχή

conservation area; an area where wild animals are protected • *Rhinos are well looked after* by the keepers at the conservancy.

> conserve (v), conservation (n)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 34

Sherpa (n) / ∫3:pə/ **❖ Σέρπα / Sherpa**

a person from a particular group of people who come from Nepal in the Himalayas, who is well known for their knowledge of the mountains and ability to lead/help climbers • Sir Edmund Hillary wouldn't have reached the top of Everest without his Sherpa guide, Tenzing Norgay.

Lesson 7 Video p. 36

chin (n) /ʧɪn/ ❖ πηγούνι

the part of your face under your mouth • Jeremy has a short beard on his chin.

secure (v)/sɪˈkjʊə(r)/ ❖ ασφαλίζω

put something in a safe position so it's not easy to fall or move out of place • Make sure you've secured the parachute on your back before you jump.

> secure (adj), securely (adv), security (n)

tag (n)/tæg/ * καρτελάκι, ετικέτα

a piece of plastic, metal or paper that has a number or name on it to identify something/somebody • Write your name and phone number on the tag, and then tie or stick it onto your suitcase.

>tag (v)

affix (v) /əˈfɪks/ ❖ κολλάω

attach something to something else • You should affix stamps on the top right corner of the envelope before you post the letter.

pleased (adj)/plizd/ 💠 ευχαριστημένος, χαρούμενος-η,-ο

happy • I was pleased to hear that many zoos have sent rhinos safely back into their natural habitat.

> please (v)

manager (n) / mænɪdʒə(r)/ ❖ διευθυντής

somebody who is responsible for a business, shop, club, etc. •Leonidas is the manager of our local football team.

➤ manage (v), manageable (adj)

bother (v) /ˈbɒðə(r)/ ❖ ενοχλώ

worry or annoy • Bessie blocks any annoying caller's number on her phone so that they will stop bothering her.

> bother (n)

Unit 4 Let's get technical

p. 37

technical (adj)/ˈteknɪk(ə)l/ * τεχνικός,-η,-ο

related to machines or technology • The phones and internet went off for a few hours in our area because of a technical problem.

> technically (adv)

technology (n) /tek noladzi/ * τεχνολογία

the science used to discover and design new things • Modern technology helps us to share information with people around the world quickly.

➤ technological (adj)

virtual reality (n)/ˌvɜːtʃuəl riˈæləti/ 💠 εικονική πραγματικότητα

sounds and pictures created by a computer that look and sound almost real to a user who is attached to it • Museum visitors can wear virtual reality headsets to get an idea of how the city was in ancient times.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 38

program (n)/'prəʊgræm/ ❖ πρόγραμμα

a set of instructions that tells a computer how to do something • Natalie can't speak Russian, so she uses a computer program to translate text into English.

> program (v), programmer (n)

chat (v)/t[æt/ **❖ συνομιλώ, μιλάω**

communicate in a friendly way by talking or sending texts • Peter is always chatting to his friends on Facebook.

➤ chat (n)

connect /kəˈnekt/ ❖ συνδέω,-ομαι

link; join together two or more things • If I can connect to the internet, I'll send you an email.

➤ connection (n), connected (adj)

delete /dɪˈliːt/ ❖ διαγράφω

remove something, e.g. words, emails or files on a computer • Pauline deleted all the emails that she had already replied to.

do research(phr) /dʊrɪˈsɜːt[/ /dʊˈriːsɜːt[/ ❖ κάνω έρευνα, ερευνώ

look for information about something to find out or prove facts about it• *In our economics class, we did some research about spending habits.*

improve(v) /ɪmˈpruːv/ ❖ βελτιώνω

make better; get better • You need to improve your French before you take the exam.

→ improvement (n)

repair (v) /rɪˈpeə(r)/ ❖ επισκευάζω

fix • I must repair my bike before I can use it again.

➤ repair (v), repaired (adj)

save (v) /seɪv/ **❖** αποθηκεύω

keep • Make sure you have saved back-up copies of the files before you send them on the internet.

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 39

greet (v) /griːt/ ❖ χαιρετώ

say something when you meet somebody or when you start a letter, email, etc. • The hotel manager greeted us with a friendly smile.

> greeting (n)

guest (n)/gest/ ❖ φιλοξενούμενος, επισκέπτης, καλεσμένος, πελάτης (ξενοδοχείου)

somebody who is staying at a hotel or in somebody else's home • There were over 200 guests staying at the hotel.

capture (v) /ˈkæpt[ə/ 💠 συλλαμβάνω

catch somebody/something • The police captured the thieves who stole the painting. ➤ capture (n)

champion(n) /'t∫æmpiən/ ❖ πρωταθλητής

somebody who wins a competition • Billie Jean King was a world tennis champion.

> championship (n)

defeat (v)/dɪˈfiːt/ ❖ ηττούμαι, χάνω

fail to win •We were unhappy when our team was defeated in the final.

➤ defeat (n)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 40

jaguar (n) /ˈdʒægjuə(r)/ 💠 ιαγουάρος, τζάγκουαρ

a large wild cat that has yellow-brown fur with large black spots, whose natural habitat is in South or Central America • *Like other big cats, jaguars are happier to live in the wild than in a zoo.*

fix (onto) (v)/fiks ('pnta)//fiks ('pntu)/ ❖ τοποθετώ

attach • The rescue centre fixes tags onto the injured sea turtles to identify them when they return them to the sea.

engineer(n) / endʒɪˈnɪə(r)/ ❖ μηχανικός

somebody who designs or makes engines or machines • Rosa studied hard at university to become a computer engineer.

➤ engineer (v), engineering (n)

straight (into) (adv)/streit ('inta)//streit ('intu)/ * απευθείας, ακριβώς directly (towards) • The explorer looked straight into the bear's eyes and tried not to show any fear.

➤ straight (adj)

remote-controlled (adj)/rɪˈməʊt kənˈtrəʊld/ *** τηλεχειριζόμενος,-η,-ο** controlled by equipment without having to be touched by hand• *The lights in the house are remote-controlled, so they come on at the same time every night even when we're not at home.*

>remote control (n)

region (n)/ˈriːdʒən/ ❖ περιοχή

a large area of land •The Nevada Desert is one of the driest regions of the United States. ➤ regional (adj)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 42

panic (v) /ˈpænɪk/ * πανικοβάλλομαι

suddenly feel so frightened that you cannot think clearly • Try not to panic if you see an accident, but stay calm and phone for help.

➤ panic (n), panic-stricken (adj)

password (n) /ˈpɑːswɜːd/ 💠 κωδικός πρόσβασης

a series of letters and/or numbers that you must type into a computer before you can use it
• Grahamforgot his password for the website, so he couldn't check his bank account.

reset (v)/ˌriːˈset/ ❖ επαναφορά

change the controls or code on something so it is ready to use again • If you forget your password, just email the website and they'll send you a link to reset it.

weird (adj) /wiəd/ ❖ παράξενος,-η,-ο

very strange • When the car began to make a weird noise, I knew something was wrong with the engine.

undo (v)/∧n'duː/ **❖ αναίρεση**

cancel an action you have already done • *Liana realized she had copied the wrong text onto the page, so she clicked the 'undo' button to remove it.*

waste bin (n)/'weist bin/ ❖ κάδος απορριμμάτων, κάδος ανακύκλωσης a container for rubbish; a place on a computer where deleted items are put • I couldn't find the email you sent yesterday, but then I saw it was in the waste bin.

Lesson 6 Writing p. 43

alarm(clock) (n) /əˈlɑːm (klɒk)/ ❖ ξυπνητήρι

a clock that rings at a certain time to wake you up • *Ian forgot to set his alarm clock, but he still woke up at the usual time.*

> alarm (v)

button (n)/'b∧t(ə)n/ **❖ κουμπί, πλήκτρο**

a switch on a machine, etc. • I don't understand what all these buttons on the camera are for, so I just set everything to take photos automatically.

snooze (v)/snuːz/ 💠 παίρνω έναν υπνάκο

have a short sleep • *In some hot countries, people often take a snooze in the afternoon and go back to work in the evening.*

➤ snooze (n)

edit (v) / edit/ επεξεργάζομαι

make changes to a text, an image, etc. • This photo is absolutely perfect; you don't need to edit it.

