

Look Level 5 Word lists – Greek

Look and remember

pp. 4–8

put up (phr v) /pʊt ʌp/ ❖ **κρεμάω, ανεβάζω, στήνω**

hang or place something (like balloons), etc. in a place where people can see them • *Tom is putting up decorations for his birthday party.*

parade (n) /pə'reɪd/ ❖ **παρέλαση**

a celebration with musicians, dancers and sometimes decorated vehicles going along the streets • *Did you see the street parade in Amsterdam last year?*

➤ parade (v)

trainer(n) /'treɪnə(r)/ ❖ **αθλητικό παπούτσι**

a kind of shoe that you wear for sports • *Rory has a new pair of trainers to wear for the marathon.*

➤ train (v)

costume (n) /'kɒstjʊ:m/ ❖ **στολή, φορεσιά**

special clothes somebody wears to look like somebody/somebody else • *The dancers are wearing colourful Chinese costumes in the parade.*

bang (v) /bæŋ/ ❖ **χτυπάω, βαράω**

hit something very hard to make a noise • *The girls banged their drums loudly as they walked down the street.*

➤ bang (n)

violin(n) /,vaɪə'li:n/ ❖ **βιολί**

a musical stringed instrument that you hold on your shoulder to play • *The musicians placed their violins on their shoulders and began to play beautifully.*

desert/'dezət/ ❖ **έρημος**

a big area of land where there is not much water and not many plants or trees, often with a lot of sand and rocks • *Would you like to ride a camel across the hot Sahara Desert?*

drone/drəʊn/ ❖ **μη επανδρωμένο αεροσκάφος, drone**

a device like a small helicopter with a camera that flies by remote control; a small plane with no pilot moved by a remote control from a computer • *The photographer used a drone to take some amazing photos and videos of the Grand Canyon from high above it.*

ground/graʊnd/ ❖ **έδαφος, χώμα**

the surface of the Earth • *Because of the heavy rain, a lot of oranges fell off the trees onto the ground.*

plain(adj) /pleɪn/ ❖ **απλός, μονόχρωμος, λιτός, -ή,-ό**
without a pattern • *Our school uniform is plain black trousers and a light blue shirt.*

dangerous (adj) /'deɪndʒərəs/ ❖ **επικίνδυνος,-η,-ο**
that can hurt somebody or damage something • *It's dangerous to go climbing alone.*
➤ danger (n), endanger (v)

discover (v)/dɪ'skʌvə(r)/ ❖ **ανακαλύπτω**
find out about something new • *Divers discovered the bones of a whale in the old harbour.*
➤ discovery (n)

rest (v) /rest/ ❖ **ξεκουράζομαι**
relax and stop doing an activity or work • *After walking for three hours, we stopped to rest under the trees.*
➤ rest (n)

river (n)/'rɪvə(r)/ ❖ **ποτάμι, ποταμός**
a very big stream of water that goes across the land and flows into a sea or lake • *You can cross the river at the bridge, which is about two kilometres from here, or by ferry.*

tired (adj) /'taɪəd/ ❖ **κουρασμένος,-η,-ο**
needing to sleep or relax • *The runners were all very tired at the end of the marathon.*
➤ tiring (adj), tire (v)

broccoli(n)/'brɒkəli/ ❖ **μπρόκολο**
a green flower-shaped vegetable • *My friends hate eating broccoli, but it's my favourite vegetable.*

cello (n)/'tʃeləʊ/ ❖ **τσέλο**
a musical instrument that looks like a giant violin • *Sit down and hold the cello in front of you with your knees so you can play it.*

chilli (n)/'tʃɪli/ ❖ **τσίλι**
a small green or red fruit used in cooking to give food a hot taste • *The chef made a traditional Mexican dish with lots of chilli. It was so hot!*

corn (n)/'kɔ:n/ ❖ **καλαμπόκι**
the yellow seeds that grow on the stem of a kind of plant, which you can cook as a vegetable • *The smell of hot roast corn came from the street food seller's van.*

dentist (n) /'dentɪst/ ❖ **οδοντίατρος**
a doctor who takes care of people's teeth • *I'm going to the dentist to have a check-up. I don't want to get toothache.*

designer(n) /di'zainə(r)/ ❖ **σχεδιαστής, -τρια**

a person who does drawings to show how clothes, machines, etc. will look • *Mike works as a designer for the clothing company. His fashion styles are becoming popular with teenagers.*

e-book (n) /'i: bʊk/ ❖ **ηλεκτρονικό βιβλίο, e-book**

a book that you can read on a computer screen or an electronic reading device • *Dad has a special e-reader, like a kind of tablet, to read his e-books when he's on holiday.*

flute (n) /flu:t/ ❖ **φλάουτο, φλογέρα**

a musical instrument shaped like a thin pipe with holes down one side, which makes sounds when a player blows through a hole at the top of it • *Simon blew into his flute and played a beautiful piece of music by Mozart.*

headphones (n pl) /'hedfəʊnz/ ❖ **ακουστικά**

something you wear over your ears to listen to music without other people hearing it • *Emile wears headphones when he's playing computer games.*

jam (n) /dʒæm/ ❖ **μαρμελάδα**

a sweet food made by boiling fruit with sugar • *We picked lots of fresh peaches and used some of them to make jam.*

lettuce (n) /'letɪs/ ❖ **μαρούλι**

a leafy green vegetable that is often used in salads • *The salad included fresh green lettuce leaves with small tomatoes and spring onions.*

microphone(n) /'maɪkrəfəʊn/ ❖ **μικρόφωνο**

a device that you can speak into to record something or to talk to somebody online • *Jane went on stage and began to sing into the microphone.*

nurse(n) /nɜ:s/ ❖ **νοσηλεύτης, -τρια /νοσοκόμα**

a person who helps people that aren't well in a hospital or health centre • *The nurses came to see how I was every day when I was in hospital.*

➤ nurse (v)

nut (n) /nʌt/ ❖ **ξηρός καρπός**

a small hard kind of fruit from a tree • *This breakfast cereal is full of fruit and nuts.*

officeblock(n) /'ɒfɪsbloʊk/ ❖ **συγκρότημα γραφείων/ κτίριο γραφείων**

a big building that has a lot of offices • *They're building a huge office block next to the old library.*

pilot (n) /'paɪlət/ ❖ **πιλότος**

somebody who flies a plane • *I love planes and I want to become a pilot to fly one when I leave university.*

➤ pilot (v)

musical instrument (n) /ˌmjuːzɪkəl ˈɪnstrəmənt/ ❖ **μουσικό όργανο**
something that somebody uses to produce music and sounds • *A cello is a large musical instrument.*

possession(n) /pəˈzesh(ə)n/ ❖ **υπάρχοντα, κατοχή, κυριότητα**
something that belongs to somebody • *Mariam's old teddy bear is one of her favourite possessions.*
➤ possess (v)

Unit 1 Making contact

p. 9

contact (n) /'kɒntækt/ ❖ επαφή, επικοινωνία

communication • *If you need help with your homework, get in contact with me later.*

➤ contact (v)

shepherd (n) /'ʃepəd/ ❖ βοσκός, τσοπάνης

somebody whose job is to look after sheep • *We saw a shepherd crossing the road with his sheep to take them to the fields.*

➤ shepherd (v)

communicate (v) /kə'mju:nikeɪt/ ❖ επικοινωνώ

give information by talking or writing, etc. • *I use my smartphone to communicate with friends.*

➤ communication (n)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 10

envelope (n) /'envələʊp/ ❖ φάκελος

a folded paper container that you put a letter or card in to send it to somebody • *Did you write the correct name and address on the envelope?*

letter (n) /'letə(r)/ ❖ επιστολή, γράμμα

a written message that you send to somebody • *Carol loves getting letters and cards from her grandchildren in Australia.*

post (v) /pəʊst/ ❖ ταχυδρομώ, στέλνω ταχυδρομικά

send a letter, card or parcel, etc. to somebody by mail • *Irena posted a card to her aunt because it's her birthday next week.*

➤ post (n), postal (adj)

postbox (n) /'pəʊstbɒks/ ❖ γραμματοκιβώτιο

a box in the street that has a hole in the side to put letters in to send them to somebody • *In the UK, people send letters by putting them into round red postboxes in the street.*

postcard (n) /'pəʊstkɑ:d/ ❖ καρτ ποστάλ, ταχυδρομική κάρτα

a card with a picture on one side and a space to write a message on the back • *Uncle Nick sent me a postcard from Rome when he was on holiday in Italy.*

post office (n) /pəʊst 'ɒfɪs/ ❖ ταχυδρομείο

a place where people go to send letters, etc. • *I went to the post office to send some postcards to our friends in Canada.*

stamp(n) /stæmp/ ❖ **γραμματόσημο**

a small piece of paper that you buy to stick on something before you post it • *The postman returned the letter to George because he forgot to put a stamp on it.*

➤ stamp (v)

address(n) /ə'dres/ ❖ **διεύθυνση**

your house number and street name, etc. that shows where you live • *Write the address on the back of the postcard.*

Sri Lanka(n) /,sri: 'læŋkə/ ❖ **Σρι Λάνκα**

➤ Sri Lankan (adj, n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 11

ever(adv) /'evə(r)/ ❖ **ποτέ**

at any time • *Have you ever seen a real elephant?*

Vanuatu (n) /,væn.u'a:'tu:/ ❖ **Βανουάτου**

➤ Vanuatuan (adj, n)

penfriend (n) /'penfrend/ ❖ **φίλος δι' αλληλογραφίας**

somebody you become friends with by writing letters to each other, but might never actually meet • *Joanna wrote letters to her Polish penfriend, Ilona, for ten years before she met her.*

late (adv) /leɪt/ ❖ **αργά, καθυστερημένα**

not on time • *Cindy is never late. She's always at school ten minutes before the first lesson.*

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message(n) /'mesɪdʒ/ ❖ **μήνυμα**

information for somebody that is written on paper or on a mobile phone, etc. • *Peter sent a message on his phone to tell his parents why he was late.*

time capsule (n) /'taɪm kæpsju:l/ ❖ **χρονοκάψουλα**

a kind of box that somebody puts things into and then hides it in the ground so that people in the future will find it and learn something about how people live now • *In our history class, we made a time capsule that each student put different things in, like pens, pencils and pieces of clothing. Then we buried it under a tree in the park.*

object (n) /'ɒbdʒɪkt/ ❖ **αντικείμενο**

anything that is not a living thing • *My neighbour found a strange metal object when he was digging in his garden.*

bury (v) /'beri/ ❖ **θάβω**

put something in the ground and cover it • *The dog buried its ball in the garden.*

➤ burial (n), buried (adj)

(the) South Pole (n) / (ðə) ,saʊθ 'pəʊl/ ❖ **(ο) Νότιος Πόλος**

the part of Earth that is furthest south • *Penguins live in Antarctica near the South Pole.*

newspaper (n) /'nju:zpeɪpə(r)/ ❖ **εφημερίδα**

a set of pages with news, adverts, articles, etc. that is made every day or week • *Grandad buys a newspaper every day to read about what's happening in the world.*

magazine(n) / ,mæɡə'zi:n/ ❖ **περιοδικό**

a thin book that you can buy once a week/month etc. with articles, pictures and information about different things • *Maria's favourite monthly magazine is about nature.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

cultural(adj) /'kʌltʃərəl/ ❖ **πολιτισμικός, πολιτιστικός,-ή,-ό**

connected with the beliefs and customs of a country • *There are a lot of cultural differences between Europe and Asia.*

identity (n) /aɪ'dentəti/ ❖ **ταυτότητα**

the characteristics that make a person different from other people; who a person is • *Many people who move to other countries try to keep their cultural identity by forming groups with people from their home country.*

language (n) /'læŋɡwɪdʒ/ ❖ **γλώσσα**

the way of speaking and writing in a particular country • *Can your parents speak any other foreign languages?*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 13

symbol (n) /'sɪmb(ə)l/ ❖ **σύμβολο**

a letter or a sign that means something • *I can't read Japanese symbols.*

➤ symbolise (v), symbolic (adj)

since (prep) /sɪns/ ❖ **από, από τότε**

from a time in the past until now or another time • *I'm hungry. I haven't eaten anything since breakfast.*

Lesson 5 Chant p. 14

dictionary(n) /'dɪkʃən(ə)ri/ ❖ **λεξικό**

a book that gives the meanings of words • *Tanya uses her English dictionary to find the meaning of words she doesn't know.*

forget – forgot – forgotten (v) /fə'get – fə'gɒt – fə'gɒt(ə)n/ ❖ **ξεχνάω**
not remember • *Can you tell me your phone number again? I've forgotten it.*

dig – dug – dug(v)/dɪg – dʌg – dʌg/ ❖ **σκάβω**
make a hole in the ground • *Celine dug a hole to plant the apple tree.*

mess (n)/mes/ ❖ **χάλι, χάος, ακαταστασία**
an untidy state • *My desk is a mess! I must tidy up these papers.*
➤ mess (v)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 15

because (conj)/bi'kæz/ ❖ **διότι, επειδή**
for the reason that • *We've moved to a new home because our old flat was very small.*

Byefornow!(expr) /'baɪ fə ,nəʊ/ ❖ **Γεια προς το παρόν! / Τα ξαναλέμε!**
goodbye • *Bye for now, Ted! I will see you next month.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 16

kitten (n) /'kɪt(ə)n/ ❖ **γατάκι**
a baby cat • *Mother cats always protect their kittens.*

miaow (v)/mi'əʊ/ ❖ **νιαουρίζω**
to cry with the sound that cats make • *The little cat miaowed, so I gave it some food.*
➤ miaow (n)

study (n) /'stʌdi/ ❖ **μελέτη**
a piece of research to find out about something • *The scientists made a study of the sounds that dolphins make.*
➤ study (v)

human (n) /'hju:mən/ ❖ **άνθρωπος**
a person • *Humans must learn to protect nature and not destroy it.*
➤ human (adj)

region (n) /'ri:dʒən/ ❖ **περιοχή**
an area of a country • *The Sahara Desert is a hot and dry region of North Africa.*
➤ regional (adj)

dialect (n) /'daɪəlekt/ ❖ **διάλεκτος**
the way people speak a language in a particular area of a country that sounds different from how people speak it in other areas • *At first, Julio didn't understand the Glasgow dialect when he went to study there.*

Unit 2 Life on the road

p. 17

alpaca (n)/æɪ'pækə/ ❖ **αλπακά**

an animal from South America, like a llama with long hair • *On our trip to Peru, I bought a nice warm hat made from alpaca wool.*