> editor (n)

document (n)/ˈdɒkjumənt/ ❖ έγγραφο

a computer file with written text • Remember to save your document as you're writing so you don't lose any of your text changes.

download (v)/ˌdaʊnˈləʊd/ 💠 κάνω λήψη, κατεβάζω

put a file from the internet onto your computer or a device • Sometimes Alexei downloads music to listen to on his tablet.

Lesson 7 Video p. 44

walkie-talkie (n)/ˌwɔːki ˈtɔːki/ ❖ ασύρματος

a kind of radio that you can use to talk to another person or send messages • The leader at the front of the large hiking group communicated with the leader at the back by walkie talkie to check that everybody was safe.

windscreen wiper (n)/'windskriin waipə(r)/ * υαλοκαθαριστήρας

a device with a thin rubber edge that moves back and forth across a car window to clear off rain, etc. • When it started to rain, the taxi driver switched on the windscreen wipers.

➤ wipe (v)

Reading extra 1 pp. 46–47

voice (n)/voɪs/ ❖ φωνή

the sounds a person makes through their mouth to communicate • *People think parrots can talk because they can copy some sounds from a human voice.*

various (adj)/ˈveəriəs/ ❖ διάφορος,-η,-ο

many different types • Dolphins communicate with each other using various sounds.

> vary (v), variety (n)

orca (n) /ˈɔːkə/ **❖ όρκα**

a killer whale • Although they are called killer whales, orcas are actually the largest type of dolphins.

blowhole (n)/ˈbləʊhəʊl/ ❖ φυσητήρας

a hole on a whale's or dolphin's head that is used for breathing • An orca takes in air through the blowhole on its back.

zero (number) /ˈzɪərəʊ/ ❖ μηδέν

the number 0 • In winter, the temperature is often below zero in the mountains.

rude (adj) /ruːd/ ❖ αγενής,-ής,-ές

not polite; not showing respect • *It's very rude to push in front of other people who are waiting in line for something.*

>rudely (adv), rudeness (n)

gather (v)/ˈgæðə(r)/ 🌣 συγκεντρώνομαι

collect; get together • The fans gathered outside the theatre door, hoping to get the band's autographs.

> gathering (n)

herring (n)/ˈherɪŋ/ ❖ ρέγγα

a kind of oily fish from the north Atlantic Ocean and the Baltic Sea • Herring is a popular fish that's often caught by fishermen from Scotland and Scandinavian countries.

Unit 5 Going places

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 50

cross (v)/krps/❖ διασχίζω

go from one side of a place to the other • It took weeks to cross the Atlantic in a small boat. ➤ crossing (n)

suitcase (n)/ˈsuːtkeɪs/ 🌣 βαλίτσα, αποσκευή

a large bag with flat sides that you can pack clothes in to take travelling • Stephanie packed all her summer clothes and swimsuits in her suitcase and went to the airport.

single (adj)/ˈsɪŋg(ə)l/ ❖ ούτε ένας/μία/ένα

only one • There wasn't a single street light on, so the town was in complete darkness.

hurry (ν)/ˈhʌri/ **❖ βιάζομαι**

move quickly • There's no need to hurry; we've got plenty of time to finish the project. ➤ hurry (n)

set off (phr v)/set pf/ 💠 ξεκινάω, αναχωρώ

start a journey • What time will we set off on our trip tomorrow?

destination (n) /desti nei∫(ə)n/ ❖ προορισμός

the place you are going to • We are about to start our flight from London and our destination is Dubai.

view (n) /vjuː/ ❖ θέα

what you can see from a place (often talking about a beautiful sight) • They had a great view of the countryside from the window of the train.

➤ view (v), viewing (adj), viewer (n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 51

construction (n) /kənˈstrʌk[(ə)n/ ❖ κατασκευή

the process of building things, e.g. buildings, roads, etc. • Since the construction work on the new bridge started, there have been huge traffic problems in the area.

> construct (v)

rebuild – rebuilt – rebuilt (v)/riːˈbɪld – riːˈbɪlt – riːˈbɪlt / ❖ ανακατασκευάζω, ξαναχτίζω build something again • After the storm damage, many buildings in the town were rebuilt.

Lesson 3 Reading p. 52

suspension bridge (n)/səˈspenʃ(ə)n brɪdʒ/ 💠 κρεμαστή γέφυρα

a type of bridge that hangs on strong metal wires that are held up by towers at the ends • It's much faster to drive across the river since the new suspension bridge opened.

centimetre (n) /ˈsentɪmiːtə(r)/❖ εκατοστό

a small unit of distance, 100th of a metre • Yolanda asked the hairdresser just to cut about two centimetres off her hair to tidy it up.

wide (adj)/waɪd/ * πλατύς, φαρδύς,-ιά,-ύ

measuring from one side to the other • *The river isn't very wide here. I think we can jump across it.*

> widen (v), width (n)

metre (n) / mi:tə(r)/ ❖ μέτρο

100 centimetres • The room is five metres long and four metres wide.

> metric (adj)

brave (adj)/breɪv/ ❖ γενναίος,-α,-ο

not afraid to do something • You have to be brave to try kitesurfing.

➤bravery (n)

height (n)/haɪt/ ❖ ύψος

a high place • Jake couldn't walk across the rope bridge because he's afraid of heights.

>high (adj)

tunnel (n) / t∧n(ə)l/ ❖ σήραγγα, τούνελ

a long passage through rock • The train goes through a long tunnel to the other side of the mountain.

>tunnel (v)

load(n) /ləʊd/ ❖ φορτίο

something, usually heavy, that is carried •It's unkind to make donkeys carry heavy loads. They often get hurt doing so.

➤load (v)

pedestrian (n) /pəˈdestriən/ ❖ πεζός

somebody who is walking in the street, not driving or riding • There should be safe places for pedestrians to cross busy main roads, like a bridge or tunnel.

> pedestrianise (v)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 53

petrol (n) / petrəl/ ❖ βενζίνη

oil used to make an engine work • The driver stopped to put some petrol in the car.

Lesson 5 Chant p. 54

relax(v) /rɪˈlæks/ ❖ χαλαρώνω

have a break and do something you like doing without stress• *Tom likes listening to music to relax before bedtime.*

➤ relaxed (adj), relaxation (n)

cyclist (n) /ˈsaɪk(ə)lɪst/ ❖ ποδηλάτης

somebody who rides a bicycle • Many cities have special paths for cyclists to use at the sides of busy roads.

>cycle (n, v)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

regularly (adv) / regjələli/ * τακτικά, συστηματικά

at regular intervals • I go to the theatre quite regularly – I mean, about once a month.

➤ regular (adj)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 55

population (n) / popju leɪ[(ə)n/ **❖** πληθυσμός

the number of people who live in an area • The UK has a population of over 65 million and the number seems to be growing every day.

> populate (v)

southernmost (adj)/ˈsʌðənməʊst/ ❖ νοτιότερος

furthest towards the south • They sailed to the southernmost part of the island.

attraction (n)/əˈtrækʃ(ə)n/ 💠 αξιοθέατο, πόλος έλξης, θέλγητρο

an interesting activity or place to see; something that makes something/somebody interesting or fun •One of London's biggest tourist attractions is the London Eye.

➤attract (v), attractive (adj)

per(prep)/pə(r)/ /pɜː(r)/ **❖ ανά, τον/την/το**

for each • Irena goes to the gym four times per week.

border (n)/ˈbɔːdə(r)/ ❖ σύνορο

the invisible line that separates two countries • David has a sheep farm in Wales near the English border.

Lesson 7 Video p. 56

surround (v)/səˈraʊnd/ ❖ περικυκλώνω

be all around something/somebody • The house was surrounded by trees and plants.

➤ surroundings (n pl)

melt (v) /melt/ ❖ λιώνω

heat something, e.g. ice, to turn it into liquid; become liquid because of heat• *Put the ice cream in the freezer or it will melt.*

downhill (adv) / daʊnˈhɪl/ 💠 στην κατηφόρα, κατηφορικός,-ή,-ό

in a direction down, towards the bottom of a hill • It's easy to ride a bike downhill, but you have to be able to control it to make it stop.

uphill (adv) /ˌʌpˈhɪl/ 💠 στην ανηφόρα, ανηφορικός,-ή,-ό

in a direction up, towards the top of a hill • The hikers were tired after walking uphill all day.