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 18

carpet(n) /'kɑ:pɪt/ ❖ **χαλί, μοκέτα**

something soft that you put on the floor to cover it • *Please don't let the dog walk on the clean carpet with his dirty paws!*

cooker(n) /'kʊkə(r)/ ❖ **φούρνος, ηλεκτρική κουζίνα**

a machine that you use to cook food • *Don't forget to switch off the cooker when the food is ready.*

➤ cook (n, v)

cushion(n) /'kʊʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **μαξιλάρι**

a bag filled with soft material that you put on a sofa or chair, etc. • *I like to have a cushion for my back when I'm sitting on my office chair.*

electricity(n) /elek'trɪsəti/ ❖ **ηλεκτρική ενέργεια, ηλεκτρικό ρεύμα, ηλεκτρισμός**

energy that moves through wires to give power to machines, lights, etc. • *Sam couldn't use his computer because the electricity went off.*

➤ electric (adj)

fire(n) /'faɪə(r)/ ❖ **φωτιά**

something that burns and creates heat • *After their swim in the cold lake, the campers made a fire to warm them up.*

fridge(n)/frɪdʒ/ ❖ **ψυγείο**

a machine for keeping food cool • *Please put the milk and cheese into the fridge.*

pot(n) /pɒt/ ❖ **κατσαρόλα, τσουκάλι**

a round container that you cook things in • *Justin served the hot soup from the pot into the bowls.*

shelf(n) /ʃelf/ ❖ **ράφι**

a flat surface for storing things on a wall or in a cupboard • *I keep my school books on the shelves next to my bed.*

➤ shelve (v)

nomad (n) /'nəʊməd/ ❖ νομάς

somebody who moves around and stays in different places • *A group of nomads was travelling across the desert with goats and horses.*

➤ nomadic (adj)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 19

do the washing up (phr) /du: ðə 'wɒʃɪŋ ʌp/ ❖ πλένω πιάτα

wash plates, cups, etc. after using them • *You cooked the dinner, so I'll do the washing up. The table is full of dirty dishes.*

Lesson 3 Reading p. 20

geography(n) /dʒi'ɒɡrəfi/ ❖ γεωγραφία

the study of how the Earth is and where places and things are on it • *We had to remember the names of all the rivers and lakes in the country for our geography test.*

➤ geographical (adj), geographically (adv)

leave – left – left(v)/li:v – left – left/ ❖ φεύγω, αναχωρώ

go away from somewhere/somebody • *The train left before we arrived at the station.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

respect (v)/rɪ'spekt/ ❖ σέβομαι

admire somebody for their personality or the things they do • *I respect teachers who are kind to us and teach us well.*

➤ respect (n), respectful (adj)

flag (n)/flæg/ ❖ σημαία

a piece of cloth that has the colours and symbol of a country • *All the flags were flying to celebrate Independence Day.*

risotto (n)/rɪ'zɒtəʊ/ ❖ ριζότο

a traditional Italian meal of rice cooked with vegetables, etc. • *Mario's favourite dish is sweet potato risotto with cream cheese.*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 21

already (adv)/ɔ:l'redi/ ❖ ήδη, κιόλας

at sometime before now • *You've already eaten four pancakes. Don't eat any more or you'll be sick.*

yet (adv) /jet/ ❖ ακόμα

(used to show that something hasn't happened) until now • *Don't take my plate. I haven't finished eating yet.*

just (adv)/jʌst/ ❖ μόλις
(used to say something happened) a short time ago • *I've just had lunch, so I'm not hungry.*

Lesson 5 Song p. 22

several (det) /'sev(ə)rəl/ ❖ αρκετός,-ή,-ό
some, but not many • *Several students were late for school today because of the snow.*

tiny (adj) /'taɪni/ ❖ μικροσκοπικός, τοσοδούλης
very small • *The kittens were only one day old and they were tiny.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 23

solo (adv) /'səʊləʊ/ ❖ μόνος μου
on your own • *Amelia decided to fly solo across the Atlantic Ocean.*

hero (n) /'hɪərəʊ/ ❖ ήρωας
a person that others respect and admire for something very brave or good they have done • *The firefighters were real heroes for saving the family.*
➤ heroic (adj), heroically (adv)

biography (n) /baɪ'ɒɡrəfi/ ❖ βιογραφία
a story written about somebody's life • *There are now several books and films showing the biography of Princess Diana.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 24

amusement park(n) /ə'mju:zmənt pɑ:k/ ❖ λούνα παρκ
a place where people can pay to go on rides to have fun • *Have you been on the rollercoaster at the amusement park?*

cable car (n) /'keɪb(ə)l kɑ:(r)/ ❖ τελεφερίκ
a vehicle that travels on a thick wire and carries people up and down the side of a mountain
• *You don't need to walk up the mountain; you can go to the top by cable car.*

waterfront (n) /'wɔ:təfrʌnt/ ❖ παραλία, ακτή
a part of an area that is along the side of a sea, river or lake • *Let's take a walk along the waterfront and look at the boats.*

miss (v) /mɪs/ ❖ μου λείπει
feel sad about not being able to see somebody or do something • *I like my new school, but I miss my old classmates.*

➤ miss (n)

Function 1: Leaving a message p. 25

record (v)/rə'kɔ:d/ ❖ ηχογραφή

copy sounds onto a computer, tape, etc. so they can be played back for somebody to hear
• *Nancy recorded the neighbours when they were shouting while she was waiting for the police to arrive.*

➤ recording (n), record (n)

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enormous (adj) /ɪ'nɔ:məs/ ❖ πελώριος, τεράστιος, -ια, -ιο

very large • *The Statue of Liberty is enormous! You can see it from miles away.*

painter (n)/peɪntə(r)/ ❖ ζωγράφος

somebody who paints pictures as a job • *Van Gogh is Mum's favourite Dutch painter. She likes his pictures of flowers.*

➤ paint (v), painting (n)

mammoth (n) /'mæməθ/ ❖ μαμούθ

a type of animal like an elephant with long hair which lived until thousands of years ago • *Why did the mammoths all die thousands of years ago?*

aurochs (n) /'ɔ:ɹɔks/ ❖ ούρος, άουροχς, βους ο πρωτόγονος

a type of wild ox which lived long ago • *Aurochs were the ancestors of the cows we see these days and the last ones lived in Poland until the seventeenth century.*

➤ aurochs (n pl)

extinct (adj) /ɪk'stɪŋkt/ ❖ αφανισμένος, εξαφανισμένος

not existing any more • *Dinosaurs became extinct millions of years ago.*

➤ extinction (n)

deer (n) /dɪə(r)/ ❖ ελάφι

a wild animal that has long thin legs and eats grass and leaves; the male deer grows antlers (a kind of horns) on its head • *When I woke up and opened my tent, a huge red deer was eating grass in front of me.*

➤ deer (n pl)

exist(v) /ɪg'zɪst/ ❖ υπάρχω

live; be • *Mobile phones didn't exist before the last century.*

➤ existence (n)

Unit 3 Challenges

p. 29

challenge (n) /'tʃælɪndʒ/ ❖ πρόκληση

something that is difficult to do and needs a lot of hard work or skill • *Climbing Mount Everest is a huge challenge for any person.*

➤ challenge (v)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 30

race(n) /reɪs/ ❖ αγώνας δρόμου

a competition to see who or what can move the fastest • *Who won the women's 100 metres race in the last Olympic Games?*

➤ race (v), racing (n)

rider(n) /'raɪdər/ ❖ ιππέας, αναβάτης, καβαλάρης

a person who sits on an animal or bike and makes it move to travel • *One of the horse riders fell off his horse during the race.*

➤ ride (v, n)

stadium(n) /'steɪdiəm/ ❖ στάδιο, γήπεδο

a place where sports are played with rows of seats around for people to watch • *The teams' supporters cheered loudly when the teams came into the stadium.*

winner(n) /'wɪnər/ ❖ νικητής, -τρια

a person or team that wins something • *Which team were the winners of the European Cup last year?*

➤ win (n, v)

competition(n) /ˌkɒmpə'tɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ διαγωνισμός

an event in which you try to win something • *You're so good at photography. Have you put your photos in any competitions?*

➤ compete (v), competitor (n)

prize(n) /praɪz/ ❖ βραβείο, έπαθλο

something you win for being the best at something • *David got the first prize in the swimming competition.*

win(v) /wɪn/ ❖ κερδίζω, νικάω

be the first in a competition, match or race, etc. • *Which tennis players won at Wimbledon last year?*

➤ winner (n)

take part(in)(phr v) /teɪk pa:t (ɪn)/ ❖ **συμμετέχω, λαμβάνω μέρος**
be involved in • *I can't take part in the school play because it's on the same day as my volleyball tournament.*

Congratulations! (excl)/kən,grætʃu'leɪʃ(ə)nz/ ❖ **Συγχαρητήρια!**
We say this to somebody to say we are happy about some good news or when they did something well. • *Congratulations on winning the painting competition!*
➤ congratulate (v), congratulatory (adj)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 31

shine – shone – shone (v) /ʃaɪn – ʃɒn – ʃɒn/ ❖ **λάμπω, αστράφτω**
be very bright • *The sun shone brightly over the hot desert sand.*
➤ shiny (adj)

a.m.(abbr) /,eɪ 'em/ ❖ **π.μ. (προ μεσημβρίας)**
before noon • *Our lessons start at 9 a.m. in the morning.*

p.m.(abbr) /,pi: 'em/ ❖ **μ.μ. (μετά μεσημβρίας)**
after noon • *The bus leaves at 4.30 p.m. this afternoon.*

Lesson 3 Reading p. 32

chess(n) /tʃes/ ❖ **σκάκι**
a game for two people played by moving specially shaped pieces on a board with black and white squares • *Alice plays chess as a hobby with her friends.*

(chess) piece(n) / (tʃes) pi:s/ ❖ **πιόνι**
a small object that you move to play a game like chess • *Susan won at chess when she took out all the other player's pieces.*

board/bɔ:d/ ❖ **ταμπλό**
a flat surface that you move pieces on in a game such as chess • *Can you help me put all the pieces in the right places on the board to play chess?*

blind(adj) /blaɪnd/ ❖ **τυφλός,-ή,-ό**
not able to see • *The pavements are specially designed to help blind people to find their way easily around the streets.*
➤ the blind(n), blind (v)

international(adj) /,ɪntə'næʃ(ə)nəl/ ❖ **διεθνής,-ής,-ές**
for people from many different countries • *The international festival included musicians and dancers from several different countries.*
➤ internationally (adv)

probably(adv)/'prɒbəbli/ ❖ **πιθανότατα, μάλλον**
likely to be true; likely to happen • *Nina's great-grandma is 98 and she's probably the oldest person in the village.*
➤ probable (adj), probability (n)

female (adj) /'fi:meɪl/ ❖ **θηλυκός, -ιά,-ό**
girl or woman • *A female cat usually stays close to her kittens.*
➤ female (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 33

ring – rang – rung (v) /rɪŋ – ræŋ – rʌŋ/ ❖ **κουδουνίζω, χτυπάω**
make a sound because somebody is calling (on a phone) • *The phone rang when I was in the shower, so I missed the call.*

turn off (phr v) /tɜ:n ɒf/ ❖ **σβήνω, κλείνω**
stop something working by moving something or pressing a switch • *Remember to turn off the cooker after you finish cooking.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

hard (adv) /hɑ:d/ ❖ **σκληρά, πολύ**
with a lot of difficulty; carefully, doing everything you can • *Billie trained hard to get into the country's top football team.*
➤ hard (adj)

Lesson 5 Song p. 34

run (n) /rʌn/ ❖ **τρέξιμο**
an act of running • *Roberto takes his dogs out for a run in the park every morning.*
➤ run (v)

burning(adj)/bɜ:niŋ/ ❖ **καυτός, φλεγόμενος,-η,-ο**
very, very hot • *Don't go out in the burning sun without a hat and sun cream.*
➤ burn (v, n), burnt (adj)

fifty degrees below (phr) /'fɪfti di'grɪ:z 'bi'ləʊ/ ❖ **πενήντα βαθμοί υπό το μηδέν/μείον πενήντα**
-50° Celsius • *It's too cold to go out when it's fifty degrees below in the Antarctic.*

rainforest(n) /'reɪnfɔ:st/ ❖ **τροπικό δάσος**
a forest in a tropical place where it rains a lot • *People must take care of the world's rainforests to help save our planet.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 35

unusual(adj)/ʌnˈjuːʒuəl/ ❖ ασυνήθιστος,-η,-ο
not normal; different • *It's unusual to see polar bears so close to towns.*
➤ usual (adj, opp)

hope (v)/həʊp/ ❖ ελπίζω
wish that something good is possible • *I hope we can save the tigers from becoming extinct.*
➤ hope (n)

enter a competition (phr) /ˈentə(r) ə ˌkɒmpəˈtɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ συμμετέχω σε διαγωνισμό
say you want to take part in an event to try to win something • *Our class is entering the poster competition to help the animal shelter.*

trampoline (n)/ˌtræmpəˈliːn/ ❖ τραμπολίνο
a piece of fabric stretched across a frame that people (usually children) use to jump on
• *Let's go to the trampoline park in the school holidays!*

Lesson 7 Video p. 36

cart (n) /kɑːt/ ❖ κάρο
a strong open vehicle with two or four wheels, typically used for carrying loads and pulled by a horse • *The ancient wall painting showed a woman on a horse pulling a cart.*

ger (n) /geə(r)/ ❖ σκηνή ger
a tent used by nomads • *When the season changed, the nomads packed up their gers and moved south.*

ox (n) /ɒks/ ❖ βόδι
a large bull which can pull farm equipment • *The farmer was using an ox to pull the equipment to dig his field.*
➤ oxen (n pl)

furniture(n) /ˈfɜːnɪtʃə(r)/ ❖ έπιπλο,-α
things like tables, chairs, cupboards, etc. • *We moved all our furniture into a van to move house.*
➤ furnish (v)

Unit 4 What's on your plate?

p. 37

healthy (adj) /'helθi/ ❖ υγιεινός,-ή,-ό

well and not getting ill easily • *Gavin keeps healthy by eating carefully and walking to school.*