Unit 6 Fantastic festivals

p. 57

notice (v)/ˈnəʊtɪs/ 🌣 προσέχω, βλέπω, παρατηρώ

see or hear something •I notice you've had a haircut. It looks good.

➤ notice (n), noticeable (adj)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 58

second (n)/ˈsekənd/ ❖ δευτερόλεπτο

a very short measure of time; one sixtieth of a minute • The phone only rang for a few seconds, so I didn't have time to answer it.

minute (n)/ˈmɪnɪt/ ❖ λεπτό

a short measure of time; a period of 60 seconds • You can boil an egg in three minutes.

hour (n)/'aʊə(r)/ **❖ ώρα**

a measure of time; a period of 60 minutes• The bus leaves in half an hour. Let's have a cup of coffee while we're waiting.

month (n)/m∧nθ/ **❖ μήνας**

one of twelve parts of the year • Which month is your birthday? Is it March or April?

spring (n) /sprɪŋ/ ❖ άνοιξη

the season after winter and before summer • The flowers look beautiful in the fields in spring.

summer(n)/ˈsʌmə(r)/ ❖ καλοκαίρι

the hottest season of the year • *In summer, we don't go to school and we often go on holidays.*

autumn(n) /ˈɔːtəm/ ❖ Φθινόπωρο

the season after summer and before winter • The weather begins to get cooler and the leaves change colour in the autumn.

winter(n) /ˈwɪntə(r)/ ❖ χειμώνας

the coldest season of the year • Do you enjoy winter sports like snowboarding?

century (n)/ˈsentʃəri/ 🌣 αιώνας, εκατονταετία

a period of 100 years • The internet was invented during the twentieth century.

midday (n)/ mɪd ˈdeɪ/ ❖ μεσημέρι

12 o'clock in the daytime at the end of the morning • Office workers often have their lunch break around midday.

midnight (n)/ midnait/ ❖ μεσάνυχτα

12 o'clock at night •Our plane arrives in Paris at midnight, so we can catch the night bus from the airport.

a.m. (abbr)/ˌeɪ ˈem/ ❖ π.μ.

the time after 12 o'clock midnight until 12 o'clock midday; used after a number for the time in the morning •Florence has breakfast at 7a.m.

the time after 12 o'clock midday until 12 o'clock midnight; used after a number for the time in the afternoon or evening up to midnight • My tennis practice is at 4.30 p.m.

blossom (n)/ˈblɒsəm/ 🌣 άνθος, λουλούδι

a flower on a plant or tree ullet The air was filled with the fresh smell of orange blossoms.

>> blossom (v)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 60

mixture (n) / mɪkst∫ə(r)/ ❖ μίγμα, μίξη, συνδυασμός

a combination of different things • The music at the festival was a mixture of sounds from all over the world.

 \rightarrow mix (v)

tropical fruit (n)/ˈtrɒpɪkəl fruːt/ 💠 τροπικό φρούτο

fruit that comes from the countries in the hottest part of Earth near the equator • *Tropical fruits, like mangoes and bananas, are tasty and colourful.*

seafood (n)/ˈsiːfuːd/ ❖ θαλασσινά

fish and shellfish • This restaurant serves seafood, such as fish, crab and prawns.

raw (adj)/roː/ ❖ ωμός,-ή,-ό

uncooked • A meal of sushi often includes raw fish.

mud (n) /m∧d/ **❖ λάσπη**

wet earth • It was raining, so the hikers got mud on their boots.

➤ muddy (adj)

skin (n) /skɪn/ ❖ δέρμα, επιδερμίδα

the outside cover of your body •Nancy doesn't sit in the sun too long because she's got fair skin that gets burnt easily.

γουr (v) /pɔː(r)/ *** χύνω, ρίχνω, βάζω (υγρό)**

put (liquid) into a container or over something/somebody • The weather was very hot and the children poured water over each other to have fun keeping cool.

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

culture (n)/ˈkʌltʃə(r)/ ❖ κουλτούρα, πολιτισμός

the way things are traditionally done in a country, especially in connection with art, literature, music, etc. • Windmills and canals are symbols of Dutch culture.

> cultural (adj)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 61

muddy (adj)/ mʌdi/ ❖ λασπώδης, λασπωμένος,-η,-ο covered in mud • Please take your muddy shoes off at the door when you come in. ➤ mud (n)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 62

tap (v)/tæp/ **❖ χτυπάω**

hit your feet softly against the floor, or fingers on a table, etc. • The audience tapped their feet to the beat of the music.

>tap (n)

go to waste (expr)/gəʊtəweɪst/ * χαραμίζω, πάω στράφι, πάω χαμένος not be used • I know you're tired, but keep going till you finish your course, or all your hard work will go to waste.

breeze (n)/briːz/ ❖ αεράκι, αύρα

a light wind • There was a cool evening breeze that turned into a strong wind as the clouds got closer.

➤breezy (adj)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 63

hot-air balloon (n)/ hot 'eə(r) bəluːn/ ❖ αερόστατο

a very large balloon that is filled with hot air to move high above the ground, usually with a large basket below that carries people • The morning sky was filled with hot-air balloons carrying tourists above Cappadocia.

experience (n) /ɪkˈspɪəriəns/ ❖ εμπειρία

an activity that has an effect on somebody • Being in the car accident was a scary experience that he never wanted to happen again.

experience (v), experienced (adj)

Lesson 7 Video p. 64

pottery (n) /ˈpɒtəri/ 🌣 κεραμική

the act of making dishes and pots by hand from clay • Liz learnt some basic pottery skills at the class and she made some small vases.

> potter (n), pot (n)

costume (n) /ˈkɒstjuːm/ ❖ στολή, φορεσιά

special clothes you wear to look like somebody/something else • Don't tell me you're going to wear that clown costume to the party.

powder (n)/ˈpaʊdə(r)/ ❖ σκόνη

very small pieces of soft dry material • We know the dog has eaten the cake; he's got chocolate powder all over his nose!

> powder (v), powdery (adj)

exhibition (n)/ˌeksɪˈbɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ έκθεση

a show of things for people to see, e.g. in a museum • There was an exhibition of students' paintings and other artwork at the school fair.

> exhibit (v, n), exhibitor (n)

Function 2: Agreeing and disagreeing p. 65

so (adv)/səʊ/ ❖ έτσι, το ίδιο

used after a verb to avoid repeating something already mentioned • 'I think it's going to rain.' 'I think so, too'.

quite (adv)/kwart/

απολύτως, πολύ

really • This snake looks a bit scary, but it's quite safe to touch it.

School trip 2 pp. 66–67

expedition (n) / ekspəˈdɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ αποστολή

a journey to explore a place • The team of scientists will begin their expedition across the desert next month.

tripod (n) / traɪpɒd/ ❖ τρίποδο

a three-legged support for a camera or telescope • It's hard to hold the camera steady by hand, so try putting it on a tripod.

tin foil (n)/tɪn fɔɪl/ *** αλουμινόχαρτο**

very thin sheets of metal used for wrapping food in for cooking • *To make baked potatoes, just wash them, then wrap them in tin foil and cook them in the oven.*

tape (n) /teɪp/ ❖ κολλητική ταινία, σελοτέιπ

a long piece of thin material that's sticky on one side • I put a piece of sticky tape around the parcel to keep it closed.

blanket (n)/ˈblæŋkɪt/ ❖ κουβέρτα

a large thick cover put onto a bed to keep you warm • There are extra blankets in the bedroom in case you feel cold at night.

Unit 7 Extreme sports

p. 69

compete (v)/kəmˈpiːt/ ❖ διαγωνίζομαι, αγωνίζομαι, συμμετέχω take part in a competition or sport • Hundreds of tennis players compete at Wimbledon every year.

> competitor (n), competition (n), competitive (adj), competitively (adv)

risky (adj) /ˈrɪski/ ❖ ριψοκίνδυνος,-η,-ο
dangerous •It's silly to do anything too risky, like sailing in bad weather.