➤ health (n), healthily (adv), unhealthy (adj, opp)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 38

biscuit(n) /'bɪskɪt/ ❖ μπισκότο

a thin crispy cake • *Would you like a biscuit with your tea?*

butter(n) /'bʌtə(r)/ ❖ βούτυρο

a soft yellow kind of cream used on bread and in cooking • *Put some butter on the bread to make sandwiches.*

flour(n) /'flaʊə(r)/ ❖ αλεύρι

a soft white or brown powder made from wheat • *I bought some flour and eggs to make a cake.*

honey(n) /'hʌni/ ❖ μέλι

a sticky yellow substance made by bees • *Helen doesn't like jam, so she puts honey on her toast.*

pepper(n) /'pepə(r)/ ❖ πιπέρι

a black or white powder made from seeds with a hot taste that you put on food • *Stephen put some black pepper and olive oil on the salad.*

salt(n)/sɔ:lt/ ❖ αλάτι

a white substance that comes from rocks or the sea and is used to make food taste better • *Dad doesn't like much salt on his chips. he says it's bad for his heart.*

sugar(n)/'ʃʊɡə(r)/ ❖ ζάχαρη

a white substance that is used to make things taste sweeter • *I don't like sugar and milk in tea. I prefer honey and lemon.*

yoghurt(n) /'jɒɡət/ ❖ γιαούρτι

a thick white creamy food made from milk • *Would you like yoghurt on your breakfast cereal?*

treat (n) /tri:t/ ❖ λιχουδιά, κέρασμα

something extra given to a person or animal to eat for something special • *Amanda gives her dog little biscuits as a treat.*

➤ treat (v)

caramel (n) /'kærəmel/ ❖ **καραμέλα**
cooked sugar that is added to biscuits, cakes, ice cream or other desserts • *Bob's favourite sweets are like chocolate biscuits with caramel inside.*

filling (n) /'fɪlɪŋ/ ❖ **γέμιση**
food put inside a sandwich, cake, biscuit, etc. to give flavour • *The birthday cake had a filling of strawberry jam and cream.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

healthily (adv) /'helθɪli/ ❖ **υγιεινά**
in a way that is good for your health • *Alistair began to eat more healthily when he went on the cookery course.*
➤unhealthily (adv, opp)

grape (n) /greɪp/ ❖ **σταφύλι**
a small round purple or green fruit that grows on a climbing plant • *Bordeaux is an area of France that is famous for its red grapes.*

portion (n) /'pɔːʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **μερίδα**
an amount of something, e.g. food • *The pizza tasted great, but I only had very small portion and I was still hungry.*

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 39

frying pan (n) /'fraɪɪŋ pæn/ ❖ **τηγάνι**
a flat pan that is used for frying food in • *Put the oil in the frying pan to heat, and then add the eggs.*

Dutch (adj) /dʌtʃ/ ❖ **Ολλανδός, ολλανδέζικος, ολλανδικός**
from the Netherlands • *Jan is Dutch. He comes from Rotterdam.*
➤Dutch (n)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 40

cook (n) /kʊk/ ❖ **μάγειρας**
a person who cooks food; somebody who cooks food as a job • *Hilda is a cook in our school canteen.*
➤cook (v)

waiter (n) /'weɪtə(r)/ ❖ **σερβιτόρος**
a person who takes orders for food or drinks and serves them to customers in a restaurant or café • *The waiter dropped our plates on the way to the kitchen.*
➤waitress (n), wait (v)

aged (adj) /eɪdʒd/ ❖ ηλικίας
at the age of • *Children aged between five and twelve can come into the museum with an adult.*

prepare(v) /prɪ'peə(r)/ ❖ προετοιμάζω
get ready to do something • *Karen is preparing the invitations for her wedding.*
➤ preparation (n)

menu (n) /'menju:/ ❖ μενού, κατάλογος
a list of food that shows what you can order to eat at a restaurant, etc. • *The menu was only in Chinese, so we asked the waiter to explain what each food was.*

such as (expr) /sʌtʃ æz/ ❖ όπως
for example; like • *The winters are cold in countries such as Norway and Russia.*

delicious(adj) /dɪ'lɪʃəs/ ❖ πεντανόστιμος, νοστιμότατος,-η,-ο
having a very nice taste • *This pie is delicious. May I have another portion?*

knife (n) /naɪf/ ❖ μαχαίρι
a sharp flat tool used for cutting food • *Ouch! I've cut my finger on the bread knife.*
➤ knives (n pl)

fork(n) /fɔ:k/ ❖ πιρούνι
a kind of tool with three or four metal points used for picking up food • *In the UK, people usually eat with a fork in their left hand and a knife in their right.*

spoon(n) /spu:n/ ❖ κουτάλι
a kind of tool with a handle and a small bowl shape for picking up or stirring soft or liquid food • *Is this spoon for soup or for the ice cream?*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 41

fortune cookie (n) /'fɔ:tʃu:n kʊki/ ❖ μπισκότο της τύχης
a thin biscuit, served with a meal in Chinese restaurants, that has a message inside telling you something about your future • *The fortune cookie told me I should spend more time having fun and less time reading my fortune.*

chef(n) /ʃef/ ❖ σεφ
a person who cooks as a job in a restaurant, etc. • *Olivia works as a chef at a famous restaurant in Rome.*

stall (n) /stɔ:l/ ❖ πάγκος, περίπτερο
a small table at a market, in the street, or at an exhibition which people sell things from • *At the international food festival, you can taste dishes from a different country at each of the food stalls.*

sushi (n) /'su:ʃi/ ❖ **σούσι**

a kind of Japanese food that has small round cakes of rice with different flavours, served with uncooked fish, etc. • *Janice watched the Japanese chef cutting up the fish for the sushi.*

Lesson 5 Chant p. 42

mushroom (n) /'mʌʃrʊm/ ❖ **μανιτάρι**

a kind of fungus with a large round head on a short stem • *Be careful when you collect wild mushrooms! You have to know which ones are safe to eat.*

meatball(n) /'mi:tɒ:l/ ❖ **κεφτές, κεφτεδάκι**

a ball made from chopped meat and other ingredients • *Do you prefer to eat meatballs or veggie burgers?*

pea (n) /pi:/ ❖ **αρακάς, μπιζέλι**

a small round green vegetable that is a seed of a plant • *The fried rice dish looked very colourful with green peas and yellow corn mixed in it.*

noodles (n pl) /'nu:d(ə)lz/ ❖ **νούτλς**

a kind of thin pasta, often used in Asian cooking • *Was it the Chinese or the Italians who first discovered how to make noodles to eat with delicious sauces? Who knows?*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 43

look forward to (phr v) /lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tu:/ ❖ **ανυπομονώ**

be happy waiting for something good that is going to happen • *Are you looking forward to your first day in your new job?*

excellent(adj) /'eksələnt/ ❖ **εξαιρετικός, άριστος,-η,-ο**

very good • *This restaurant has excellent seafood. Try the fresh salmon.*

➤ excellence (n), excel (v)

recommend (v) /,rekə'mend/ ❖ **συνιστώ, συστήνω, προτείνω**

make a suggestion about something • *The waiter recommended a starter of shrimp salad.*

➤ recommendation (n)

Lesson 7 Video p. 44

tiffin (n) /'tɪfɪn/ ❖ **φαγητοδοχείο**

a kind of lunch box to keep food hot • *What's in your tiffin for lunch today?*

curry(n) /'kʌrɪ/ ❖ **κάρι**

an Asian meal of meat or vegetables in a spicy sauce • *Would you like more rice with your curry?*

flatbread (n) /'flætbred/ ❖ **πίτα**

a kind of thin bread made without yeast • *This flatbread is delicious for sandwich wraps. It's lighter than ordinary bread.*

empanada (n) /,empə'nɑ:də/ ❖ **μπουρέκι, πιτάκι**

a traditional kind of pie from South America • *In Argentina, people often have empanadas filled with vegetables or meat for snacks.*

pear (n) /peə(r)/ ❖ **αχλάδι**

a green fruit whose shape is bigger at the bottom and smaller at the top • *Those pears are ready to pick from the tree for eating.*

packed lunch (n) /,pækt 'lʌntʃ/ ❖ **φαγητό σε πακέτο από το σπίτι**

a meal that is made at home and put into a box or bag to eat later somewhere else • *I'm taking a packed lunch of sandwiches to eat on the school trip because we won't be near any restaurants or takeaways.*

baked potato (n) /,beɪkt pə'teɪtəʊ/ ❖ **ψητή πατάτα**

a potato that is cooked in its skin inside an oven • *Tessa uses her microwave oven to make baked potatoes. She loves to eat them with a cheese filling.*

baked beans (n pl) /,beɪkt 'bi:nz/ ❖ **φασόλια σε κονσέρβα**

a dish of small white beans cooked in tomato sauce • *Europeans are often surprised at the British habit of eating baked beans that come from a can instead of freshly cooked beans.*

own (adj)/əʊn/ ❖ **δικό μου**

belonging to yourself • *People who have a garden can grow their own food.*

Game 1 p.45

base (n) /beɪs/ ❖ **βάση**

the place where a group has its main camp or works from • *After collecting some rocks and seeds in the forest, the explorers returned to base for the night.*

Reading extra 1 pp. 46–47

raise money (phr) /reɪz 'mʌni/ ❖ **συγκεντρώνω χρήματα**

collect/get money from other people • *The students organised a fair to raise money to buy new equipment, like musical instruments, for the school.*

charity (n) /'tʃærəti/ ❖ **φιλανθρωπία, φιλανθρωπική οργάνωση**

an organisation that raises money to help people/animals in need • *Susie gives money to a charity that helps blind people.*

➤ charitable(adj)

battle (n) /'bæɪ(ə)l/ ❖ **μάχη**

a fight, e.g. between armies • *The battle of Bannockburn took place between the Scots and the English in 1314.*

➤ battle (v)

distance (n) /'distəns/ ❖ **απόσταση**

how far it is between two places or things • *We travelled a long distance by coach from Scotland to France.*

➤ distance (v), distant (adj)

deliver(v) /dɪ'livə(r)/ ❖ **παραδίδω**

bring something to somebody • *Our postman delivers the mail every morning.*

➤ delivery (n)

immediately (adv) /ɪ'mi:diətli/ ❖ **αμέσως**

right away; without waiting • *When her sister phoned in the middle of the night, Tracy immediately knew that something was wrong.*

exactly (adv) /ɪg'zæktli/ ❖ **ακριβώς**

used to give or ask for more details • *Where exactly is the hotel?*

➤ exact (adj)

legend (n) /'ledʒ(ə)nd/ ❖ **θρύλος**

an old story; a famous person • *Christopher Columbus became a legend as a great explorer.*

➤ legendary (adj)

water carrier (n) /'wɔ:tə kæriə(r)/ ❖ **νερουλάς, υδρομεταφορέας**

somebody who transports water • *In the past, water carriers used carts to bring water to people's homes.*

route(n) /ru:t/ ❖ **διαδρομή**

the way from one place to another • *Do you take the same route to school every day?*

organizer/organiser (n) /'ɔ:gənaɪzə(r)/ ❖ **διοργανωτής**

somebody who plans and prepares something • *The organizers worked hard to make sure the festival was a success.*

➤ organize/organise (v), organization/organisation (n)

royal (adj) /'rɔɪəl/ ❖ **βασιλικός,-ή,-ό**

connected with a country's kings or queens • *The old palace belonged to a member of the Russian royal family.*

official (adj) /ə'fɪʃ(ə)l/ ❖ **επίσημος,-η,-ο**

that is formally written or said by somebody who has an important position • *The president made an official announcement on TV.*

➤ officially (adv)

length (n) /lenθ/ ❖ **μήκος**

the measurement of how long something is • *The Nile is the longest river in the world. Do you know its length?*

➤ lengthen (v), long (adj)

Unit 5 The animal kingdom

p. 49

kingdom (n) /'kɪŋdəm/ ❖ βασιλείο

a country or area that is ruled by a king or queen • *She became the richest woman in the kingdom and all the princes wanted to marry her.*

caption (n) /'kæpʃ(ə)n/ ❖ λεζάντα

words under a cartoon or a picture • *The captions in some newspaper cartoons are very funny.*

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 50

wing(n) /wɪŋ/ ❖ φτερό, φτερούγα

one of the parts of a bird's or insect's body used for flying • *The seagull flew beside the ship by moving its powerful wings.*

eagle(n) /'i:g(ə)l/ ❖ αετός

a large bird that hunts and eats smaller animals • *The eagle made its nest high in the treetop.*

tortoise(n) /'tɔ:təs/ ❖ χελώνα

a reptile with a hard shell on its back • *The largest tortoises in the world are from the Galapagos Islands.*

snake(n) /sneɪk/ ❖ φίδι

a reptile that hasn't got any legs and has a long thin body • *I was very scared when I saw a snake in the garden.*

mouse (n) /maʊs/ ❖ ποντίκι

a small furry animal that has a long thin tail • *When Jane saw a hole in the cereal packet, she understood there was a mouse in her house.*

➤ mice(n pl)

butterfly(n) /'bʌtəflaɪ/ ❖ πεταλούδα

a type of insect with big coloured wings • *Ann took a photo of a beautiful butterfly which was on a flower in the garden.*

plant(n)/plɑ:nt/ ❖ φυτό

something with leaves and roots that grows in earth • *Catherine hasn't got a garden, but she grows some small plants on her balcony.*

➤ plant (v)

beetle(n) /'bi:t(ə)l/ ❖ **σκαθάρι, σκαραβαίος**

a large insect that has a hard back on top of its wings • *A ladybird is a kind of beetle that has a red back with black spots.*

food chain (n) /'fu:d tʃeɪn/ ❖ **τροφική αλυσίδα**

the system in which all living things are connected as one eats the other • *Humans are high on the food chain because they eat everything else, but people don't usually become food for other animals!*

web (n) /web/ ❖ **ιστός**

a net which a spider makes to catch insects • *I watched the tiny spider making its web between the plants.*

➤ webbed (adj)

insect(n) /'ɪnsekt/ ❖ **έντομο**

a small animal with six legs like flies, mosquitoes, etc. • *Amanda is afraid of all insects, but especially bees because she is allergic to them.*

mammal(n) /'mæm(ə)l/ ❖ **θηλαστικό**

an animal that has babies (not eggs) and feeds them with its milk • *Whales are the biggest mammals on our planet.*

weight (n) /weɪt/ ❖ **βάρος**

how heavy somebody/something is • *The blue whale can be up to 136 tonnes in weight. That's heavy!*

➤ weigh (v)

wingspan (n) /'wɪŋspæn/ ❖ **άνοιγμα φτερών**

the distance between the end of one wing to the end of the other wing when the wings are wide open • *A golden eagle's wingspan can be almost 2.5 metres.*

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 51

ostrich (n) /'ɒstrɪtʃ/ ❖ **στρουθοκάμηλος**

a very large bird with long legs, a long neck and short wings • *Ostriches can't fly, but they're bigger than any other birds.*

cheetah (n) /'tʃi:tə/ ❖ **γατόπαρδος, τσιτάχ**

a large cat with yellow fur and black spots, which runs very fast • *Cheetahs can run faster than any other animal.*

speed (n) /spi:d/ ❖ **ταχύτητα**

how fast something moves • *This motorbike can go at a speed of 150 kilometres per hour.*