➤ risk (n), riskily (adv)

bungee jumping (n)/ˈbʌndʒi dʒʌmpɪŋ/ bungee jumping, μπάντζι τζάμπινγκ a sport in which you jump off a high place, like a bridge or a cliff, with a kind of rope tied on your feet • People come to the activity centre to do bungee jumping from the bridge over the river.

unicycling (n)/ˈjuːnɪˌsaɪk(ə)lɪŋ/ ❖ κάνω μονόκυκλο
the activity of riding a unicycle (a cycle with one wheel) • Would you like to try unicycling up
and down a mountain path? It's quite a difficult and dangerous sport.

➤ unicycle (n, v)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 70

challenging (adj) /ˈtʃælɪndʒɪŋ/ *** γεμάτος προκλήσεις, απαιτητικός** difficult in an interesting way •Being a doctor is a challenging job because other people's lives depend on you.

> challenge (n, v)

route (n)/ru:t/ ❖ διαδρομή
the way from one place to another • Do you know the route to the airport?
➤ route (v)

concentration (n), concentrated (adj)

accident (n)/ˈæksɪdənt/ ❖ ατύχημα

something (usually bad) that happens without you expecting it •Ride your bike carefully or you might have an accident.

➤ accidental (adj), accidentally (adv)

beginner (n)/biˈgɪnə(r)/ **❖ αρχάριος**

somebody who is new at doing or learning something •I can't speak Portuguese, so I've joined the beginners' class.

➤ begin (v), beginning (n)

expert(n)/'eksp3:t/ ❖ ειδικός

a person who knows a lot about something or can do something very well • So you say you're an expert on history. When did the Romans first come to Britain?

> expert (adj), expertly (adv)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 71

rule (n)/ruːl/ ❖ κανόνας

an instruction that says how things must be done or what is allowed •One of the rules at my school is that we can't use mobile phones or smartwatches in exams.

>rule (v), ruler (n), ruling (n)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 72

flow (v)/fləʊ/ ❖ ρέω, κυλάω, χύνομαι

move easily in one direction • The River Nile flows into the Mediterranean Sea.

 \rightarrow flow (n)

in a way that goes up or down very quickly on a slope • The road went steeply up towards the top of the hill.

> steep (adj)

specially (adv)/ˈspe[əli/ ❖ ειδικά

in a special way for a particular purpose • The baker made a cake specially for Ethan's sixteenth birthday.

> special (adj)

steep (adj)/sti:p/ ❖ απότομος,-η,-ο

this describes a slope that goes up or down very quickly • The group had to stop for some breaks when they were walking up the steep hill.

> steeply (adv)

frightening(adj)/ˈfraɪt(ə)nɪŋ/ *** τρομακτικός,-ή,-ό**

that makes you afraid •It was a frightening experience when our plane nearly crashed.

➤ frighten (v), fright (n), frightened (adj), frighteningly (adv)

trap (v)/træp/ ❖ παγιδεύω

put something in a place where it's impossible to leave • The turtle was trapped in the fishing net and couldn't move.

> trap (n)

luckily (adv)/ˈlʌkɪli/ ❖ ευτυχώς

through good luck • We almost missed the train to Moscow. Luckily for us, it left late because of the bad weather.

> lucky (adj)

wetsuit (n)/ˈwetsuːt/ 💠 αδιάβροχη στολή, στολή κατάδυσης

an item of waterproof clothing made of rubber that fits over the whole body • Keira wears her wetsuit to swim in the sea when it's cold in winter.

paddle (v)/ˈpæd(ə)l/ 💠 κωπηλατώ, κάνω κουπί

row aboat using a pole or poles with a flat end • *Ted paddled the raft down the river*. ➤ paddle (n)

time-lapse (adj)/ˈtaɪm læps/ 💠 τεχνική time-lapse, (βίντεο) βαθμιαίας παρέλευσης χρόνου

made by taking a number of images, one after the other, then put together to look as if the process of something happened quickly • Sally made a time-lapse video of the spider making its web.

Lesson 5 Chant p. 74

whizz (ν)/wɪz/ ❖ κινούμαι σαν βολίδα, «σφυρίζω»

move very fast • The drone whizzed across the sky taking photos of the land below.

flip (v)/flip/ 💠 αναποδογυρίζω

turn over quickly into a different position • The diver flipped over in the air before he landed in the pool.

>flip (n)

surely (adv)/ˈʃʊəli/ ❖ σίγουρα, οπωσδήποτε

used to mean you think something is probably for sure • Surely the snow will stop soon, won't it?

Lesson 6 Writing p. 75

mountain range (n)/'maontənreɪndʒ/ ❖ οροσειρά
a group or line of mountains located close together • The Cairngorms is the highest mountain range in the UK.

explanation (n)/ˌekspləˈneɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ εξήγηση
the reason given for why something happened or why something was done •The teacher
gave us a good explanation of how to do the exercise.

➤ explain (v), explanatory (adj)

Lesson 7 Video p. 76

split—split—split(v) /splīt—splīt—splīt → χωρίζω, διαχωρίζω makes something into two or more parts • The football coach split the players into two teams of five.

choose – chose – chosen (v) /tʃu:z – tʃəʊz – 'tʃəʊz(ə)n/ \Leftrightarrow επιλέγω decide which of two or more things you want • If you had to choose an extreme sport to try, which would it be?

Unit 8 Tales of survival

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 78

realize (v)/ˈriːəlaɪz/ 💠 συνειδητοποιώ

start to understand (that something is happening or true) • They realized they were going the wrong way when they saw the signpost.

➤ realization (n)

battery (n)/ˈbæt(ə)ri/ ❖ μπαταρία

something that you put in a machine or device to give it electricity to make it work • The laptop isn't working because it needs a new battery.

dead(adj)/ded/ ❖ νεκρός,-ή,-ό

not working because there's no power • *The phone lines were dead after the bad storm.* ➤ die (v)

very bad • Getting lost in the snowstorm was a horrible experience. We were so scared! ➤ horribly (adv)

search (v) /sɜːtʃ/ **❖** αναζητώ, ψάχνω

look for • The police often use dogs to search for people who are missing.

> search (n)

inside out (expr) / in saidaut/ ❖ ανάποδα, μέσα έξω

with the inside part of something on the outside •Jenny felt a bit silly when she realized she was wearing her T-shirt inside out.

charge (v)/t∫α:dʒ/ ❖ φορτίζω

put electricity into something so it will work • Where can I charge my smartphone? The battery is almost dead.

➤ charge (n), charger (n)

lifeboat (n)/ˈlaɪfbəʊt/ 💠 σωστική λέμβος

a special boat that is sent to rescue people who are in danger at sea • The lifeboats went out to rescue the fishermen who were in trouble on the stormy sea.

stay behind (phr v)/steɪ bɪˈhaɪnd/ ❖ μένω πίσω

not leave somewhere when others go; remain • Three of the plane crash survivors went to look for help while the others stayed behind.

Lesson 3 Reading p. 80

kindness (n)/ˈkaɪndnəs/ ❖ καλοσύνη

the quality of being friendly and caring • Thank you for your kindness. I'll never forget how much you helped me.

➤ kind (n), kindly (adv)

stranger (n)/ˈstreɪndʒə(r)/ ❖ ξένος, άγνωστος,-η,-ο

somebody that you do not know • The local people aren't very friendly towards strangers. I understand that's because of the recent war.

➤ strange (adj), strangely (adv)

treatment (n)/ˈtriːtmənt/ 💠 θεραπεία, θεραπευτική αγωγή

medical attention given to somebody who is ill • The best treatment for a cold is rest, plenty of tea and fruit juice, and some painkillers.

> treat (v)

alive (adj)/əˈlaɪv/ ❖ ζωντανός,-ή,-ό

living • The pilot was lucky to be alive after his plane crashed.

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

kind (adj)/kaɪnd/ 💠 καλοσυνάτος, καλός,-ή,-ό

friendly and caring • Mr Jackson is a kind person. He always helps other people and animals in trouble.

➤ kindness (n), kindly (adv)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 81

text (n)/tekst/ ❖ κείμενο

a piece of writing •Read the text quickly first. Then read the questions and read it again more carefully.

➤ text (v)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 82

statue (n) /ˈstætʃuː/ ❖ άγαλμα

a figure of a person, animal or object that somebody makes from stone or metal • There's a statue of King Robert the Bruce near Stirling Castle.

Lesson 6 Writing p. 83

tip (n)/tɪp/ **❖ συμβουλή**

a piece of advice • Can you give me some tips on how to prepare for my first job interview?

explain (v)/ɪkˈspleɪn/ ❖ εξηγώ

give details or describe something for somebody to understand • *Malcolm explained how to get to the restaurant*.

➤ explanation (n)

Lesson 7 Video p. 84

rowing boat (n)/ˈrəʊɪŋ bəʊt/ ❖ βάρκα

a small boat that you move by using paddles • We hired a rowing boat to go around the island on the lake.

> row (v)

attempt (n) /əˈtempt/ 🌣 προσπάθεια, απόπειρα

try and do something; often something difficult • The juggler made a new world record attempt by trying to juggle as many objects as possible without dropping them.

➤attempt (v)

row (v)/rəʊ/ ❖ κωπηλατώ

make a boat move across water by pulling on paddles/oars • There was no wind for the sails, so we rowed the boat to the island.

> rowing (n)

Reading extra 2 pp. 86-87

gourd (n)/gʊəd/ ❖ νεροκολοκύθα

a fruit that has hard skin which is used to make a container • A line of painted gourds decorated the restaurant wall.

judge (v)/dʒ∧dʒ/ ❖ κρίνω

decide what you think about something • How do you judge what makes a good book? ➤ judge (n)

wisdom (n)/ˈwɪzdəm/ ❖ σοφία

knowledge about life• Georgia's grandchildren have learnt a lot from her words of wisdom. ➤ wise (adj)

slug (n)/slng/ 💠 γυμνοσάλιαγκας

a small soft animal with no legs, like a snail without a shell • Dad's a bit annoyed that slugs have eaten his lettuces in the garden.

snail (n) /sneɪl/ ❖ σαλιγκάρι

a small animal with a soft body that lives inside a shell and moves very slowly • The snail slid slowly across the rocks.

grasshopper (n) /ˈgrɑːshɒpə(r)/ ❖ ακρίδα

an insect that eats plants, jumps high and can make sounds with its legs • *Grasshoppers have very long back legs so they can move far by jumping from place to place.*

steal– stole – stolen (v)/stiːl– stəʊl – ˈstəʊlən/ ❖ κλέβω

take something that belongs to somebody else without permission • Somebody stole Megan's bag when she was on the bus.

> stolen (adj), stealing (n)

share (v)/∫eə(r)/ **❖** μοιράζομαι

give part of what you have to others • Michael shared his sandwiches with the poor hungry man on the park bench.

> share (n)

Unit 9 Exploring the world

p. 89

paleoanthropologist (n) / pæliəʊænθrəpɒlədʒɪst/ ❖ παλαιοανθρωπολόγος somebody whose job is to study human bones and fossils • The paleoanthropologist examined the skull of a human, which was thousands of years old.

> paleoanthropology (n)

comedian (n)/kəˈmiːdiən/ ❖ κωμικός

somebody who entertains people by telling funny stories or jokes • Ricky is a great comedian, who can make clever jokes about some serious ideas.

>comedy (n)

continent (n) / kpntɪnənt/ ❖ ήπειρος

one of the large masses of land on Earth • Not many people live on the continent of Antarctica. It's too cold!

> continental (adj)

Neanderthal (adj)/ni'ændətα:l/ ❖ Νεάντερταλ

A type of human who lived in a very basic way in Europe and Asia in an early period in history • Some of the earliest Neanderthal bones we know about are from 450,000 years ago.

➤ Neanderthal (n)

skull (n)/sk∧l/ ❖ κρανίο

the bones of a person's or animal's head • The warrior hit his enemy on the head with an axe and broke his skull.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 90

trek (n)/trek/ 🌣 πεζοπορία

a long walk; a hike • After a five-hour trek through the jungle, they stopped to camp for the night.

> trek (v), trekking (n)

have the chance (phr)/hæv ðə ʧɑːns/ 💠 έχω την ευκαιρία/τη δυνατότητα

find the possibility • My grandparents never had the chance to travel to other countries. Travelling was more difficult and they didn't have enough money.

> chance (n)

bite – bit – bitten (v)/baɪt–bɪt – ˈbɪt(ə)n/ ❖ δαγκώνω

use teeth to cut something • I get huge red spots when mosquitoes bite me.

> bite (n)

sting – stung – stung (v)/stɪŋ–stʌŋ – stʌŋ/ ❖ τσιμπάω

touch the skin in a way that hurts and you feel a sudden pain •Ouch! I've been stung by a wasp.

➤ sting (n), stinging (adj)

backpack (n)/ˈbækpæk/ 💠 σακίδιο πλάτης

a large bag that you can carry on your back • The Sherpas were carrying large backpacks with their tents and clothes.

> backpacker (n)

run out(of) (phr v) /rʌn aʊt (əv)/ ❖ ξεμένω, κάτι μου έχει τελειώσει

use all that you have of something • We've run out of bread. Can you go and buy some?

fang (n)/fæŋ/ ❖ κυνόδοντας

one of two long sharp teeth at the front of an animal's mouth • When the wolf got its fangs into the rabbit, there was no way it could escape.

Lesson 3 Reading p. 92

mastodon (n)/'mæstə dɒn/ ❖ μαστόδοντας

an animal like an elephant that lived about ten thousand years ago • Mastodons became extinct over 10,000 years ago.

point(n) /point/ **❖ άκρη**

the thin sharp end of something • Tracy sharpened the point of her pencil.

> pointed (adj), point (v)

observatory (n)/əbˈzɜːvətri/ ❖ παρατηρητήριο

a building from which you look through a telescope at things in space • We went on a school trip to the observatory to learn more about planets.

> observe (v), observation (n)

coin (n) /kɔɪn/ ❖ κέρμα

a piece of metal which is money • I paid for my tea with a one-pound coin.

coast (n)/kəʊst/ ❖ ακτή

the land next to the sea •Looking across the English Channel, we could see the coast of France in the distance.

➤ coastal (adj)

be worth (phr)/bi wɜːθ/ ❖ αξίζω

be useful enough to do; have a value •It's a lovely necklace, but it isn't worth the price they're asking.

Lesson 5 Chant p. 94

fuss (n) /f∧s/ ❖ φασαρία

worry or excitement that isn't needed or wanted; a lot of noise or complaints about something • The teacher made a fuss about me forgetting to do my homework again. > fuss (v), fussy (adj)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 95

advantage (n)/ədˈvɑːntɪdʒ/ 💠 πλεονέκτημα

something that is good about something •The advantage of using the school bus is that you can chat with your classmates on the way home.

➤ advantageous (adj)

disadvantage (n) /ˈdɪsədˌvɑːntɪdʒ/ ❖ μειονέκτημα

something that is bad about something • The disadvantage of living on a farm is that I have to travel a long way to school.

➤ advantageous (adj)

on the other hand (expr)/pnði 'nðə(r) hænd/ ❖ αφετέρου, από την άλλη πλευρά used to introduce an opposite opinion or different idea to the one before • In some ways it's nice to be an only child. On the other hand, it would be good to have brothers and sisters to play with.

argument (n)/ˈɑːgjumənt/ **❖ επιχείρημα**

a reason to support an opinion or idea• If you disagree with Mum, you need to come up with a strong argument not to do what she says.

> argue (v), argumentative (adj)

contrast (n) /'kpntra:st/ ❖ αντίθεση

a clear difference between two things • There is a huge contrast between living in a quiet village and life in the centre of London.

>contrast (v)

Lesson 7 Video p. 96

shipwreck (n)/ˈ[ɪprek/ ❖ ναυάγιο

a ship that has sunk at sea • The ancient machine was found in a shipwreck on the bottom of the sea off the south coast of Greece.

➤ shipwreck (v), shipwrecked (adj)

disk (n)/disk/ ❖ δίσκος

a flat circular object • Historians have managed to understand some of the writing on the ancient stone disk found in Crete.

wrap (v) /ræp/ **❖ τυλίγω**

put something such as paper or material around something • Wrap the baby in her blanket to keep her warm.