➤ speed (v), speedy (adj)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 52

sea level (n) /si: 'lev(ə)l/ ❖ **στάθμη της θάλασσας**
the height of the sea • *The top of Mount Everest is 8,848 metres above sea level.*

view (n) /vjʊ:/ ❖ **θέα**
what you can see from a place (often talking about a beautiful sight) • *We enjoyed watching the view of the countryside from the window of the train.*
➤ view (v), viewing (adj), viewer (n)

however(adv) /haʊ'evə(r)/ ❖ **ωστόσο, παρόλα αυτά**
used to start saying something that is the opposite or different from what was said before • *I'd love to help with your project. However, I don't have enough free time right now.*

yak (n) /jæk/ ❖ **γιακ**
an animal like a very large cow that has long hair and long horns • *The Tuareg nomads used yaks to pull their carts.*

furry(adj) /'fɜ:ri/ ❖ **μαλλιαρός, χνουδωτός,-ή,-ό**
covered with soft hair • *I saw a furry animal in the garden eating the nuts from our tree.*
➤ fur (n)

adapt(v) /ə'dæpt/ ❖ **προσαρμόζομαι**
accept; get used to • *It is often difficult to adapt to living in a foreign country.*
➤ adaptation (n)

enough (adv, det) /ɪ'nʌf/ ❖ **αρκετά**
as much as something needs to be • *Is the sea warm enough to go swimming in winter?*
➤ enough (pron)

temperature (n) /'tempərətʃə(r)/ ❖ **θερμοκρασία**
how hot or cold something/somebody is; a body temperature higher than usual • *The nurse checked my temperature, but I didn't have a fever.*

(degrees) Celsius (phr) /('di'grɪ:z) 'selsiəs/ ❖ **(βαθμοί) Κελσίου**
the measure of temperatures in centigrade • *Water freezes at zero degrees Celsius.*

thick(n) /θɪk/ ❖ **παχύς, πυκνός**
which grows close together in large numbers • *Grandpa has a thick grey and brown moustache.*
➤ thickness (n), thickly (adv)

fur (n) /fɜ:(r)/ ❖ **γούνα, τρίχωμα**
the thick hair on an animal's body • *The mother cat cleaned the fur of her kittens.*
➤ furry (adj)

too (adv) /tu:/ ❖ **πολύ, υπερβολικά**

more than you need • *It's too hot to go for a daytime walk in summer in Saudi Arabia. You have to wait until evening.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

seal (n) /si:l/ ❖ **φώκια**

an animal with flippers that lives in the sea • *Seals move slowly on land, but in the sea they swim very well.*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 53

boa (n) /'bəʊə/ ❖ **βόας**

a large snake from South America that kills other animals for food by sliding around their bodies to crush them • *A boa is one snake you really don't need a hug from! It could kill you.*

Lesson 5 Song p. 54

incredibly (adv) /ɪn'kredəbli/ ❖ **απίστευτα**

so much that it's not easy to believe • *This song is incredibly bad! Just listen to it.*

➤ **incredible** (adj)

you'd better (phr) /ju:d'betə(r)/ ❖ **καλό θα ήταν να...**

you should; you had better • *Those snakes are dangerous. You'd better be careful.*

watch out (phr v) /wɒtʃ aʊt/ ❖ **προσέχω**

be careful • *Watch out! There's a bee on your arm.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 55

habitat (n) /'hæbɪtæt/ ❖ **οικότοπος, ενδιαίτημα**

the environment where an animal or plant lives or grows • *Central Africa is the natural habitat of grey parrots and many other animals.*

savannah (n) /sə'venə/ ❖ **σαβάνα**

an area of flat land that is covered in grass without trees • *A lion was chasing the zebras across the savannah.*

diet (n) /'daɪət/ ❖ **διατροφή**

the food a person or animal eats; a pattern of eating • *Many animals, like cows, sheep and horses, live on a diet of grass and leaves.*

➤ **diet** (v), **dietary** (adj)

weigh(v) /weɪ/ ❖ **ζυγίζω, έχω βάρος**
be a particular weight; measure something/somebody to find out their weight • *An average human baby weighs 3.4 kilograms when it's born.*
➤ weight (n)

lifespan(n) /'laɪfspæn/ ❖ **διάρκεια ζωής**
the maximum length of time that a person or animal can live • *Some insects have a lifespan of just a few days.*

tongue (n) /tʌŋ/ ❖ **γλώσσα**
the long soft part of the mouth that you use to talk or taste, etc. • *Lizards use their long tongues to catch insects.*

measurement (n) /'meɪzəmənt/ ❖ **μέτρηση**
the size, length, height or weight of something/somebody • *Scientists can work out the age of sea turtles by taking their measurements.*
➤ measure (v, n)

Lesson 7 Video p. 56

habit (n) /'hæbɪt/ ❖ **συνήθεια**
something that you do as part of your usual routine • *André looks much healthier now that he's changed his eating habits.*

safari park(n) /sə'fɑ:ri pɑ:k/ ❖ **πάρκο άγριας ζωής, πάρκο για σαφάρι**
a place where wild animals live and walk around safely while visitors can drive through to watch them from their vehicles • *Don't get out of the car when you drive through the safari park – you might scare the animals and some are dangerous.*

calf (n) /kɑ:f/ ❖ **μοσχάρι**
a young cow • *Cows produce milk to feed their calves.*
➤ calves (n pl)

Unit 6 Helping the environment

p. 57

environment(n) /ɪnˈvaɪrənmənt/ ❖ περιβάλλον

the air, water, land around us • *We must keep our beaches clean and stop harming the environment.*

➤ environmental (adj), environmentally (adv)

solar (adj) /ˈsɒlə(r)/ ❖ ηλιακός,-ή,-ό

connected with the sun • *We use solar power to heat our water at home.*

energy (n) /ˈenədʒi/ ❖ ενέργεια

the type of power used to make something work • *Why can't all homes use solar energy to produce electricity?*

➤ energise (v), energetic (adj)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 58

plastic(adj) /ˈplæstɪk/ ❖ πλαστικός,-ή,-ό

made of a strong material made from oils that go through chemical processes • *It's better to take your own shopping bag instead of using plastic bags.*

➤ plastic (n)

throw away(phr v) /θrəʊ əˈweɪ/ ❖ πετάω (στα σκουπίδια)

put something in a bin because you don't need it • *Don't throw away your old books. You can give them to somebody else.*

keep – kept – kept (v)/ki:p – kept – kept/ ❖ κρατάω

continue to have something and not throw it away; store • *Tony has kept his old toys in a large box.*

collect (v) /kəˈlekt/ ❖ συλλέγω, μαζεύω

pick up; come and take something/somebody away • *The teacher collected our notebooks at the end of the lesson.*

➤ collection (n), collector (n)

litter(n) /ˈlɪtə(r)/ ❖ σκουπίδια, απορρίμματα

small pieces of rubbish, like empty packets/cans or pieces of paper, dropped outside • *We collected the litter from the beach and put it into large plastic bags.*

➤ litter (v)

reuse(v) /riːˈjuːz/ ❖ επαναχρησιμοποιώ

use again • *You can clean glass jars and reuse them to keep things in.*

➤ reusable (adj)

bin(n) /bɪn/ ❖ **κάδος απορριμμάτων, σκουπιδοτενεκές**
a container for pieces of rubbish inside a building or outside in public areas • *I always put my empty plastic bottles in the special bin outside the supermarket.*

recycle(v) /ˌriːsaɪk(ə)/ ❖ **ανακυκλώνω**
use something again that was used before • *In our town, you can put paper into special bins to recycle it into new notebooks.*
➤ recycling (n), recycled (adj)

turn on(phr v) /tɜːn ɒn/ ❖ **ανοίγω, ενεργοποιώ**
switch on • *It's time for the news. Can you turn on the TV?*

light (n) /laɪt/ ❖ **φως**
a device that shines light to make it easier to see inside a place • *As our plane flew over the countryside, we saw the bright lights of the village streets and houses.*
➤ light (v, adj)

turn off(phr v) /tɜːn ɒf/ ❖ **κλείνω, απενεργοποιώ**
switch off • *Please turn off all the lights and close the doors before you go out.*

backpack(n) /ˈbækpæk/ ❖ **σακίδιο πλάτης**
a bag that you carry on your back • *Jim put his camera in his backpack to go sightseeing.*
➤ backpack (v), backpacking (n), backpacker (n)

solar panel (n) /ˈsəʊlə(r) ˈpænl/ ❖ **ηλιακός συλλέκτης**
a piece of equipment with a flat side that collects heat from the sun to make electricity or heat water • *The solar panels on the roof of our home give us lots of hot water.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

reusable(adj) /riːˈjuːzəb(ə)/ ❖ **επαναχρησιμοποιήσιμος,-η,-ο**
that can be used again • *Old glass jars are reusable because you can wash them and keep other things in them.*
➤ reuse (v)

instead of(preposition) /ɪnˈsted əv/ ❖ **αντί να**
in the place of something/somebody else • *Thelma walks to work instead of driving a car.*
➤ instead (adv)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 59

sign (n) /saɪn/ ❖ **πινακίδα**
something that has writing or pictures on it to give information in a public place • *The sign on the door showed the opening times for the shop.*
➤ sign (v)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 60

teenager(n) /'ti:neɪdʒə(r)/ ❖ **έφηβος,-η**

a boy or girl between thirteen and nineteen years old • *Now that he's a teenager, Leo doesn't want to read comics – he prefers books.*

➤ teenage (adj)

plant(v) /plɑ:nt/ ❖ **φυτεύω**

put something into the ground so that it can grow • *Nicky planted a pear tree in her garden.*

➤ plant (n)

look after(phr v) /lʊk 'ɑ:ftə(r)/ ❖ **προσέχω, φροντίζω**

take care of something/ somebody • *Who looks after your cats when you go on holiday?*

land (n) /lænd/ ❖ **στεριά, γη**

a piece of ground • *The explorers sailed for two days before they saw land.*

➤ land (v)

make sure (phr) /meɪk ʃʊ:(r)/ ❖ **βεβαιώνομαι, σιγουρεύω**

do something so that you know something will happen or something is true • *Check the car door to make sure you locked it.*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 61

cycle path (n) /'saɪk(ə)l pa:θ/ ❖ **ποδηλατόδρομος**

a path or part of a road for people to ride bicycles • *Most cities in Europe now have cycle paths so that cyclists can move safely without having to ride among cars.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 63

eco-hero (n) /'i:kəʊ'hɪərəʊ/ ❖ **οικολογικός ήρωας**

somebody who does a lot to help the environment • *Harry cleans up the beach every day after everybody else leaves. He's an eco-hero!*

Oh dear! (excl)/oʊ diə(r)/ ❖ **Ωχ, όχι! / Ω, θεέ μου!**

Oh, no!; used to show surprise, disappointment or worry • *Oh dear! We've missed the last bus home.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 64

boulder (n) /'bəʊldə(r)/ ❖ **βράχος, ογκόλιθος**

a very big rock • *A huge boulder fell down from the cliff and onto the beach during the bad storm.*

tyre(n) /'taɪə(r)/ ❖ **λάστιχο**
a rubber cover around the edge of a wheel • *I had to call for help because my car had a flat tyre.*

clean-up (n) /'kli:nʌp/ ❖ **συγύρισμα, καθάρισμα**
the act of taking away rubbish or other dirty things from an area • *My house is a mess! Will you help me do a clean-up before my visitors arrive?*

straw (n) /strɔ:/ ❖ **καλαμάκι**
a thin tube used to drink things through • *We don't need to buy straws for the party. Everybody can drink out of glasses or cups.*

sculpture (n) /'skʌlptʃə(r)/ ❖ **γλυπτό**
an object made, usually by a person, out of stone, wood, clay, etc. • *There are stone sculptures from ancient Rome and Greece in museums around the world.*
➤ sculpt (v), sculptor (n)

slide (n) /slɑɪd/ ❖ **τσουλήθρα**
a structure that is high at one side and reaches the ground at the other so that somebody can sit on the top and slide down • *The children laughed as they went down the slide in the playground.*
➤ slide (v)

wildlife(n) /'waɪldlaɪf/ ❖ **άγρια ζωή**
animals and plants that live naturally in an area • *The dirty water in the river is very bad for the wildlife. That's why the plants and animals are dying around here.*

Function 2: Ordering food in a restaurant p. 65

order (v) /'ɔ:də/ ❖ **παραγγέλνω**
say what you would like to buy or eat • *Let's order a pizza to eat while we're watching the film.*
➤ order (n)

dessert (n) /dɪ'zɜ:t/ ❖ **επιδόρπιο**
a sweet dish eaten at the end of a meal • *We had strawberries and cream for dessert.*

bill(n) /bɪl/ ❖ **λογαριασμός**
something that shows an amount you have to pay for things or a service • *Have you got enough money to pay all your monthly bills?*
➤ bill (v)

customer(n) /'kʌstəmə(r)/ ❖ **πελάτης**
somebody who buys something from a shop • *The customer complained to the shop manager because the new cooker didn't work.*
➤ custom (n)

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create (v) /kri'eɪt/ ❖ δημιουργώ

make something new • *The children created two teams to play football and they had just enough players for a five-a-side match.*

➤ creation (n), creative (adj)

marine (adj) /mə'ri:n/ ❖ θαλάσσιος, -ια, -ιο

connected with the sea • *Ian's dad is a marine engineer. He often travels away from home, working on ships that go around the world.*

species (n) /'spi:ʃi:z/ ❖ είδος

type of living thing (e.g. animals, plants) • *You can see different species of tropical plants in the parks and gardens of Geneva.*

marine biologist (n) /mə'ri:nbaɪ'ælədʒɪst/ ❖ θαλάσσιος βιολόγος

a scientist who studies things that live in the sea • *A team of marine biologists has found plastic rubbish at the bottom of the Pacific Ocean.*

marine iguana (n) /mə'ri:nɪ'gwɑ:nə/ ❖ θαλάσσιο ιγκουάνα

a large lizard which lives in the sea • *A marine iguana mainly eats algae and seaweed.*

mola mola (fish) (n) /məʊlə məʊlə/ ❖ φεγγαρόψαρο

a heavy, bony fish with a big head and a flat body • *A mola mola fish can weigh up to 1,000 kilograms.*

silky (adj) /'sɪlki/ ❖ μεταξένιος, μεταξωτός

with a soft and smooth surface • *She touched the kitten's silky black and white fur.*

➤ silk (n)

swordfish (n) /'sɔ:rdfɪʃ/ ❖ ξιφίας

a kind of fish that has a long, thin, pointed top jaw • *The fisherman saw the long point of a swordfish stuck in his net.*

pelagic (adj) /pə'lædʒɪk/ ❖ πελαγίσσιος, πελαγικός

found in areas of the sea far from land • *Pelagic fish live right in the middle of the oceans, far away from land.*

sea cucumber (n) /,si:'kju:kʌmbə(r)/ ❖ αγγούρι της θάλασσας, ολοθούριο

a sea animal that has a long, thick, lumpy body with tentacles coming out of the top • *The sea cucumber is not a vegetable, but more like a kind of jellyfish.*

sea lion (n) /'si:laiən/ ❖ θαλάσσιος λέοντας

a large seal • *Along the coasts of South America, tourists can drive past beaches full of sea lions.*

ideal (adj) /aɪ'di:əl/ ❖ ιδανικός,-ή,-ό

perfect for a certain purpose • *The islands are in an ideal place to offer a safe home to wildlife.*

➤ ideally (adv)

submarine (n) /'sʌbmə,ri:n/ ❖ υποβρύχιο

a kind of ship that travels underwater • *Sailors in a submarine have to make sure it has enough air for them to stay underwater for a long time.*

➤ submarine (adj)

truly (adj) /'tru:li/ ❖ πραγματικά

really; absolutely • *Seeing whales swimming in the wild must be a truly wonderful experience.*

➤ true (adj), truth (n)

mesmerising(adj) /'mezməraɪzɪŋ/ ❖ καθηλωτικός, μαγευτικός,-ή,-ό

having a strong effect that holds your attention for a long time • *The sounds of the whales were absolutely mesmerising. I couldn't stop listening to them.*

➤ mesmerise (v)

Unit 7 Life in space

p. 69

space (n) /speɪs/ ❖ **διάστημα**

the area above the Earth's atmosphere • *Imagine having a holiday in space and taking photos of other planets.*

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 70

astronaut(n) /'æstrənɔ:t/ ❖ **αστροναύτης**

somebody who works and travels on a spacecraft • *Can you name the first astronauts who walked on the moon?*

land (v) /lænd/ ❖ **προσγειώνομαι**

arrive on the ground • *The plane landed in a field near the airport during the storm.*

➤ landing (n), land (n)

rocket(n) /'rɒkɪt/ ❖ **πύραυλος**

a spacecraft that has a long thin shape • *There was a huge roar from the rocket's engines as it went up into space.*

➤ rocket (v)

spacecraft(n) /'speɪskrɑ:ft/ ❖ **διαστημόπλοιο**

a vessel that travels in space • *Astronauts have to drink liquids and eat food from tubes when they are travelling in a spacecraft.*

take off (phr v) /teɪk ɒf/ ❖ **απογειώνομαι**

leave the ground (for planes, etc.) • *The plane took off and flew up into the clouds.*

➤ take-off (n)

orbit (v) /'ɔ:bɪt/ ❖ **περιστρέφομαι**

move around an object like a planet or sun • *The moon orbits the Earth.*

➤ orbit (n)

planet(n) /'plænɪt/ ❖ **πλανήτης**

a large round object made of rock or gas that moves around a star (sun) in space • *Do you think it will be possible to live on another planet?*

solar system (n) /'səʊlə sɪstəm/ ❖ **ηλιακό σύστημα**

an area containing all the planets and the sun which they orbit • *Our solar system is made up of the sun and eight planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune.*

Mars (n) /mɑ:z/ ❖ **Άρης**

the fourth planet from the sun • *Mars is often called 'The Red Planet'.*

curiosity(n) /kjʊəri'ɒsəti/ ❖ **περιέργεια**
an interest in finding out about something unusual or strange • *Just out of curiosity, I looked out of the window to see what was happening.*
➤ curious (adj)

rover (n) /rəʊvə(r)/ ❖ **ρόβερ, ρομποτικό όχημα εξερεύνησης**
a kind of robotic device used to explore an area of land • *There have been four successful landings of rovers on the surface of Mars.*

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 71

prediction(n) /prɪ'dɪkʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **πρόβλεψη**
a statement saying what will or could happen in the future • *Some predictions are that we will run out of fossil fuels in the future.*
➤ predict (v), predictable (adj)

believe (v) /bɪ'li:v/ ❖ **πιστεύω**
think that something is true • *I don't believe it! I've won first prize in the crossword competition.*
➤ belief (n)

underground (adv) /'ʌndə(r),graʊnd/ ❖ **υπόγειος**
below the surface of the Earth • *There was a tunnel between the cook's house and the king's palace, so cooking smells stayed underground.*

oxygen (n) /'ɒksɪdʒən/ ❖ **οξυγόνο**
the gas that is in air, which humans and all living things need to live • *The diver was wearing an oxygen mask.*

scooter (n) /'sku:tə(r)/ ❖ **σκούτερ, βέσπα, μοτοποδήλατο**
a vehicle like a light motorbike • *Dennis rides a scooter to work in the city centre.*
➤ scoot (v)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 72

International Space Station (n) /,ɪntə(r)'næʃən(ə)l 'speɪs steɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **Διεθνής Διαστημικός Σταθμός**

a large spacecraft that moves in space above Earth as a base for astronauts and scientists • *You might be able to see the International Space Station when it's in orbit over your part of the world.*

➤ ISS (abbr)

check (v) /tʃek/ ❖ **ελέγχω**
look at something to see how it is • *Did you check the tyres on your bike before you started cycling?*
➤ check (n)

schedule(n) /'fedju:l/'skedju:l/ ❖ πρόγραμμα
a list of events or jobs • *Mum's got busy schedule tomorrow. She has meetings all day.*
➤ schedule (v)

unmanned (adj) /ʌn'mænd/ ❖ μη επανδρωμένος,-η,-ο
without a person inside • *In some cities, there are now unmanned electric buses, which are controlled by computers.*
➤ manned (οpp)

float(v) /fləʊt/ ❖ επιπλέω, πλέω
move freely on the surface of water • *The canoe began to float towards the rocks when I stopped rowing.*
➤ floating (adj), float (n)

muscle(n) /mʌs(ə)l/ ❖ μυς
a part of the body that holds bones together and makes them move • *Carmen does a lot of running and cycling, so she's got strong leg muscles.*
➤ muscular (adj)

gravity(n) /'grævəti/ ❖ βαρύτητα
the force that pulls objects down to Earth when they drop, which also moves things towards each other in space • *There isn't much gravity in the space station, so astronauts can't eat normal food or it would fly around in the air.*

crewmate(n) /'kru:meɪt/ ❖ συνάδελφος, υπόλοιπο πλήρωμα
a member of the same team working on a spacecraft, ship, plane, etc. • *Crewmates in the space station have to work together to stay in the correct orbit.*

pull(v) /pʊl/ ❖ τραβάω
hold onto something and use your strength to try to move it towards you • *As Tom began to slide down the rocky hill, his friends managed to pull him to safety.*

sleeping bag(n) /'sli:piŋ bæɡ/ ❖ υπνόσακος
a bag that you use to sleep in, e.g. for camping • *The children got into their sleeping bags in the tent and their mum told stories until they went to sleep.*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 73

definite (adj) /'defənət/ ❖ σίγουρος, ξεκάθαρος,-η,-ο
certain or sure to be true • *Nobody could give a definite answer to the question of whether there's life in another universe.*
➤ definitely (adv), define (v)

arrangement(n) /ə'reɪndʒmənt/ ❖ συμφωνία, ρύθμιση, σχέδια
a plan or agreement to make something happen • *We made arrangements to go to the library after school.*
➤ arrange (v)

running machine (n) /'rʌnɪŋ məʃiːn/ ❖ διάδρομος γυμναστικής
a piece of sports equipment that has a moving surface that you can run on while staying in the same place • *Sheila does one kilometre on the running machine to warm up before her workout at the gym.*

Mission Control (n) /'mɪʃ(ə)n kən'trəʊl/ ❖ Κέντρο Ελέγχου Αποστολών
NASA control centre that manages space flights • *The astronauts were in radio contact with Mission Control from take-off to landing.*

Lesson 5 Song p. 74

Mercury (n) /'mɜːkjəri/ ❖ Ερμής
the closest planet to the sun • *Mercury is the smallest planet in our solar system and is only slightly larger than the moon.*

the rest (n) /ðə rest/ ❖ ο/η/το υπόλοιπος,-η,-ο
everything/everybody else; all the other parts of something • *Why didn't you invite the rest of the class to your party?*

icy(adj) /'aɪsi/ ❖ παγωμένος,-η,-ο
very cold; covered with ice • *It's dangerous to drive on icy roads.*
➤ ice (v, n), icily (adv)

Venus (n) /'viːnəs/ ❖ Αφροδίτη
the second planet from the sun • *Venus sits between Earth and Mercury and can be seen shining brightly in the sky on a clear night.*

Jupiter (n) /'dʒuːpɪtə(r)/ ❖ Δίας
the fifth planet from the sun • *Jupiter is the largest planet in our solar system and is made mostly of gas.*

stormy(adj) /'stɔːmi/ ❖ θυελλώδης,-ης,-ες
with strong winds and usually rain or snow • *The stormy weather only lasted for a day, but a lot of trees were damaged by the wind.*
➤ storm (n, v)

atmosphere (n) /'ætməsfiə(r)/ ❖ ατμόσφαιρα
all the gases in the air around the Earth or around a place where you are • *The atmosphere was filled with smoke from the forest fire.*
➤ atmospheric (adj), atmospherically (adv)

Saturn (n) /'sætə(r)n/ /'sætɜ:n/ ❖ **Κρόνος**
the sixth planet from the sun • *Saturn is the second largest planet in our solar system and has rings around it made of ice and dust.*

Uranus (n) /'jʊərənəs/ ❖ **Ουρανός**
the seventh planet from the sun • *Uranus is made of ice and its day is seventeen hours long.*

telescope (n) /'telɪskəʊp/ ❖ **τηλεσκόπιο**
a piece of equipment like a long tube with glass lenses which you can use to see things that are far away • *You can see the surface of the moon clearly through a telescope.*

Neptune (n) /'neɪptju:n/ ❖ **Ποσειδώνας**
the furthest planet from the sun • *Neptune is so far from the sun that it is the coldest planet in our solar system.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 75

impossible (adj) /ɪm'pɒsəb(ə)l/ ❖ **αδύνατος, ανέφικτος-η,-ο**
not possible; that can't happen • *It was almost impossible to find a cheap hotel room in Amsterdam, so we only stayed for three nights.*
➤ impossibility (n), impossibly (adv)

website(n) /'websaɪt/ ❖ **ιστότοπος, ιστοσελίδα**
a group of pages on the internet with information about a business, organisation or person
• *The company sells smartphones and tablets through its website.*

blog (n) /blɒg/ ❖ **ιστολόγιο, blog**
a page or set of pages on a website where somebody writes short articles and other people can comment • *Thousands of people read Julie's travel blog every day.*
➤ blogger (n), blog (v)

Lesson 7 Video p. 76

carbon dioxide (n) /ˌkɑːbən daɪ'ɒksaɪd/ ❖ **διοξείδιο του άνθρακα**
the gas that people and animals breathe out • *Plants take in carbon dioxide and give out oxygen during the day. Then the opposite happens at night.*

mechanical engineer (n) /məˌkæɪnɪk(ə)l ɪndʒɪ'niə(r)/ ❖ **μηχανολόγος μηχανικός**
somebody whose job is to design, build or fix machines • *Naser studied for years at university to become a mechanical engineer with an oil company.*
➤ mechanical engineering (n)

NASA (abbr) /'næsə/ ❖ **NASA (Εθνική Υπηρεσία Αεροναυπηγικής και Διαστήματος των ΗΠΑ)**

the National Aeronautics and Space Administration • *NASA organises space travel and research.*

touchdown (n) /'tʌtʃdaʊn/ ❖ **προσγείωση, προσεδάφιση**

the moment that a plane or spacecraft lands • *Everybody cheered at Mission Control when they watched the rover's touchdown on Mars.*

confirm (v) /kən'fɜ:m/ ❖ **επιβεβαιώνω**

say or write something to show something is correct or true • *Please confirm that you have read our email.*

➤ confirmation (n)

Unit 8 Come to the show!

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performer (n) /pə'fɔ:mə(r)/ ❖ **καλλιτέχνης**
somebody who acts, sings, dances, does tricks, etc. to entertain people • *The street performer did amazing tricks on a unicycle.*
➤ perform (v), performance (n)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 78

theatre(n) /'θiətə(r)/ ❖ **θέατρο**
a place where people go to watch live performances • *I'm going to see a comedy by Aristophanes at the theatre next week.*
➤ theatrical (adj)

traditional(adj) /trə'dɪʃən(ə)l/ ❖ **παραδοσιακός,-ή,-ό**
following the way people do something in the same way for many years • *At the Edinburgh Festival, the musicians played traditional Scottish music and wore traditional clothing.*
➤ tradition (n)

audience(n) /'ɔ:diəns/ ❖ **κοινό, θεατές, ακροατήριο**
the people who watch a performance in a cinema or theatre • *The audience clapped loudly when the play finished.*

stage(n) /steɪdʒ/ ❖ **σκηνή**
a part of a theatre where people perform • *Natassa was nervous about going on stage to dance.*
➤ stage (v)

act(v) /ækt/ ❖ **παίζω**
perform a part in a film or play • *Benedict Cumberbatch acted the part of Hamlet very well.*
➤ act (n), actor (n), acting (n)

fairy tale(n) /'feəri teɪl/ ❖ **παραμύθι**
a story for children involving magic and imaginary people or creatures • *Most fairy tales have happy endings, but some have a more interesting twist in the story.*

end(v) /end/ ❖ **τελειώνω, ολοκληρώνω**
finish • *When the long journey ended, they felt glad to be back home.*
➤ end (n)

get married(phr) /get'mærid/ ❖ **παντρεύομαι**
to become joined in marriage; if you are married you have a husband or a wife • *They got married in Rome six years ago.*

king(n) /kɪŋ/ ❖ βασιλιάς

a man who rules a country that has a Royal family • *The popular TV series was a story about imaginary kings and queens who fought to take each other's land.*

queen (n) /kwi:n/ ❖ βασίλισσα

a woman who rules a country that has a Royal family • *Elizabeth became the Queen of England when her father George died.*

pantomime (n) /'pæntəmaɪm/ ❖ παντομίμα

a kind of musical with a lot of jokes for children, which is based on a fairy tale • *Lizzy's parents are going to take her to see the pantomime Puss in Boots this winter.*

puppet (n) /'pʌpɪt/ ❖ μαριονέτα, κούκλα

a toy shaped like a person or animal that you can move by putting your hand inside or pulling strings that are connected to it • *Let's take the children to the puppet show in the park this evening.*