> wrapper (n)

confirm (v)/kənˈfɜːm/ 💠 επιβεβαιώνω

show something to be true • *Please reply by email to confirm whether you will be at the meeting.*

> confirmation (n)

symbolize (v) /ˈsɪmbəlaɪz/ ❖ συμβολίζω

represent something • The figure of the bull on the cave wall symbolized the idea of strength.

➤ symbol (n), symbolic (adj)

Unit 10 Great museums

p. 97

display (v)/di splei/ ❖ εκθέτω

put something in a place where people can see it • A large number of historic sculptures from ancient Greece are displayed at the British Museum and the Louvre.

> display (n)

visitor (n) / vizitə(r)/ ❖ επισκέπτης

somebody who goes to see somebody/something •How many visitors came to the museum last week?

> visit (n)

coral (n)/ˈkɒrəl/ **❖ κοράλλι**

a kind of rock made from the bones of small sea creatures • The fishing boats sailed down the coast of Croatia, looking for corals to collect and sell for making jewellery.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 98

touch (ν)/t∧tʃ/ ❖ αγγίζω

put your hand or part of your body on something • The ball touched the net before the goalkeeper could stop it.

> touching (adj), touch (n)

admire (v) /əd maɪə(r)/ ❖ θαυμάζω

look at something and think it is attractive • *I really admire her; she is so talented and creative.*

➤ admiration (n), admirable (adj)

put your name on a list to take part in a contest • Marinos entered the swimming competition and came first in every race.

fascinating (adj)/ˈfæsɪneɪtɪŋ/ ❖ συναρπαστικός,-ή,-ό

very interesting • We heard a fascinating story about how people used to spread news in the past.

fascinate (v), fascinated (adj), fascination (n)

opening time (n)/ˈəʊpənɪŋ taɪm/ 💠 ώρα έναρξης λειτουργίας, το άνοιγμα των καταστημάτων

the time when a shop, restaurant, café, etc. begins serving customers • The normal business opening time in the UK is 9 a.m. but these days some shops and services are open 24 hours.

closing time (n)/ˈkləʊzɪŋ taɪm/ 💠 ώρα λήξης λειτουργίας, το κλείσιμο των καταστημάτων

the time when a shop, restaurant, café, etc. stops serving customers • Yiannis hates it when customers arrive at his restaurant to order food ten minutes before closing time.

go out (phr v)/gəʊaʊt/ ❖ βγαίνω έξω

leave your house to take part in a social event • I don't feel like going out tonight. Let's stay in and play board games.

unusual (adj)/ʌnˈjuːʒuəl/ ❖ ασυνήθιστος,-η,-ο
not usual; different •/t's unusual to have temperatures over 30°C in Scotland.
➤ usual (opp)

aquarium (n)/əˈkweəriəm/ ❖ ενυδρείο

a container for fish or other animals to live in; a building where people go to see fish and other sea animals • We visited the aquarium at the marine research centre and saw some small sharks.

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

fossil (n) / fos(ə)l/ **❖** απολίθωμα

the remains of an animal or plant found in a rock • We found a fossil of a shellfish in the rocks on the hill.

➤ fossilize (v), fossilized (adj)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 99

sort (n)/so:t/ ❖ είδος a kind; a type • What sort of music do you like listening to? ➤ sort (v)

article (n)/ˈαːtɪk(ə)l/ ❖ άρθρο

a piece of writing about something/somebody in a newspaper, magazine or on a website • Did you read the article about children working in factories?

Lesson 3 Reading p. 100

sign language (n)/ˈsaɪn læŋgwɪdʒ/ 💠 νοηματική γλώσσα

a way of communicating with deaf people that uses hand movements instead of words • My brother is deaf, so I learnt sign language to communicate with him.

cocoon (n)/kəˈkuːn/ ❖ κουκούλι

a silk cover that some insects make to protect themselves • Caterpillars come out of their cocoons when they have grown into butterflies.

candy floss (n)/ˈkændiflɒs/ 💠 μαλλί της γριάς

a kind of sweet made from threads of melted sugar served on a long stick • At the fair, there were street-food sellers selling toffee apples and candy floss.

torchlight (n)/ˈtɔːtʃlaɪt/ ❖ φως του φακού

the light from a torch • After sunset, the campers followed the path back to their tents by torchlight.

palaeontology (n) / pælipn toladzi/ * παλαιοντολογία

the act of studying fossils • There was a really interesting exhibition on palaeontology at the museum.

➤ palaeontologist (n)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 102

in case (expr)/inkeis/ 💠 σε περίπτωση που, μήπως

because of a chance that something might happen • *Bring a jacket in case the weather gets cold.*

beast(n) /biːst/ ❖ τέρας, θηρίο

an animal • At the end of the film, Shrek discovers that the princess is really a beast, just like him.

snore (n)/sno:(r)/ ❖ ροχαλίζω

a sound you make with your nose and mouth when you're sleeping • I couldn't sleep on the campsite because I could hear somebody's loud snores in the next tent.

> snore (v)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 103

(diary) entry (n)/('daɪəri) 'entri/ ★ εγγραφή/καταχώρηση (στο ημερολόγιο) a piece of information written in a diary about scheduled plans or something you did on a particular day • The entries in Alan's diary include meeting times and other things he has to do on each day.

> enter (v)

instant (adj)/ˈɪnstənt/ 💠 στιγμιαίος, της στιγμής

that can be made easily in a short time; happening right away • Astronauts can't cook fresh food in a spacecraft, so they have to eat instant food from a tube.

> instantly (adv)

personal (adj) /ˈpɜːsən(ə)l/ * προσωπικός,-ή,-ό

belonging to one person •I never give all my personal details on social media sites.

> personally(adj), personality (n)

Lesson 7 Video p. 104

skeleton (n) /ˈskelɪtən/ ❖ σκελετός

all the bones of a body • Did you know that there are over 200 bones in an adult human skeleton?

> skeletal (adj)

terracotta (n) /terəˈkɒtə/ ❖ τερακότα

hard, reddish-brown clay • What a lovely terracotta vase! Did you make it at your pottery class?

warrior (n)/ˈwɒriə(r)/ ❖ πολεμιστής

a fighter; a soldier • The warriors fought with swords and spears.

> war (n)

emperor (n)/'empərə(r)/ ❖ αυτοκράτορας

the ruler of a group of countries or states • The first emperor of China, who ruled for 11 years from 221 BC, gave the orders to build the Great Wall.

architecture (n)/'a:kɪtekt∫ə(r)/❖ αρχιτεκτονική

The study and job of designing new buildings • Daphne wants to design buildings made of eco-friendly materials, so she is studying architecture at university.

> architect (n)

Function 3: Responding to invitations and making plans p. 105

accept (v)/əkˈsept/ ❖ αποδέχομαι, δέχομαι

make somebody feel welcome and part of a group; agree that something is okay • *Thérèse* accepted the invitation to her colleague's wedding.

> acceptance (n)

refuse (v) /rɪˈfjuːz/ 🌣 αρνούμαι, απορρίπτω

say you don't want something from somebody; say you won't do something that somebody asks you to •Anita refused the offer of a job with the company as she didn't want to move to another town.

➤ refusal(n)

suggest (v)/səˈdʒest/ 💠 συστήνω, προτείνω

give a piece of advice or an idea or opinion about something • Louisa suggested that we all meet at her house tomorrow.

> suggestion (n)

School trip 3 pp. 106–107

limestone (n)/ˈlaɪmstəʊn/ ❖ ασβεστόλιθος

a type of soft rock that often contains bones from sea creatures• When you look closely at some ancient ruins, you can see the bones of shellfish on the limestone walls.

natural (adj)/ˈnætʃrəl/ ❖ φυσικός,-ή,-ό

made by nature; not made by people • The sea is the only natural home for dolphins.

> nature (n), naturally (adv)

slip (v) /slip/ **❖ γλιστράω**

move smoothly over something by accident and fall or almost fall • Be careful not to slip – there's ice on the path.

> slippery (adj), slip (n)

chalk (n)/t[ɔːk/ ❖ ανθρακικό ασβέστιο, κιμωλία

a kind of stone that is soft and white • We could see the famous white cliffs of Dover, which are made of chalk, as we flew over the south coast of England.

Unit 11 Very mysterious!

p. 109

mysterious (adj)/mɪˈstɪəriəs/ 💠 μυστηριώδης,-ης,-ες

strange; difficult to explain• George woke up when he heard a mysterious noise in the middle of the night. Luckily, it was just a cat!

> mystery (n), mysteriously (adv)

glow-worm (n)/ˈgləʊ wɜːm/ 💠 πυγολαμπίδα, κωλοφωτιά

a kind of insect that produces a light at the end of its tail • The garden tree was surrounded bytiny lights from the glow-worms at night.

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 110

(western) harrier (n)/('westən)'hæriə(r)/ ❖ καλαμόκιρκος

a kind of bird that hunts and kills other animals for food • Western harriers are hunting birds that live in north-west Africa and parts of Europe and Asia.

GPS(abbr)/_dʒi: pi: 'es/ ❖ GPS

Global Positioning System: an electronic system that uses satellite signals to tell you where you are • Lynn used the GPS on her phone to find the way to the hotel.

mystery(n)/'mɪstri/ 💠 μυστήριο

something that's difficult to explain or understand •It's still a mystery how salmon know which river to return to, to lay their eggs.

> mysterious (adj), mysteriously (adv)

position(n)/pəˈzɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ θέση

a place where something or someone is • Can you find your position on the map? ➤ position (v)

sight(n)/saɪt/ ❖ όραση, θέαμα

something you see; the ability to see • The Niagara Falls are an amazing sight, which attract visitors from around the world.

smell (n) /smel/ ❖ όσφρηση, μυρωδιά

something you sense through your nose • What's that smell? I think something's burning outside?

➤ smell (v), smelly (adj)

migrate(v)/maɪˈgreɪt/ 💠 μεταναστεύω, αποδημώ

move to a different place • Robins migrate south in winter.

> migration (n), migratory (adj)

recognize(v)/ˈrekəgnaɪz/ ❖ αναγνωρίζω

remember something or someone when you see or hear that thing or person • The city had changed so much in thirty years that Frank didn't recognize his old street.

➤ recognition (n), recognizable (adj)

solve(v) /splv/ ❖ επιλύω, λύνω

find the answer to something or fix a problem • It took me ages to solve the sudoku puzzle.

➤ solution (n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 111

presenter (n)/pri zentə(r)/ ❖ παρουσιαστής

somebody who introduces a programme on the TV or radio • The TV presenter asked the explorer to talk about his expedition.

Lesson 3 Reading p. 112

parachute (n) /ˈpærəʃuːt/ ❖ αλεξίπτωτο

a large piece of cloth fastened to the back of a person who jumps out of a plane that opens to form an umbrella shape and makes the person fall to the ground slowly •I jumped out of the plane and, a few seconds later, my parachute opened.

> parachute (v), parachutist (n)

appear (v) /əˈpɪə(r)/ **❖ εμφανίζομαι**

start to be seen •As dark clouds appeared in the sky, we heard the sound of thunder.

➤ appearance (n)

horror (n)/ˈhɒrə(r)/ ❖ τρόμος, φρίκη

a feeling of fear or shock • Mike looked at his friends in horror when they suggested eating insects.

> horrify (v)

minibus (n)/ˈmɪnibʌs/ 🌣 μικρό λεωφορείο, μίνιμπας

a small bus that has seats for about 12 to 15 people • After lessons, Ben goes home in the school minibus.

crash (v)/kræʃ/ ❖ συγκρούομαι

hit something and cause damage • The driver lost control of his truck and crashed it into a wall.

> crash (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 113

request (n) /ri kwest/ ❖ αίτημα

a formal or polite demand for something • The teachers made a request for more books to be bought for the school library.

>request (v)

command (n)/kəˈmɑːnd/ ❖ διαταγή, εντολή

an order to do something • The air traffic controller gave the pilot the command to return the plane to the airport.

>command (v)

park (v)/paːk/ ❖ σταθμεύω, παρκάρω

leave a vehicle in a particular place • You mustn't park on the corner of the street.

> parking (n)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 114

the Northern Lights/ aurora borealis (n)/ðə ˌnɔːðən ˈlaɪts/ /əˌrɔːrə ˌbɔːriˈeɪlɪs/ 💠 το Βόρειο Σέλας

a band of coloured lights that you can sometimes see at night in northern countries • Ian waited with his camera ready to take a photo of the Northern Lights, but nothing appeared that night.

Lesson 6 Writing p. 115

summary (n)/ˈsʌməri/ 🌣 σύνοψη, περίληψη

a short written or spoken verso of the main points of something • *The archaeologists gave the journalists a summary of their recent discovery.*

> summarize (v)

speckled (adj)/'spek(ə)ld/ ❖ πιτσιλωτός,-ή,-ό

covered in small spots • The bird is brown with white speckled wings.

> speckle (n)

detective (n) /dɪˈtektɪv/ 💠 αστυνόμος, αστυνομικός,-ή,-ό

somebody who looks for information about crimes to find criminals • *Daisy likes reading detective stories to guess what happens in the end*.

> detect (v)

band (n) /bænd/ ❖ λωρίδα

something long and thin that can be wrapped around something else • *Johanna ties her hair back with a band when she goes running.*

clue (n) /kluː/ **Φ** στοιχείο, ένδειξη

something that helps solve a mystery • The blond hair found at the murder scene was a clue that helped lead to the killer.

unfriendly (adj)/ʌnˈfrendli/ 💠 εχθρικός, ψυχρός,-ή,-ό

not kind or friendly •Kate thought her new teacher was a bit unfriendly at first, but then she started to like her.

➤ unfriendliness (n), friendly (opp)

unimportant (adj)/ˌʌnɪmˈpɔːt(ə)nt/ ❖ ασήμαντος,-η,-ο

not important • Don't worry about small unimportant details. Just focus on the main meaning of the text.

>important (opp)

character (n)/ˈkærəktə(r)/ * χαρακτήρας, ήρωας (βιβλίου)

a person or animal in a story • The main characters in the book Watership Down are rabbits.

Lesson 7 Video p. 116

bark (n)/baːk/ ❖ γαύγισμα

a loud sound made by a dog • The dog gave an excited bark when it heard its owner arriving home.

> bark (v)

sting (n)/stɪŋ/ ❖ κεντρί

the point part of an insect that can hurt or poison a person or animal • Bees won't usually hurt you because they die when their sting comes out.

> sting (v)

scare (v)/skeə(r)/ 💠 φοβίζω, τρομάζω

frighten somebody • John tried to scare his dad by putting a toy spider in his bed.

> scare (n), scary (adj), scared (adj), scarily (adv)

Unit 12 Fascinating places

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 118

opportunity(n)/ ppəˈtjuːnəti/ 💠 ευκαιρία, δυνατότητα

a chance to do something • The sailors had the opportunity to see whales jumping next to their ship.

sunrise (n)/ˈsʌnraɪz/ 💠 ανατολή (ηλίου), ξημέρωμα

the time of day when the sun comes up in the east • Martin starts work on the farm every morning at sunrise.

sunset (n)/ˈsʌnset/ ❖ δύση (ηλίου), ηλιοβασίλεμα

the time of day when the sun goes down in the west • *Harry enjoys taking photos of beautiful sunsets from the beach in the evening.*

clear(adj) /klɪə(r)/ **❖ αίθριος,-ια,-ιο**

sunny; without clouds • It was a clear day, and the temperature was rising.

luxurious (adj)/lng σθriθs/ ❖ πολυτελής,-ής,-ές

with a lot of expensive extra things and services; full of luxury • Donna lives in a luxurious villa with a private swimming pool.

> luxury (n)

perhaps(adv) /pəˈhæps/ ❖ ίσως

maybe; used to mean something might be possible • *Perhaps we could go to the cinema on Saturday.*

ordinary (adj) /ˈɔːd(ə)nri/ ❖ συνηθισμένος,-η,-ο

having nothing different or unusual • At the start of the story, we could understand Matilda was not an ordinary girl.

successful (adj)/səkˈsesf(ə)l/ ❖ επιτυχημένος,-η-,ο

very good at doing something • Vanessa became a successful musician at an early age and people around the world came to hear her play.