➤ puppeteer (n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 79

intention (n) /ɪn'tenʃ(ə)n/ ❖ πρόθεση

what you plan to do • *It's Terry's intention to move to Germany next month.*

➤ intend (v)

citadel (n) /'sɪtədəl/ ❖ φρούριο, ακρόπολη

a castle built in a high place where people of a town went for safety in the past • *The fifteenth century citadel in Dubrovnik attracts visitors because of the TV series that was filmed there.*

Lesson 3 Reading p. 80

incredible (adj) /ɪn'kredəb(ə)l/ ❖ απίστευτος, καταπληκτικός,-ή,-ό

not easy to believe • *The view from our hotel room was incredible! We could see for miles.*

perform (v) /pə'fɔ:m/ ❖ δίνω παράσταση, ερμηνεύω

do an act in front of people • *The traditional Irish dance group performed beautifully.*

➤ performance (n), performer (n)

acrobatics (n pl) /,ækrə'bætɪks/ ❖ ακροβατικά

an act done by a person who does difficult physical movements, especially high above the ground • *It was amazing to watch the performers swinging high above the circus ring doing acrobatics.*

➤ acrobat (n), acrobatic (adj)

hoop(n) /hu:p/ ❖ κρίκος, στεφάνι
a large circle made from plastic or wood, etc. • *The acrobats jumped through large hoops and did amazing tricks.*

tightrope (n) /'taɪtrəʊp/ ❖ τεντωμένο σχοινί
a rope that is tied high above the ground for performers to walk along • *How can the acrobats cycle on a tightrope without falling? It's incredible!*

life (n)/laɪf/ ❖ ζωή
the way somebody lives • *People who work in the circus have an interesting but difficult life.*
➤ lives (n pl)

problem(n) /'prɒbləm/ ❖ πρόβλημα
a difficulty • *Charles usually discusses his problems with his parents.*

chance (n) /tʃɑ:ns/ ❖ ευκαιρία, δυνατότητα
a possibility or situation where something can happen • *Paul was so happy when he got the chance to sing in the band.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

(play)script (n) /('pleɪ)skript/ ❖ σενάριο
a written text with all the dialogues and instructions for a play or film, etc. • *Greta wrote the playscript for the performance, based on the fairy tale Cinderella.*

prefer (v) /prɪ'fɜ:(r)/ ❖ προτιμώ
like somebody/something better than somebody/something else • *I prefer the theatre to the cinema because I enjoy seeing performances.*
➤ preference (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 81

skip (v) /skɪp/ ❖ κάνω σκοινάκι
jump over a rope that you hold and move over your head and under your feet • *The children were skipping with their ropes in the playground.*

Lesson 5 Chant p. 82

trapeze (n) /trə'pi:z/ ❖ ακροβατική κούνια
a bar hanging from two ropes high above the ground • *One of the acrobats broke their arm when they fell from the high trapeze.*

knee (n) /ni:/ ❖ γόνατο
the joint between the top and bottom parts of the leg • *Isabella fell and hurt her knee badly, so she can't dance this week.*

ringmaster (n) /'rɪŋmɑːstə(r)/ ❖ **παρουσιαστής τσίρκου**
somebody whose job is to control a circus performance • *The clowns came into the circus ring when the ringmaster called to them.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 83

Hurrah! (excl) /hə'raː/ ❖ **Ζήτω!**
something that people say to show they are happy about something • *Hurrah! We're going to the circus tomorrow.*

hurry up (phr v) /'hʌrɪ ʌp/ ❖ **βιάζομαι**
do something more quickly • *We'd better hurry up or we'll miss our plane.*
➤ hurry (n, v)

exit (v) /'eksɪt/ ❖ **βγαίνω, εξέρχομαι**
go out of a place • *The actors often exit the theatre by the back door.*
➤ exit (n)

Lesson 7 Video p. 84

martial arts (n pl) /'mɑːɹj(ə)l ɑːts/ ❖ **πολεμικές τέχνες**
different styles of fighting sports, like karate, kung fu and tae kwon do • *Danae wants to take up martial arts and she's thinking of trying judo.*

motorcyclist (n) /'mɔːtəsaɪk(ə)lɪst/ ❖ **μοτοσικλετιστής**
somebody who rides a motorbike • *All motorcyclists have to wear helmets when they ride their bikes.*
➤ motorcycle (n), motorcycling (n)

cage (n) /keɪdʒ/ ❖ **κλουβί**
something made of metal bars to keep somebody/something inside • *We shouldn't keep animals or birds in cages for entertainment. They should have a natural life.*
➤ caged (adj), cage (v)

carnival (n) /'kɑːnɪv(ə)l/ ❖ **καρναβάλι, Απόκριες**
a celebration in spring before the time of Lent • *In Brazil, people have lots of fancy dress parties and street parades at Carnival time.*

samba (n) /'sæmbə/ ❖ **σάμπα**
a fast Latin American dance • *The Carnival dancers do the samba and other Brazilian dances in the street parade.*

recently (adv) /'ri:s(ə)ntli/ ❖ πρόσφατα
not long before now • *Lisa recently joined a dance class and she's already learnt to do the samba.*
➤ recent (adj)

Game 2 p.85

spot (v) /spɒt/ ❖ εντοπίζω
notice • *Can you spot which person is my mum in this old school photo?*
➤ spot (n)

Reading extra 2 pp. 86–87

hunter (n) /'hʌntə(r)/ ❖ κυνηγός, θηρευτής
somebody who hunts and kills animals for food or as a sport; an animal that hunts and kills other animals for food • *There aren't many tigers in the wild because so many have been killed by hunters.*
➤ hunt (v)

suddenly (adv) /'sʌdnli/ ❖ ξαφνικά
quickly when you don't expect it • *We were in the park, when suddenly we saw a snake.*
➤ sudden (adj)

sound (n) /saʊnd/ ❖ ήχος
something that you can hear • *Don't make a sound or you'll wake the baby.*
➤ sound (v)

promise (n) /'prɒmɪs/ ❖ υπόσχεση
something you say you will definitely do • *We made a promise to stay in contact with each other by email.*
➤ promise (v)

harp (n) /hɑ:p/ ❖ άρπα
a musical instrument that has strings stretched across a tall wooden frame, which you play with your fingers • *The beautiful sound of the harp filled the concert hall.*

secret (n) /'si:krət/ ❖ μυστικό
information that only a few people know • *I'll tell you what I bought Peggy for her birthday if you can keep it a secret.*

be no use (expr)/bi: nəʊ ju:s/ ❖ είναι ανώφελο, δεν έχει νόημα
be no point in; have no success • *It was no use waiting outside the theatre because there were no tickets left for the performance.*

liar (n)/'laɪə(r)/

❖ ψεύτης

someone who doesn't tell the truth • *Agnes said she's a doctor, but she's a liar. She never finished university.*

➤ lie (n, v)

ashamed (adj) /ə'ʃeɪmd /

❖ ντροπιασμένος,-η,-ο /νιώθω ντροπή

feeling embarrassed and guilty • *Ivan felt ashamed of his behaviour at the party. He shouldn't have shouted at his friend.*

➤ shame (n, v)

lie (n)/laɪ/ ❖ ψέμα

information that isn't true • *Do you think the teacher believed Roger's lie about the dog eating his homework?*

➤ lie (v), liar (n)

Unit 9 The world outside

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 90

hill(n) /hɪl/ ❖ λόφος

an area of land like a small mountain • *It wasn't easy to walk all the way up the hill.*

➤ hilly (adj)

pond(n) /pɒnd/ ❖ λιμνούλα

a small area of water, sometimes man-made • *There are fish and frogs in the pond in Jim's garden.*

ski (n) /ski:/ ❖ σκι, πέδιλο του σκι, χιονοπέδιλο

a long flat piece of equipment that you put on the bottom of your boots to move across snow • *Francis put on his skis and slid down the icy mountain.*

➤ ski (v), skiing (n), skier (n)

sledge(n)/sledʒ/ ❖ έλκηθρο

a vehicle that has long thin flat boards instead of wheels to move across snow or ice • *We couldn't go to school because of the snow, so we had fun sliding down the hill on our sledges instead.*

➤ sledge (v), sledging (n)

snowboard(n) /'snəʊbɔ:d/ ❖ χιονοσανίδα, σνόουμπορντ

a long, wide, flat board which you stand on to slide down a hill on snow • *You can go down the ski slope on your snowboard.*

➤ snowboard (v), snowboarder (n)

stone(n)/stəʊn/ ❖ πέτρα

a piece of rock • *The children threw stones into the lake to see who could throw furthest.*

➤ stone (adj, v)

stream (n) /stri:m/ ❖ ρυάκι

a small river • *You can jump across this stream without getting your feet wet because it's not very wide.*

➤ stream (v)

torch(n) /tɔ:tʃ/ ❖ φακός

a small light that is held in the hand and is powered by batteries • *Tom used his torch to see in the darkness of the cave.*

stay (v) /steɪ/ ❖ μένω

live in a place for a short time • *Are you going to stay in a hotel near the beach for your holiday?*

➤ stay (n)

campsite(n) /'kæmpsaɪt/ ❖ **κατασκήνωση, κάμπινγκ**
a place where people on holiday can camp in tents or caravans • *The campsite by the lake had toilets and showers, and a small shop.*
➤ camp (n, v), camper (n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 91

possibility (n) /ˌpɒsəˈbɪləti/ ❖ **πιθανότητα**
something that could be done or could happen • *There's a possibility it might snow tomorrow.*
➤ possible (adj), possibly (adv)

Lesson 3 Reading p. 92

experiment(n) /ɪk'sperɪmənt/ ❖ **πείραμα**
a scientific test • *The experiment we did in chemistry at school didn't work and the classroom was full of dangerous gas.*
➤ experiment (v), experimental (adj)

clingfilm(n) /'klɪŋfɪlm/ ❖ **μεμβράνη**
a thin clear sheet of plastic that sticks to a surface, mainly used for wrapping food • *I usually wrap my sandwich in clingfilm to take it to school.*

edge (n) /edʒ/ ❖ **άκρη**
the top of the outside part of something • *Don't go too near the edge of the cliff or you might fall down the rocks.*

happen(v) /'hæpən/ ❖ **συμβαίνω**
take place • *What was that noise? Let's see what's happening outside.*

gas(n) /gæs/ ❖ **αέριο**
something that is not liquid and not solid, e.g. oxygen • *Many people in the UK use gas for cooking and to heat their homes.*

rise— rose – risen (v) /raɪz – rəʊz – rɪz(ə)n/ ❖ **ανεβαίνω, ανατέλλω**
move up • *The sun rose at 6.30 this morning.*

Lesson 5 Song p. 94

sunglasses (n pl) /'sʌŋɡlɑːsɪz/ ❖ **γυαλιά ηλίου**
glasses with dark glass to protect your eyes from the sun • *You should wear sunglasses and a hat when you go out in the sun.*

complain (v) /kəm'pleɪn/ ❖ **παραπονούμαι, παραπονιέμαι**
say that you are annoyed or angry about something • *Our neighbours complained about our dog barking at night.*
➤ complaint (n)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

active (adj) /'æktɪv/ ❖ **δραστήριος,-ια,-ιο**
doing things and moving a lot, such as physical activities • *Grandad is very active for his age. He goes swimming every morning.*
➤ activity (n), actively (adv)

physical(adj) /'fɪzɪk(ə)l/ ❖ **σωματικός,-ή,-ό**
connected with the body • *Athletes need to have physical strength.*
➤ physically (adv)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 95

coach(n) /kəʊtʃ/ ❖ **πούλμαν, λεωφορείο**
a large bus • *We went on a trip by coach from Milan to see the sights of Florence.*

ranger (n) /'reɪndʒə(r)/ ❖ **δασοφύλακας**
somebody whose job is to look after a park or forest, etc. • *The park rangers told the campers not to light a fire in the forest.*

fish farm (n) /'fɪʃ fɑ:m/ ❖ **ιχθυοτροφείο**
an area of water where fish are made to stay in one place where they grow and then are killed for food • *Fish raised on fish farms often have to eat food that is not natural for them, just to make them fatter for people to eat.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 96

otter (n) /'ɒtə(r)/ ❖ **ενυδρίδα, βίδρα**
a small brown furry animal that has skin between its toes so it can swim well • *Otters usually build their homes on rivers or lakes.*

salmon (n) /'sæmən/ ❖ **σολομός**
a large fish that has silver-grey skin and is pink on the inside • *Visitors can stand on the bridge and watch the salmon swimming and jumping up the river to lay their eggs.*

kit (n) /kɪt/ ❖ **σύνεργα, εξοπλισμός, σετ εργαλείων**
a set of equipment; a set of parts to make something • *Make sure you take only what you need in your camping kit so your backpack isn't too heavy.*

do (your own) thing (expr) /du: (jɔ:(r)əʃn) θɪŋ/ ❖ **κάνω ό,τι θέλω /κάνω του κεφαλιού μου**

do whatever you want to do, without thinking about or including others • *After a day of seeing the sights with the tour group, we had time free to do our own thing in the evening.*

patient (adj) /'peɪʃənt/ ❖ **υπομονετικός,-ή,-ό**

able to wait for results without getting annoyed • *To be a good parent, you have to be patient with children and not get angry easily.*

log (n) /lɒg/ ❖ **κούτσουρο**

a thick piece of wood cut from a tree • *There was a pile of logs outside the house for the winter fireplace.*

patience (n) /'peɪʃəns/ ❖ **υπομονή**

the ability to keep calm and not get annoyed or angry easily • *Melinda lost her patience when the bus was one hour late.*

Unit 10 Help!

p. 97

rescue (n) /'reskju:/ ❖ **διάσωση**

saving somebody from a dangerous situation • *We want to thank the brave fire fighters for our rescue. We would have been burnt without their help.*

➤ rescue (v), rescuer (n)

drill (n) /drɪl/ ❖ **άσκηση, γυμνάσια**

a way to learn something by doing it many times • *Every year, we do a fire drill at school to practise what we would do if it really happened.*

➤ drill (v)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 98

bandage (n) /'bændɪdʒ/ ❖ **επίδεσμος**

a long piece of cloth that you tie around a part of the body that has been injured • *I hurt my ankle, so I tied a bandage round it to support it.*

➤ bandage (v)

compass(n) /'kʌmpəs/ ❖ **πυξίδα**

a device with an arrow that points to north to show direction • *Before people had GPS, they found their way using a map and a compass.*

first aid kit(n) /fɜːst eɪd kɪt/ ❖ **κουτί πρώτων βοηθειών**

a box with things you need in case somebody is hurt • *There are some bandages in the first aid kit.*

fog(n) /fɒg/ ❖ **ομίχλη**

thick clouds that are low down and close to the land • *Sarah drove slowly through the fog because she couldn't see the road very well.*

➤ fog (v), foggy (adj)

foggy(adj) /'fɒgi/ ❖ **ομιχλώδης,-ης,-ες**

with a lot of fog in the air • *It was too foggy for the planes to take off, so our flight was two hours late.*

➤ fog (v, n)

plaster(n) /'plɑːstə/ ❖ **τσιρότο, χανζαπλάστ**

a piece of material used to stick over a cut to keep it clean while it mends • *Angela cut her finger, so she put a plaster on it.*

whistle(n) /'wɪs(ə)l/ ❖ σφυρίχτρα

a small piece of equipment that makes a high noise when you blow into it • *The referee blew the final whistle and the game was over.*

➤ whistle (v)

mountain rescue team(n) /'maʊntən'reskju:ti:m/ ❖ (ορεισίβια) ομάδα διάσωσης

a group of people who find and help people in trouble on the mountains • *The lost climbers were lucky that the mountain rescue team found them in the snow.*

storm (n) /stɔ:m/ ❖ καταιγίδα

very bad weather with strong wind and usually rain or snow • *The storm only lasted for an hour, but the strong wind damaged a lot of trees.*

➤ storm (v), stormy (adj)

fall over(phr v) /fɔ:l'əʊvə(r)/ ❖ σκοντάφτω

fall because you hit your foot on something when you are walking • *Stay on the path and watch out for stones so you don't fall over.*

break – broke – broken (v) /breɪk – brəʊk – 'brəʊkən/ ❖ σπάω

damage something so it cracks into parts • *Liz couldn't write properly for weeks when she broke her arm.*

➤ break (n), broken (adj)

cut – cut – cut (v) /kʌt – kʌt – kʌt/ ❖ κόβω

break your skin on something sharp • *Oh dear! I've just cut my hand on a piece of broken glass.*

➤ cut (n)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

helmet (n) /'helmt/ ❖ κράνος

a hard hat that you wear on your head to protect it • *Put on your helmet before you start snowboarding.*

Lesson 3 Reading p. 100

Nigerian(adj) /naɪ'dʒɪəriən/ ❖ Νιγηριανός-ή,-ό / της Νιγηρίας

➤ Nigerian (n), Nigeria (n)

university (n) /,ju:nɪ'vɜ:səti/ ❖ πανεπιστήμιο

a place where you go to study a special subject after you've left school • *My dad never went to university because he started working when he left school at sixteen.*

ambulance (n) /'æmbjələns/ ❖ ασθενοφόρο

a vehicle which takes people to hospital • *The ambulance took the injured man to hospital.*

service (n) /'sɜːvɪs/ ❖ υπηρεσία

something helpful for somebody to use • *The services at the sports centre include showers, toilets and a café.*

➤ serve (v), servant (n)

death (n) /deθ/ ❖ θάνατος

the state of being dead; the time that somebody dies • *After the death of Agamemnon, one of his killers, Aegisthus, became King of Mycenae.*

➤ die (v), dead (adj)

patient (n) /'peɪʃənt/ ❖ ασθενής

somebody who is ill and needs help from a doctor • *There are five patients in the doctor's waiting room.*

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 101

flight (n) /flaɪt/ ❖ πτήση

a journey by plane • *We took photos from the window of the plane during our flight to Madrid.*

➤ fly (v)

Lesson 5 Song p. 102

emergency (n) /i'mɜːdʒənsi/ ❖ έκτακτη ανάγκη

a sudden, dangerous situation • *If there's an emergency, such as a fire, you should call 999 to get help.*

paramedic (n) /,parə'medɪk/ ❖ τραυματιοφόρέας, διασώστης

somebody who gives emergency first aid to an injured person before they can get to a hospital or doctor • *The paramedics took the injured boy to hospital in an ambulance.*

➤ paramedical (adj)

traffic(n) /'træfɪk/ ❖ κίνηση, κυκλοφοριακή συμφόρηση

all the cars, buses, lorries, etc. on a street at the same time • *The school bus was late because there was so much traffic on the roads.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 103

award (n) /ə'wɔːrd/ ❖ βραβείο

something you give to somebody to reward them for something they have done • *He won an award for saving the boys who got stuck in the cave.*

➤ award (v)

diabetic (adj) /ˌdaɪəˈbetɪk/ ❖ διαβητικός,-ή,-ό

having the medical condition of diabetes • *Patrick has to carry sweets with him in case of an emergency because he's diabetic and sometimes his blood sugar gets too low.*

➤ diabetic (n), diabetes (n)

proud (adj)/praʊd/ ❖ περήφανος,-η,-ο

pleased with yourself or somebody else • *Linda's parents are proud that she is doing well at school.*

➤ pride (n)

headline (n) /ˈhedlɪn/ ❖ τίτλος, πρωτοσέλιδο

the main title of a newspaper article that gives an idea of what it's about, especially on the front page • *The plane crash made the headlines on all the newspapers.*

although (conj) /ɔ:l'ðəʊ/ ❖ παρότι, αν και

used to begin a statement with information that contrasts with the result • *Although he was an expert at snowboarding, he fell and broke his arm on the ice.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 104

safety (n) /'seɪfti/ ❖ ασφάλεια

the state of being safe; a place that is safe from danger • *When he saw the snake, he climbed up the tree for safety.*

➤ safe (adj), safely (adv)

advice (n) /əd'vaɪs/ ❖ συμβουλή

something you tell somebody to do to help them with a problem • *Before you travel to another country, look on the internet for advice about the food there.*

➤ advise (v), advisable (adj)

Function 3: Making arrangements p. 105

respond (v) /rɪ'spɒnd/ ❖ απαντάω

reply to something that somebody said or wrote • *My aunt didn't respond to my emails, so I phoned to see if she was okay.*

➤ response (n), responsive (adj)

arrange (v) /ə'reɪndʒ/ ❖ κανονίζω

organise something such as an activity in advance • *Helen has arranged to meet her friend outside the theatre.*

➤ arrangement (n)

School trip 3 pp. 106–107

interactive (adj) /,ɪntər'æktɪv/ ❖ **διαδραστικός, -ή, -ό**

which allows you to communicate with a computer program that reacts to your actions • *I love playing interactive computer games.*

➤ interact (v), interaction (n)

llama (n) /'lɑ:mə/ ❖ **λάμα**

an animal that comes from South America that has a long neck and a soft woolly coat • *In South America, people collect the wool from llamas instead of sheep to make clothes.*

grassland (n) /'grɑ:slænd/ ❖ **λιβάδι, βοσκότοπος, λειμώνας**

an area of land that has wild grass • *Lots of wild animals live on the African grasslands.*

condor (n) /'kɒndɔ:(r)/ ❖ **κόνδορας**

a very large bird that lives mostly in North and South America and eats the meat of dead animals • *The condor is the biggest flying bird in the Americas.*

flamingo (n) /flə'mɪŋəʊ/ ❖ **φλαμίνγκο**

a large bird that has long thin legs and pink feathers • *You can see flamingos standing in the side of this lake every evening.*

puma (n) /'pju:mə/ ❖ **πούμα, πάνθηρας**

a large type of American wild cat that has brown or grey fur • *The hungry puma jumped down off the rocks, killed a rabbit and ate it quickly.*

hiking (n) /haɪkɪŋ/ ❖ **πεζοπορία**

the activity of walking for pleasure over a long distance in the countryside • *Bob was tired after hiking through the jungle all day.*

➤ hike (v), hiker (n)

biking (n) /'baɪkɪŋ/ ❖ **ποδηλασία, οδηγώ μηχανή**

the activity of riding a bicycle or motorbike • *The outdoor centre offers different activities, including mountain biking and kayaking.*

➤ biker (n)

swan (n) /swɒn/ ❖ **κύκνος**

a large bird that has a very long neck and white or black feathers and makes its nest beside water • *As we waited for the boat to cross the lakes, a huge group of swans swam near us, looking for food.*

Unit 11 How is it made?

p. 109

company (n) /'kʌmp(ə)ni/ ❖ **εταιρεία**

a business organisation • *A lot of people in our town work in a factory that's owned by a big company that makes biscuits.*

product (n) /'prɒdʌkt/ ❖ **προϊόν**

something that is grown or made for selling • *All the products in the village shop come from farms in the area.*

➤ produce (v), producer (n), production (n), productive (adj)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 110

cardboard box(n) /'kɑ:dbɔ:d bɒks/ ❖ **χαρτόκουτο, κούτα**

a container made from a thick paper material • *Shirley put her old books into a cardboard box and took them to the charity shop.*

glass jar(n) /glɑ:s dʒɑ:(r)/ ❖ **γυάλινο βάζο**

a container made from glass with a metal or plastic top on it • *After making her strawberry jam, Betty put it into glass jars and closed them tightly.*

metal tin(n) /'met(ə)l tɪn/ ❖ **κονσερβοκούτι, μεταλλικό κουτί**

a metal container that is filled with food or drink • *You shouldn't keep open metal tins in the fridge. It's bad for the food.*

wooden spoon (n) /'wɒd(ə)n 'spu:n/ ❖ **ξύλινη κουτάλα**

a spoon made of wood for stirring food that is cooking • *Use a wooden spoon to stir the food in the pot so you won't damage the non-stick surface.*

burn(v) /bɜ:n/ ❖ **καίω**

let something get too hot, e.g. by cooking it for too long; get damaged because of heat or sunlight • *While she was busy chatting on Facebook, Barbara forgot about the food on the cooker until it began to burn and fill the house with smoke.*

➤ burn (n)

cool(v) /ku:l/ ❖ **δροσίζω**

become cooler; make something less hot • *We swam in the pool to cool down after our walk.*

➤ cool (adj), coolly (adv)

heat(v) /hi:t/ ❖ **θερμαίνω**

make something hot; become hot • *Let the oven heat for a few minutes before you put the cake in to bake.*

➤ heat (n), heater (n)

mix(v) /mɪks/ ❖ **αναμιγνύω**

stir different food ingredients or other materials together to make them into one thing • *Mix the vegetables together in the salad bowl.*

➤ mixture (n), mixer (n)

pour(v) /pɔː(r)/ ❖ **ρίχνω, βάζω, χύνω**

put (liquid) from one container into a cup, glass, bowl, etc. • *Pour some olive oil onto the salad.*

look like(expr) /lʊk laɪk/ ❖ **μοιάζω με**

have a similar appearance to something/somebody else • *Do you look like your father or your mother?*

mixture (n) /'mɪkstʃə(r)/ ❖ **μίγμα**

a combination of different things • *Put the mixture into a cake tin and bake it for 20 minutes in the oven.*

➤ mix (v)

factory (n) /'fækt(ə)ri/ ❖ **εργοστάσιο**

a building where people make things • *Many people in this area have had no work since the clothing factory closed.*

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 111

coffee (n) /'kɒfi/ ❖ **καφές**

a hot or cold brown drink made from water and coffee beans • *When I drink coffee in the evening, I can't get to sleep at night.*

Thanksgiving (n) /θæŋks'gɪvɪŋ/ ❖ **Ημέρα των Ευχαριστιών**

a holiday celebrated in the US near the end of November • *American families traditionally get together for a big meal on Thanksgiving.*

Lesson 3 Reading p. 112

pearl(n) /pɜːl/ ❖ **μαργαριτάρι**

a hard white ball that forms inside an oyster shell • *Divers from the island collect pearls from oysters which they can sell for a high price to people who make jewellery.*

jewel(n) /'dʒuːəl/ ❖ **πετράδι, πολύτιμος λίθος**

a kind of stone that is worth a lot of money, e.g. a diamond • *The queen's crown was covered with sparkling jewels.*

➤ jewelled (adj)

natural(adj) /'nætʃrəl/ ❖ φυσικός,-ή,-ό

that comes from nature, not made by humans • *Animals should be free to live in a natural environment and not in cages.*

➤ nature (n), naturally (adv)

rare(adj) /reə(r)/ ❖ σπάνιος,-ια,-ιο

unusual; which isn't often seen or doesn't happen often • *It is rare to have cold weather in the middle of summer in Spain.*

oyster (n) /'ɔɪstə(r)/ ❖ στρείδι

a kind of large shellfish • *On some Pacific islands, oysters are kept in underwater farms so that the farmers can collect pearls easily.*

Tahitian (adj) /tɑ:'hi:f(ə)n/ ❖ της Ταϊτής

➤ Tahiti (n), Tahitian (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 113

net (n) /net/ ❖ δίχτυ

something made from string or rope tied together with spaces in between to catch something, e.g. fish; also a short form of the word internet • *The sea turtle got stuck in the fisherman's net.*

Lesson 5 Chant p. 114

necklace(n) /'neɪkləs/ ❖ περιδέραιο, κολιέ

a piece of jewellery that you wear around your neck • *Judy put on her new necklace with her black dress to go out for dinner.*

silver (n) /'sɪlvə(r)/ ❖ ασήμι

a kind of grey-white shiny metal • *The necklace was made of silver.*

➤ silver (adj)

ring (n)/rɪŋ/ ❖ δαχτυλίδι

a thin round piece of metal that you wear on your finger • *Alexia wears a pretty silver ring on her middle finger.*

produce (v) /prə'dju:s/ ❖ παράγω

make; create • *Many Spanish farmers produce olive oil.*

➤ produce (n), product (n), producer (n)

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

kimono (n) /ki'məʊnəʊ/ ❖ **κιμονό**

a traditional long Japanese dress like a long loose coat • *The souvenir shops in Tokyo sell colourful kimonos like the ones Japanese women used to wear.*

taco (n) /'tækəʊ/ ❖ **τάκο**

a traditional Mexican fried pancake that is filled with meat or vegetables • *In the Mexican restaurant, we ordered tacos filled with beans and served with a chilli sauce.*

Lesson 6 Writing p. 115

paperweight (n) /'peɪpəweɪt/ ❖ **πρες παπιέ**

a small heavy object that you put on papers on a desk to stop them moving • *The paperweight Mona uses on her desk is a painted stone that she found on a beach when she was young.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 116

pound (v) /paʊnd/ ❖ **χτυπάω δυνατά, σφυροκοπώ**

hit something hard • *The builders pounded the wall with hammers to make a hole for the new door.*

mallet (n) /'mæɪɪt/ ❖ **ματσόλα**

a kind of hammer that has a wooden or rubber head • *Campers sometimes need a mallet to hit their tent pegs into the ground.*

neighbour (n) /'neɪbə(r)/ ❖ **γείτονας, -ισσα**

somebody who lives in a house next to yours • *We have helpful neighbours who look after our pets when we go on holiday.*

relative (n) /'relətɪv/ ❖ **συγγενής**

a family member • *Most of Juan's cousins and other relatives live near Santiago.*