> succeed (v), success (n)

wish (v)/wɪʃ/ ❖ επιθυμώ

want something unlikely to be true or happen • I wish I had more free time to go exploring with my friends.

> wish (n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 119

water-ski (v)/ˈwɔːtəskiː/ ❖ θαλάσσιο σκι

ski on the sea, lake, ocean, etc. being pulled holding onto a rope attached to a small speedboat • Martha learnt to water-ski at the water sports centre on the island where she spent her summer.

> waterski (n), waterskiing (n)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 120

resort (n)/ri′zɔːt/ ❖ θέρετρο

a place where many people go on holiday • They built a huge holiday resort with a spa and swimming poolsnot far from the quiet seaside village.

maybe (adv)/ meɪbi/ ❖ ίσως

possibly; perhaps • Maybe you'd like to go on a boat trip.

hang out (phr v) /hæŋ aʊt/ ❖ κάνω παρέα, αράζω, περνάω χρόνο με

spend time in a place or with people • Denise and her friends hang out together at the café after school.

➤ hangout (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 121

look forward to (phr v) /lσk 'fɔːwəd tuː/ ❖ ανυπομονώ

be happy waiting for something good that is going to happen • Are you looking forward to meeting your penfriend?

get away (phr v) /get əˈweɪ/ 🌣 ξεφεύγω

escape •The band rushed into their minibus to get away from the fans outside the stadium.
➤ getaway (n), get-away (adj)

look up (phr v)/lσk∧p/ ❖ ψάχνω

do research or to try to find something in a dictionary or other book • You can look up the meanings of new words on the internet.

work out (phr v)/wɜːk aʊt/ 💠 γυμνάζομαι, ασκούμαι

do physical exercise • Monica works out three times a week at the gym.

> workout (n)

Lesson 5 Chant p. 122

check in (phr v) /tfek ɪn/ ❖ κάνω check in

arrive and register at a hotel to collect the room key • You can't check in tos ome hotels before midday.

> check-in (n)

check out (phr v)/tfek aut/ κάνω check out, αφήνω το δωμάτιο

leave a hotel and hand in the key • When you're checking out of the hotel, you can pay for any extra services you used during your stay.

> check-out (n)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

overnight (adv)/ˌəʊvəˈnaɪt/ ❖ διανυκτέρευση

for the night • It was a long drive through Italy, so we stayed overnight at a hotel near Naples.

Lesson 6 Writing p. 123

unreasonable (adj) /nnˈriːznəb(ə)l/ * παράλογος,-η,-ο

not fair •The hotel manager thought the customer's complaint about the noise from the traffic was unreasonable because the position of the hotel was explained on its website. > unreasonably (adv), reasonable (adj, opp)

uncomfortable (adj)/∧n'k∧mftəb(ə)l/ ❖ άβολος,-η,-ο

not feeling pleasant or relaxing to sit or lie on; not nice to wear • That was the most uncomfortable bed I've ever tried to sleep in. I was awake all night.

➤ uncomfortably (adv), comfortable (adj, opp)

hardly (adv) / haːdli/ 💠 σχεδόν καθόλου, μόλις, με τίποτα

almost not •There's hardly any juice in the fridge. I'll buy more later.

reasonable (adj) /ˈriːznəb(ə)l/ ❖ λογικός, εύλογος,-η,-ο

fair • The hotel prices were very reasonable. We would have had to pay much more for similar services in Rome.

➤ unreasonable (adj, opp), reasonably (adv)

comfortable (adj) / k∧mftəb(ə)l/ ❖ άνετος,-η,-ο

nice to wear or sit on, etc. • These walking boots are great! They're so warm and comfortable.

>comfort (n), uncomfortable (adj, opp), comfortably (adv)

unacceptable (adj)/ˌʌnəkˈseptəb(ə)l/ ❖ απαράδεκτος,-η,-ο

that you can't accept or allow • The low pay that people get for working in the shoe factory is totally unacceptable.

➤ unacceptably (adv), acceptable (adj, opp)

comfort (n) /ˈkʌmfət/ 🌣 άνεση, παρηγοριά

something that makes you more comfortable or makes things easier • Todd missed the comforts of home when he stayed in the school dormitory.

➤ comfortable (adj), comfortably (adv)

usable (adj)/ˈjuːzəb(ə)l/ • χρησιμοποιήσιμος, λειτουργικός,-ή,-ό

that can be used •The car is twenty years old, but it's been well looked after, so it's still usable.

> usability (n), user (n)

believable (adj)/bɪˈliːvəb(ə)l/ ❖ πιστευτός,-ή,-ό

that you can believe • The characters sounded so real that the story was almost believable.

➤ believably (adv), believe (v), belief (n), believer (n)

Lesson 7 Video p. 124

the Grand Canyon (n)/ðəgrænd kænjən/ *** το Grand Canyon, το Μεγάλο Φαράγγι** a very famous deep valley in Arizona with steep rocky sides • *Thousands of tourists visit the Grand Canyon every year to see its fantastic scenery.*

canyon (n) /ˈkænjən/ ❖ φαράγγι

a place with steep sides of rock on each side between two hills or mountains • The river flowed fast across the rocks at the bottom of the canyon.

scenery (n)/ˈsiːnəri/ ❖ τοπίο, θέα, σκηνικό

the natural things that you can see in an area • From our hotel room, we had a great view of the mountain scenery.

➤ scenic (adj)

Reading extra 3 pp. 126–127

soldier (n)/'səʊldʒə(r)/ ❖ στρατιώτης

a person in an army • The Greek soldiers defeated the Persians at the Battle of Plataion.

clay (n)/kleɪ/ ❖ πηλός

a material from the ground used for making dishes and sculptures • Sybille made some clay vases at her pottery class.

forever (adv)/fərˈevə(r)/ * παντοτινά, για πάντα, αιώνια

always; a time that doesn't end • Leonardo and Kate promised to love each other forever.

disappearance (n)/ˌdɪsəˈpɪərəns/ ❖ εξαφάνιση

the fact of being impossible to find or see• Two months after his wife's disappearance, the police began to question Ted.

➤ disappear (v), appearance (opp)

powerful (adj) /ˈpaʊə(r)f(ə)l/ 💠 ισχυρός, έντονος,-η,-ο

strong; with a strong effect • The story had a powerful effect on me. I'll never forget the women who died to save their children.

> power (n)

Look further

BONUS School trip pp.130-131

ruin (n)/ˈruːɪn/ ❖ ερείπιο, χαλάσματα

the parts of a building that are left after it has been badly damaged • The old castle is now a ruin.

>ruin (v)

macaque (n) /məˈkæk/❖ μακάκος

a kind of monkey• Macaque monkeys are an ordinary sight in parts of Thailand.

swipe (v)/swaɪp/ 💠 χτυπάω, κοπανάω

hit against something by swinging your hand at it • *Irma swiped the fly off the table.*

>swipe(n)

wire (n) / ˈwaɪə(r)/ **❖ καλώδιο**

a thin rope of metal used to carry electricity or a phone signal • The electricity went off when the storm blew the wires down.

BONUS Reading extra pp.132–133

lie (n)/laɪ/ ❖ ψέμα

information that is not true • Would you ever tell a lie to a friend? Or do you always tell the truth?

➤lie (v)

honestly (adv)/ˈpnɪstli/ ❖ ειλικρινά

in a truthful way • Everybody thought Christina stole the money, but she honestly didn't know where it was.

> honest (adj)

stable (n)/ˈsteɪb(ə)l/ ❖ στάβλος

a building where you keep horses • Black Beauty and other horses were hurt when their stables burnt down.

bow (v)/baʊ/ ❖ υποκλίνομαι

bend over to the front as a sign of respect • Japanese people usually bow when they meet somebody.

>bow (n)

messenger (n) / messindzə(r)/ \Rightarrow αγγελιοφόρος, ταχυμεταφορέας (κούριερ)

somebody who delivers a message or parcel to somebody • When got home, I found a note on the door from a messenger who came to deliver my parcel.

play a trick on somebody (expr) /pleɪ ə trɪk ɒn ˈsʌmbədi/ ❖ ξεγελάω, κάνω πλάκα, κάνω φάρσες

make someone believe something that isn't true • The students keep trying to play tricks on their teacher, but he's a bit smarter than them.