➤ relate (v), relation (n), relationship (n)

chew (v) /tʃu:/ ❖ **μασάω**

use your teeth to break food into small pieces • *This bread is too hard to chew.*

➤ chewy (adj)

savoury (adj) /'seɪvəri/ ❖ **αλμυρός,-ή,-ό**

which has a taste that is not sweet, but salty • *I'd rather eat something savoury, like cheese, than have chocolate.*

➤ savour (v)

Unit 12 Discoveries

p. 117

discovery (n) /dɪs'kʌvəri/ ❖ ανακάλυψη

finding something that was not known about • *The discovery of America changed the European people's ideas about the world.*

➤ discover (v)

Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 118

navigation(n) /,nævɪ'geɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ πλοήγηση

the action of planning a route for a ship, car, plane, etc. and finding the way to its destination • *Technology now makes navigation easier through GPS.*

➤ navigate (v), navigator (n)

invention (n)/ɪn'venʃ(ə)n/ ❖ εφεύρεση

something new that somebody has created that has never been made before • *The telephone was an important invention. It changed the way people communicate.*

➤ invent (v), inventor(n), inventive (adj)

sailor (n) /'seɪlə(r)/ ❖ ναύτης, ιστιοπλόος

somebody who sails or works on a ship • *The sailors swam to safety when their ship sank.*

➤ sail (v, n)

invent (v) /ɪn'vent/ ❖ εφευρίσκω, επινοώ

make or design something that has not been made before • *Who invented the phone? Was it Alexander Graham Bell?*

➤ inventor (n), invention (n), inventive (adj)

north (n) /nɔ:θ/ ❖ Βορράς

the direction usually shown towards the top of a map • *It's very cold in winter in the north of Europe.*

➤ north (adj), northern (adj)

south (n) /saʊθ/ ❖ Νότος

the direction usually shown towards the bottom of a map • *Cannes is in the south of France.*

➤ south (adj), southern (adj)

east(n)/i:st/ ❖ Ανατολή

the direction on the right when you look at a map, in the direction where the sun comes up in the morning • *The sun always rises in the east.*

➤ east(adj), eastern (adj)

west (n)/west/ ❖ Δύση

the direction on the left when you look at a map, opposite east; the direction where the sun sets in the evening • *San Francisco is on the west coast of the US.*

➤ west (adj), western (adj)

needle (n) /'ni:d(ə)/ ❖ βελόνα

a small thin piece of metal with a hole at one end, which you use for sewing • *Have you got a needle? I want to sew up a hole in my jeans.*

magnet (n) /'mægnət/ ❖ μαγνήτης

a piece of metal that attracts metal towards it • *Penny used a magnet to pick up all the paper clips she dropped on the floor.*

➤ magnetic (adj)

navigate (v) /'nævigeɪt/ ❖ πλοηγώ

find the position where you are and the direction you want to go • *In the past, sailors navigated across the sea by using the stars.*

➤ navigator (n), navigation (n)

Lesson 2 Grammar p. 119

navigator (n) /'nævigeɪtə(r)/ ❖ πλοηγός, πιλότος

somebody who finds the direction to keep a ship, plane, etc. on its route • *The navigator checked the ship's equipment before it left the harbour.*

➤ navigate (v), navigation (n)

knowledge (n) /'nɒlɪdʒ/ ❖ γνώση

everything that a person knows • *Columbus used his knowledge of navigation to sail across the Atlantic.*

➤ know (v)

inventor (n) /ɪn'ventə(r)/ ❖ εφευρέτης

somebody who has an idea to make something that nobody has made before • *Tim Berners-Lee was the inventor of the internet.*

➤ invent (v), invention (n), inventive (adj)

biro (n) /'baɪrəʊ/ ❖ στυλό

a pen that has ink in a plastic tube with a metal ball at the end to put the ink onto paper • *Biros are less messy and easier to use than the old pens people had to fill with ink.*

Lesson 3 Reading p. 120

sink – sank – sunk (v) /sɪŋk – sæŋk – sɪŋk / ❖ **βυθίζω, -ομαι**

drop down to the bottom of the sea, lake, river, etc. • *When the liner Titanic hit the ice, it began to sink into the ocean.*

➤ sunken (adj)

bottom (n) /'bɒtəm/ ❖ **πάτος, κάτω μέρος**

the lowest part of something • *The tomatoes are in the bottom of the fridge.*

breathe (v) /bri:ð/ ❖ **αναπνέω**

take air into your body and let it out through your mouth or nose • *People can't breathe under the sea without special equipment.*

➤ breath (n)

leap(n) /li:p/ ❖ **πήδημα, άλμα, σάλτο**

a long jump • *Fred took a leap off the rocks and landed in the sea.*

➤ leap (v)

mankind (n) /mæn'kaɪnd/ ❖ **ανθρωπότητα**

all humans • *We must protect our environment for the future of mankind.*

design (v) /dɪ'zaɪn/ ❖ **σχεδιάζω**

draw lines and shapes to make something • *Emma designed these posters for the concert. They look great.*

➤ design, designer (n)

Lesson 4 Grammar p. 121

sunflower (n) /'sʌnflaʊə(r)/ ❖ **ηλίανθος, ηλιοτρόπιο**

a tall plant that has large yellow flowers • *You can put some sunflower seeds on the salad to make it crunchy.*

Lesson 5 Song p. 122

forever(adv) /fə'rɛvə(r)/ ❖ **για πάντα, παντοτινά**

for always; for a long time • *I want my team to be champions forever.*

wheel (n) /wi:l/ ❖ **τροχός, ρόδα**

one of the round things under a vehicle like a car that turns when it moves • *A bicycle is a vehicle with two wheels.*

➤ wheel (v)

terribly (adv) /'terəbli/ ❖ **τρομερά, πολύ**

very • *Ken's jokes are always terribly silly, but they do make us laugh.*

printing press (n) /'prɪntɪŋ pres/ ❖ τυπογραφικό πιεστήριο
a machine for printing pages for books, magazines, etc. • *Before Gutenberg invented the printing press, all books and information had to be copied by hand.*

radium (n) /'reɪdiəm/ ❖ ράδιο
a radioactive chemical used to treat cancer and in x-rays • *Sadly, the people who discovered radium died of cancer because they didn't know the dangers.*

polonium (n) /pə'lɒʒiəm/ ❖ πολώνιο
a chemical found after the chemical uranium is destroyed • *Marie Curie discovered polonium in 1898 and named it after her home country, Poland.*

radioactivity (n) /,reɪdiəʊæk'tɪvəti/ ❖ ραδιενέργεια
dangerous levels of heat and energy that come from certain substances or devices • *The use of mobile phones and computers has caused the levels of radioactivity around us to rise.*
➤ radioactive (adj)

century (n) /'sentʃəri/ ❖ αιώνας, εκατονταετία
a period of 100 years • *Television didn't exist before the twentieth century.*

the World Wide Web (n) /ðə ,wɜ:ld waɪd 'web/ ❖ ο Παγκόσμιος Ιστός
the internet • *These days, we can find loads of information through the World Wide Web, which we now call the internet.*

Value Workbook, Lesson 6

curious(adj) /'kjʊəriəs/ ❖ περίεργος,-η,-ο
interested in finding out more about something • *I'm curious to read what happens at the end of the book.*
➤ curiosity (n)

Lesson 6 Writing p. 123

Velcro (n) /'velkrəʊ/ ❖ σκρατς, βέλκρο
a material for joining edges of clothes, shoes or other materials together with two different sides – one with rough hooks, the other with loops • *George didn't learn to tie his shoes until he was ten because all his trainers had Velcro when he was younger.*

hook (n) /hʊk/ ❖ γάντζος, άγκιστρο
a piece of metal or other material that is bent for hanging things on or fastening things, etc. • *The fisherman caught a salmon with his fishing hook.*
➤ hook (v)

safety pin (n) /'seɪfti pi:n/ ❖ **παραμάνα**
a pin that is bent in the middle so its point can close at the end • *Have you got a safety pin? I need one to hold the end of my bandage.*

light bulb (n) /'laɪt bʌlb/ ❖ **λάμπα, γλόμπος, λαμπτήρας**
the glass part that gives light on an electric lamp • *Eco-friendly light bulbs seem expensive to buy, but they last for years and save electricity.*

sticky note (n) /'stɪki nəʊt/ ❖ **αυτοκόλλητο χαρτάκι σημειώσεων**
a piece of paper that is sticky on one side so you can write notes and easily stick them on something • *Gordon's desk is covered with sticky notes so he will remember what he has to do.*

Lesson 7 Video p. 124

ladder (n) /'lædə(r)/ ❖ **σκάλα**
a set of steps made from two long pieces of wood or metal with steps joining them together • *Be careful when you're climbing up the ladder to paint the wall.*

cocoa bean (n) /'kəʊkəʊ 'bi:n/ ❖ **κόκκος κακάο**
a seed of a cocoa plant that is used to make chocolate • *Before you buy chocolate, think about the hard lives of the workers who pick the cocoa beans to make it.*

chute (n) /ʃu:t/ ❖ **τσουλήθρα**
a slide that people or things can move down • *The children had fun sliding down the chute into the pool at the water park.*

dice (n) /daɪs/ ❖ **ζάρι**
a small cube with spots or numbers on each side • *It's your turn to throw the dice and play.*
➤ dice (n pl)

counter (n) /'kaʊntə(r)/ ❖ **πούλι**
a small disc used to move around a board to play a game • *He had no chance of winning the game because his counter landed on all the snakes.*
➤ count (v)

tonne (n) /tʌn/ ❖ **τόνος**
a weight of 1,000 kilos • *It's terrible to think how many tonnes of food people throw away every day.*

Game 3 p.125

spin – spun – spun (v)/spɪn – spɪn – spɪn/ ❖ **στριφογυρνάω, περιστρέφω**
make something move round and round fast; move round and round fast • *Spin the wheel to choose a colour for your next question in the game.*

➤ spinner (n)

quarter to (phr) /'kwɔ:tə(r) tu:/ ❖ **παρά τέταρτο**
15 minutes before a particular hour • *I left at quarter to eight this morning and took the eight o'clock bus.*

quarter past (phr) /'kwɔ:tə(r) pɑ:st/ ❖ **και τέταρτο**
15 minutes after a particular hour • *I reached the bus stop at quarter past eight, so I missed the eight o'clock bus and had to wait for the next one.*

Reading extra 3 pp. 126–127

Aboriginal (adj) /,æbə'ɹɪdʒən(ə)/ ❖ **των Αβορίγινων**
connected with the native people of Australia • *We visited a museum in Western Australia to learn about Aboriginal culture.*

➤ Aborigine (n)

indigenous (adj) /ɪn'dɪdʒənəs/ ❖ **ενδημικός, γηγενής, ντόπιος**
belonging to a particular place • *Palm trees are not indigenous to Greece. They come from Africa.*

emu (n) /'i:mju:/ ❖ **εμού**
a large Australian bird that has long legs and runs fast, but short wings and can't fly • *Emus are the largest indigenous birds in Australia.*

allow (v) /ə'laʊ/ ❖ **επιτρέπω**
let somebody do something; let something happen • *My parents won't allow me to stay out late alone.*

culture (n) /'kʌltʃə(r)/ ❖ **κουλτούρα, πολιτισμός, παράδοση**
the way things are traditionally done in a country, especially in connection with art, literature, music, etc. • *The bagpipes are an important symbol of Scottish culture.*

➤ cultural (adj)

spiral (n) /'spɑɪrəl/ ❖ **σπείρα, έλικά**
a shape that is a line that circles round and round from a central point • *The house has a spiral stairway going from the living room up to the bedrooms.*

➤ spiral (adj)

tribe (n) /traɪb/ ❖ φυλή

a group of people of the same nationality with the same culture, traditions and language, living together in an area • *Some of the Amazon tribes have their own language and don't have much contact with the rest of the world.*

➤ tribal (adj)

Look further

BONUS School trip pp.130–131

average (adj) /'ævərɪdʒ/ ❖ μέσος,-η,-ο

ordinary; normal • *The average British tourist doesn't know much about the history of Spain when they arrive. They're only interested in the sunshine and beaches.*

➤ average (n)

midnight (n) /'mɪdnɑɪt/ ❖ μεσάνυχτα

twelve o'clock at night • *I came home at midnight last night, so I'm very tired this morning.*

sheet (n) /ʃi:t/ ❖ σεντόνι

a large thin cloth used to cover a bed • *Did the hotel cleaners put clean sheets on the bed every day?*

freeze (v) /fri:z/ ❖ παγώνω

get cold and turn to ice • *When it's very cold in winter, the river freezes.*

➤ frozen (adj), freezing (adj), freezer (n)

glacier (n) /'glæsiə(r)/ ❖ παγετώνας

a slow-moving river of ice • *The Earth's glaciers are mostly near the North and South Poles and they can actually be hundreds of metres long, but you can also see some on the Alps in Europe.*

set – set – set (v) /set – set – set/ ❖ δύω

go down over the horizon • *Hundreds of tourists stood at the top of the island village to take photos of the sunset.*

BONUS Reading extra pp.132–133

rest (v) /rest/ ❖ ξεκουράζομαι

relax and not do anything tiring • *You've been working too hard for weeks, so you need to take a break and rest.*

➤ rest (v), restful (adj), restless (adj)

argue(v) /'ɑ:gju:/ ❖ τσακώνομαι, λογομαχώ, διαπληκτίζομαι

speak angrily with someone; disagree, fight • *Jack and his brother David often argue over toys and want to play with the same toy at the same time.*

➤ argument (n), argumentative (adj)

continue (v) /kən'tɪnju:/ ❖ συνεχίζω

keep doing something; not stop • *Pablo told his sister to be quiet, but she continued to annoy him by playing her drums.*

➤ continuation (n)

oasis (n) /əʊ'eɪsɪs/ ❖ όαση

an area of water in the desert where plants and trees grow • *The camels stopped to drink water at an oasis.*

frightened (adj) /'fraɪt(ə)nd/ ❖ φοβισμένος,-η,-ο / φοβάμαι

scared • *Most people are frightened of snakes and spiders, but Rosa is interested in taking photos of them.*

➤ fright (n), frighten (v), frightening (adj)

carve (v) /kɑ:v/ ❖ σκαλίζω, χαράσσω, λαξεύω

cut pictures or letters into stone or wood • *People who carve their names on trees just don't respect nature.*

➤ carving (n)

blow – blew – blown (v) /bləʊ – blu: – bləʊn/ ❖ φυσάω

move air; the wind does this • *The strong wind blew the roof off the house.*